

# GRAND JUNCTION CITY COUNCIL MONDAY, MARCH 14, 2022 WORKSHOP, 5:30 PM CITY HALL AUDITORIUM AND VIRTUAL 250 N. 5<sup>TH</sup> STREET

# 1. Discussion Topics

- a. Cannabis Regulations Council discussion, no public comment will be accepted.
- b. Zoning and Development Code Update Creating a Code Committee for the Update Process, Discussion

# 2. City Council Communication

An unstructured time for Councilmembers to discuss current matters, share ideas for possible future consideration by Council, and provide information from board & commission participation.

# 3. Next Workshop Topics

#### 4. Other Business

#### What is the purpose of a Workshop?

The purpose of the Workshop is to facilitate City Council discussion through analyzing information, studying issues, and clarifying problems. The less formal setting of the Workshop promotes conversation regarding items and topics that may be considered at a future City Council meeting.

How can I provide my input about a topic on tonight's Workshop agenda? Individuals wishing to provide input about Workshop topics can:

1. Send an email (addresses found here <a href="www.gjcity.org/city-government/">www.gjcity.org/city-government/</a>) or call one or more members of City Council (970-244-1504);

- 2. Provide information to the City Manager (<u>citymanager@gicity.org</u>) for dissemination to the City Council. If your information is submitted prior to 3 p.m. on the date of the Workshop, copies will be provided to Council that evening. Information provided after 3 p.m. will be disseminated the next business day.
- 3. Attend a Regular Council Meeting (generally held the 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Wednesdays of each month at 6 p.m. at City Hall) and provide comments during "Citizen Comments."



# **Grand Junction City Council**

# **Workshop Session**

Item #1.a.

Meeting Date: March 14, 2022

**<u>Presented By:</u>** Tamra Allen, Community Development Director, John Shaver, City

Attorney

**Department:** Community Development

Submitted By: Staff Cannabis Working Group

### Information

#### SUBJECT:

Cannabis Regulations - Council discussion, no public comment will be accepted.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:**

The voters approved referred measures 2A and 2B at the City election on April 6, 2021. The approval of those measures provides the City Council with an opportunity to establish tax rates and regulations for the retail cannabis industry in Grand Junction.

The March 14, 2022 work session ("Workshop") is for the City Council to discuss and provide direction on the draft ordinances and associated regulations and procedures.

#### **BACKGROUND OR DETAILED INFORMATION:**

#### **Retail Cannabis Store Selection Process**

At the February 14th City Council workshop, the Council confirmed zoning, buffering, as amended, and taxation. The consensus continues to be to allow for ten (10) retail store locations city-wide and for those licenses to be awarded through a fair and equitable randomized process for the selection of qualified operators. Recently, the Council received an e-mail from the Broomfield Mayor regarding the Broomfield process. Prior and subsequent to that e-mail, staff reviewed the Broomfield ordinance and selection process and found that a) Broomfield has amended its ordinance to disallow commonality of interests by and among applicant entities, which was a concern raised in an earlier lawsuit filed against Broomfield and b) that since its random selection process was completed on February 22nd a challenge has been filed to a specific finding(s) concerning an application that was found insufficient to continue in the process. That action was brought to review the finding(s) and is not a challenge to the process per se.

To address concerns about "stacking" of leases, the draft ordinance provides that Grand Junction will only accept one application per location with "location" being a property/building that has a discrete legal address/legal description.

#### **Draft Ordinances Overview**

Based on direction received from the Council and having reviewed ordinances from across Colorado as a baseline, staff has prepared three ordinances that work collectively to regulate cannabis. Prior to and at the work session, City Council should review, comment, and provide direction on the drafts such that it may provide direction to staff regarding preparation of the final drafts of the ordinances. A summary of each ordinance is provided herein and ideally the Staff and Council will discuss any unresolved questions or comments Council may have with regard to these drafts. Edits from the February 14th draft ordinances have been redlined; and a "clean" version of each ordinance has also been included in the packet. Line numbers below reference the clean version of each ordinance.

# **Draft Cannabis Uses, Licenses and Regulation Ordinance**

This proposed ordinance regulates the uses, licensing, and regulation of regulated cannabis. Staff has bulleted below various sections that are substantive and/or sections which received comments either before or at the February 14th work session.

- Line 590-716: Reorganization of and additional information regarding the composition of the Authority and the role of the Hearing Officer
- Lines 831-1033: Additional requirements added to requirements of initial application; moved from licensing section
- Lines 1034-1066: Additional information about the conduct of the randomized selection process
- Lines 1108-1118: Types of authorized licenses added
- Lines 1134-1136: Provision added to allow the Hearing Officer to extend the operation deadline, not to exceed 24 months
- Lines 1147-1157: Clarification about refunding the License Fee
- Lines 1228-1245: Additional information about the change in corporate structure
- Lines 1415-1419: Maintained insurance quote requirements (versus binding commitment)
- Lines 1823-1827: Hours of operation between 8 a.m. and 10 p.m.

#### **Draft Sales and Use Tax Ordinance**

The City Council confirmed the special sales and use tax and excise tax at a rate of 6 percent. The attached draft ordinance will amend Chapters 3.12 and 3.16 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code (GJMC) regarding imposition and rate of tax, licensing and reporting, and expenditure of the tax. As requested by the Council, the ordinance clearly articulates the uses of the special sales/excise tax (6%) from the City's regular sales tax collection (3.25%), all as discussed at the February 14th work session. (See Lines 93-104 and Lines 113-125)

# **Draft Zoning and Development Code Ordinance**

At previous workshops, City Council confirmed specific elements of the land use regulations regarding retail cannabis businesses. The draft ordinance amending Title 21, including Chapter 4, Chapter 6 and Chapter 10, includes proposed changes to the use table, location specific limitations (Horizon Drive BID and Downtown), buffering from specific land uses, and signage regulations. The March 14th ordinance was revised to remove the required buffer from parks and higher education institutions. (See Lines 143-154)

This draft ordinance proposes signage regulations that allow consistency within the existing overlay districts but provides for limitations in areas that do not lie within an overlay. The proposal includes maximum dimensional allowances of 20 feet in height and 150 square feet in area. (See Lines 189-202) In many cases the current code and zone district standards decrease allowable signage size, such as in the 24 Road Overlay, Greater Downtown Overlay, and Horizon Drive Overlay. For example, in the 24 Road Overlay, no sign can be larger than 100 square feet (versus 300 square feet) and pole signs are not allowed. The draft ordinance provides for regulated cannabis businesses to fall within the "all other properties" designation for the Horizon Drive District, which limits the signage to 20 feet in height and 75 square feet in area. (See Lines 233-244) Included in this report is a table indicating sign regulations limited by overlay district standards as well as the geographical boundaries of each overlay.

# Administrative Regulations, Procedures and Fees Processing Information

Staff has provided a draft workflow that provides a step-by-step outline of the Business License Submittal Requirements and Processing Information. This document provides a brief explanation of the procedural steps required to occur up until the randomized selection process as well as those that will occur for an operator to become licensed.

#### **Forms**

In addition to state-required forms, staff has prepared numerous forms (1 through 9) that will work to ensure sufficient information is submitted by the applicant to determine qualification and compliance with the state law and local codes. The draft forms have been attached for review.

# **Licensing Authority & Hearing Officer**

The draft ordinance provides for the creation of a licensing authority which will serve to administer various licensing and renewal processes arising out of the administration and enforcement of the ordinance. In addition, the ordinance calls for the appointment of a hearing officer to hear and decide various matters. The marijuana authority and hearing officer processes are proposed to be generally consistent with how alcohol sales and service businesses are licensed and regulated. As provided in §5.13.015 of the ordinance, rules of the authority will be considered and adopted by City Council resolution at a later date.

# **Application Fees and Licensing Fees**

Staff recommends issues such as the Licensing Fee and Application Fee be considered in a separate resolution and the fees should be generally set to reimburse the City for time and resources utilized to intake, review, process, license and renew regulated cannabis stores. Staff currently recommends a non-refundable Application Fee of \$2,500. In addition, staff recommends a Licensing Fee of \$5,000. The Licensing Fee would be refundable for any applicant that is not selected in the randomized selection process.

#### **FISCAL IMPACT:**

N/A

#### **SUGGESTED ACTION:**

Staff recommends City Council discuss and provide direction with regard to the selection process and criteria and the content of the three working draft ordinances regarding 1) use, licenses, and regulations, 2) sales, use, and excise tax, and 3) zoning and signage regulations.

# **Attachments**

- 1. ORD-Cannabis 030822 Redline
- 2. ORD-Cannabis 030822 Clean
- 3. ORD-ZDC Cannabis Draft Ordinance 030822 Redline
- 4. ORD-ZDC Cannabis Draft Ordinance 030822 Clean
- 5. ORD-Cannabis Tax 030722 Redline
- 6. ORD-Cannabis Tax 030722 Clean
- 7. Hearing Officer Procedures 030822
- 8. City of Grand Junction Randomized Selection Procedures
- 9. Penalty Guidelines 030822
- 10. Doc 1 GJMBL Form #0001 Workflow Narrative 20220308
- 11. Doc 2 GJMBL Form #0002 Application Checklist 20220308
- 12. Doc 3 GJMBL Form #0003 Oath and Consent 20220308
- 13. Doc 4 GJMBL Form #0004 Property Authorization 20220308
- 14. Doc 5 GJMBL Form #0005 Proposed Operation Plan 20220308
- 15. Doc 6 GJMBL Form #0006 Zoning Verification 20220308
- 16. Doc 7 GJMBL Form #0007 Floor Plan and Security Plan Checklist 20220308
- 17. Doc 8 GJMBL Form #0008 Security Plan Narrative 20220308
- 18. Doc 9\_GJMBL Form #0009\_Background Addendum
- 19. Signage-Overlay Comparison 03.08.22
- 20. Overlays Zone and Signage Maps
- 21. Public Comment-R.Grossman
- 22. Public Comment-R.Grossman 2
- 23. Public Comment-R.Grossman 3
- 24. Public Comment-L.Maytin
- 25. Public Comment-R.Grossman 4

- 26. Public Comment-Matt Helm
- 27. Public Comment-D.Rowland
- 28. Public Comment-R.Grossman 5
- 29. Public Comment-Marijuana Industry Group
- 30. Public Comment-S.Beilfuss
- 31. Public Comment-L. Maytin 2
- 32. Public Comment-Tetra Public Affairs

ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_\_

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND TITLE 5 CREATING CHAPTER 13 IN THE GRAND JUNCTION MUNICIPAL CODE TO INCLUDE CERTAIN MARIJUANA, ALSO KNOWN AS CANNABIS, USES, LICENSES AND REGULATIONS IN THE CITY OF GRAND JUNCTION, COLORADO.

**RECITALS:** 

3

4

5

26

27

28

29

30

31 32

33

34

35 36

37

38

Federal law criminalizes the use and possession of marijuana as marijuana is categorized as a Schedule 1 controlled substance under the Controlled Substance Act. Federal law criminalizes knowing or intentional marijuana possession, even if a person has no intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense marijuana.

On November 7, 2000, Colorado voters passed Amendment 20 which allows the use of marijuana in the state for approved patients with written medical consent. It allows the possession of up to two ounces of medical marijuana and cultivation of no more than six marijuana plants (three flowering plants) at a time for patients. Amendment 20 does not provide a legal manner for patients to obtain medical marijuana unless the patient grows the marijuana, or the marijuana is grown by the patient's primary caregiver.

On November 16, 2009, City Council, as an exercise of police powers, adopted Ordinance 4392 which declared a twelve-month moratorium on the licensing, permitting and operation of cannabis businesses in the City and provided penalties for any such violation. The moratorium applied to any person or entity applying to function, do business, or hold itself out as a medical cannabis dispensary in the City of Grand Junction, regardless of the person, entity, or zoning.

On June 7, 2010, Governor Ritter signed into law House Bill 10-1284 and Senate Bill 10-109 which, among other things, authorized the City to adopt an ordinance to license, regulate or prohibit the cultivation and/or sale of cannabis (C.R.S. 12-43.3-103(2)). The law also allowed a city to vote, either by a majority of the registered electors or a majority of the City Council, to prohibit the operation of medical cannabis centers, optional premises cultivation operations and medical cannabis infused products manufacturers.

On October 4, 2010, City Council adopted Ordinance 4437 which prohibited the operation of medical cannabis businesses and amended the Grand Junction Municipal Code by adding Section 5.14.010 which prohibited certain uses relating to cannabis. Ordinance 4437 also extended the moratorium established by Ordinance 4392 to January 1, 2011. Prior to Ordinance 4437 becoming effective, a protest petition was filed and found to be sufficient, and Ordinance 4437 was suspended from taking effect. On October 13, 2010, City Council adopted Ordinance 4446 which extended the moratorium to July 1, 2011.

- At the April 5, 2011, City election, the electorate voted in favor of prohibiting the operation 39
- 40 of medical cannabis businesses and the amendment of the Grand Junction Municipal
- Code by adding a section that prohibited cannabis (referred to as Measure A). 41
- On November 6, 2012, Amendment 64 was passed by the voters, amending Article 18 of 42
- the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 16 which allowed regulated cannabis stores 43 and made it legal for anyone 21 years or older to buy cannabis at such stores. In addition, 44
- 45 Amendment 64 allowed anyone over 21 years of age to legally possess and consume up
- 46 to one ounce of cannabis. Amendment 64 did not change the Federal law; it still remains
- 47 illegal under Federal law to produce and/or distribute cannabis.
- 48 On February 6, 2013, City Council approved Resolution 07-13 adopting cannabis policies
- for the City and restrictions for persons or entities from applying to function, do business, 49
- or hold itself out as a cannabis facility, business, or operation of any sort in the City limits. 50
- 51 Later that same year, City Council adopted Ordinance 4599 which prohibited the
- 52 operation of cannabis cultivation facilities, cannabis product manufacturing facilities,
- cannabis testing facilities, and regulated cannabis stores. Ordinance 4599 also amended 53
- Sections in Title 5, Article 15 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code that prohibited certain 54
- uses relating to cannabis. 55
- In late 2015, the City, Mesa County and Colorado Mesa University, by and through the 56
- 57 efforts of the Grand Junction Economic Partnership (GJEP), were successful in 58
- establishing the Colorado Jumpstart business development program. One business that
- was awarded the first Jumpstart incentive planned to develop a laboratory and deploy its 59
- advanced analytical processes for genetic research and its ability to mark/trace chemical 60
- properties of agricultural products, one of which was cannabis. In October 2016, City 61
- Council passed Ordinance 4722 which amended Ordinance 4599 and Section 21.04.010 62
- of the Grand Junction Municipal Code to allow cannabis testing facilities in the City. 63
- On January 20, 2021, the City Council approved Resolution 09-21, the adoption of which 64
- referred a ballot question to the regular municipal election on April 6, 2021, to repeal 65
- Measure A contingent on and subject to voter approval of taxation of cannabis 66
- businesses. A majority of the votes cast at the election were in favor of repealing the 67
- moratorium on cannabis businesses and in favor of taxation of cannabis businesses. 68
- Accordingly, City Council has determined that certain regulated cannabis businesses, 69
- subject to regulations to be adopted by the City, may operate within the City. City Council, 70
- with this ordinance, will has acted to begin to amend the Grand Junction Municipal Code 71
- 72 to provide rules and regulations for licensing and operating regulated cannabis
- 73 businesses.
- 74 City staff and community members, including the Cannabis Working Group, have
- 75 researched, reviewed, and discussed various approaches to taxation, permitting and
- 76 regulation of cannabis. Regulations for cannabis uses have been established at the state
- 77 level with the adoption and implementation of the Colorado Marijuana Code (C.R.S. 44-

78 10-101, et. seq.); however, regulation of cannabis uses at the state level alone are not 79 adequate to address the impacts of cannabis on the City.

80

81

82

83 84

85

86

87

88

89

90 91

92

93 94

95 96

97

98

99

100

101

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

113

114

In the interest of the public health, safety and welfare the City intends to regulate the location zoning and other aspects impacts of cannabis businesses in a manner that is consistent with constitutional and statutory standards. Limiting the concentration of any type of business in specific areas will tend to promote high-quality neighborhoods. The City desires to facilitate the provision of quality, regulated cannabis in a safe manner while protecting existing uses within the City. Regulation of the manner of operation and location of regulated cannabis businesses will further the health, safety, and welfare of both the public and the customers. Protection of the public health and safety will occur through reasonable limitations on business operations as they relate to air quality. integrating business operations with neighborhoods, integrations, minimum security standards for the businesses and their its personnel, and other concerns. Limiting the concentration of any type of business in specific areas will promote high-quality neighborhoods. Sale of cannabis may impact health, safety, and community resources, and the proposed ordinance is intended to allow certain regulated cannabis businesses such that those businesses will have as minimal an impact and reduce potential negative impacts as reasonably is possible.

This ordinance amends the City's Code (also known as the GJMC) to include time, place, and manner restrictions for operating regulated cannabis businesses in the City while protecting the public health and safety through reasonable limitations on business operations. Regulated cannabis businesses may include regulated retail and/or colocated retail and medical cannabis businesses.

Furthermore, this ordinance proposes the imposition of application and/or operating fees to defray some of the City's costs of licensing regulated cannabis businesses. 102

This ordinance also requires proposes buffering (distance requirements) of cannabis businesses:

1,000 feet from any private or public elementary school, middle school, junior high school, high school, Colorado Mesa University and Western Colorado Community College; and

500 feet from all public parks or undeveloped park lands as provided by the Parks, Recreation and Open Space Master Plan; and

500 feet from any services for prevention, treatment or recovery from substance use and mental health concerns, as licensed by the Colorado Department of Human Services, Office of Behavioral Health (OBH).

Lastly, this ordinance creates a mechanism for monitoring compliance of regulated cannabis businesses in coordination with the laws of the State of Colorado.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GRAND JUNCTION THAT:

Title 5 Chapter 13 shall read as follows: (Additions to the GJMC are shown in **bold face type** – deletions or modifications are shown in strikethrough.)

#### **5.13.00 REGULATED CANNABIS**

5.13.010 Purpose and legislative intent; incorporation of state law.

On January 20, 2021, the City Council approved Resolution 09-21, the adoption of which referred a ballot question to the regular municipal election on April 6, 2021, to repeal Referred Measure A contingent on and subject to voter approval of taxation of cannabis businesses. The voters approved the April 2021 ballot measures and by and with such authority, City Council intends to regulate the use, possession, cultivation, production, and distribution of cannabis in a manner that is consistent with Article XVIII, Sections 14 and 16 of the Colorado Constitution (also known as Amendment 64) and the Colorado Marijuana Code, C.R.S. § 44-10-101, et seq. With the adoption of this Chapter, any provisions of the City's Code that conflicts with this Chapter shall be superseded.

Article XVIII, Section 16(5)(g) of the Colorado Constitution authorizes a system of state licensing for businesses engaging in the regulated sale of cannabis, collectively referred to as "regulated cannabis establishments". This provision allows a municipality within its jurisdiction to prohibit licensing of regulated cannabis establishments; regulate the time, place and manner in which regulated cannabis establishments may operate; and limit the total number of regulated

cannabis establishments.

The authority of localities to prohibit or regulate regulated cannabis establishments within their respective jurisdictions, including the authority to engage in local licensing of cannabis establishments is also provided in various provisions of the Colorado Marijuana Code. The Colorado Marijuana Code, among other things, affords municipalities the option to determine whether to license certain regulated cannabis establishments within their respective jurisdictions. Consistent with its lawful authority this Chapter affirmatively authorizes licensing and regulating cannabis related businesses in the City of Grand Junction and to designate a local licensing authority to issue and process applications submitted for such licenses within the City.

 This Chapter is adopted pursuant to the constitutional and statutory authority referenced above as well as the City's <u>Charter and</u> home rule authority to adopt and enforce ordinances under its police powers all in order to preserve the public

health, safety and general welfare. By adopting this Chapter, the <u>City</u> inten<u>dst</u> is to implement provisions of the Colorado Marijuana Code and any rules and regulations thereunder except to the extent that more restrictive or additional regulations may be set forth in herein.

Further, the purposes of this Chapter are to:

- (1) provide time, place, and manner restrictions for operating a regulated cannabis business in the City;
- (2) protect public health and safety through reasonable limitations on business operations as they relate to noise, air quality, security for the business and its personnel, and other health and safety concerns;
- (3) promote high quality neighborhoods by limiting the concentration of regulated cannabis businesses in specific areas;
- (4) impose fees to defray some of the costs to the City of licensing regulated cannabis businesses;
- (5) adopt a mechanism for monitoring compliance with the provisions of this Chapter;
- (6) create regulations that address the particular needs of the residents, the businesses, and the City and coordinate with laws enacted by the State of Colorado regarding cannabis; and,
- (7) issue regulated cannabis business licenses only to Applicants that demonstrate the intent and capability to comply with the law.

This Chapter is to be construed to protect the interests of the public over the interests of the regulated cannabis businesses. Operation of a regulated cannabis business is a revocable privilege and not a right in the City. There is no property right for any person and/or business to have a regulated cannabis license in the City.

Nothing in this Chapter is intended to promote or condone the production, distribution, or possession of cannabis in violation of any applicable law.

#### 5.13.011 Applicability.

- (a) This Chapter is known and may be cited as the "City of Grand Junction Regulated Cannabis Code." or "Code." Reference to the City of Grand Junction Regulated Cannabis Code, Code or Chapter and the applicable section(s) thereof shall be sufficient when citing the provisions of this hereof in any legal document, including but not limited to, summons, subpoena, pleading, summons and compliant, and memorandum.
- (b) This Chapter, together with all other titles and chapters of the Grand Junction Municipal Code (hereinafter referred to as "GJMC"), shall govern all applications submitted for licensing of any regulated cannabis business in the City on and after the effective date.

#### 5.13.012 Applicability of state laws and other laws.

- (a) Except as otherwise specifically provided herein, this Chapter incorporates and adopts the requirements and procedures set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code and the provisions of the Colorado Rules and Regulations promulgated thereunder, as amended, relating to the definition of terms, licensing, sales, hours of sale, records, inspection, unlawful acts, and all other matters pertaining to regulated cannabis, as set out in full therein and herein. In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of the Colorado Marijuana Code or any other applicable state or local law, the more restrictive provision shall control. Licensees shall comply with and conduct their business in compliance with all applicable state and local laws, rules and regulations, and the terms and conditions of their license. Noncompliance with any applicable state or local laws, rules or regulations shall be grounds for suspension, revocation or non-renewal suspension of any license issued hereunder and/or imposition of fine(s), and/or fine(s) in lieu of suspension, and other allowable sanctions.
- (b) Compliance with any applicable state law or regulation shall be deemed additional requirements for issuance of any license and conduct of any business under this Chapter, and noncompliance with any applicable law or regulation shall be grounds for <u>suspension</u>, revocation or <u>non-renewal</u> <u>suspension</u> of any license issued hereunder and/or imposition of fines and other allowable sanctions.
- (c) If the state prohibits the sale or other distribution of cannabis through regulated businesses, any license issued hereunder shall be deemed immediately revoked by operation of law.

Commented [JS1]: Local option See 5.13.036b

5.13.013 Definitions.

The definitions set forth in Article XVIII, Subsections 14(2) and 16(2) of the Colorado Constitution, as well as the definitions provided by the Colorado Marijuana Code, the Colorado Code of Regulations, and the Department of Revenue Regulated Marijuana Enforcement Division Rules and regulations as amended, are adopted herein unless by reference specifically amended hereby.

"Advertise" means the act of drawing the public's attention, whether in print, signs, or electronic means, to a regulated cannabis business in order to promote the sale of cannabis by the business.

"Affiliated entity" or "affiliate" means a person as defined herein, having ownership or any level of control in common with an entity, in whole or in part, including without limitation, an entity's parent corporation, franchisor, licensor and any subsidiary(ies) or affiliates or such corporation(s). Affiliate also means a person using the same trade name as another person.

"Appealing to minors" means any display on the internet, by audio, in print on a sign, or similar presentation visible to individuals under 21 years of age that contains visual, or audio or print depictions of cartoon characters, caricatures, consumable products, individuals that seem under 21 years of age or engaging in activities not typical of adults. Visual, audio or print depictions of animals may be allowed so long as they do not violate other restrictions in the GJMC.

"Application fee" shall mean the fee paid to the City by each Applicant at the time of submitting an application to the City.

"Applicant" shall mean any person or entity who has applied for a license or renewal of a license issued pursuant to this Chapter. If the Applicant is an entity and not a natural person, Applicant shall include all persons who are the members, managers, officers, directors, and shareholders of such entity.

"Cannabis", also known as marijuana, shall have the same meaning as the term "usable form of marijuana" as set forth in Article XVIII, Section 16(2)(f) of the Colorado Constitution or as may be more fully defined in any applicable State law or regulation. "Marijuana" may alternatively be spelled "marihuana".

"Cannabis business" shall means regulated cannabis business as defined in this Chapter.

"Cannabis operator" means a medical cannabis business operator or a retail cannabis business operator.

"Cannabis paraphernalia" or "paraphernalia" shall mean devices, contrivances, instruments and paraphernalia for inhaling or otherwise consuming regulated cannabis, including, but not limited to, rolling papers, related tools, water pipes and vaporizers.

"Cannabis product" means "medical cannabis product" or "regulated retail cannabis product".

"Cannabis product manufacturer" means a medical cannabis products manufacturer or a retail cannabis products manufacturer.

"Cannabis testing facility" means a medical cannabis testing facility or a retail cannabis testing facility.

"City Attorney" means the City Attorney or the City Attorney's designee.

"City Manager" means the City Manager or the City Manager's designee.

"Colorado Medical Marijuana Code" shall mean Title 44, Article 11, C.R.S. and any rules or regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Colorado Marijuana Code" shall mean Title 44, Article 10, C.R.S. and any rules or regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Company material" means any information printed or transmitted electronically that includes the name and logo of a particular cannabis business(es) and promotes the business or describes cannabis or cannabis product distributed by the business(es). Company material may include promotion of the business to potential employees over the age of 21, or investors, or instructions for use of any cannabis or cannabis products distributed by the business(es).

"Coupon" means a printed voucher or token entitling the holder to a discount for a particular product or service. Coupon does not include showing a government-issued verification of age or military status, or registration for a charitable event, or similar item the showing of which, without providing a separate printing to the business, entitles the holder to a discount for a particular product or service.

"Distribution" or "distribute" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer, delivery, sale, or dispensing to another, with or without remuneration.

"Educational material" means materials prepared by a governmental or non-profit entity that are designed to provide information, facts, instructions, and warnings

related to the legal use or consumption of cannabis and cannabis products. Educational materials do not include arguments for or against the legalization of cannabis or encourage the use of cannabis or advertisements, including the name and logo for any cannabis business.

 "Entity" means a domestic or foreign corporation, cooperative, general partnership, limited liability partnership, limited liability company, limited partnership, limited partnership association, nonprofit association, nonprofit corporation or any other organization or association that if formed under a statute or common law of the state of Colorado or any other jurisdiction as to which the laws of Colorado or the laws of any other jurisdiction govern(s) relations among owners and between the owners and the organization or association and that is recognized under the laws of the state of Colorado or the other jurisdiction as a separate legal entity.

"Operating fFees" means that fee(s) set and established by Resolution of City Council and paid annually to the City by each Licensee. Operating fees may be charged by the City for costs including but not limited to licensing, inspection, administration, and enforcement of cannabis businesses authorized pursuant to the Colorado Constitution, the Colorado Marijuana Code, this Code, and any of the rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

"Fermented malt beverage" shall mean the same as referenced in Chapter 5.04.010 of the GJMC.

"Financier" means any person who lends money or otherwise provides assets to any person applying for license under this Chapter. If a financier is an entity rather than an individual, the same disclosure shall be required for each entity with an ownership interest until a managing member that is a natural person is identified. Financier shall not include a bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or industrial bank supervised and regulated by an agency of the state or federal government, or any person in the business of leasing equipment or cannabis business for which the rental amount does not include any percentage of the business or its profits, or any person that has been qualified as a beneficial owner (as defined by the Colorado Marijuana Code).

"Financial interest" shall mean any ownership interest(s).

"Good cause", for the purposes of approving, refusing or denying the issuance or renewal of a license, means:

a. The Licensee or Applicant has violated, does not meet, or has failed to comply with any terms, conditions, or provisions of the Colorado

Marijuana Code, the City Code, any rule and regulation adopted pursuant thereto, or any supplemental relevant state or local law, rule or regulation related to the cultivation, processing, manufacture, storage, sale, distribution, transportation, testing, and research, or consumption of any form of cannabis;

- b. The Licensee or Applicant has failed to comply with any special term or condition placed on the license by order of the state licensing authority or the Llocal Llicensing Aauthority;
- c. Evidence of the Licensee's licensed premises has have been operated in a manner that adversely affects the public health, safety or the general welfare of the City or the immediate neighborhood where the business is located, which evidence may include a continuing pattern of violations of the Colorado Marijuana Code, the City's Code, or terms and conditions of a license issued pursuant to this Chapter, a continuing pattern of unlawful or violent activity occurring in the location and in association with the operation of the business; or
- d. Evidence the Applicant or Licensee, or any officer, director, owner, manager, agent or employee of the Applicant or Licensee is not of good moral character.

"Good moral character" means an individual who has a personal history demonstrating honesty, fairness, and respect for the rights of other and for conformance to the law which may include considerations of whether an individual has:

- Ever had a professional or occupation license denied, suspended, or revoked:
- b. Ever had a business or sales tax license denied, suspended, or revoked;
- Ever surrendered, been denied, or had any type of cannabis related license or permit placed on an administrative hold, suspended or revoked;
- d. Ever been denied any type of cannabis related business license;
- e. Ever had a business temporarily or permanently closed for failure to comply with any tax, health, building, fire, zoning or safety law;

**Commented [JS2]:** Citation was requested – see, CCR 1-115

f. Ever had any administrative, civil or criminal finding of delinquency for failure to file or failure to pay state or local sales or use taxes or any other taxes:

- g. Ever been convicted of or pled guilty or no contest to a crime of moral turpitude; or
- h. Within the previous five years been convicted of any misdemeanor, petty offense or any local ordinance violation related to the cultivation, processing, manufacture, storage, sale, distribution, transportation, testing, research, or consumption of any form of cannabis, drug or controlled substance; or within the previous five years been convicted of a non-drug related felony; or, at any time, been convicted of a felony related to the cultivation, processing, manufacture, storage, sale, distribution, transportation, testing, research, or consumption of any form of cannabis, drug or controlled substance.

"Handbill", "leaflet" or "flyer" means a flat or folded sheet of printed material that is a notice, advertisement, or announcement, usually for distribution by hand, for free, either directly to an individual or by placement on vehicles or other locations. Handbill, leaflet, or flyer does not include educational materials without the name or logo of a cannabis business, or information made available within the licensed premises of a cannabis business.

"Immature plant" means a nonflowering cannabis plant that is not required by the Colorado Marijuana Enforcement Division to have a RFID tag. In no event shall a plant be considered an immature plant if it is no taller than eight inches and no wider than eight inches; is produced from a cutting, clipping, or seedling; and is in a cultivating container.

"In-charge employee" means the individual designated by the owner of the cannabis business as the person responsible for all operations of the business in the absence of the owner from the licensed premises. In-charge employees shall have access to lock and unlock doors, lock and unlock safes, arm and disarm the alarm, have access to the video surveillance equipment and who can operate and access past footage and produce still color photographs from the on-site, as well as the off-site video surveillance equipment upon request.

"Incidental to sponsorship of charitable events" means the printing of the names of all sponsors of a particular charitable event by the event organizer on advertisements, banners, clothing, programs, or similar items. Incidental to sponsorship of charitable events does not include the placement of a booth(s) or

Commented [LB3]: See 44-10-103(18)

distribution of material(s) that does not list or is for the use of all sponsors of the event.

"License" shall mean to grant a revocable privilege to lawfully operate in the City a cannabis related business activity authorized pursuant to the Colorado Marijuana Code and this Chapter.

"License fee" shall mean that fee set and established by Resolution of City Council and paid annually to the City by each Licensee.

"Licensed premises" means the premises specified in an application for a license or permit authorized pursuant to the Colorado Marijuana Code and this Chapter, which are owned or in the legal possession of the Licensee and within which the Licensee is authorized to cultivate, manufacture, distribute, research, sell, store, transport, or test cannabis, cannabis products, and cannabis concentrates in accordance with all applicable laws.

"Licensee" means any person licensed or granted a permit pursuant to the Colorado Marijuana Code or this Chapter, including the cannabis business named on the cannabis business license and all individuals named in the cannabis business license application or later reported to the City, including without limitation, owners, managers, financiers, and individuals owning any part of the entity that holds a financial or ownership interest in the cannabis business.

"Liquid assets" mean assets that can be readily converted into cash and includes assets that will be placed directly into the cannabis business. Liquid assets include, but are not limited to, the following: funds in checking or savings accounts, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, mutual fund shares, publicly traded stocks, United States savings bonds, furniture and equipment, packaged cannabis, and related products and inventory to be transferred to the cannabis business. Liquid assets do not mean household items, vehicles, cannabis plants, and real property and improvements thereto.

"Local Licensing Authority" also known as "Cannabis Licensing Authority" ("Authority") means an authority designated by the City Council.

"Mall" means Mesa Mall located at 2424 US Highway 6, Grand Junction, CO 81505.

"Malt, vinous, and spiritous liquor" has the same meaning as defined in the Colorado Liquor Code (Title 44, Article 3, C.R.S) or in the Colorado Beer Code (Title 44, Article 3, C.R.S.)

"Manager" means:

**Commented [JS4]:** Removed because it was a holdover from merit and is no longer necessary.

- a. A member of a limited liability company in which management is not vested in managers rather than members;
   b. A manager of a limited liability company in which management is
  - b. A manager of a limited liability company in which management is vested in managers rather than members;
  - c. A member of a limited partnership association in which management is not vested in managers rather than members;
  - d. A manager of a limited partnership association in which management is vested in managers rather than members;
  - e. A general partner;

- f. An officer or director of a corporation, a nonprofit, a cooperative, or a limited partnership association; or
  - g. Any person whose position with respect to an Entity, as determined under the constituent documents and organic statutes of the Entity, without regard to the Person's title, is the functional equivalent of any of the positions described in this definition.
- "Minor" means a person under 21 years of age.
- "Modification of premises" means a change to a regulated cannabis business that requires a building or other permit from the City or changes any part of the plans required as part of the application for the cannabis business license. Modification of premises does not include routine maintenance, including replacement of lightbulbs or filters, painting, cleaning or replacement of non-mechanical items such as windows and flooring so long as the maintenance does not result in a change to the plans required as part of the application.
  - \_"Operating fees" means that fee(s) set and established by Resolution of City Council and paid annually to the City by each Licensee. Operating fees may be charged by the City for costs including but not limited to inspection, administration, and enforcement of cannabis businesses authorized pursuant to the Colorado Constitution, the Colorado Marijuana Code, this Code, and any of the rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto.
  - "Owner" means the person or persons whose beneficial interest in a regulated cannabis business- bears a risk of loss other than an insurer, has an opportunity to gain profit from the operation or sale of the business and has a controlling interest in a cannabis businesses, business entity or license, and includes any other person(s) that qualifies as an owner pursuant to state law, rules or regulations.

531 "Person" shall mean a natural person, partnership, association, company, 532 corporation, limited liability company or other organization or entity or a manager, 533 agent, owner, officer or employee thereof.

 "Place open to the general public" means any property owned, leased, or used by a public entity, and any place on private property open to the public, common area of buildings, private clubs, vehicles, those portions of any private property upon which the public has an express or implied license to enter or remain, and any place visible from such places.

"Possess" or "possession" means having physical control of the premises in which an object is located or having the power and intent to control an object, without regard to whether the one in possession has ownership of the object. Possession may be held by more than one person at a time. Use of the object is not required for possession. The owner of a regulated cannabis business shall be considered in possession of the regulated cannabis business at all times. The manager of a regulated cannabis business shall be considered in possession of the regulated cannabis business at all times that the manager is on the premises of the business or has been designated by the owner as the manager in the absence of the owner in accordance with this Chapter.

"Premises" means a distinct and definite location, which may include a building, a part of a building, a room, or any other defined contiguous area.

"Primary home" means that home or place in which a person's habitation is fixed and to which the person, whenever absent, has the present intention of returning after a departure or absence therefrom, regardless of the duration of such absence. A "primary home" is a permanent building or part of a permanent building and may include, by way of example, a house, condominium, apartment, room in a house or manufactured housing. No rental property, a vacant house or cabin or other premises used solely for business purposes shall be considered a primary home.

"Rehabilitation center" means any facility(ies) or transitional residential treatment facility(ies) operating after the effective date of this Chapter for prevention, treatment or recovery from substances and mental health concerns as licensed by the Colorado Department of Human Services, Office of Behavioral Health (OBH). licensed by the Colorado Department of Human Services.

"Restricted area" means the portion of a cannabis business within which the "Licensee" defines on its application it intends to distribute, possess, or produce regulated cannabis and which area is clearly identified as the restricted area on the floor plan submitted with the cannabis business license application for the business.

**Commented [JS5]:** Removed because it was a holdover from merit and is no longer necessary.

570 "Regulated cannabis businesses aka "Regulated marijuana businesses" means:

any Medical Marijuana Business and Retail Marijuana Business as defined by Colorado law. person that produces, distributes, possesses, tests or makes available more than six cannabis plants or one ounce of cannabis; any person that sells any amount of cannabis; or

any person who possesses cannabis openly or publicly.

The term regulated cannabis business shall not include the private cultivation, possession, or use within a person's residence of no more than:

- (a) six plants in an enclosed, locked space, or
- 579 (b) one ounce of cannabis; or

 (c) the cannabis derived from no more than six plants on the premises where the plants were grown if the plants were grown in an enclosed, locked space.

"Regulated cannabis plant" means a cannabis seed that is germinated and all parts of the growth therefrom, including, without limitation, roots, stalks, and leaves. Cannabis plant shall include immature plants except where specifically exempted in this Code. For purposes of this Chapter, the portion of regulated cannabis plant harvested from the plant or converted to a usable form of regulated cannabis for medical use is not considered part of the plant upon harvesting.

"Restricted area" means the portion of a cannabis business within which the "Licensee" defines on its application it intends to distribute, possess, or produce regulated cannabis and which area is clearly identified as the restricted area on the floor plan submitted with the cannabis business license application for the business.

"Safe" means a metal box, attached to the building structure, capable of (a) being locked securely by either a mechanical or electronic combination lock that is protected by a case hardened drill resistant steel plate or drill resistant material of equivalent strength; (b) having door hinges that prevent the removal of the door, including but not limited to hinges that are not exposed to the outside, interlocking door designs, dead bars, jeweler's lugs and an active or inactive locking bolts; (c) being constructed in a manner to prevent opening by human or mechanical force, or through the use of common tools, including but not limited to hammers, bolt cutters, crow bars or pry bars; and (d) being certified by the manufacturer to be adequate for securely storing the quantity of monetary funds and physical cannabis product of the cannabis business. the Grand Junction Police Department may approve security devices such as vaults and strong rooms that are functionality equivalent to safes.

"Violation of any law" means a plea or finding of a violation of any law in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding whether part of a plea agreement, settlement agreement or determination by an arbitrator, hearing officer, court, or jury.

## 5.13.014 License Required.

 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in any form of business or commerce or activity involving cultivation, processing, manufacturing, storage, sale, distribution, transportation, testing, research or consumption of any form of cannabis or cannabis products other than those forms of business and commerce activities that are expressly contemplated by Sections 14 and 16 of Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution, Colorado Marijuana Code, this Code, or other applicable provisions of the GJMC.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a regulated cannabis business in the City without a license to operate issued pursuant to the requirements of this Chapter while concurrently holding a license in good standing from the state and in compliance with any and all applicable laws.

(c) No regulated cannabis business shall operate without obtaining any other license(s) or permit(s) required by any federal, state, or local law, by way of example, a regulated sales and use tax license, a retail food business license, or any applicable zoning or building permit. No two or more different regulated cannabis businesses may be treated as one premise unless approved as co-located businesses. Retail and medical cannabis may be co-located; however, if not co-located medical licenses will not be separately considered in accounting for the 10 (ten) license cap.

(d) The license(s) required to lawfully conduct business must be in full force and effect, all applicable fees and taxes have been paid in full, and all conditions of the license application be satisfied in order to conduct business. Each and every license applies to the person/entity named thereon and the activity(ies) authorized by the license and the location where the sale and/or possession occurs. Failure to maintain a current, valid license shall constitute a violation of this Chapter.

(e) It shall be unlawful for any person to exercise any of the privileges granted by a License other than the person(s) issued the License.

- (f) It shall be unlawful for any person(s) granted a license to allow any other person to exercise any privilege granted under the License.
- (g) It shall be unlawful for any person to operate any cannabis business in the City without a License issued by the City and the State licensing authorities pursuant to the Colorado Marijuana Code, this Chapter and other applicable provisions of the GJMC and applicable law.
- (h) The issuance of a City license pursuant to this Chapter does not create an exception, defense, or immunity to any person in regard to any potential criminal liability the person may have for the production, distribution, storage, transportation or possession of cannabis.
- (i) All persons who are engaged in or who are attempting to engage in the distribution, and/or sale of regulated cannabis in any form shall do so only in strict compliance with the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions in Section 14 and 16 of Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution, state law, the Colorado Marijuana Rules, the GJMC, and all other laws, rules, and regulations.

#### 5.13.015 Licensing Authority (Cannabis Licensing Authority).

For the purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing and the sale of regulated cannabis in the City, there is hereby created a local licensing authority appointed by the City Council, hereafter referred to as Authority. The Authority shall act in conjunction with the City's Liquor and Beer Licensing Authority. and shall serve the purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing of cannabis businesses in the City.

#### (a) Structure of Authority.

- 1. Hearing Officer. A Hearing Officer for the Authority shall be appointed by, and serve at the pleasure of, the City Council. Alternate hearing officer(s) may be appointed to serve if the Hearing Officer is absent and/or a conflict exists for which the Hearing Officer must be recused. from presiding over.
  - i. The Hearing Officer shall be a resident of the City and have an active license to practice law in the State of Colorado.

#### iii. Duties of the Hearing Officer. The Hearing Officer shall:

 Conduct all hearings required under this Chapter, rules and regulations, and codes construing and implementing the same.

- Conduct all hearings for initial licenses, renewal of licenses, for proposed changes of ownership of licenses and changes of the corporate structure of license, and for proposed changes of location of licensed premises or modification of premises.
- 3. Conduct all hearings brought under such codes when violations of the codes or the regulations under the codes have been alleged to have occurred and to impose penalties against Licensees in the manner provided by this Chapter on its own motion or on complaint by the City Attorney for any violation by the Licensee after investigation and public hearing at which the Licensee shall be afforded an opportunity to be heard.
- 4. Promulgate rules and regulations concerning the procedures for hearings before the Authority.
- Require any Applicant or Licensee to furnish any relevant information required by the Authority.
- 6. Grant or deny motions, make findings and orders, administer oaths and issue subpoenas to require the presence of persons and the production of papers, books and records at any hearing which the Authority is authorized to conduct.
- iii. The Hearing Officer may be removed by the City Council for nonattendance to duty or for cause. If the Hearing Officer fails to attend three (3) consecutive meetings of the Authority, he/she shall be removed from the Hearing Officer position unless the City Council excuses any such absences.
- 2. The City Manager shall serve as the secretary of the Authority and shall provide or cause to be provided the necessary administrative and reporting services for the Authority. The City Manager shall accept and process applications, schedule hearings for the Authority, provide public notice for the hearings, prepare the hearing room, be present at all hearings, ensure the hearings are recorded, take meeting minutes and any other duties as necessary. The City Manager shall be present at all hearings.

3. The City Attorney shall serve as legal advisor for the Authority and shall be present at all hearings providing legal assistance to the Hearing Officer and the City Manager.

#### (b) Powers of the Authority.

 i. The Authority shall have and is vested with authority to grant or to refuse a license application or renewal. , as well. The Authority may order special terms and conditions on licenses in the event of an emergency or as temporarily required to protect the public health, safety and wellbeing without the need for a public hearing. Notice of such action and for a public hearing before the Authority on the matter shall be provided to the Licensee.

н. .

- iii. The Authority shall have all the powers provided in this Chapter, and as set forth in C.R.S. 44-10-301 et. seq. and the Colorado Marijuana Rules, and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
  - iii. The Authority may promulgate such rules and regulations as it deems necessary for the proper administration and enforcement of this Chapter, provided that the same are not in conflict with the Colorado Marijuana Code, Colorado Constitution, and the Colorado Department of Revenue Enforcement Rules.
- iv. The Authority may exercise all other powers and duties as are set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code, the Colorado Constitution, the Colorado Department of Revenue Marijuana Enforcement Division Rules, the GJMC and any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto.
- v. Under any and all circumstances in which <u>Colorado</u> state law requires communication to the City by the <u>S</u>state licensing authority or any other <u>S</u>state agency in regard to any license authorized by this Chapter, or in which <u>S</u>state law requires any review or approval by the City of any action taken by the <u>S</u>state licensing authority, the exclusive <u>government</u> department <u>in the City</u> for receiving such communications and granting such approvals shall be the Authority.

(c) Action of the Authority.

- 1, The Authority may issue subpoenas to require the presence of persons and the production of papers, books and records necessary to the determination of any hearing the Authority is authorized to conduct.
- 2. The Authority, acting by and through the Hearing Officer, may suspend, or revoke licenses granted under this Chapter for good cause or as set forth in this Chapter or as applicable law may provide.
- 3. The Authority , acting by and through the Hearing Officer, may summarily suspend a license issued pursuant to this Chapter without notice pending any prosecution or public hearing for a period not to exceed 15 days when the Authority determines a Licensee or an agent or employee of the Licensee has violated the Colorado Marijuana Code, the Colorado Department of Revenue Enforcement Division Marijuana Rules, the Colorado Constitution, the City's Code, or any rule and regulation related to the storage, sale, distribution, transportation, testing, or consumption of any form of cannabis, or when the public health, safety or wellbeing imperatively requires emergency action, and incorporates such findings in the notice for a public hearing before the Authority on the matter.

(d)
Nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to limit a law enforcement agency's ability to investigate unlawful activity in relation to a License issued pursuant to this Code.

A Hearing Officer for the Authority shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the City Council.

(b)(d) The Hearing Officer may be removed by the City Council for nonattendance to duty or for cause. If the Hearing Officer fails to attend three (3) consecutive meetings of the Authority, he/she shall be removed from the Hearing Officer position unless the City Council excuses any such absences.

(c)(e) Duties of the Hearing Officer. The Hearing Officer shall:

- Conduct all hearings required under this Chapter, rules and regulations, and codes construing and implementing the same.
- Conduct all hearings for initial licenses, renewal of licenses, for proposed changes of ownership of licenses and changes of the corporate structure of license, and for

|   | 815        |
|---|------------|
|   | 816        |
|   | 817        |
|   | 818        |
|   | 819        |
|   | 820        |
|   | 821        |
|   | 822        |
|   | 823        |
|   | 824        |
|   | 825        |
|   | 826        |
|   | 827        |
|   | 828        |
|   | 829        |
|   | 830        |
|   | 831        |
|   | 832        |
|   | 833        |
|   | 834        |
|   | 835        |
|   | 836        |
|   | 837        |
|   | 838        |
|   | 839        |
|   | 840        |
|   | 841        |
|   | 842        |
|   | 843        |
|   | 844<br>845 |
|   | 846        |
|   | 847        |
| 1 | 848        |
|   | 849        |
|   | 850        |
|   | 851        |
|   | 852        |
|   | 853        |
|   | 854        |
|   | 855        |
|   | 856        |

- proposed\_changes\_of\_location\_of\_licensed\_premises\_or modification\_of\_premises.
- 9. Conduct all hearings brought under such codes when violations of the codes or the regulations under the codes have been alleged to have occurred and to impose penalties against Licensees in the manner provided by this Chapter on its own motion or on complaint by the City Attorney for any violation by the Licensee after investigation and public hearing at which the Licensee shall be afforded an opportunity to be heard.
- 10.Promulgate rules and regulations concerning the procedures for hearings before the Authority.
- 11. Require any Applicant or Licensee to furnish any relevant information required by the Authority.
- 42.Grant or deny motions, make findings and orders, administer oaths and issue subpoenas to require the presence of persons and the production of papers, books and records at any hearing which the Authority is authorized to conduct.

#### (e) Authority Hearing procedures.

- 1. Hearings shall be scheduled as determined by the Authority and generally with the same frequency as on the same calendar the Liquor and Beer Licensing Authority or at special meetings as scheduled by the Authority.
- $\underline{\mathbf{2}}$ . The Hearing Officer may establish such procedures and local rules to be followed in actions before her/him. Such procedures shall include the following:
  - i. Control the mode, manner and order of all proceedings and hearings.
  - <u>ii.</u> The adoption of rules, procedures, and policies for its own proceedings and for filing applications and requests.
  - iii. The adoption of application forms and submission requirements, including a requirement that applications, complaints and other documents be filed in a digital format approved by the Authority and

to refuse applications, complaints and other documents not filed in the approved digital format.

iv. To perform any act that the Authority is authorized to perform by law.

- v. To promulgate such rules and regulations deemed necessary to properly administer and enforce this Chapter, and to exercise all other powers and duties as set forth in this Chapter, as well as those set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code and Subsection 5(f) of Section 16 of Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution. The Authority shall provide all proposed rules and subsequent changes thereto, to City Council for approval by Resolution.
- <u>vi.</u> Powers in the conduct of hearings. The Hearing Officer shall conduct hearings under and in accordance with this Chapter, local rules and procedures, and the Colorado Marijuana Code.
- <u>vii.</u> Contempt. In the event that any person, in the immediate presence of the Authority or within its sight or hearing, while the Authority is in session during a hearing, commits a direct contempt of the Authority by speech, gesture or conduct which disobeys a lawful order of the Authority, shows gross disrespect to the Authority tending to bring the Authority into public ridicule, or substantially interferes with the Authority's proceedings, the Authority may hold such person in contempt. Contemptuous conduct by any principal, registered manager or employee shall be imputed to the Licensee. The Authority may impose the following sanctions for contempt:
  - 1. Removal of the person committing the contempt from the proceedings, the hearing room and its environs;
  - Public censure, which shall be made a matter of the Licensee's record and may be used as an aggravating factor in determining any fine, suspension, revocation or renewal;
  - A prohibition against the individual or the Licensee introducing into the record testimony, documents, exhibits or other evidence;
  - An order striking, disregarding and refusing to consider pleadings, applications, documents, objections, testimony, exhibits or other evidence or arguments already introduced by such person;

- 5. A fine, enforced by suspension of the License until the fine is paid;
- 6. Default of any motion, compliant or other action then pending against the Licensee; and/or
- 7. Denial of any application by the Licensee then pending before the Authority.

viii. Determinations with respect to hearings.

- The Hearing Officer shall make his/her determination after hearings in accordance with this Code, the Colorado Marijuana Code and established legal principles. The decision of the Hearing Officer shall be final, and appeal from that decision shall be to the District Court of the 21<sup>st</sup> Judicial District.
- 2. Actions taken by the Authority are subject to review by the courts pursuant to Rule 106(a)(4) of the Colorado Rules of Civil Procedure. Any person applying to the Court for review shall be required to pay the cost of preparing a transcript of proceedings before the Authority whenever such a transcript is necessary for purposes of an appeal.
- 3. Appeals of Hearing Officer Decision(s). If the Authority imposes a condition on the license and/or suspends or revokes d a license or imposes a fine, the Licensee may appeal the Authority's order to the Mesa County District Court of the 21st Judicial District pursuant to Rule 106(a)(4) of the Colorado Rules of Civil Procedure. The Licensee's failure to timely appeal any the decision/order of the Authority is a waiver of the Licensee's right to contest the decision/order. fine imposed or the suspension or revocation of the License. Any person applying to the court for review shall be required to pay the cost of preparing a transcript of proceedings before the Authority whenever such a transcript is necessary for the purposes of the appeal.

5.13.016 City Manager; Powers and Duties - Licensing.

(a) The City Manager shall serve as the secretary of the Authority and shall provide or cause to be provided the necessary administrative and reporting services for the Authority. The City Manager and City Attorney shall attend all meetings of the Authority. All public notices required by this Chapter and

by C.R.S. 44-10-101, et seq., and the Colorado Marijuana Rules, as amended, and the regulations promulgated thereunder, shall be accomplished by the City Manager.

(b) The City Manager shall receive all applications for licenses and permits and, upon receipt of full payment of fees as are required by state law and by this Chapter, and satisfaction of the preconditions of the licensure, shall issue all licenses.

#### 5.13.0167 Application process/requirements.

- (a) Applications. All applications for any license authorized by this Chapter shall be submitted to the City Manager upon forms provided by the Authority and shall include supplemental materials as required by this Chapter, the Colorado Marijuana Code, and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto. To the extent any of the foregoing materials have been included with the Applicant's state license application and forwarded to the City by the Sstate, the Authority may rely upon the information forwarded by Applicants without requiring resubmittal of the same materials in conjunction with the local license application.
- (b) The Authority may, at the Authority's discretion, require additional information and/or documentation for the consideration of the application as it may deem necessary to enforce the requirements of the Colorado Marijuana Code and this Chapter.
- (c) The general procedures and requirements of licenses, as more fully set forth in Chapter 5.04 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code, shall apply to regulated cannabis business licenses. To the extent of conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and Chapter 5.04, the provisions of this Chapter shall control for regulated cannabis licenses.
- (d) Initial Application.
  - 1. Complete Application. The City Manager shall receive all Applications for a License authorized by this Chapter. The City Manager will review and, if demonstrated from the Application, find an Application to be complete if the Applicant, on forms provided by the City, provides: (a) materialsprovides materials and information demonstrating that all requirements for licensure can or will be met by the Applicant at the time of licensure, as provided in this section and in section § 05.13.0245 of this Code.

- 2. No person or entity, to include an affiliate(s)/affiliated entity, shall apply for more than one license for any location in the City, unless applying for a co-located (medical and retail) licensure.
- 3. 5. The Applicant provides an application for only one license at one location for each class of cannabis business license authorized by this Chapter. A co-located medical and retail cannabis business location shall be deemed one license. A location for a license shall be established and determined by lawful street addressing. A unit(s) in a building that is not separately, legally created and addressed is(are) not a separate location(s). located regulated and medical cannabis business.
- 4. The Applicant has registered with the Authority the name(s) of the manager(s) of the cannabis business, and has provided to the Authority the names of all persons having 10% financial and/or ownership interest, in the cannabis business that is subject of the Application or, if the Applicant is an Entity, having a financial interest in the Entity together with the following:
  - i. Name, address, date of birth;
  - ii. Acknowledgment and consent that the City may conduct a background investigation, including a criminal history check, and the City will be entitled to full and complete disclosure of all financial records of the regulated cannabis business and of any or all financial interests thereof, including records of deposit, withdrawals, balances and loans;
  - iii. If the Applicant is an Entity, information regarding the Entity, including without limitation, the name and address of the Entity, its legal status, and proof of registration with, or a certificate of good standing from, the Colorado Secretary of State, as applicable;
  - iv. If the Applicant is not the owner of the proposed licensed premises, a notarized statement from the owner of such property authorizing the use of the property for a cannabis business and specifying the type of regulated cannabis business(es) permitted;
  - v. A copy of the deed reflecting the Applicant's ownership of, or the lease or contract reflecting the legal right of the Applicant to possess the proposed licensed premises for no less than three years;

**Commented [JS6]:** Need to have discussion regarding 10%

- 5. The Applicant must disclose in writing any financial interests, including individuals and/or entities.
- 6. The Applicant must disclose in writing if the named owner(s), member(s), manager(s), Financer(s), agent(s), or person(s) named on the Application has(have) been:
  - i. Denied an application for a cannabis business license pursuant to this Chapter, or any state or local licensing law, rule, or regulation, or had such a license suspended or revoked.
  - ii. Denied an application for liquor license pursuant to Title 44,

    Article 47 or Article 46, C.R.S. or any similar state or local
    licensing law, or had such a license suspended or revoked.
    - 1. In the event an owner, member, agent, manager, financier, or other person named on the Application contains information regarding violations of any law or previous denial or revocation of a license, that person must include with the Application any information regarding such violation(s), denial, or revocation. Such information must include, but is not limited to, a statement of the violation(s) and penalty(ies) for such violation(s), evidence of rehabilitation, character references, and educational achievements, and other regulatory licenses without compliance violations, especially those items pertaining to the period of time between the Applicant's last violation of any law and the date of the application.
    - 2. The City may, prior to issuance of the certificate of occupancy for the cannabis business, perform an inspection of the proposed licensed premises to determine compliance with any applicable requirements of this Chapter or other provisions of this Code, the International Fire Code or the International Building Code.

7. The Applicant must provide affirmation in writing that the Applicant officers, directors, other owners, any person having a direct or indirect financial interest in the business, and agents or employees of the Applicant are of Good Moral Character considering the factors in the Colorado Marijuana Code, this Chapter, and rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto. in C.R.S. § 24-5-101(2); have no felony convictions in the last five years, no drug related local ordinance, petty offense or misdemeanor convictions in the last five years, and no drug related felony convictions.

- 811. The Applicant must provides affirmation in writing that, the Applicant's principal officers, directors, members, or owners who now, or at any time in the past, have had 10% or more ownership in any cannabis business have not had, or the business has not had, a cannabis license suspended or revoked by the State of Colorado or any other state, or any other jurisdiction's local authority or other controlling authority;
- 9. The Applicant must submit a Findings of Suitability application form.
- 10. The Applicant must provide written proof of a binding quote for insurance as provided by § 5.13.030 of this Chapter;
- 11. The Applicant shall provide a written zoning and buffering verification from Community Development Department Director that states the location proposed for licensing complies with any and all zoning and land use laws of the City, and any and all restrictions on location set forth in this Code. If the Director makes a determination that the proposed license location would be in violation of any zoning law or other restriction on location set forth in the GJMC and/or any Administrative Regulation(s) construing the same, then the Director shall, no later than 10 working days from the date the Applicant requested the zoning and buffering verification, notify the Applicant in writing that the proposed license location cannot be verified to be in compliance. As provided by the GJMC, the Applicant may appeal the Directors decision.
- 12. The Applicant must provide a written operating plan that includes, but is not limited to, the items in § 5.13.036.
- 13. The Applicant must provide a written security plan indicating how the Applicant will comply with the requirements set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code, this Chapter, and any other applicable law, rule, or regulations pursuant thereto. If drive thru cannabis service is contemplated, a description of security measures to prevent and address diversion of cannabis to youth and potential criminal behavior and is

Commented [JS7]: Need to have discussion regarding

required a zoning/land use permit. The security plan includes specialized details of security arrangements and will be protected from disclosure as provided under the Colorado Open Records Act § 24-72-203(2)(a)(VIII), C.R.S. If the City finds that such documents are subject to inspection, it will provide notice to the Applicant as provided by the Colorado Open Records Act.

- 14. The Applicant must provide a written plan for preventing underage persons from entering the premises.
- 15. The Applicant must provide a written plan for disposal of any regulated cannabis that is not sold in a manner that protects any portion thereof from being possessed or ingested by any person or animal.
- 16. The Applicant must provide a written plan for ventilation of the regulated cannabis business that describes the ventilation systems that will be used to prevent unreasonable odor of cannabis off the premises of the business;
- 17. The Applicant must provide any supplemental materials required to be provided by the State in order to receive a State-issued cannabis business license pursuant to the Colorado Marijuana Code and rules adopted pursuant thereto.
- 18. The Applicant must provide any supplemental materials to comply with City laws and any additional information that the Authority reasonably determines to be necessary in connection with the investigation and review of the Application.
- 3. The Applicant shall provide a zoning and buffering verification from Community Development Department Director that states the location proposed for licensing complies with any and all zoning and land use laws of the City, and any and all restrictions on location set forth in this Code. If the Director makes a determination that the proposed license location would be in violation of any zoning law or other restriction on location set forth in the GJMC and/or any Administrative Regulation(s) construing the same, then the Director shall, no later than 20 days from the date the Applicant requested the zoning and buffering verification, notify the Applicant in writing that the proposed license location cannot be verified to be in compliance. As provided by the GJMC, the Applicant may appeal the Directors decision.4.

**4.** 

The Applicant shall provide affirmation in in writing that the Applicant, the Licensee, the officers, directors, owners, agents, employees or any person having a direct or indirect financial interest of 10% in the business are of good moral character in accordance with the standards and procedures set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code, this Chapter and the rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

5. The Applicant provides an application for only one license at one location for each class of cannabis business license authorized by this Chapter. A co-located medical and retail cannabis business location shall be deemed one license. A location for a license shall be established and determined by lawful street addressing. A unit(s) in a building that is not separately, legally created and addressed is(are) not a separate location(s) located regulated and medical cannabis business.

- 196. The Applicant shall provide affirmation in writing that it has and will satisfy and continuously meet, if a license is awarded, all the terms, conditions, provisions, and requirements imposed upon the Applicant or the Licensee by the applicable provisions of the Colorado Marijuana Code, the City's Code, and all the rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, and all applicable building, fire, health or zoning, codes, ordinances, rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto related to the cultivation, processing, manufacture, storage, sale, distribution, testing, research, transporting, or consumption of any form of cannabis.
- <u>20</u>7. The Applicant shall provide affirmation in writing the license application contains no fraudulent, misrepresented, or false statements of a material or relevant fact.
- 218. The Applicant shall pay all applicable application and licensing fees.
- 229. The Applicant provides affirmation in writing that it or the Licensee is not overdue on his/her/its payment of any taxes, fines, interest, penalties or collection costs assessed against or imposed upon such Applicant in any business matters, affairs or dealings of the Applicant in any state, county, municipality on which the Applicant conducts business.
- 2210. The Applicant provides affirmation in writing the Applicant officers, directors, other owners, any person having a direct or indirect financial interest in the business, and agents or employees of the Applicant are of Good Moral Character considering the factors in C.R.S. § 24-5-101(2); have no felony convictions in the last five years, no drug related local

ordinance, petty offense or misdemeanor convictions in the last five years, and no drug related felony convictions.

- 11. The Applicant provides affirmation in writing, the Applicant's principal officers, directors, members, or owners who now, or at any time in the past, have had 10% or more ownership in any cannabis business have not had, or the business has not had, a cannabis license suspended or revoked by the State of Colorado or any other state, or any other jurisdiction's local authority or other controlling authority;
- <u>2342</u>. The Applicant provides affirmation in writing that the Applicant will, if selected for licensure, make all the improvements to the licensed premises as required by the GJMC or will have a plan and timeline to improve the proposed license location so that the cannabis business operations shall begin within six months of the issuance of the License.
- <u>2413</u>. The Applicant affirms in writing, the Applicant is not a sheriff, deputy, police officer, prosecuting officer, or an officer or employee of the state; and,
- 2514. The Applicant affirms in writing, the Applicant is not a person whose authority to be a primary caregiver as defined in § 25-1.5-106(2), C.R.S., has been revoked by the state health agency.
- (e) Incomplete Application. Upon review of an application, the City Manager shall provide a notice of initial determination to the Applicant in writing as to whether the Applicant's application is complete. If such application is incomplete or if such proposed licensed premises violates City laws, the City Clerk shall provide to the Applicant twenty days to cure the application or violation before notifying the State that the application is disapproved by the City.
- (f) Denial of initial application. The City Manager may deny any application that does not meet the requirements of this Chapter, the Colorado Marijuana Code, or any other applicable state or City law or regulation. In addition to prohibitions on persons as licensees found in the Colorado Marijuana Code, should the Applicant fail be unable to affirm andy information or representation(s) as required by 5.13.016(d), or the City discovers evidence that any affirmation was contrary, false, misleading or incomplete, such shall constitute full and adequate grounds for denial of any application.
  - Notice of denial. If, after investigation and discovery, the City Manager determines that the application will be denied, the City Manager shall:

| 1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1<br>1 | 21<br>21<br>22<br>22<br>22<br>22<br>22<br>22<br>22<br>22<br>23 | 8<br>9<br>0<br>1<br>2<br>3<br>4<br>5<br>6<br>7<br>8<br>9 |   |   |
|--|--|--|---|---|
| 1  | 23   | 1  |   |   |
| 1  | 23   | 2  | , | 5 |
| 1<br>1<br>1                                    | 23<br>23<br>23<br>23<br>23                                     | 4<br>5<br>6<br>7   |   |   |
| 1  | 23<br>24<br>24<br>24<br>24                                     | 2  |   |   |
| 1<br>1<br>1                                    | 24<br>24<br>24   | 4<br>5<br>6  |   |   |
| 1<br>1<br>1                                    | 24<br>24<br>24<br>25<br>25                                     | 8<br>9<br>0  |   |   |

1253

1254

1255

- a. Provide notice in writing to the Applicant that the Application is denied and reasons for the denial;
- b. Notify the State in writing of the City Manager's decision to deny the application.
- 2. Appeal of denial. An Applicant may appeal the City Manager's decision of denial by submitting a written request on a form provided by the City, on a form provided by the City, received by the City Manager within 20 days of the date on the written notice of denial. The appeal request shall include any legal and factual support for the appeal. An appeal hearing will be set before the Hearing Officer for a written appeal. The Hearing Officer shall only review and consider those issues specifically addressed in the written appeal.

# 5.13.0178 Randomized selection process.

- (a) All applications that are confirmed to be complete and in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations by the Hearing Officer shall enter the randomized selection process if there are more such applications than available licenses. In the event the number of confirmed applications is the same or fewer than the number of available license(s), the randomized selection process will not occur.
- (b) The random selection drawing from of all qualified applications will be held by the Authority at City Hall, 250 N. 5th Street, Grand Junction, CO 81501. The random selection drawing will-will not be conducted publicly. open to be viewed by the public. Entrants need not be present at the selection.
- (c) All qualified applicants will be placed within the selection container and randomly selected and assigned a number in the order they are drawn from first to last. selection.
- (d) Following the assignment of Once all of the applicants are assigned a random number, the numbers are placed back in the selection container and ten numbers will be randomly selected and such Applicants will have an opportunity to be issued a cannabis business license. The Authority will notify those selected in writing within seven (7) days of selection by United States mail return receipt requested RRR email/mail at the address set forth in the application.
- (e)Those first entrant selected shall have the opportunity to operate a regulated cannabis business at the location specific to its Application

1256 and so long as it commences operations as within the time specified in 1257 Section §5.13.017(d)(12). If any of the Applicant(s) selected at the random 1258 selection drawing does not commence begin operations of the business, 1259 then within the specified time, another random selection process will 1260 occur in the same format as provided by this Code. indicated above. 1261 However, the Authority may, with reasonable justification, as determined 1262 solely within the Authority's discretion, grant an Applicant one extension not to exceed 90 days for the operation of the regulated cannabis 1263 1264 business. 1265 (f) If less than ten Applicants are eligible to be randomly selected for 1266 issuance of a cannabis business license then no randomized selection 1267 process shall occur. (h) In no event may shall a qualified Applicant sell its drawing entrant, an 1268 1269 entrant's position in the randomized selection process -nor may an 1270 selected Applicant selected for licensure, be allowed to sell, transfer or

5.13.019 Reserved.

(See, §§5.13.029 and 030)

1271

1272

1273

1274

1275

1276 1277

1278

1279

1280

1281

1282

1283

1284

1285 1286

1287

1288

1289 1290 5.13.01820 Investigation and fingerprinting of Applicant.

Prior to the acceptance of applications for a License, transfer of ownership, change of corporate structure, or other permit as provided in this Chapter, the Colorado Marijuana Code and the Colorado Marijuana Rules, the following individuals shall provide verified fingerprint information to the Grand Junction Police Department:

otherwise assign its their position/license to any other person or entity.

- (a) If the Applicant is a natural person, that person;
- (b) If the Applicant is a partnership, all of the partners; and
- (c) If the Applicant is a corporation, both the officers and directors, together with any person owning more than 10% of the stock thereof.

Commented [JS8]: Need to have discussion regarding 10%

#### 5.13.01924 Duty to supplement.

(a) If, at any time before or after a license is issued pursuant to this Chapter, any information required by the Colorado Marijuana Code, or any rule and regulation adopted pursuant thereto, changes from that which is stated in the application, the Applicant or Licensee shall supplement its application with the updated information within ten days from the date upon which such change occurs.

- (b) An Applicant or Licensee has a duty to notify the Authority of any pending criminal charge(s) and any criminal conviction(s) by the Applicant, Licensee, any owner, officer, director, manager, agent or employee of the Applicant or Licensee within ten days of the event.
  - (c) An Applicant or Licensee has a duty to notify the Authority of any pending violation of, and any conviction for, a violation of any building, fire, health or zoning statute, code or ordinance related to the cultivation, processing, manufacture, transportation, storage, sale, distribution, testing, research, or consumption of any form of cannabis by the Applicant, Licensee, any owner, officer, director, manager, agent or employee of the Applicant or Licensee within ten days of the event.

#### 5.13.02023 Number of licenses.

- (a) No more than ten regulated ory cannabis business licenses, excluding any cannabis testing facilities and any medical cannabis business license(s) that are co-located with a Retail Cannabis business license, shall be issued.
- (b) Included within the 10 license numerical limit referenced above in (a), no more than two cannabis business licenses may be issued in the Horizon Drive Association Business Improvement District, which is described as all commercial property bounded on the sough by G Road, north on Horizon Drive through and including H Road, bounded on the west by 27 Road/15<sup>th</sup> Street, and on the east by 27 ½ Road northeast to Walker Field Airport Authority. The boundaries of the Horizon Drive Association District include, but are not limited to, Horizon Court, Compass Drive Association, Crossroads Boulevard, Crossroads Court, Skyline Court, Sundstrand Way and Hilaria Avenue, as otherwise amended.

# 5.13.0214 Classes of licenses authorized.

For the purpose of regulating testing, distribution, offering for sale and sale of cannabis, the Licensing Authority, in its sole discretion, may issue and grant to the Applicant a local license from any of the following classes, and the City hereby authorizes issuance of the licenses of the following classes by the state licensing authority in locations in the City, subject to the provisions in this Chapter:

**Retail Cannabis Store** 

**Co-located Medical Cannabis Store** 

Retail Cannabis Testing Facility

Medical Cannabis Testing Facility(ies) Facilities

5.13.0225 Requirements of Issuance of a License.

Commented [JS9]: Will work with prohibited list in 5.13.032

- The Authority shall not issue a cannabis business license except when each of the following requirements have been met:
  - (a) The City Manager approved the Applicant's initial application; and,
  - (b) The Hearing Officer finds in writing ound the approved initial application to be complete, and after a public hearing refers red the initial application to the randomized selection process for possible selection for licensure for a license authorized by this Chapter;
  - (c) If there is to be was a randomized selection process, the initial Application was selected for licensure in that process; and,
  - (d) The Applicant submitted all documents to the Authority that it provided to the State for cannabis business licensure; and,
  - (e) The Applicant submitted Findings of Suitability application; and,
  - (ef) At the time of issuance of a License, the Applicant has paid all fees and has or will have commence operation within 6 months of selection in the random selection process; of licensure a certificate of occupancy;
    - The Hearing Officer may extend the period for the Applicant to commence operation for a period of up to 18 months and not to exceed 24 months from the date of selection in the random selection process.
    - the 180 day period if the Applicant can demonstrate that they have been making diligent effort to meet the deadline, but due to unforeseen circumstances outside of their control, such as material shortages or production delays, has not been able to do so.
  - (fg) The Applicant and the Applicant's owner(s) and financier(s) are in compliance with all federal, state and local tax laws; and,
  - (h) The Applicant has registered with the Authority the name(s) of the manager(s) of the cannabis business, and has provided to the Authority the names of all persons having 10% financial and/or ownership interest, in the cannabis business that is subject of the Application or, if the Applicant is an Entity, having a financial interest in the Entity together with the following:

Name, address, date of birth;

1330

1331 1332

1333

1334

1335

1336

1337

13381339

1340 1341

1342

1343

1344

1345

1346

1347

1348

1349

1<mark>350</mark>

1352

1353

1354

1355

1356

1357 1358 1359

1360

1361

1362

1363

Acknowledgment and consent that the City may conduct a background investigation, including a criminal history check, and the City will be entitled to full and complete disclosure of all financial records of the regulated cannabis business and of any or all financial interests thereof, including records of deposit, withdrawals, balances and loans;

**Commented [JS10]:** Should this reference be license or occupancy?

| 1364 |  |
|------|--|
| 1365 | If the Applicant is an Entity, information regarding the Entity, including without |
| 1366 | limitation, the name and address of the Entity, its legal status, and proof of     |
| 1367 | registration with, or a certificate of good standing from, the Colorado            |
| 1368 | Secretary of State, as applicable;   |
| 1369 |  |
| 1370 | If the Applicant is not the owner of the proposed licensed premises, a notarized   |
| 1371 | statement from the owner of such property authorizing the use of the               |
| 1372 | property for a cannabis business and specifying the type of regulated              |
| 1373 | cannabis business(es) permitted;   |
| 1374 |  |
| 1375 | A copy of the deed reflecting the Applicant's ownership of, or the lease or        |
| 1376 | contract reflecting the legal right of the Applicant to possess the proposed       |
| 1377 | licensed premises for no less than four years;                                     |
| 1378 |  |
| 1379 | Evidence of a valid City and state sales tax license for the business;             |
| 1380 |  |
| 1381 | Proof of insurance as provided by § 5.13.035 of this Chapter;                      |
| 1382 |  |
| 1383 | A zoning and buffering verification as described by this Chapter;                  |
| 1384 |  |
| 1385 | An operating plan;   |
| 1386 |  |
| 1387 | A security plan indicating how the Applicant will comply with the requirements     |
| 1388 | set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code, this Chapter, and any other              |
| 1389 | applicable law, rule, or regulations pursuant thereto. The security plan           |
| 1390 | includes specialized details of security arrangements and will be protected        |
| 1391 | from disclosure as provided under the Colorado Open Records Act § 24-72-           |
| 1392 | 203(2)(a)(VIII), C.R.S. If the City finds that such documents are subject to       |
| 1393 | inspection, it will provide notice to the Applicant as provided by the             |
| 1394 | Colorado Open Records Act.   |
| 1395 |  |
| 1396 | A plan for preventing underage persons from entering the premises.                 |
| 1397 |  |

| 1 | 399                             |
|---|---------------------------------|
| 1 | 400                             |
| 1 | 401                             |
| 1 | 402                             |
| 1 | 403                             |
|   | 404                             |
| 1 | 405                             |
| 1 | 406                             |
| 1 | 407                             |
| 1 | 408                             |
| 1 | 409                             |
|   | 410                             |
| 1 | 411                             |
|   | 412                             |
|   | 413                             |
| 1 | 414                             |
|   | 415                             |
|   | 416                             |
|   | 417                             |
|   | 418                             |
| 1 | 419                             |
| 1 | 420                             |
|   | 421                             |
| 1 | 422                             |
|   | 423                             |
| 1 | 424                             |
| 1 | 425                             |
| 1 | 426                             |
| 1 | 427                             |
| 1 | 425<br>426<br>427<br>428<br>429 |
| 1 | 429                             |
|   | 430                             |
|   | 431                             |
|   | 432<br>433                      |
|   | 433                             |

1435

1398

If drive thru cannabis service is contemplated, a description of security measures to prevent and address diversion of cannabis to youth and potential criminal behavior and is required a zoning/land use permit. See 5.13.038.

A plan for disposal of any regulated cannabis that is not sold in a manner that protects any portion thereof from being possessed or ingested by any person or animal.

A plan for ventilation of the regulated cannabis business that describes the ventilation systems that will be used to prevent unreasonable odor of cannabis off the premises of the business;

Disclosure of the Applicant's financial interests, including individuals and/or entities.

- (g) A Licensee shall report each and every change of financial interest in the License and/or the Licensee to the Authority prior to any such change pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of law and the Colorado Marijuana Rules. A report shall be required for transfers of capital stock of any corporation regardless the size, for transfers of member interests of any limited liability company regardless of the size, and for any transfer of an interest in a partnership or other entity or association regardless of size;
- 1. Any supplemental materials required to be provided by the State in order to receive a State-issued cannabis business license pursuant to the Colorado Marijuana Code and rules adopted pursuant thereto; and,
- Any supplemental materials to comply with City laws and any additional information that the Authority reasonably determines to be necessary in connection with the investigation and review of the Application.
- (i) A written statement disclosing if the named owner(s), member(s), manager(s), Financer(s), agent(s), or person(s) named on the Application has(have) been:

- 1. Denied an application for a cannabis business license pursuant to this Chapter, or any state or local licensing law, rule, or regulation, or had such a license suspended or revoked.
- 2. Denied an application for liquor license pursuant to Title 44, Article 47 or Article 46, C.R.S. or any similar state or local licensing law, or had such a license suspended or revoked.
- In the event an owner, member, agent, manager, financier, or other person named on the Application contains information regarding violations of any law or previous denial or revocation of a license, that person must include with the Application any information regarding such violation(s), denial, or revocation. Such information must include, but is not limited to, a statement of the violation(s) and penalty(ies) for such violation(s), evidence of rehabilitation, character references, and educational achievements, and other regulatory licenses held without compliance violations, especially those items pertaining to the period of time between the Applicant's last violation of any law and the date of the application.
- The City may, prior to issuance of the certificate of occupancy for the cannabis business, perform an inspection of the proposed licensed premises to determine compliance with any applicable requirements of this Chapter or other provisions of this Code, the International Fire Code or the International Building Code.

# 5.13.0236 Fees.

- (a) A nonrefundable Application Fee shall be paid to the state upon application to the state for a cannabis business license.
- (b) The Application and License Fees shall be paid to the City at the time of application for a cannabis business license. At the discretion of the City, a portion of the license fee may be refunded if an application is withdrawn by the Applicant, denied by the City Manager or Hearing Officer, or the Applicant is not selected in the randomized selection process for issuance of a cannabis business license. The License Fee may be refunded if an application is withdrawn by the Applicant, denied by the City Manager or Hearing Officer, or the Applicant is not selected in the randomized selection process. for issuance of a cannabis license. A request for a refund must be made in writing by the Applicant to the City Manager within 30 days of the date of the withdrawal, denial of the application or failure of the license to be selected in the randomized

Commented [JS11]: ? Some? All? If some, how much?

selection process for issuance of a cannabis business license. <u>The Application Fee is nonrefundable.</u>

- (c) Renewal, change of location, inspection and all other fees may be imposed as necessary for the administration, regulation and implementation of this Code shall be set by City Council resolution.
- (d) License and application fees shall be set City Council resolution, and, as deemed necessary, adjusted to reflect the direct and indirect costs incurred by the City in connection with the adoption, administration, and enforcement of this Code.
- (e) In addition to fees and any other monetary remedy provided by this Code, the City shall have the right to recover all sums due and owing hereunder by any civil remedy available at law.

# 5.13.0248 No vested rights; commencement of operations.

- (a) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter, an application initially approved for consideration of licensure and found to be complete by the Hearing Officer, or in the event a license is issued, creates no vested right(s) to the License or the renewal of a License, and no property right in the License or the renewal of a License is created.
- (b) (b)—In the event that a cannabis business does not commence operations within 6 months 480 days of selection through the randomized selection process, issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the regulated cannabis business from the City, the license shall be deemed forfeited and the business may not commence operation, unless the Authority has granted an extension of 18 months, which extension shall in no event not to exceed 24 months from the date of selection in the randomized selection process.
  - (c) It shall be unlawful for the owner of a building to allow the use of any portion of the building by a cannabis business unless the tenant has a valid regulated cannabis business license or has applied for one and been awarded a regulated cannabis business license or no cannabis is located on the premises until a license has been issued by the City. In the event that the City has an articulable reason to believe that a regulated cannabis business is being operated in a building, it shall be unlawful for the owner of the building to refuse to allow the City access

to the portion of the building in which the suspected cannabis business is located to determine whether any cannabis is on the premises.

5.13.0295 Transfer.

1521

1522

1523

1524

1525

1526

1527

1528 1529

1530

1531

1532

1533

1534

1535

1536

1537

1538 1539

1540

1541 1542

1543

1544

1545

1546

1547

1548

1549

1550 1551

1514

- (a) A cannabis business license is not transferrable or assignable, in whole or in part, including, without limitation, to a different premise or to a different type of business. A regulated cannabis business license is valid only for the owner named thereon, the type of business disclosed on the application for the License(s), and the location for which the license is issued. The Licensee(s) of a regulated cannabis business are only those persons disclosed in the Application or subsequently disclosed to the City in accordance with this Chapter.
- (b) Transfer of ownership of any interest of the Licensee may not occur within three years of issuance of the license by the City unless by Court order or or other operation of law such as probate or lawful seizure/dispossession.
- (c) Transfer of ownership of any regulated cannabis business license issued pursuant to this Chapter shall be governed by the standards and procedures set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto and the Authority shall administer transfers of local licenses in the same manner as the state licensing authority administers transfers of state licenses. The public hearing requirement set forth in § 5.13.02734 of this Chapter shall apply to all applications for transfer of ownership of any regulated cannabis license.
- (d) In determining whether to permit a transfer of ownership, the Authority may consider the requirements of law and the Colorado Marijuana Rules. No application for transfer of ownership will be considered by the Authority if, at the time of such application, the Licensee is under a notice of violation or other unlawful acts issued by either the Authority or the state licensing authority.
- (e) The submission or pendency of an application for transfer of ownership does not relieve the Licensee from the obligation to properly apply to renew such License.
- (f) No owner may apply for a transfer of ownership of any regulated cannabis business license issued pursuant to this Chapter if the transferee is an owner of or an affiliate of any other business entity holding another regulated cannabis license in the City.
- 5.13.02630 Change in corporate structure.

(a) A change of corporate structure of any regulated cannabis business that results in any of the change(s) in subsections 1 through 3 below shall require the filing of an application and payment of the requisite fees and shall be subject to all requirements of the licensing process. A change of corporate structure shall be heard and approved or denied by the Authority.

- 1. Any transfer or assignment of ten percent or more of the capital stock of any corporation, or <u>transfer of</u> ten percent or more of the ownership interests of any limited partnership interest in any year, or transfer of any liability company interest in a limited liability company of any kind, joint venture or business entity that results in any individual owning more than ten percent of ownership interest in the business entity if that individual's ownership interest did not exceed ten percent prior to transfer. controlling interest regardless of size.
- Any change of officer or directors of a corporation that involves the addition or substitution of individual(s) who was not previously an officer or director of the corporation during a period of time that the corporation held the license.
- 3. Any transfer of the capital stock of any corporation, or transfer of any limited partnership interest in any general partnership of a limited partnership, or transfer of any limited liability company interest in a limited liability company of any kind, joint venture or business entity that results in any individual owning more than ten percent of an ownership interest in the business entity if that individual's ownership interest did not exceed ten percent prior to the transfer.
- (b) A change of corporate structure that results in any transfer or assignment of less than ten percent of the capital stock of any corporation or less than ten percent of the ownership interests of any limited partnership interest in any year to a person who currently has an interest in the business, and that does not result in a change of controlling interest, shall not require an application for change of corporate structure.
- (c) No application for transfer of ownership or change in corporate structure may be approved by the Authority until all City and state occupational taxes, City and state sales and use taxes, excise taxes, any fines, penalties, and interest assessed against or imposed upon such Licensee in relation to operation of the licensed business are paid in full.
- (d) A Licensee shall report each and every change of financial interest in the license and/or the Licensee to the Authority prior to any such change pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of law and the Colorado Marijuana

Rules. A report shall be required for transfers of capital stock of any corporation regardless the size, for transfers of member interests of any limited liability company regardless of the size, and for any transfer of an interest in a partnership or other entity or association regardless of size.

(e) No owner may apply for a change in corporate structure of any regulated cannabis business licensed entity issued pursuant to this Chapter if the change adds any person or entity as an owner, officer or member of the corporation or entity as an affiliate of any other business entity holding another regulated cannabis license in the City.

5.13.02734 Public Hhearing and Notice Requirements.

- (a) The public hearing procedure shall apply to any Application that has been first approved by the City Manager for any regulated cannabis business and to any application for licensing renewal if the renewal application is referred to the Licensing Authority by the City Manager pursuant to § 5.13.03545 of this Chapter.
- (b) Public notice of the application shall be given as follows or as more particularly required by C.R.S. 44-10-303 as applicable:
  - 1. Posting a sign by the applicant on the premises for which an application has been made, not less than 14 days prior to the public hearing, stating the date of the application, the date of the hearing, the name and address of the applicant and such information as may be required to fully apprise the public of the nature of the application. The City Clerk shall provide the sign to the applicant for posting. If the building in which the regulated cannabis business is to be located is in existence at the time of the application, any sign posted shall be placed so as to be conspicuous and plainly visible to the general public.
  - Publication of notice by the City Manager not less than 14 days prior to the public hearing, in the same manner as the City posts notice of other public hearing matters.
  - (c) Any decision of the <u>Authority</u>—, <u>acting by and through the Hearing Officer</u>, <u>Authority</u> approving or denying an application shall be in writing stating the reasons therefor and the <u>City Manager shall send</u> a copy of such decision <u>shall be mailed</u> by certified mail to the Applicant at the address shown in the Application and to the State licensing authority.

5.13.032 Licenses and permits prohibited.

The following regulated cannabis licenses and permits, as defined in C.R.S. 44-10-103 as amended, shall be prohibited in the City:

**Commented [LB12]:** Do we also need to refer to CRS 44-10-303 regarding public hearing notice for medical licenses?

| 632                  | (a) Cannabis Products Manufacturing and Cultivation Licenses,   |
|----------------------|---|
| 633                  | (b) O   C   H   C   P   O   L   P   |
| 634<br>1635          | (b) Cannabis Hospitality and Sales Licenses,  |
| 636<br>637           | (c) Cannabis Transporter Licenses,  |
| 638<br>639           | (d) Cannabis Business Operator Licenses,  |
| 640<br>641           | (e) Cannabis Cultivator Licenses,   |
| 642<br>643           | (f) Cannabis Accelerator Licenses.  |
| 644                  | 5.13.02833 Persons prohibited as Licensees.   |
| 1<br>1645            | (a) No license shall be issued to, held by or renewed by any of the following:  |
| 1646                 | 1. Any person until the annual fee for the license has been paid;   |
| L <b>64</b> 7        | 2. Any natural person who is not of good moral character;   |
| 1648<br>1649         | <ol><li>Any entity of whose officers, directors, stockholders, or managing<br/>members are not of good moral character;</li></ol>   |
| 1650<br>1651         | <ol> <li>Any person employing, assisted by, or financed in whole or in part<br/>by any other person who is not of good moral character;</li> </ol>                                    |
| 1652<br>1653<br>1654 | 5. Any natural person who has been released within five years immediately preceding the application from any form of incarceration or court-ordered supervision, including a deferred |
| 1655                 | sentence, resulting from a conviction of any felony or any crime  |
| L656                 | under the laws of the State would be a felony; or any crime of which  |
| L657                 | fraud or intent to defraud element, whether in the State or   |
| 1658                 | elsewhere; or any felonious crime of violence, whether in the State   |
| L659                 | or elsewhere;   |
| 1660                 | 6. Any person with ten percent (10%) or greater financial interest in   |
| 1661                 | the entity that has been convicted of any of the offenses set forth   |
| 1662                 | in (1) above;   |
| 1663                 | 7. Any Applicant who has made a false, misleading or fraudulent   |
| 1664                 | statement or who has intentionally omitted pertinent information  |
| 1665                 | on his or her application for a license;  |
| 1666                 | 8. Any natural person who is under 21 years of age;   |

**Commented [DM13]:** Deleted and included in 5.13.22 the allowed licenses.

| 1667 | 9. Any person who operates or manages a regulated cannabis                |
|------|---|
| 1668 | business contrary to the provisions of this Chapter, any other            |
| 1669 | applicable law, rule, or regulation or conditions imposed on land         |
| 1670 | use or license approvals, or contrary to the terms of the plans           |
| 1671 | submitted with the license application or has operated a business         |
| 1672 | in violation of any law;  |
| 1673 | 10. Any person applying for a license to operate a regulated cannabis     |
| 1674 | business who has been licensed to operate another regulated               |
| 1675 | cannabis business in the City pursuant to this Chapter;                   |
| 1676 | 11. A person licensed pursuant to this Chapter who, during a period       |
| 1677 | of licensure, or who, at the time of application, has failed to remedy    |
| 1678 | an outstanding delinquency for taxes owed, or an outstanding              |
| 1679 | delinquency for judgments owed to a government;                           |
| 1680 | 12. A sheriff, deputy, police officer, prosecuting officer, or an officer |
| 1681 | or employee of the state or Authority; and,                               |
| 1682 | 13. A person whose authority to be a primary caregiver as defined in      |
| 1683 | § 25-1.5-106(2), C.R.S., has been revoked by the state health             |
| 1684 | agency.   |
| 1685 | 14. No owner of any business applying for a license or in possession      |
| 1686 | of a license within the City may apply for or be an owner of or be        |
| 1687 | an affiliate of any other business entity applying for another license    |
| 1688 | within the City.  |
| 1689 | (b) In making an evaluation of the good moral character of an individual  |
| 1690 | identified on an application or amendment thereof, the Authority shall    |
| 1691 | consider the following:   |
| 1692 | 1. An Applicant's violation of law shall not, by itself, be grounds for   |
| 1693 | denying an application;   |
| 1694 | 2. Verification of or lack of ability to verify items disclosed by the    |
| 1695 | Applicant;  |
| 1696 | 3. When a person has a history of violation of any law or a history       |
| 1697 | including denial, revocation, or suspension of a license, the types       |
|      | and dates of violations; the evidence of rehabilitation, if any,          |
| 1698 |   |
| 1699 | submitted by the individual; whether the violations of any laws are       |
| 1700 | related to moral turpitude, substance abuse, or other violations of       |
| 1701 | any laws that may directly affect the individual's ability to operate     |
| 1702 | a regulated cannabis business; or whether the violations of any law       |
| 1703 | are unrelated to the individual's ability to operate such a business;     |

- 4. The evidence or lack of evidence regarding the ability of the individual to refrain from being under the influence of intoxicating or controlled substances while performing regular tasks and operating a regulated cannabis business;
- 5. Rules adopted by the Authority to implement this Chapter;
- 6. Law, rules, and regulations applicable to evaluation of other types of licenses issued by the City that consider the good moral character of the Applicant; and,
- 7. Any additional information the Authority may request of the Applicant if the Applicant has a violation of any laws, an administrative or judicial finding of violation of laws regarding use of alcohol or controlled substances or items disclosed by the individual which require additional information in order for the manager to make a determination regarding issuance of the license.

# 5.13.02934 Security requirements.

Security measures at all licensed premises shall comply with the requirements of the Colorado Marijuana Code and applicable rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. In addition, thereto, the following security practice are required:

- (a) A security plan submitted with the Application, as it may be amended, shall provide equipment, which shall be in good working order, monitored, and secured 24 hours per day. The plan, at a minimum, shall include:
  - 1. The installation and use of security cameras to monitor and record all areas of the premises (except restrooms), and where persons may gain or attempt to gain access to cannabis or cash maintained by the regulated cannabis business. Cameras shall record operations of the business to the off-site location, as well as all potential areas of ingress or egress to the business with sufficient detail to identify facial features and clothing. Recordings from security cameras shall be maintained for a minimum of 40 days in a secure offsite location in the City or through a service over a network that provides on-demand access, commonly referred to as a "cloud". The offsite location shall be included in the security plan submitted to the City and provided to the Grand Junction Police Department and updated within 72 hours of any change of such location.
  - 2. The installation and use of a safe for storage and any processed cannabis and cash on the premises when the business is closed to

| 1741<br>1742 | the public. The safe, as defined in 5.13.013, shall be incorporated into the building structure or securely attached thereto. |
|--------------|---|
| 1743         | 3. The installation and use of an alarm system that is monitored by a   |
| 1744         | company that is staffed 24 hours a day, seven days a week. The  |
| 1745         | security plan submitted to the City shall identify the company  |
| 1746         | monitoring the alarm, including contact information, and updated  |
| 1747         | within 72 hours of any change of monitoring company. If the alarn   |
| 1748         | system includes a panic alarm, an operable dedicated phone for lav  |
| 1749         | enforcement to respond to the alarm shall remain on the premises a  |
| 1750         | all times.  |
| 1751         | 4. The installation and use of outdoor lighting and a diagram and   |
| 1752         | description of where the lighting shall be placed in accordance with  |
| 1753         | the GJMC.   |
| 1754         | (b) The security plan shall be designed to:   |
| 1755         | 1. Prevent the use of cannabis on the licensed premises;  |
| 1756         | 2. Prevent unauthorized individuals from entering the limited access  |
| 1757         | area portion of the licensed premises;  |
| 1758         | 3. Prevent theft or the diversion of cannabis, including maintaining al   |
| 1759         | cannabis in a secure, locked room that is accessible only to  |
| 1760         | authorized persons and, when the business is closed to the public, in   |
| 1761         | a safe or vault or equivalent secured fixture.  |
| 1762         | 5.13.0 <u>30</u> 35 Insurance.  |
| 1763         | (a) All Applicants must provide at time of application a quote for binding quote  |
| 1764         | commitment(s) insurance for worker's compensation insurance as required   |
| 1765         | by state law and general liability insurance with minimum limits of \$1,000,000   |
| 1766         | per occurrence and a \$2,000,000 aggregate limit.   |
| 1767         | (b) Licensee shall at all times maintain in force and effect worker's   |
| 1768         | compensation insurance as required by state law and general liability   |
| 1769         | insurance with minimum limits of \$1,000,000 per occurrence and a   |
| 1770         | \$2,000,000 aggregate limit.  |
| 1771         | (c) Insurance shall:  |
| 1772         | 1. Provide primary coverage;  |
| 1773         | 2. Carry limits as provided in this Chapter;  |

| 1774<br>1775 | <ol><li>Issue from a company licensed to do business in Colorado having an AM<br/>Best rating of at least A-VI; and,</li></ol>                           |
|--------------|--|
| 1776         | 4. Be procured and maintained in full force and effect for duration of the   |
| 1777         | License.   |
| 1778         | (d) Licensee shall be required to maintain insurance under this section and shall  |
| 1779<br>1780 | annually provide the City a certificate of insurance evidencing the existence of a valid and effective policy. The certificate shall show the following: |
| 1781         | 1. The limits of each policy, the name of the insurer, the effective date and  |
| 1782<br>1783 | expiration date of each policy, the policy number, and the names of the additional insureds; and,  |
| 1784         | 2. A statement that Licensee shall notify the City of any cancellation or  |
| 1785         | reduction in coverage within seven days of receipt of insurer's  |
| 1786         | notification to that effect. The Licensee shall forthwith obtain and submit  |
| 1787         | proof of substitute insurance in the event of expiration or cancellation of  |
| 1788         | coverage within 30 days.   |
| 1789         | 5.13.03 <u>1</u> 6 Report requirements.  |
| 1790         | A cannabis business shall report to the City Manager each of the following within  |
| 1791         | the time specified. If no time is specified, the report shall be provided within 72  |
| 1792         | hours of the event:  |
| 1793         | (a) Transfer or change of financial interest, manager or Financier in the license  |
| 1794         | to the City at least 30 days before the transfer or change;  |
| 1795         | (b) Sales and taxable transactions and file sales and use tax reports to the City  |
| 1796         | monthly;   |
| 1797         | (c) Any violation of law by any Licensee, Applicant, or employee of a regulated  |
| 1798         | cannabis business;   |
| 1799         | (d) A notice of potential violation of any law to any license;   |
| 1800         | (e) Upon City request, any report that the regulated cannabis business is  |
| 1801         | required to provide to the State; and;   |
| 1802         | (f) Licensee and any agent, manager or employee thereof shall immediately  |
| 1803         | report to the Grand Junction Police Department any disorderly act, conduct   |
| 1804         | or disturbance and any unlawful activity committed in or on the licensed   |
| 1805         | premises, including, but not limited to, any unlawful sale of regulated  |

cannabis, and shall also immediately report any such activity of which the

| 1807         | twelve hours of the occurrence.   |
|--------------|---|
| 1809         | (g) Each Licensee shall post and keep at all times visible to the public in a   |
| 1810         | conspicuous place on the premises a sign with a minimum height of 14  |
| 1811         | inches and a minimum width of 11 inches with each letter to be minimum of   |
| 1812         | one-half inch in height, which shall read as follows:   |
|              |   |
| 1813         |   |
| 1814         | WARNING:  |
| 1815         | Grand Junction Police Department shall be notified of any   |
| 1816         | disorderly act(s), conduct or disturbance(s) and all unlawful   |
| 1817         | activity(ies) which occur on or within the premises of this licensed  |
| 1818         | establishment.  |
|              |   |
| 1819         | (g)(h) It shall not be a defense to a prosecution of a License under this   |
| 1820         | section that the Licensee was not personally present on the premises at the   |
| 1821         | time such unlawful activity, disorderly act, conduct, or disturbance was  |
| 1822         | committed.  |
| 1823         | (h)(i) Failure to comply with the requirements of this section shall be   |
| 1824         | considered by the Authority in any action relating to the issuance  |
| 1825         | revocation, suspension or nonrenewal of a license.  |
|              |   |
| 1826         | 5.13.03 <u>2</u> 7 Public health and labeling requirements.   |
| 100-         |   |
| 1827         | (a) All regulated cannabis sold or otherwise distributed by the Licensee shall be   |
| 1828<br>1829 | labeled in a manner that complies with the requirements of the Colorado Marijuana Code and all applicable rules and regulations promulgated |
| 1830         | thereunder.   |
| 1030         | thereunder.   |
| 1831         | (b) All regulated cannabis sold or otherwise distributed by the Licensee shall be   |
| 1832         | packaged and labeled in a manner that advises the purchaser that it contains  |
| 1833         | cannabis and specifies the amount of cannabis in the product, that the  |
| 1834         | cannabis is intended for regulated use solely by the person to whom it is   |
| 1835         | sold, and that any resale or redistribution of the regulated cannabis to a third  |
| 1836         | person is prohibited. In addition, the label shall comply with all applicable   |
| 1837         | requirements of the State of Colorado and any other applicable law.   |
| 1838         | (c) The product shall be packaged in a sealed container that cannot be opened   |
| 1839         | without obvious damage to the packaging.  |
| 1840         | 5.13.03 <u>3</u> 8 Cannabis sales; walk-up and drive thru.  |

| 1841     | (a) Regulated cannabis stores licensed may serve customers through drive-up  |
|----------|--|
| 1842     | window as permitted by the City and the State. If a licensed business intends  |
| 1843     | to permit a walk-up and/or drive-thru sales, this must be included in the  |
| 1844     | business plan submitted to the City in the application process.  |
| 1845     | (b) Order and identification requirements.   |
| 1846     | 1. Prior to transferring cannabis to a customer, the regulated cannabis  |
| 1847     | business must ensure that the consumer is 21 years of age or older by  |
| 1848     | inspecting the consumer's identification, in the same manner as  |
| 1849     | described in § 5.13.041(f).  |
| 7        |  |
| 1850     | 2. Regulated cannabis stores may accept telephone or online orders or may  |
| 1851     | accept orders from the consumer at the walk-up window or drive-up  |
| 1852     | window, to the extent allowed under state law.   |
| 1853     | 3. All orders received through a walk-up window or drive-thru window must  |
| 1854     | be placed by the customer from a menu. The regulated cannabis store may  |
| 1855     | not display cannabis at the walk-up or drive-thru window.  |
|          |  |
| 1856     | 4. Delivery windows for walk-up sales must be at a separate location on the  |
| 1857     | premises than those for drive-thru sales.  |
|          | Francisco de la constanta de l |
| 1858     | 5. For every transfer of regulated cannabis through either a walk-up window  |
| 1859     | or drive-up window, the regulated cannabis store video surveillance must   |
| 1860     | record the consumer's facial features with sufficient clarity to establish   |
| 1861     | their identity (and consumer's vehicle in the event of drive-up window) and  |
| 1862     | must record the Licensee verifying the consumer's identification and   |
| 1863     | completion of the transaction through the transfer of regulated cannabis.  |
|          |  |
| 1864     |  |
|          |  |
| 1865     |  |
|          |  |
| 1866     |  |
|          |  |
| 1867     | 5.13.0349 Prohibited acts. It shall be unlawful:   |
| <br>1868 | (a) For any person to sell cannabis or cannabis products without valid regulated   |
| 1869     | cannabis business licenses from the City and a valid regulated cannabis  |
| 1870     | business license from the State;   |
| 1871     | and the state of the state of  |
| 10/1     |  |

(b) at a licensed regulated cannabis store any time not permitted by this Code; For any person to operate a regulated cannabis business

| 18/4 | (c) For any person to sen or distribute cannabis to persons under the age of 21       |
|------|---|
| 1875 | (d) For any person under 21 years of age to be on or within the limited access        |
| 1876 | area of any cannabis business;  |
| 1877 | (e) For any person to display, transfer, cultivate, distribute, transfer, serve, sell |
| 1878 | give away, produce, dispose of, smoke, use, or ingest cannabis or any                 |
| 1879 | cannabis openly or publicly in a place open to the general public;                    |
| 1880 | (f) For any person to possess or operate a cannabis business in violation o           |
| 1881 | this Chapter or in a manner that is not consistent with the items disclosed in        |
| 1882 | the application for the cannabis business or be in violation of any plan made         |
| 1883 | part of the License Application and/or License;                                       |
| 1884 | (g) For any person to produce, distribute, or possess more cannabis that              |
| 1885 | allowed by law, or than disclosed in the application to the State of Colorado         |
| 1886 | and the Authority for a cannabis business license, or other applicable law;           |
| 1887 | (h) For any person to refuse or fail to provide video surveillance footage to the     |
| 1888 | Grand Junction Police Department, the City Manager, the City Attorney, o              |
| 1889 | the Authority in connection with a criminal and/or license violation                  |
| 1890 | investigation, or to refuse to allow inspection of a cannabis business.               |
| 1891 |   |
| 1892 | (i) For any person to refuse to allow inspection of a regulated cannabis              |
| 1893 | business upon request of a City employee. Any Licensee, owner, manager                |
| 1894 | or operator of a regulated cannabis business, or the owner of the property            |
| 1895 | where a regulated cannabis business is located, may be charged with this              |
| 1896 | violation;  |
| 1897 | (j) For any person to store or keep cannabis intended for sale or distribution by     |
| 1898 | the Licensee in any place outside of the licensed premises;                           |
|      |   |
| 1899 | (k) For any person to smoke, use, or ingest on the premises of a regulated            |
| 1900 | cannabis business cannabis, fermented malt beverage, malt, vinous, and                |
| 1901 | spirituous liquor or any controlled substance(s), except in compliance with           |
| 1902 | the directions on a legal prescription for the person from a doctor with              |
| 1903 | prescription writing privileges;  |
| 1904 | (I) For any person to operate or be in physical control of any cannabis business      |

For alcohol beverages to be on the licensed premises;

while under the influence of alcohol or other intoxicant, or cannabis, or any

controlled substance(s), except in compliance with the directions on a legal

prescription for the person from a doctor with prescription writing privileges;

1905

1906

1907 1908

(m)

| 1909<br>1910 | (n               | For any person to purchase cannabis in the City from any person not properly licensed to sell cannabis; |
|--------------|------------------|---|
| 1911         | (o               | For any person to possess or operate a regulated cannabis business in                                   |
| 1912         |                  | violation of this Chapter;  |
| 1913         |                  | For any person to produce, distribute, or possess more cannabis than                                    |
| 1914         |                  | allowed by law; or than disclosed in the application to the State of Colorado                           |
| 1915         |                  | for a regulated cannabis business license, or other applicable law;                                     |
| 1916         | (q               | For any person to give away, dispense, or otherwise distribute cannabis for                             |
| 1917         |                  | free or without use of a coupon approved and defined by this Code;                                      |
| 1918         | (r)              | For any person to knowingly conduct or permit any employee to conduct any                               |
| 1919         |                  | sale(s) transaction(s) when the video surveillance system or equipment is                               |
| 1920         |                  | inoperable;   |
| 1921         | (s)              | For any person to distribute cannabis for remuneration without a regulated                              |
| 1922         |                  | cannabis license or outside of the restricted area of the regulated cannabis                            |
| 1923         |                  | business;   |
| 1924         | / <del>+</del> \ | For any person to possess regulated cannabis, or own or manage a  |
| 1924         | (1)              | regulated cannabis business, or own or manage a building with a regulated                               |
| 1925         |                  | cannabis business, where there is possession of regulated cannabis, by a                                |
| 1927         |                  | person who is not lawfully permitted to possess regulated cannabis;                                     |
| 1928         | (u               | For any person to possess or operate a regulated cannabis business in a                                 |
| 1929         | •                | location for which a regulated cannabis business license is prohibited by                               |
| 1930         |                  | law;  |
|              |                  |   |
| 1931         | (v)              | For any person to operate a regulated cannabis business in a manner that is                             |
| 1932         |                  | not consistent with the Application for the regulated cannabis business or is                           |
| 1933         |                  | in violation of any plan made part of the license application/issued license;                           |
| 1934         | (w)              | For any person to operate a regulated cannabis business without obtaining                               |
| 1935         |                  | and passing all building inspections and obtaining all permits required by                              |
| 1936         |                  | the City;   |
| 1937         | (x)              | For any person to operate a regulated cannabis business in violation of any                             |
| 1938         | . ,              | building, fire, zoning, plumbing, electrical, or mechanical code(s) as adopted                          |
| 1939         |                  | and amended by the City;  |
| 1940         | (y)              | For any person to operate a regulated cannabis business without disclosing,                             |
| 1941         | (3)              | in the application for a regulated cannabis business license or an                                      |
| 1941         |                  | amendment thereto, an agent who either (i) acts with managerial authority,                              |
| 1943         |                  | (ii) provides advise to the regulated cannabis business for compensation, or                            |
|              |                  | (, p  |

| 1944<br>1945<br>1946<br>1947 |      | (iii) receives periodic compensation totaling \$1,000 or more in a single year for services related to the regulated cannabis business. It shall be an affirmative defense that the undisclosed person was an attorney, accountant, bookkeeper, or mail delivery person;  |
|------------------------------|------|---|
| 1948<br>1949                 | (z)  | For any person to operate a regulated cannabis business without a sales tax license as required by the GJMC;  |
| 1950<br>1951<br>1952<br>1953 | (aa) | For any person to make any change(s), or for the Licensee to allow any change(s), to the terms of any plan(s) submitted with the license application and approved by the City, or the person(s) entity(ies) named in the application, without prior approval of the City; |
| 1954<br>1955<br>1956<br>1957 | (bb) | For any person to attempt to use or display a regulated cannabis business license at a different location or for a different business entity than the location and business entity disclosed on the application for the issued license;                                   |
| 1958<br>1959<br>1960<br>1961 | (cc) | For any person to cultivate, produce, distribute or possess regulated cannabis or own or manage a regulated cannabis business in which another person cultivates, produces, distributes, or possesses cannabis, in violation of law;                                      |
| 1962<br>1963                 | (dd) | For any person to allow an owner or manager that has not been disclosed to the City as required by law to operate the business;   |
| 1964<br>1965                 | (ee) | For any person to dispose of regulated cannabis or any by-product of regulated cannabis containing cannabis in a manner contrary to law;  |
| 1966<br>1967                 | (ff) | For a person to distribute a regulated cannabis plant to any person, except as permitted by law for immature plants;  |
| 1968<br>1969                 | (gg) | For any person to deliver regulated cannabis between regulated cannabis businesses except in strict compliance with law;  |
| 1970<br>1971<br>1972         | (hł  | r) For any person to advertise or publish materials, honor coupons, sell or give away products, or display signs that are in violation of this Code or the laws of the State of Colorado;   |
| 1973<br>1974<br>1975<br>1976 | (ii) | For any person to violate any provision of this Code or any condition of a license granted pursuant to this Code or any law, rule, or regulation applicable to the use of regulated cannabis or the operation of a regulated cannabis business;                           |
| 1977<br>1978                 | (jj) | For any person to permit any other person to violate any provision of this Code or any condition of an approval granted pursuant to this Code, or any   |

| 1979<br>1980   |      | operation of a regulated cannabis business;   |
|--|------|---|
| 1981<br>1982<br>1983   | (kk) | For any person to lease any property to a regulated cannabis business that has cannabis on the property without a regulated cannabis business license from the City;  |
| 1984<br>1985<br>1986   | (II) | For any person to distribute cannabis within a regulated cannabis business to any person who shows visible signs of intoxication from alcohol, cannabis, or other drug(s)/intoxicant(s);  |
| 1987<br>1988   | (mm) | For any person to be on or within the licensed premises if such person is under 21 years of age;  |
| 1989<br>1990<br>1991<br>1992                                 | (nn) | For any person to permit any person under 21 years of age on the premises of the regulated cannabis business; it is presumed that the Licensee is aware of the age of all people on the premises if identification is not specifically checked at the entry to the building;  |
| 1993<br>1994<br>1995<br>1996<br>1997                         | (00) | For any person to fail to confiscate fraudulent proof of age and notify the Grand Junction Police Department. It shall be an affirmative defense to failure to confiscate the fraudulent proof of age if an attempt to confiscate a fraudulent proof of age caused a reasonable person to believe the act created a threat to any person;   |
| 1998<br>1999<br>2000   | (pp) | For any person to fail to provide a copy or record of a coupon issued by or redeemed at the regulated cannabis business upon request of an authorized City employee;  |
| 2001<br>2002<br>2003<br>2004<br>2005<br>2006<br>2007<br>2008 | (qq) | For any licensee or any manager, agent or employee of such licensee to fail to immediately report to the Grand Junction Police Department and the Authority any disturbance(s), disorderly conduct or criminal activity occurring at the regulated cannabis business, on the licensed premises, within the licensed premises, or any property under the control or management of the Licensee, including any associated contiguous parking area used by Licensee's patrons. For the purpose of this subsection, "report" means to either: |
| 2009<br>2010<br>2011   |      | <ol> <li>Immediately, verbally, and directly in person notify any on-site<br/>uniformed Grand Junction Police Officer whether on duty or<br/>working secondary employment; or</li> </ol>  |
| 2012<br>2013   |      | 2. Immediately place and complete a telephone call to the non-<br>emergency line at the Grand Junction Police Department; or  |

| 2014<br>2015                                 | <ol><li>Immediately place and complete a telephone call to the<br/>emergency line at the Grand Junction Police Department.</li></ol>   |
|--|--|
| 2016<br>2017                                 | (rr) For any person to fail to post the premises with signs notifying the public of the closure of the business during a suspension as required by this Chapter;   |
| 2018<br>2019<br>2020                         | (ss) For any licensee holding a regulated cannabis store license, or for any agent, manager or employee thereof, to sell, give, dispense or otherwise distribute cannabis or regulated cannabis paraphernalia from any outdoor location;   |
| 2021<br>2022                                 | (tt) For any person to employ a business manager that has not been properly registered with the City; and,   |
| 2023<br>2024<br>2025                         | (uu) For any person to operate or possess a regulated cannabis business license in violation of any ordinance or regulation of the City, or any applicable law, rule or regulation.  |
| 2026<br>2027<br>2028                         | Any person who pleads guilty or no contest to, or who, after hearing, is found to have violated any of the foregoing shall be subject to penalties pursuant to Chapter 1.04.080 and any penalties specifically referenced within the GJMC.   |
| 2029   | 5.13.0 <u>35</u> 40 Nonrenewal, suspension or revocation of license.   |
| 2030<br>2031<br>2032                         | (a) The term and renewal of the license shall be governed by the standards and procedures set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code, the City's Code and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto.  |
| 2033<br>2034<br>2035                         | (b) The Authority , acting by and through the Hearing Officer, may, after notice and hearing, suspend, revoke or deny renewal of a license for any of the following reasons:   |
| 2036<br>2037<br>2038<br>2039                 | <ol> <li>The Applicant or licensee, or his or her agent, manager or employee,<br/>manager, or financier has violated, does not meet, or has failed to comply<br/>with, any of the terms, requirements, conditions, or provisions of this<br/>Code or with or with any applicable state or local law, rule or regulation;</li> </ol>  |
| 2040<br>2041<br>2042<br>2043<br>2044<br>2045 | 2. The Applicant or Licensee, or his or her agent, manager or employee, or financier has failed to comply with any special terms or conditions of its license pursuant to an order of the state or the Authority, including those terms and conditions that were established at the time of issuance of the license and those imposed as a result of any disciplinary proceeding(s)held subsequent to the issuance of the license; |
| 2046<br>2047<br>2048                         | <ol><li>The regulated cannabis business has been operated, by a preponderance<br/>of the evidence, in a manner that adversely affects the public health,<br/>safety or welfare;</li></ol>  |

4. Misrepresentation or omission of any material fact, or false or misleading information, on the application any amendment thereto, or renewal request, or any other information provided to the City related to the regulated cannabis business;

2053

2054

2055

2056 2057

2058

2059

2060

2061

2062

2063 2064

2065

2066

2067

2068

2069

2070

2071

2072

2073

2074

2075

2076

2077

2078

2079

2080

2081

2082

- Violation of any law by which, if occurring prior to and during submittal and review of the application, could have been cause for denial of the license application;
- Distribution of cannabis, including, without limitation, in violation of this Chapter or any other applicable law, rule, or regulation;
- 7. Failure to maintain, or provide to the City upon request, any books, recordings, reports, or other records required by this Chapter;
- Failure of the Licensee to file any report(s), notification(s) or furnish any information as required by the provisions of this Chapter, or any rule or law adopted pursuant thereto relating to any license authorized by law;
- 9. Failure to timely notify the City and to complete necessary form(s) for change(s) in financial interest, manager(s), financier, or agent;
- 10. Temporary or permanent closure, or other sanction of the business, by the City, or by the County or State of Colorado or other governmental entity with jurisdiction, for failure to comply with health and safety provisions of this Chapter or otherwise applicable to the business or any other applicable law;
- 11. Revocation or suspension of another regulated cannabis business or any other license issued by the City, the State, or any other jurisdiction held by any Licensee of the regulated cannabis business;
- 12. Failure to timely correct any violation of any law or comply with any order to correct a violation of any law within the time stated in the notice or order;
- 13. Abandonment of the licensed premises by the Licensee or otherwise ceasing of operations without notifying the Authority and the state licensing authority within 48 hours in advance and without accounting for and forfeiting to the state licensing authority for the destruction of all cannabis or products containing cannabis;
- 14. Failure to comply with the provisions of the Colorado Marijuana Code, the City's Code, and any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, or any special term or condition placed upon the Licensee by order of the Authority or State licensing authority.

| 2085<br>2086 | 15. Violations of any conditions imposed in connection with the issuance or renewal of the license; |
|--------------|---|
| 2087         | 16. Failure to pay all required fines, interest, costs, fees, or penalties                          |
| 2088         | assessed against or imposed upon such Licensee in relation to the                                   |
|              |   |
| 2089         | licensed cannabis business;   |
| 2090         | 17. Failure to file tax returns when due as required by this Code, or the                           |
| 2091         | Licensee is overdue on his or her payment to the state or local taxes                               |
| 2092         | related to the operation of the business associated with the license;                               |
| 2093         | 18. Loss of right of possession to the licensed premises;   |
| 2094         | 19. Failure of the licensee to comply with the duty to supplement the license                       |
|              |   |
| 2095         | application;  |
| 2096         | 20. Failure of the licensee to operate in accordance with any special term or                       |
| 2097         | condition placed upon a license by the Authority or the state licensing                             |
| 2098         | authority;  |
| 2030         | authority,  |
| 2099         | 21. The licensee, or any of agent(s) or employee(s) of the Licensee, have                           |
| 2100         | committed any unlawful act as described in this Chapter or violated any                             |
| 2101         | ordinance of the City or any state law on the premises or have permitted                            |
| 2102         | such a violation on the premises by any person;   |
| 2103         | 22. The licensee has knowingly permitted or encouraged, or has knowingly                            |
| 2104         | and unreasonably failed to prevent a public nuisance within the meaning                             |
| 2105         | of this Chapter from occurring or in or about the licensed premises;                                |
| 2103         | of this chapter from occurring of in or about the licensed premises,                                |
| 2106         | 23. The odor of cannabis is perceptible to an ordinary person at the exterior                       |
| 2107         | of the building at the licensed premises or is perceptible within any space                         |
| 2108         | adjoining the licensed premises;  |
| 2109         | 24. The licensee knowingly permitted or allowed the consumption of                                  |
| 2110         | cannabis on the licensed premise;   |
| 2110         | Califiable of the incensed premise,   |
| 2111         | 25. The licensee knowingly permitted the possession or consumption of an                            |
| 2112         | alcohol beverage within the licensed premises. At any hearing for                                   |
| 2113         | violation of this subsection, any bottle, can, or other container label                             |
| 2114         | indicating the contents of such bottle, can, or other container, shall be                           |
| 2115         | admissible into evidence and shall be prima facie evidence that the                                 |
| 2116         | contents of the bottle, can, or other container was composed in whole or                            |
| 2117         | in part an alcohol beverage;  |
| 2118         | 26. The licensee has failed to appear upon a Municipal Court summons;                               |
| <b>7110</b>  | Lo. The hechee has raised to appear apoli a mullicipal court sulfillions,                           |

| 2119<br>2120<br>2121 | 27.The licensee, or any of the officer(s), director(s), owner(s), manager(s), agent(s), or employee(s) has(have) been convicted of a felony or drug related criminal offense within the previous 12 months; |
|----------------------|---|
| 2122                 | 28. The licensee engaged in any form of business or commerce involving the  |
| 2122                 | cultivation, processing, manufacturing, storage, sale, distribution,  |
| 2123                 | transportation, testing, research or consumption of any form of cannabis  |
| •                    | or cannabis product other than the privileges granted under the regulated   |
| 2125<br>2126         | cannabis business license;  |
| 2120                 | caillabis busiless licelise,  |
| 2127                 | 29. The licensee has materially or substantially, changed, altered, or modified   |
| 2128                 | the licensed premises, or use of the licensed premises, without obtaining   |
| 2129                 | prior approval to make such changes, alterations, or modifications from   |
| 2130                 | the Authority;  |
| 2131                 | 30. The licensee has failed to maintain a valid state license; and,   |
| 2132                 | 31. The licensee, or any of the agent(s), servant(s) or employee(s) of the  |
| 2133                 | licensee has/have violated any ordinance of the City or any state or  |
| 2134                 | federal law on the premises or have permitted such a violation on the   |
| 2135                 | premises by any other person.   |
|                      | promises by any care personn  |
| 2136                 | (c) Evidence to support a finding of a violation(s) may include, without  |
| 2137                 | limitation, one or a combination of the following;  |
|                      |   |
| 2138                 | 1. A continuing pattern of disorderly conduct, disturbance(s) or criminal   |
| 2139                 | activity occurring at the location, on the licensed premises, within the  |
| 2140                 | licensed premises, or any adjoining grounds or property under the   |
| 2141                 | control or management of the licensee;  |
|                      |   |
| 2142                 | 2. An ongoing nuisance condition emanating from or caused by the  |
| 2143                 | regulated cannabis business.  |
|                      |   |
| 2144                 | (d) In the event a business or Licensee is charged with violation of any law, upon  |
| 2145                 | which a final judgment would be grounds for suspension or revocation of a   |
| 2146                 | license, the City may suspend the license pending the resolution of the   |
| 2147                 | alleged violation.  |
|                      |   |
| 2148                 | (e) If the City revokes or suspends a license, the regulated cannabis business  |
| 2149                 | may not move any cannabis from the premises except under the supervision  |
| 2150                 | of the Grand Junction Police Department.  |
| 2454                 | (6) The Authority shall conduct a review of all licenses at least annually and in   |
| 2151                 | (f) The Authority shall conduct a review of all licenses at least annually and, in  |
|                      |   |

hearing on each license at which the general public may be invited to appear and provide testimony as to the effects of the license on the surrounding

2153

- community and the City at large, and the Authority may take such views into consideration when deciding whether to continue or renew such license.
  - (g) In the event of the suspension of a regulated cannabis business license, during the period of suspension, the business:
    - Shall post two notices provided by the Authority, in conspicuous places, one on the exterior and one on the interior of its premises for the duration of the suspension; and
    - Shall not sell or otherwise distribute or transport cannabis, nor allow any customers into the licensed premises.

### 5.13.03641 Operational Standards.

All regulated cannabis businesses shall comply with the applicable state and local laws, rules and regulations, as amended. In addition, Licensees shall comply with the following local operational standards. Failure to comply with any State or local law, rule or regulation or any operational standard(s) may be grounds to suspend or revoke any license and impose civil penalties where applicable.

- (a) Odor management ventilation required. For all cannabis businesses, ventilation shall be installed so that the odor of cannabis cannot be detected by a person with a normal sense of smell at the exterior of a regulated cannabis business or at any adjoining use or property.
- (b) Hours of operation. A regulated cannabis business shall be closed to the public, and no sale or other distribution of cannabis shall occur upon the premises between the hours of 42 a.m10 p.m. and 8 a.m. Provided, however, in the event that a planned delivery of cannabis cannot be completed on the day scheduled, the cannabis may be returned to the business.
- (c) Display of licenses required. The name and contact information for the owner or owners and any manager of the regulated cannabis business, the regulated cannabis business license, and the sales tax business license shall be conspicuously posted inside the business near the main entrance.
- (d)Owner or manager required on premises. No regulated cannabis business shall be managed by any person other than the Licensee, or the manager listed on the application for the license or a renewal thereof. Such Licensee or manager shall be on the premises and responsible for all activities within the licensed business during all times when the business is open or in the possession of another person.

5.13.03742 Records.

- (a) Each Licensee shall keep a complete set of books of account, invoices, copies of orders and sales, shipping instructions, bills of lading, weigh bills, correspondence, bank statements, including cancelled checks and deposit slips, and all other records necessary to show fully the business transactions of such Licensee. Receipts shall be maintained in a computer program or by pre-numbered receipts and used for each sale. The records of the business shall clearly track regulated cannabis product inventory purchased and sales and disposal thereof to clearly track revenue from sales of any regulated cannabis from other paraphernalia or services offered by the regulated cannabis business.
- (b) All records shall be open at all times during business hours for the inspection and examination of the City or its duly authorized representatives.
- (c) The City shall require any Licensee to furnish such information as it considers necessary for the proper administration of this Chapter. The records shall clearly show the source, amount, price, and dates of all cannabis received or purchased, and the amount, price, dates, customer names, addresses, and contact information for all regulated cannabis sold.
- (d) By applying for a regulated cannabis business license, the Licensee is providing consent to disclose the information required by this Chapter, including information about customers. Any records provided by the Licensee that includes customer confidential information may be submitted in a manner that maintains the confidentiality of the documents under the Colorado Open Records Act, § 24-72-201, et seq., C.R.S., or other applicable law. Any document that the Applicant considers eligible for protection under the Colorado Open Records Act shall be clearly marked as confidential, and the reasons for such confidentiality shall be stated on the document. In the event that the Licensee does appropriately submit documents so as not to be disclosed under the Colorado Open Records Act, the City shall not disclose it to other parties who are not agents of the City, except law enforcement agencies. If the City finds that such documents are subject to inspection, it will provide at least 24-hour notice to the Applicant prior to such disclosure.

#### 5.13.03843 Audits and inspection.

(a) The City may require an audit to be made of the books of account and financial records of a regulated cannabis business on such occasions as it may consider necessary. Such audit may be made by an auditor to be selected by the City that shall likewise have access to all books, records and information records of the regulated cannabis business. The expense of any audit determined necessary by the City shall be paid by the regulated cannabis business.

- (b) Application for regulated cannabis business license and/or operation of a regulated cannabis business, or leasing property to a regulated cannabis business, constitutes consent by the Applicant, and all owners, managers, and employees of the business, and the owner of the property to permit the Authority or agent of the Authority, or anyone authorized to conduct routine inspections of the regulated cannabis business to ensure compliance with this Chapter or any other applicable law, rule, or regulation. The owner or manager on duty shall retrieve and provide the records of the business pertaining to the inspection. For purposes of Rule 241 of the Colorado Rules of Municipal Procedure, inspections of regulated cannabis businesses and recordings from security cameras in such businesses are part of the routine policy of inspection and enforcement of this Chapter for the purposes of protecting the public safety, individuals operating and using the services of the regulated cannabis business, and the adjoining properties and neighborhood. This section shall not limit any inspection authority authorized under any other provision of law or regulation, including those of police, fire, building, and code enforcement officials. Application for a regulated cannabis business license constitutes consent to inspection of the business as a public premises without a search warrant, and consent to seizure of any surveillance records, camera recordings, reports, or other materials required as a condition of a regulated cannabis license without a search warrant.
- (c) The licensed premises, including any places of storage where regulated marijuana or regulated marijuana products are stored, sold, dispensed, or tested are subject to inspection by the City, during all business hours and other times of apparent activity, for the purpose of inspection or investigation. When any part of the licensed premises consists of a locked area, upon demand to the Licensee, such area must be available for inspection without delay, and upon request by the City, the Licensee shall open the area for inspection.

#### (b)

2230

2231

2232

2233

2234 2235

2236 2237

2238 2239

2240

2241

2242

2243 2244

2245

2246

2247

2248

2249

2250

2251

2252 2253

2254

2255

2256

2257

2258

2259

2260

2261

2262

2263

2264

2265 2266

2267

2268

- (c)(d) Initial inspection. The City may inspect any regulated cannabis businesses prior to final issuance of a license to verify that the facilities are constructed and can be operated in accordance with the Application submitted and the requirements of laws.
- (d)(e) Regular inspections. The City is authorized to perform regular inspections on a quarterly basis during the first year following licensure,

and on a yearly basis prior to license renewal following the first year of operation.

- (e)(f) Random inspections. Regular licensing inspection(s) shall not prevent the City from inspecting regulated cannabis businesses at random intervals and without advance notice pursuant to the City's Code, the Colorado Marijuana Code, the Colorado Department of Revenue Enforcement Division Marijuana Rules, the Colorado Constitution, the City's Code, or any rule and regulations adopted thereto.
- (f)(g) Inspection of records. The records to be maintained by each regulated cannabis business shall include the source and quantity of any cannabis distributed, produced, or possessed within the premises. Such reports shall include, without limitation, for both acquisitions from wholesalers and transactions to patients or caregivers, the following:
  - 1. Name and address of seller or purchaser;
  - 2. Date, weight, type of cannabis, and monetary amount or other consideration of transaction;
  - 3. For wholesaler transactions, the state and City, if any, sales and use tax license number of the seller.
- (g)(h) Disposal of regulated cannabis and cannabis byproducts. All regulated cannabis and any product containing a usable form of cannabis must be made unusable and unrecognizable prior to removal from the business in compliance with all applicable laws. This provision shall not apply to licensed law enforcement, including without limitation, the Grand Junction Police Department and the Grand Junction Fire Department.
- (h)(i) The manager of a regulated cannabis business is required to respond by telephone or email within 24 hours of contact by a City official concerning its cannabis business at the telephone number or email address provided to the City as the contact for the business. Each 24hour period during which an owner or manager does not respond to the City official shall be considered a separate violation.
- 5.13.03944 Modification of premises.

 (a) Any modification of the licensed premises shall be governed by the standards and procedures set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code, this Chapter, and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

- 2304 (b) The Authority shall administer applications to modify the premises in the 2305 same manner as the state licensing authority administers changes of 2306 location and modifications of premises for state licenses.
  - (c) Any application for a proposed modification of the licensed premises shall comply with and shall be subject to review and approval of the Building Departments and any other agency that is required to approve such modification.

#### 5.13.0405 Renewals.

- (a) A regulated cannabis business license issued pursuant to this Chapter shall be valid for one year from the date of issuance and shall automatically expire on the last day of the month in which the License is issued of the year following issuance or renewal of the License.
  - (b) During the term of the License, the Licensee shall have the ongoing obligation to:
    - Provide the City with copies of all material that it voluntarily files or is required to file with the Colorado Department of Revenue Marijuana Enforcement Division; and,
    - Post a 24 inch x 36 inch sign within the licensed premises of a regulated cannabis business which includes the warning statements set forth in Rule 1006 C.1.i. of the Colorado Department of Revenue Marijuana Enforcement Division Permanent Rules Related to the Colorado Regulated Marijuana Code, as amended.
  - (c) Licensee must apply for the renewal of an existing license at least 45 days prior to the License's expiration date. The Licensee shall apply for renewal using forms provided by the City. If the Licensee fails to timely file a renewal application, the Licensee must provide a written explanation detailing the circumstances surrounding the late filing. If the Authority accepts the application, then it administratively continues the License beyond the expiration date, but for no longer than 45 days after the expiration date, while the Authority completes the renewal licensing process, in which case, the Licensee shall pay an additional fee to the City prior to issuance of the renewed license. The renewal license fee, and late fee if applicable, shall accompany the renewal application. Such fee(s) are nonrefundable.
  - (d) In the event that there has been a change to any of the plans <u>submitted with</u> identified in the license application, which were submitted to and approved by the Authority with the application or an earlier a renewal, the renewal or

modification of the premises application, such change(s)—shall be specifically include specifics of the changes or proposed and described prior to be made by the Licensee and/or approved, if at all, by the Authority . changes in any of such plans.

- (e) In the event any person who has an interest in the License or any manager, financier, agent as defined herein, or employee has been charged with or accused of violations of any law since issuance of the License, the renewal application shall include the name of the violator, the date of the violation, the court and case number where the violation was filed, and the disposition of the violation with the renewal application.
- (f) In the event the regulated cannabis business Licensee has received any notice of violation of any law, the renewal application shall include a copy of the notice or suspension.
- (g) The renewal application shall include verification that the business has a valid state license and the state license is in good standing.
- (h) The Authority shall not accept renewal applications after the expiration of the License.
- (i) No renewal application shall be accepted by the Authority that is not complete. Any application mailed to or deposited with the Authority that, upon examination, is found to have some omission or error, shall be returned to the Applicant for completion or correction.
- (j) In the event there have been allegations of violations of this Chapter, if the Licensee has a history of violation(s), or if the Licensee has committed unlawful acts, and/or if there are allegations against the Licensee that would constitute good cause as defined herein by any of the Licensee(s) or the business submitting a renewal application, the Authority City may hold a hearing pursuant to § 5.13.02731 of this Chapter, prior to approving the renewal application. The hearing shall be to determine whether the application and proposed Licensee(s) comply with this Chapter. If the Authority holds a hearing and the application and the Licensee is are found to meet the requirements of this Chapter, or the business has been operated in the past in violation of law, rule or regulation, then the renewal application may be denied or issued with conditions, and the Authority's decision shall be final subject to judicial review.
- (k) All renewal applications shall be reviewed and evaluated by the Authority if no hearing is scheduled. The Authority may refuse to renew any license for

- (I) In the event a regulated cannabis business that has been open and operating and submitting monthly sales and use tax returns to the City ceases providing sales and use tax returns to the City for a period of three months or longer, the cannabis business license shall be set for a public hearing for the Authority to determine if the License shall be revoked.
- (I) In the event the City incurs costs in the inspection, clean-up, or any other necessary or required action to remove regulated cannabis of any regulated cannabis business, or any person cultivating, producing, distributing, or possessing cannabis, or otherwise cause the business to be in compliance with applicable law, the Licensee shall reimburse the City all costs incurred by the City for such inspection and/or cleanup.

### 5.13.0416 Compliance monitoring.

- (1) The City shall monitor compliance with this Chapter, as it deems appropriate.
- (2) The City shall have the discretion to consider any or all previous compliance check histories of a Licensee in determining how frequently to conduct compliance checks of a Licensee with respect to any licensee(s).
- (3) Compliance checks shall be conducted as the City determines appropriate so as to allow the City to determine, at a minimum, if the regulated cannabis business is conducting business in a manner that complies with law.
- (4) It shall not be a violation of the law for a person under the minimum sale age for cannabis purchases or possession to purchase or possess cannabis products if the underage person is participating in a compliance check supervised by any person authorized by the City or the State of Colorado to conduct compliance monitoring.

# 5.13.0427 Sales tax.

Each regulated cannabis business shall collect and remit City sales and use tax on all regulated cannabis, paraphernalia and other tangible property used or sold at the licensed premises as provided by the Grand Junction Municipal Code and other applicable law.

# 5.13.0438 Violations and Penalties.

2<mark>431</mark> 2432

2433

2434

2435

2436

2437 2438

2439

2440

2441

2442

2443 2444 2445

2446

24472448

2449

2450

2451

2452

2453 2454

24552456

2457 2458

2459

2460

2461 2462

2463

2464 2465

2466

2467

2468

2469

2470

2471

- (a) The Authority shall hear all actions relating to the suspension or revocation of licenses pursuant to this Chapter. The Authority shall have the authority to impose disciplinary actions, sanctions, penalties upon a Licensee including but not limited to additional terms and conditions on the license, a fine in lieu of a suspension, a suspension or a revocation of a license issued by the Authority for any violation by the Licensee or by any of the agents or employees of the Licensee of any provision of the Colorado Marijuana Code, the City's Code, any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, any building, fire, health or zoning statute, code, or ordinance, or any of the rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, in addition to any other penalties prescribed by this Code.
- (b) In addition to the possible denial, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of a license under the provisions of this Chapter, any person, including but not limited to, any Licensee, manager or employee of a regulated cannabis business, or any customer of such business, who violates any of the provisions if this Chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor offense punishable in accordance with § 1.04.090 of this Code. A person committing a violation shall be guilty of a separate offense for each and every day during which the offense is committed or continued to be permitted by such person and shall be punished accordingly.
- (c) The City shall commence suspension or revocation proceedings by petitioning the Authority to issue an order to the Licensee to show cause that the Licensee's license should not be suspended or revoked. The Authority shall issue such an order to show cause if the petition demonstrates that evidence exists to determine that one or more grounds exist to suspend or revoke the Licensee's license. The order to show cause shall set the matter for a public hearing before the Licensing Aauthority.
- (d) The City Manager shall give written notice of the public hearing no later than fifteen days prior to the hearing by mailing, either electronically or by first class mail, the notice to the Licensee at the address contained in the Licensee's license. At the hearing, the Licensee shall have the opportunity to be heard, to present evidence and witnesses, and to cross examine witnesses presented by the City. The Authority shall have the power to administer oaths and issue subpoenas to require the presence of persons and the production of papers, books, and records necessary to the determination of any hearing that the Authority is authorized to conduct. The standard of proof at such hearings shall be a

preponderance of the evidence. The burden of proof shall be upon the City. The Authority shall be permitted to accept any evidence that the Hearing Officer finds to be relevant to the show cause proceeding.

- (e) If the Authority, acting by and through the Hearing Officer, finds that a violation has occurred, the Authority may:
  - (1) Revoke the license for any period up to and including permanent revocation:
  - (2) Suspend the license for any period of time; (6 months?)
  - (3) Impose a fine or fine in lieu of suspension of at least \$500.00 but no more than \$100,000.00;
  - (4) Establish conditions that must be met before the license holder may apply for reinstatement of the license; and,
  - (5) The Authority may impose the costs to conduct a public hearing upon a Licensee who has violated any of the provisions prescribed by this Chapter.
- (f) Payment of fines or costs pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter shall be in the form of a certified check or cashier's check made payable to the City of Grand Junction and paid within seven days of the imposed sanction.
- (g) If the Authority finds that the license shall be suspended or revoked or a fine imposed in lieu of a suspension, the Licensee shall be provided written notice of such fine, suspension or revocation with the reasons therefore within 20 days following the date of the hearing.
- (h) The Authority will establish factors to consider when determining the amount of fine to impose and <u>adopt guidance</u> a <u>matrix of steps</u> for <u>penalties and/or fines. amounts.</u> That <u>guidance</u> ese factors and <u>matrix will</u> will be used consistently for all imposed penalties. The Colorado State <u>Marijuana Enforcement Penalty Schedule may be used as a guide to create</u> the local sentencing schedule.
- (i)(j) If a license is suspended, the Licensee must post notice that states the License is under suspension or revocation due to violation(s) of this Chapter, and that all sales of cannabis products are prohibited for the period of the suspension. The signage shall be prominently displayed at

all entrances on the premises for the entirety of the suspension or revocation.

- (j)(k) When a License has been revoked, no new license shall be issued to the same Licensee for the period of two years after the revocation.
- (k)(I) All Licensees are assumed to be fully aware of the law and the City shall not therefore be required to issue warnings before issuing citations for violation(s) of this Chapter.
- (H)(m) If the Authority suspends or revokes a license or imposes a fine in lieu of a suspension of the Licensee, the Licensee may appeal the fine, suspension or revocation to the Mesa County District Court pursuant to Rule 106(a)(4) of the Colorado Rules of Civil Procedure. The Licensee's failure to timely appeal the decision is a waiver of the Licensee's right to contest the fine imposed or the suspension or revocation of the Licensee.
- (m)(n) No fee or portion thereof previously paid by a Licensee in connection with a license shall be refunded if the licensee's license is suspended or revoked.

## 5.13.0449 Remedies.

 The City is specifically authorized to seek an injunction, abatement, restitution, or any remedy necessary to prevent, enjoin, remove or prosecute any violation or unlawful act under this Chapter, and any remedies provided for herein shall be cumulative and not exclusive and shall be in addition to any other remedies provided by law or in equity. Any and all action(s) shall be filed in the Municipal Court.

## 5.13.04550 No City liability; indemnification.

- (a) By accepting a license issued pursuant to this Chapter, the Licensee waives and releases the City, its officers, elected officials, employees, attorneys and agents from any liability for injuries, damages or liabilities of any kind that result from any arrest or prosecution of business owners, operators, employees, clients or customers for a violation of municipal, state or federal laws, rules or regulations.
- (b) By accepting a license issued pursuant to this Chapter, all Licensees, jointly and severally if more than one (1), agree to indemnify, defend and hold harmless the City, its officers, elected officials, employees, attorneys, agents

| 2560<br>2561<br>2562<br>2563<br>2564 | and insurers against all liability, claims and demands on account of any injury, personal injury, sickness, disease, death, property loss or damage, or any other loss of any kind whatsoever arising out of or in any manner connected with the operation of the regulated cannabis business that is the subject of the license. |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 2565<br>2566<br>2567                 | 5.13.0 <u>46</u> 51 Severability.   |
| 2568<br>2569<br>2570                 | This chapter is necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the residents of the City and covers matters of local concern or matters of mixed State and local concern as provided by $\S$ 44-11-101, C.R.S.  |
| 2571<br>2572<br>2573<br>2574         | If any provision of this chapter is found to be unconstitutional or illegal, such finding shall only invalidate that part or portion found to violate the law. All other provisions shall be deemed severed or severable and shall continue in full force and effect.   |
| 2 <mark>575</mark><br>2576           | 5.13.0 <u>47</u> 52 Administrative regulations; Action by City Council.   |
| 2577                                 | (a) The City Manager is authorized to promulgate such rules, regulations, and   |
| 2578                                 | forms as are necessary to effectuate the implementation, administration and   |
| 2579                                 | enforcement of this Chapter.  |
| 2580                                 |   |
| 2581<br>2582<br>2583                 | (b) The City Council may consistent with the Charter and other applicable law amend this Chapter in order to stay current with applicable state laws, rules and regulations so long as no amendment, restriction, provision, rule or  |
| 2584                                 | regulation shall be no less stringent than that imposed, if at all by Colorado  |
| 2585                                 | law.  |
| 2586                                 | later described on Cost were then the   |
| 2587<br>2588<br>2589                 | Introduced on first reading theday of, 2022 and ordered published in pamphlet form.   |
| 2590<br>2591<br>2592<br>2593         | Adopted on second reading this day of 2022 and ordered published in pamphlet form.  |
| 2594<br>2595<br>2596<br>2597<br>2598 | ATTEST:  C. B. huck-McDaniel  President of City Council   |
| 2599<br>2600                         | Laura J. Bauer, Interim City Clerk<br>City Clerk  |

# 1 ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_\_

2

4

5 6 AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND TITLE 5 CREATING CHAPTER 13 IN THE GRAND JUNCTION MUNICIPAL CODE TO INCLUDE CERTAIN MARIJUANA, ALSO KNOWN AS CANNABIS, USES, LICENSES AND REGULATIONS IN THE CITY OF GRAND JUNCTION, COLORADO.

7 8

9

## **RECITALS:**

- 10 Federal law criminalizes the use and possession of marijuana as marijuana is categorized
- as a Schedule 1 controlled substance under the Controlled Substance Act. Federal law
- criminalizes knowing or intentional marijuana possession, even if a person has no intent
- to manufacture, distribute, or dispense marijuana.
- On November 7, 2000, Colorado voters passed Amendment 20 which allows the use of
- marijuana in the state for approved patients with written medical consent. It allows the
- possession of up to two ounces of medical marijuana and cultivation of no more than six
- marijuana plants (three flowering plants) at a time for patients. Amendment 20 does not
- provide a legal manner for patients to obtain medical marijuana unless the patient grows
- the marijuana, or the marijuana is grown by the patient's primary caregiver.
- 20 On November 16, 2009, City Council, as an exercise of police powers, adopted Ordinance
- 21 4392 which declared a twelve-month moratorium on the licensing, permitting and
- operation of cannabis businesses in the City and provided penalties for any such violation.
- The moratorium applied to any person or entity applying to function, do business, or hold
- 24 itself out as a medical cannabis dispensary in the City of Grand Junction, regardless of
- the person, entity, or zoning.
- On June 7, 2010, Governor Ritter signed into law House Bill 10-1284 and Senate Bill 10-
- 27 109 which, among other things, authorized the City to adopt an ordinance to license,
- regulate or prohibit the cultivation and/or sale of cannabis (C.R.S. 12-43.3-103(2)). The
- law also allowed a city to vote, either by a majority of the registered electors or a majority
- of the City Council, to prohibit the operation of medical cannabis centers, optional
- premises cultivation operations and medical cannabis infused products manufacturers.
- On October 4, 2010, City Council adopted Ordinance 4437 which prohibited the operation
- of medical cannabis businesses and amended the Grand Junction Municipal Code by
- adding Section 5.14.010 which prohibited certain uses relating to cannabis. Ordinance
- 4437 also extended the moratorium established by Ordinance 4392 to January 1, 2011.
- Prior to Ordinance 4437 becoming effective, a protest petition was filed and found to be
- sufficient, and Ordinance 4437 was suspended from taking effect. On October 13, 2010,
- City Council adopted Ordinance 4446 which extended the moratorium to July 1, 2011.

- At the April 5, 2011, City election, the electorate voted in favor of prohibiting the operation
- 40 of medical cannabis businesses and the amendment of the Grand Junction Municipal
- Code by adding a section that prohibited cannabis (referred to as Measure A).
- On November 6, 2012, Amendment 64 was passed by the voters, amending Article 18 of
- the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 16 which allowed regulated cannabis stores
- and made it legal for anyone 21 years or older to buy cannabis at such stores. In addition,
- 45 Amendment 64 allowed anyone over 21 years of age to legally possess and consume up
- to one ounce of cannabis. Amendment 64 did not change the Federal law; it still remains
- illegal under Federal law to produce and/or distribute cannabis.
- 48 On February 6, 2013, City Council approved Resolution 07-13 adopting cannabis policies
- for the City and restrictions for persons or entities from applying to function, do business,
- or hold itself out as a cannabis facility, business, or operation of any sort in the City limits.
- Later that same year, City Council adopted Ordinance 4599 which prohibited the
- 52 operation of cannabis cultivation facilities, cannabis product manufacturing facilities,
- cannabis testing facilities, and regulated cannabis stores. Ordinance 4599 also amended
- Sections in Title 5, Article 15 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code that prohibited certain
- uses relating to cannabis.
- In late 2015, the City, Mesa County and Colorado Mesa University, by and through the
- 57 efforts of the Grand Junction Economic Partnership (GJEP), were successful in
- establishing the *Colorado Jumpstart* business development program. One business that
- 59 was awarded the first Jumpstart incentive planned to develop a laboratory and deploy its
- advanced analytical processes for genetic research and its ability to mark/trace chemical
- properties of agricultural products, one of which was cannabis. In October 2016, City
- 62 Council passed Ordinance 4722 which amended Ordinance 4599 and Section 21.04.010
- of the Grand Junction Municipal Code to allow cannabis testing facilities in the City.
- On January 20, 2021, the City Council approved Resolution 09-21, the adoption of which
- referred a ballot question to the regular municipal election on April 6, 2021, to repeal
- 66 Measure A contingent on and subject to voter approval of taxation of cannabis
- businesses. A majority of the votes cast at the election were in favor of repealing the
- 68 moratorium on cannabis businesses and in favor of taxation of cannabis businesses.
- 69 Accordingly, City Council has determined that certain cannabis businesses, subject to
- 70 regulations adopted by the City, may operate within the City. City Council, with this
- ordinance, will amend the Grand Junction Municipal Code to provide rules and regulations
- 72 for licensing and operating regulated cannabis businesses.
- 73 City staff and community members, including the Cannabis Working Group, have
- 74 researched, reviewed, and discussed various approaches to taxation, permitting and
- regulation of cannabis. Regulations for cannabis uses have been established at the state
- level with the adoption and implementation of the Colorado Marijuana Code (C.R.S. 44-
- 10-101, et. seq.); however, regulation of cannabis uses at the state level alone are not
- adequate to address the impacts of cannabis on the City.

In the interest of the public health, safety and welfare the City intends to regulate the 79 80 location and other aspects of cannabis businesses in a manner that is consistent with 81 constitutional and statutory standards. Limiting the concentration of any type of business in specific areas will tend to promote high-quality neighborhoods. The City desires to 82 facilitate the provision of quality, regulated cannabis in a safe manner within the City. 83 84 Regulation of the manner of operation and location of regulated cannabis businesses will further the health, safety, and welfare of both the public and the customers. Protection of 85 the public health and safety will occur through reasonable limitations on business 86 operations as they relate to air quality, integrating business operations with 87 neighborhoods, minimum security standards for the businesses and their personnel, and 88 other concerns. Sale of cannabis may impact health, safety, and community resources, 89 and the proposed ordinance is intended to allow certain regulated cannabis businesses 90 91 such that those businesses will have as minimal an impact and reduce potential negative impacts as reasonably is possible. 92

- This ordinance amends the City's Code (also known as the GJMC) to include time, place, and manner restrictions for operating regulated cannabis businesses in the City while protecting the public health and safety through reasonable limitations on business operations. Regulated cannabis businesses may include retail and/or co-located retail and medical cannabis businesses.
- Furthermore, this ordinance proposes the imposition of application and/or operating fees to defray some of the City's costs of licensing regulated cannabis businesses.
- This ordinance also requires buffering (distance requirements) of cannabis businesses:
- 1,000 feet from any private or public elementary school, middle school, junior high school, high school, Colorado Mesa University and Western Colorado Community College; and
- 500 feet from any services for prevention, treatment or recovery from substance use and mental health concerns, as licensed by the Colorado Department of Human Services, Office of Behavioral Health (OBH).
- Lastly, this ordinance creates a mechanism for monitoring compliance of regulated cannabis businesses in coordination with the laws of the State of Colorado.
- NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF GRAND JUNCTION THAT:
- Title 5 Chapter 13 shall read as follows: (Additions to the GJMC are shown in **bold face type** deletions or modifications are shown in strikethrough.)

113

5.13.010 Purpose and legislative intent; incorporation of state law.

On January 20, 2021, the City Council approved Resolution 09-21, the adoption of which referred a ballot question to the regular municipal election on April 6, 2021, to repeal Referred Measure A contingent on and subject to voter approval of taxation of cannabis businesses. The voters approved the April 2021 ballot measures and by and with such authority, City Council intends to regulate the use, possession, and distribution of cannabis in a manner that is consistent with Article XVIII, Sections 14 and 16 of the Colorado Constitution and the Colorado Marijuana Code, C.R.S. § 44-10-101, et seq. With the adoption of this Chapter, any provisions of the City's Code that conflicts with this Chapter shall be superseded.

Article XVIII, Section 16(5)(g) of the Colorado Constitution authorizes a system of state licensing for businesses engaging in the regulated sale of cannabis, collectively referred to as "regulated cannabis establishments". This provision allows a municipality within its jurisdiction to prohibit licensing of regulated cannabis establishments; regulate the time, place and manner in which regulated cannabis establishments may operate; and limit the total number of regulated cannabis establishments.

The authority of localities to prohibit or regulate regulated cannabis establishments within their respective jurisdictions, including the authority to engage in local licensing of cannabis establishments is also provided in various provisions of the Colorado Marijuana Code. The Colorado Marijuana Code, among other things, affords municipalities the option to determine whether to license certain regulated cannabis establishments within their respective jurisdictions. Consistent with its lawful authority this Chapter affirmatively authorizes licensing and regulating cannabis related businesses in the City of Grand Junction and to designate a local licensing authority to issue and process applications submitted for such licenses within the City.

This Chapter is adopted pursuant to the constitutional and statutory authority referenced above as well as the City's Charter and home rule authority to adopt and enforce ordinances under its police powers all in order to preserve the public health, safety and general welfare. By adopting this Chapter, the City intends to implement provisions of the Colorado Marijuana Code and any rules and regulations thereunder except to the extent that more restrictive or additional regulations may be set forth in herein.

Further, the purposes of this Chapter are to:

- 156 (1) provide time, place, and manner restrictions for operating a regulated cannabis business in the City;
- 159 (2) protect public health and safety through reasonable limitations on business 160 operations as they relate to air quality, security for the business and its 161 personnel, and other health and safety concerns;
  - (3) promote high quality neighborhoods by limiting the concentration of regulated cannabis businesses in specific areas;
  - (4) impose fees to defray some of the costs to the City of licensing regulated cannabis businesses;
  - (5) adopt a mechanism for monitoring compliance with the provisions of this Chapter;
  - (6) create regulations that address the particular needs of the residents, the businesses, and the City and coordinate with laws enacted by the State of Colorado regarding cannabis; and,
  - (7) issue regulated cannabis business licenses only to Applicants that demonstrate the intent and capability to comply with the law.

This Chapter is to be construed to protect the interests of the public over the interests of the regulated cannabis businesses. Operation of a regulated cannabis business is a revocable privilege and not a right in the City. There is no property right for any person and/or business to have a regulated cannabis license in the City.

Nothing in this Chapter is intended to promote or condone the production, distribution, or possession of cannabis in violation of any applicable law.

# 5.13.011 Applicability.

- (a) This Chapter is known and may be cited as the "City of Grand Junction Regulated Cannabis Code." Reference to the City of Grand Junction Regulated Cannabis Code, Code or Chapter and the applicable section(s) thereof shall be sufficient when citing the provisions hereof in any legal document, including but not limited to, summons, subpoena, pleading, summons and compliant, and memorandum.
- (b) This Chapter, together with all other titles and chapters of the Grand Junction Municipal Code (hereinafter referred to as "GJMC"), shall govern

all applications submitted for licensing of any regulated cannabis business in the City on and after the effective date.

5.13.012 Applicability of state laws and other laws.

- (a) Except as otherwise specifically provided herein, this Chapter incorporates and adopts the requirements and procedures set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code and the provisions of the Colorado Rules and Regulations promulgated thereunder, as amended, relating to the definition of terms, licensing, sales, hours of sale, records, inspection, unlawful acts, and all other matters pertaining to regulated cannabis, as set out in full therein and herein. In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and the provisions of the Colorado Marijuana Code or any other applicable state or local law, the more restrictive provision shall control. Licensees shall comply with and conduct their business in compliance with all applicable state and local laws, rules and regulations, and the terms and conditions of their license. Noncompliance with any applicable state or local laws, rules or regulations shall be grounds for suspension, revocation or non-renewal of any license issued hereunder and/or imposition of fine(s), and/or fine(s) in lieu of suspension, and other allowable sanctions.
- (b) Compliance with any applicable state law or regulation shall be deemed additional requirements for issuance of any license and conduct of any business under this Chapter, and noncompliance with any applicable law or regulation shall be grounds for suspension, revocation or non-renewal of any license issued hereunder and/or imposition of fines and other allowable sanctions.
- (c) If the state prohibits the sale or other distribution of cannabis through regulated businesses, any license issued hereunder shall be deemed immediately revoked by operation of law.

## 5.13.013 Definitions.

The definitions set forth in Article XVIII, Subsections 14(2) and 16(2) of the Colorado Constitution, as well as the definitions provided by the Colorado Marijuana Code, the Colorado Code of Regulations, and the Department of Revenue Regulated Marijuana Enforcement Division Rules and regulations as amended, are adopted herein unless by reference specifically amended hereby.

"Advertise" means the act of drawing the public's attention, whether in print, signs, or electronic means, to a regulated cannabis business in order to promote the sale of cannabis by the business.

"Affiliated entity" or "affiliate" means a person as defined herein, having ownership or any level of control in common with an entity, in whole or in part, including without limitation, an entity's parent corporation, franchisor, licensor and any subsidiary(ies) or affiliates or such corporation(s). Affiliate also means a person using the same trade name as another person.

"Appealing to minors" means any display on the internet, by audio, in print on a sign, or similar presentation visible to individuals under 21 years of age that contains visual, audio or print depictions of cartoon characters, caricatures, consumable products, individuals that seem under 21 years of age or engaging in activities not typical of adults. Visual, audio or print depictions of animals may be allowed so long as they do not violate other restrictions in the GJMC.

"Application fee" shall mean the fee paid to the City by each Applicant at the time of submitting an application to the City.

"Applicant" shall mean any person or entity who has applied for a license or renewal of a license issued pursuant to this Chapter. If the Applicant is an entity and not a natural person, Applicant shall include all persons who are the members, managers, officers, directors, and shareholders of such entity.

"Cannabis", also known as marijuana, shall have the same meaning as the term "usable form of marijuana" as set forth in Article XVIII, Section 16(2)(f) of the Colorado Constitution or as may be more fully defined in any applicable State law or regulation. "Marijuana" may alternatively be spelled "marihuana".

"Cannabis business" shall means regulated cannabis business as defined in this Chapter.

"Cannabis operator" means a medical cannabis business operator or a retail cannabis business operator.

"Cannabis paraphernalia" or "paraphernalia" shall mean devices, contrivances, instruments and paraphernalia for inhaling or otherwise consuming regulated cannabis, including, but not limited to, rolling papers, related tools, water pipes and vaporizers.

"Cannabis product" means medical cannabis product or retail cannabis product.

"Cannabis product manufacturer" means a medical cannabis products manufacturer or a retail cannabis products manufacturer.

"Cannabis testing facility" means a medical cannabis testing facility or a retail cannabis testing facility.

"City Attorney" means the City Attorney or the City Attorney's designee.

"City Manager" means the City Manager or the City Manager's designee.

"Colorado Marijuana Code" shall mean Title 44, Article 10, C.R.S. and any rules or regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Company material" means any information printed or transmitted electronically that includes the name and logo of a particular cannabis business(es) and promotes the business or describes cannabis or cannabis product distributed by the business(es). Company material may include promotion of the business to potential employees over the age of 21, or investors, or instructions for use of any cannabis or cannabis products distributed by the business(es).

"Coupon" means a printed voucher or token entitling the holder to a discount for a particular product or service. Coupon does not include showing a government-issued verification of age or military status, or registration for a charitable event, or similar item the showing of which, without providing a separate printing to the business, entitles the holder to a discount for a particular product or service.

"Distribution" or "distribute" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer, delivery, sale, or dispensing to another, with or without remuneration.

"Educational material" means materials prepared by a governmental or non-profit entity that are designed to provide information, facts, instructions, and warnings related to the legal use or consumption of cannabis and cannabis products. Educational materials do not include arguments for or against the legalization of cannabis or encourage the use of cannabis or advertisements, including the name and logo for any cannabis business.

"Entity" means a domestic or foreign corporation, cooperative, general partnership, limited liability partnership, limited liability company, limited partnership, limited partnership association, nonprofit association, nonprofit corporation or any other organization or association that if formed under a statute or common law of the state of Colorado or any other jurisdiction as to which the laws of Colorado or the laws of any other jurisdiction govern(s) relations among owners and between the owners and the organization or association and that is recognized under the laws of the state of Colorado or the other jurisdiction as a separate legal entity.

"Fees" means that fee(s) set and established by Resolution of City Council and paid annually to the City by each Licensee. fees may be charged by the City for costs including but not limited to licensing, inspection, administration, and enforcement of cannabis businesses authorized pursuant to the Colorado Constitution, the Colorado Marijuana Code, this Code, and any of the rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

"Financier" means any person who lends money or otherwise provides assets to any person applying for license under this Chapter. If a financier is an entity rather than an individual, the same disclosure shall be required for each entity with an ownership interest until a managing member that is a natural person is identified. Financier shall not include a bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or industrial bank supervised and regulated by an agency of the state or federal government, or any person in the business of leasing equipment or cannabis business for which the rental amount does not include any percentage of the business or its profits, or any person that has been qualified as a beneficial owner (as defined by the Colorado Marijuana Code).

"Financial interest" shall mean any ownership interest(s).

"Good cause", for the purposes of approving, refusing or denying the issuance or renewal of a license, means:

a. The Licensee or Applicant has violated, does not meet, or has failed to comply with any terms, conditions, or provisions of the Colorado Marijuana Code, the City Code, any rule and regulation adopted pursuant thereto, or any supplemental relevant state or local law, rule or regulation related to the cultivation, processing, manufacture, storage, sale, distribution, transportation, and research, or consumption of any form of cannabis;

b. The Licensee or Applicant has failed to comply with any special term or condition placed on the license by order of the state licensing authority or the Local Licensing Authority;

c. Evidence the Licensee's licensed premises has been operated in a manner that adversely affects the public health, safety or the general welfare of the City or the immediate neighborhood where the business is located, which evidence may include a continuing pattern of violations of the Colorado Marijuana Code, the City's Code, or terms and conditions of a license issued pursuant to this Chapter, a continuing pattern of unlawful or violent activity occurring in the location and in association with the operation of the business; or

d. Evidence the Applicant or Licensee, or any officer, director, owner, 370 manager, agent or employee of the Applicant or Licensee is not of 371 372 good moral character. 373 374 "Good moral character" means an individual who has a personal history 375 demonstrating honesty, fairness, and respect for the rights of other and for conformance to the law which may include considerations of whether an individual 376 377 has: 378 379 a. Ever had a professional or occupation license denied, suspended, or 380

revoked:

381 382

b. Ever had a business or sales tax license denied, suspended, or revoked;

383 384 385

386

c. Ever surrendered, been denied, or had any type of cannabis related license or permit placed on an administrative hold, suspended or revoked:

387 388 389

d. Ever been denied any type of cannabis related business license;

390 391

e. Ever had a business temporarily or permanently closed for failure to comply with any tax, health, building, fire, zoning or safety law;

392 393 394

395

f. Ever had any administrative, civil or criminal finding of delinquency for failure to file or failure to pay state or local sales or use taxes or any other taxes;

396 397 398

g. Ever been convicted of or pled guilty or no contest to a crime of moral turpitude; or

399 400 401

402

403

404

405

406

407

408

h. Within the previous five years been convicted of any misdemeanor, petty offense or any local ordinance violation related to the cultivation, processing, manufacture, storage, sale, distribution, transportation, testing, research, or consumption of any form of cannabis, drug or controlled substance; or within the previous five years been convicted of a non-drug related felony; or, at any time, been convicted of a felony related to the cultivation, processing, manufacture, storage, sale, distribution, transportation, testing, research, or consumption of any form of cannabis, drug or controlled substance.

409 410

411

412

"Handbill", "leaflet" or "flyer" means a flat or folded sheet of printed material that is a notice, advertisement, or announcement, usually for distribution by hand, for

free, either directly to an individual or by placement on vehicles or other locations. Handbill, leaflet, or flyer does not include educational materials without the name or logo of a cannabis business, or information made available within the licensed premises of a cannabis business.

"Immature plant" means a nonflowering cannabis plant that is no taller than eight inches and no wider than eight inches; is produced from a cutting, clipping, or seedling; and is in a cultivating container.

"Incidental to sponsorship of charitable events" means the printing of the names of all sponsors of a particular charitable event by the event organizer on advertisements, banners, clothing, programs, or similar items. Incidental to sponsorship of charitable events does not include the placement of a booth(s) or distribution of material(s) that does not list or is for the use of all sponsors of the event.

"License" shall mean to grant a revocable privilege to lawfully operate in the City a cannabis related business activity authorized pursuant to the Colorado Marijuana Code and this Chapter.

"License fee" shall mean that fee set and established by Resolution of City Council and paid annually to the City by each Licensee.

"Licensed premises" means the premises specified in an application for a license or permit authorized pursuant to the Colorado Marijuana Code and this Chapter, which are owned or in the legal possession of the Licensee and within which the Licensee is authorized to cultivate, manufacture, distribute, research, sell, store, transport, or test cannabis, cannabis products, and cannabis concentrates in accordance with all applicable laws.

"Licensee" means any person licensed or granted a permit pursuant to the Colorado Marijuana Code or this Chapter, including the cannabis business named on the cannabis business license and all individuals named in the cannabis business license application or later reported to the City, including without limitation, owners, managers, financiers, and individuals owning any part of the entity that holds a financial or ownership interest in the cannabis business.

"Local Licensing Authority" also known as "Cannabis Licensing Authority" ("Authority") means an authority designated by the City Council.

## "Manager" means:

455

458

459

460

461

462

463

464

467

468

469

- a. A member of a limited liability company in which management is not vested in managers rather than members;
  - b. A manager of a limited liability company in which management is vested in managers rather than members;
    - c. A member of a limited partnership association in which management is not vested in managers rather than members;
      - d. A manager of a limited partnership association in which management is vested in managers rather than members;
        - e. A general partner;
- f. An officer or director of a corporation, a nonprofit, a cooperative, or a limited partnership association; or
  - g. Any person whose position with respect to an Entity, as determined under the constituent documents and organic statutes of the Entity, without regard to the Person's title, is the functional equivalent of any of the positions described in this definition.
- 471 "Minor" means a person under 21 years of age.
- "Modification of premises" means a change to a regulated cannabis business that requires a building or other permit from the City or changes any part of the plans required as part of the application for the cannabis business license. Modification of premises does not include routine maintenance, including replacement of lightbulbs or filters, painting, cleaning or replacement of non-mechanical items such as windows and flooring so long as the maintenance does not result in a change to the plans required as part of the application.
- "Owner" means the person or persons whose beneficial interest in a regulated cannabis business bears a risk of loss other than an insurer, has an opportunity to gain profit from the operation or sale of the business and has a controlling interest in a cannabis businesses, business entity or license, and includes any other person(s) that qualifies as an owner pursuant to state law, rules or regulations.
- 484 "Person" shall mean a natural person, partnership, association, company, 485 corporation, limited liability company or other organization or entity or a manager, 486 agent, owner, officer or employee thereof.

"Place open to the general public" means any property owned, leased, or used by a public entity, and any place on private property open to the public, common area of buildings, private clubs, vehicles, those portions of any private property upon which the public has an express or implied license to enter or remain, and any place visible from such places.

"Possess" or "possession" means having physical control of the premises in which an object is located or having the power and intent to control an object, without regard to whether the one in possession has ownership of the object. Possession may be held by more than one person at a time. Use of the object is not required for possession. The owner of a regulated cannabis business shall be considered in possession of the regulated cannabis business at all times. The manager of a regulated cannabis business shall be considered in possession of the regulated cannabis business at all times that the manager is on the premises of the business or has been designated by the owner as the manager in the absence of the owner in accordance with this Chapter.

- 502 "Premises" means a distinct and definite location, which may include a building, a part of a building, a room, or any other defined contiguous area.
- "Regulated cannabis businesses aka "Regulated marijuana businesses" means:
- any Medical Marijuana Business and Retail Marijuana Business as defined by Colorado law.
- The term regulated cannabis business shall not include the private cultivation, possession, or use within a person's residence of no more than:
- (a) six plants in an enclosed, locked space, or
- 510 (b) one ounce of cannabis; or

492

493

494

495

496

497

498

499

500

501

513

514

515

516

517

- (c) the cannabis derived from no more than six plants on the premises where the plants were grown if the plants were grown in an enclosed, locked space.
  - "Regulated cannabis plant" means a cannabis seed that is germinated and all parts of the growth therefrom, including, without limitation, roots, stalks, and leaves. Cannabis plant shall include immature plants except where specifically exempted in this Code. For purposes of this Chapter, the portion of regulated cannabis plant harvested from the plant or converted to a usable form of regulated cannabis for medical use is not considered part of the plant upon harvesting.
- "Restricted area" means the portion of a cannabis business within which the "Licensee" defines on its application it intends to distribute, possess, or produce regulated cannabis and which area is clearly identified as the restricted area on the

floor plan submitted with the cannabis business license application for the business.

"Safe" means a metal box, attached to the building structure, capable of (a) being locked securely by either a mechanical or electronic combination lock that is protected by a case hardened drill resistant steel plate or drill resistant material of equivalent strength; (b) having door hinges that prevent the removal of the door, including but not limited to hinges that are not exposed to the outside, interlocking door designs, dead bars, jeweler's lugs and an active locking bolts; (c) being constructed in a manner to prevent opening by human or mechanical force, or through the use of common tools, including but not limited to hammers, bolt cutters, crow bars or pry bars; and (d) being certified by the manufacturer to be adequate for securely storing the quantity of monetary funds and physical cannabis product of the cannabis business.

"Violation of any law" means a plea or finding of a violation of any law in a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding whether part of a plea agreement, settlement agreement or determination by an arbitrator, hearing officer, court, or jury.

# 5.13.014 License Required.

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in any form of business or commerce or activity involving cultivation, processing, manufacturing, storage, sale, distribution, transportation, testing, research or consumption of any form of cannabis or cannabis products other than those forms of business and commerce activities that are expressly contemplated by Sections 14 and 16 of Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution, Colorado Marijuana Code, this Code, or other applicable provisions of the GJMC.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a regulated cannabis business in the City without a license to operate issued pursuant to the requirements of this Chapter while concurrently holding a license in good standing from the state and in compliance with any and all applicable laws.
- (c) No regulated cannabis business shall operate without obtaining any other license(s) or permit(s) required by any federal, state, or local law, by way of example, a regulated sales and use tax license, a retail food business license, or any applicable zoning or building permit. No two or more different regulated cannabis businesses may be treated as one premise unless approved as co-located businesses. Retail and medical cannabis may be co-located; however, if not co-located medical licenses will not be separately considered in accounting for the 10 (ten) license cap.

- (d) The license(s) required to lawfully conduct business must be in full force and effect, all applicable fees and taxes have been paid in full, and all conditions of the license application be satisfied in order to conduct business. Each and every license applies to the person/entity named thereon and the activity(ies) authorized by the license and the location where the sale and/or possession occurs. Failure to maintain a current, valid license shall constitute a violation of this Chapter.
- (e) It shall be unlawful for any person to exercise any of the privileges granted by a License other than the person(s) issued the License.
- (f) It shall be unlawful for any person(s) granted a license to allow any other person to exercise any privilege granted under the License.
- (g) It shall be unlawful for any person to operate any cannabis business in the City without a License issued by the City and the State licensing authorities pursuant to the Colorado Marijuana Code, this Chapter and other applicable provisions of the GJMC and applicable law.
- (h) The issuance of a City license pursuant to this Chapter does not create an exception, defense, or immunity to any person in regard to any potential criminal liability the person may have for the production, distribution, storage, transportation or possession of cannabis.
- (i) All persons who are engaged in or who are attempting to engage in the distribution, and/or sale of regulated cannabis in any form shall do so only in strict compliance with the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions in Section 14 and 16 of Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution, state law, the Colorado Marijuana Rules, the GJMC, and all other laws, rules, and regulations.

## 5.13.015 Licensing Authority (Cannabis Licensing Authority).

For the purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing and the sale of regulated cannabis in the City, there is hereby created a local licensing authority appointed by the City Council, hereafter referred to as Authority. The Authority shall act in conjunction with the City's Liquor and Beer Licensing Authority.

(a) Structure of Authority.

1. Hearing Officer. A Hearing Officer for the Authority shall be appointed by, and serve at the pleasure of, the City Council. Alternate hearing officer(s) may be appointed to serve if the Hearing Officer is absent and/or a conflict exists for which the Hearing Officer must be recused.

- i. The Hearing Officer shall be a resident of the City and have an active license to practice law in the State of Colorado.
- ii. Duties of the Hearing Officer. The Hearing Officer shall:
  - 1. Conduct all hearings required under this Chapter, rules and regulations, and codes construing and implementing the same.
  - Conduct all hearings for initial licenses, renewal of licenses, for proposed changes of ownership of licenses and changes of the corporate structure of license, and for proposed changes of location of licensed premises or modification of premises.
  - 3. Conduct all hearings brought under such codes when violations of the codes or the regulations under the codes have been alleged to have occurred and to impose penalties against Licensees in the manner provided by this Chapter on its own motion or on complaint by the City Attorney for any violation by the Licensee after investigation and public hearing at which the Licensee shall be afforded an opportunity to be heard.
  - 4. Promulgate rules and regulations concerning the procedures for hearings before the Authority.
  - 5. Require any Applicant or Licensee to furnish any relevant information required by the Authority.
  - Grant or deny motions, make findings and orders, administer oaths and issue subpoenas to require the presence of persons and the production of papers, books and records at any hearing which the Authority is authorized to conduct.
- iii. The Hearing Officer may be removed by the City Council for nonattendance to duty or for cause. If the Hearing Officer fails to attend three (3) consecutive meetings of the Authority, he/she shall be removed from the Hearing Officer position unless the City Council excuses any such absences.

- 2. The City Manager shall serve as the secretary of the Authority and shall provide or cause to be provided the necessary administrative and reporting services for the Authority. The City Manager shall accept and process applications, schedule hearings for the Authority, provide public notice for the hearings, prepare the hearing room, be present at all hearings, ensure the hearings are recorded, take meeting minutes and any other duties as necessary. The City Manager shall be present at all hearings.
- 3. The City Attorney shall serve as legal advisor for the Authority and shall be present at all hearings providing legal assistance to the Hearing Officer and the City Manager.
  - (b) Powers of the Authority.

- i. The Authority shall have and is vested with authority to grant or to refuse a license application or renewal. The Authority may order special terms and conditions on licenses in the event of an emergency or as temporarily required to protect the public health, safety and wellbeing without the need for a public hearing. Notice of such action and for a public hearing before the Authority on the matter shall be provided to the Licensee.
- ii. The Authority shall have all the powers provided in this Chapter, and as set forth in C.R.S. 44-10-301 et. seq. and the Colorado Marijuana Rules, and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
  - iii. The Authority may promulgate such rules and regulations as it deems necessary for the proper administration and enforcement of this Chapter, provided that the same are not in conflict with the Colorado Marijuana Code, Colorado Constitution, and the Colorado Department of Revenue Enforcement Rules.
- iv. The Authority may exercise all other powers and duties as are set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code, the Colorado Constitution, the Colorado Department of Revenue Marijuana Enforcement Division Rules, the GJMC and any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto.
- v. Under any and all circumstances in which Colorado law requires communication to the City by the State licensing authority or any other State agency in regard to any license authorized by this Chapter, or in which State law requires any review or approval by the City of any action taken by the State licensing authority, the exclusive department in the City for receiving such

693 694 1, The Authority may issue subpoenas to require the presence of persons and the production of papers, books and records necessary to the 695 determination of any hearing the Authority is authorized to conduct. 696 697 698 2. The Authority, acting by and through the Hearing Officer, may suspend, or revoke licenses granted under this Chapter for cause or as set forth in this 699 Chapter or as applicable law may provide. 700 701 3. The Authority, acting by and through the Hearing Officer, may summarily 702 suspend a license issued pursuant to this Chapter without notice pending 703 any prosecution or public hearing for a period not to exceed 15 days when 704 the Authority determines a Licensee or an agent or employee of the 705 Licensee has violated the Colorado Marijuana Code, the Colorado 706 Department of Revenue Enforcement Division Marijuana Rules, the 707 Colorado Constitution, the City's Code, or any rule and regulation related 708 to the storage, sale, distribution, transportation, testing, or consumption 709 of any form of cannabis, or when the public health, safety or wellbeing 710 imperatively requires emergency action, and incorporates such findings 711 in the notice for a public hearing before the Authority on the matter. 712 713 (d) Nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to limit a law enforcement 714 agency's ability to investigate unlawful activity in relation to a License 715 issued pursuant to this Code. 716 717 (e) Authority Hearing procedures. 718 719 1. Hearings shall be scheduled as determined by the Authority and generally 720 with the same frequency as the Liquor and Beer Licensing Authority or at 721 special meetings as scheduled by the Authority. 722 723 2. The Hearing Officer may establish such procedures and local rules to be 724 followed in actions before her/him. Such procedures shall include the 725 following: 726 727 728 i. Control the mode, manner and order of all proceedings and hearings. 729 730 ii. The adoption of rules, procedures, and policies for its own proceedings and for filing applications and requests. 731 18

communications and granting such approvals shall be the

689

690 691

692

Authority.

(c) Action of the Authority.

- iii. The adoption of application forms and submission requirements, including a requirement that applications, complaints and other documents be filed in a digital format approved by the Authority and to refuse applications, complaints and other documents not filed in the approved digital format.
- iv. To perform any act that the Authority is authorized to perform by law.
- v. To promulgate such rules and regulations deemed necessary to properly administer and enforce this Chapter, and to exercise all other powers and duties as set forth in this Chapter, as well as those set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code and Subsection 5(f) of Section 16 of Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution. The Authority shall provide all proposed rules and subsequent changes thereto, to City Council for approval by Resolution.
- vi. Powers in the conduct of hearings. The Hearing Officer shall conduct hearings under and in accordance with this Chapter, local rules and procedures, and the Colorado Marijuana Code.
- vii. Contempt. In the event that any person, in the immediate presence of the Authority or within its sight or hearing, while the Authority is in session during a hearing, commits a direct contempt of the Authority by speech, gesture or conduct which disobeys a lawful order of the Authority, shows gross disrespect to the Authority tending to bring the Authority into public ridicule, or substantially interferes with the Authority's proceedings, the Authority may hold such person in contempt. Contemptuous conduct by any principal, registered manager or employee shall be imputed to the Licensee. The Authority may impose the following sanctions for contempt:
  - 1. Removal of the person committing the contempt from the proceedings, the hearing room and its environs;
  - 2. Public censure, which shall be made a matter of the Licensee's record and may be used as an aggravating factor in determining any fine, suspension, revocation or renewal;
  - 3. A prohibition against the individual or the Licensee introducing into the record testimony, documents, exhibits or other evidence;

| 774        | 4. An order striking, disregarding and refusing to consider  |
|------------|--|
| 775        | pleadings, applications, documents, objections, testimony,   |
| 776        | exhibits or other evidence or arguments already introduced   |
| 777        | by such person;  |
| 778        |  |
| 779        | 5. A fine, enforced by suspension of the License until the fine  |
| 780        | is paid;   |
| 781        |  |
| 782        | 6. Default of any motion, compliant or other action then   |
| 783        | pending against the Licensee; and/or   |
| 784        |  |
| 785<br>786 | 7. Denial of any application by the Licensee then pending before the Authority.  |
| 787        |  |
| 788        | viii. Determinations with respect to hearings.   |
| 789        |  |
| 790        | 1. The Hearing Officer shall make his/her determination after  |
| 791        | hearings in accordance with this Code, the Colorado  |
| 792        | Marijuana Code and established legal principles. The   |
| 793        | decision of the Hearing Officer shall be final, and appeal from  |
| 794        | that decision shall be to the District Court of the 21st Judicial  |
| 795        | District.  |
| 796        |  |
| 797        | 2. Actions taken by the Authority are subject to review by the   |
| 798        | courts pursuant to Rule 106(a)(4) of the Colorado Rules of   |
| 799        | Civil Procedure. Any person applying to the Court for review   |
| 800        | shall be required to pay the cost of preparing a transcript of   |
| 801        | proceedings before the Authority whenever such a transcript  |
| 802        | is necessary for purposes of an appeal.  |
| 803        |  |
| 804        | 3. Appeals of Hearing Officer Decision(s). If the Authority imposes a condition on   |
| 805        | the license and/or suspends or revokes a license or imposes a fine, the Licensee   |
| 806        | may appeal the Authority's order to the Mesa County District Court pursuant to   |
| 807        | Rule 106(a)(4) of the Colorado Rules of Civil Procedure. The Licensee's failure to   |
| 808        | timely appeal any decision/order of the Authority is a waiver of the Licensee's right  |
| 809        | to contest the decision/order. Any person applying to the court for review shall be  |
| 810        | required to pay the cost of preparing a transcript of proceedings before the   |
| 811        | Authority whenever such a transcript is necessary for the purposes of the appeal.  |
| 812        | 5.13.016 Application process/requirements.   |
| 012        | (a) Applications. All applications for any license authorized by this Chapter  |
| 813<br>814 | shall be submitted to the City Manager upon forms provided by the  |
| 815        | Authority and shall include supplemental materials as required by this   |
|            | The state of the s |

- Chapter, the Colorado Marijuana Code, and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto. To the extent any of the foregoing materials have been included with the Applicant's state license application and forwarded to the City by the State, the Authority may rely upon the information forwarded by Applicants without requiring resubmittal of the same materials in conjunction with the local license application.
- (b) The Authority may, at the Authority's discretion, require additional information and/or documentation for the consideration of the application as it may deem necessary to enforce the requirements of the Colorado Marijuana Code and this Chapter.
- (c) The general procedures and requirements of licenses, as more fully set forth in Chapter 5.04 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code, shall apply to regulated cannabis business licenses. To the extent of conflict between the provisions of this Chapter and Chapter 5.04, the provisions of this Chapter shall control for regulated cannabis licenses.
- (d) Initial Application.

- 1. Complete Application. The City Manager shall receive all Applications for a license authorized by this Chapter. The City Manager will review and, if demonstrated from the Application, find an Application to be complete if the Applicant, on forms provided by the City, provides materials and information demonstrating that all requirements for licensure can or will be met by the Applicant at the time of licensure as provided in this section and in § 05.13.024 of this Code.
- 2. No person or entity, to include an affiliate(s)/affiliated entity, shall apply for more than one license for any location in the City, unless applying for a co-located (medical and retail) licensure.
- 3. The Applicant provides an application for only one license at one location for each class of cannabis business license authorized by this Chapter. A co-located medical and retail cannabis business location shall be deemed one license. A location for a license shall be established and determined by lawful street addressing. A unit(s) in a building that is not separately, legally created and addressed is(are) not a separate location(s).
- 4. The Applicant has registered with the Authority the name(s) of the manager(s) of the cannabis business, and has provided to the Authority the names of all persons having 10% financial and/or ownership interest, in the cannabis business that is subject of the Application or, if the Applicant is an Entity, having a financial interest in the Entity together with the following:

| 855        |
|------------|
| 856        |
| 857        |
| 858        |
| 859        |
| 860        |
| 861        |
| 862        |
| 863        |
| 864        |
| 865        |
| 866        |
| 867        |
| 868        |
| 869        |
| 870        |
| 871        |
| 872        |
| 873        |
| 874        |
| 875        |
| 876        |
| 877        |
| 878        |
| 879        |
| 880        |
| 881        |
| 882        |
| 883        |
| 884        |
| 885        |
| 886        |
| 887        |
| 888        |
| 889        |
| 890        |
| 891        |
| 892        |
| 893        |
|            |
| 894        |
| 894<br>895 |
| 894        |

- i. Name, address, date of birth;
- ii. Acknowledgment and consent that the City may conduct a background investigation, including a criminal history check, and the City will be entitled to full and complete disclosure of all financial records of the regulated cannabis business and of any or all financial interests thereof, including records of deposit, withdrawals, balances and loans;
- iii. If the Applicant is an Entity, information regarding the Entity, including without limitation, the name and address of the Entity, its legal status, and proof of registration with, or a certificate of good standing from, the Colorado Secretary of State, as applicable;
- iv. If the Applicant is not the owner of the proposed licensed premises, a notarized statement from the owner of such property authorizing the use of the property for a cannabis business and specifying the type of regulated cannabis business(es) permitted;
- v. A copy of the deed reflecting the Applicant's ownership of, or the lease or contract reflecting the legal right of the Applicant to possess the proposed licensed premises for no less than three years;
- 5. The Applicant must disclose in writing any financial interests, including individuals and/or entities.
- 6. The Applicant must disclose in writing if the named owner(s), member(s), manager(s), Financer(s), agent(s), or person(s) named on the Application has(have) been:
  - i. Denied an application for a cannabis business license pursuant to this Chapter, or any state or local licensing law, rule, or regulation, or had such a license suspended or revoked.
  - ii. Denied an application for liquor license pursuant to Title 44, Article 47 or Article 46, C.R.S. or any similar state or local licensing law, or had such a license suspended or revoked.
    - 1. In the event an owner, member, agent, manager, financier, or other person named on the Application contains

information regarding violations of any law or previous denial or revocation of a license, that person must include with the Application any information regarding such violation(s), denial, or revocation. Such information must include, but is not limited to, a statement of the violation(s) and penalty(ies) for such violation(s), evidence of rehabilitation, character references, and educational achievements, and other regulatory licenses held without compliance violations, especially those items pertaining to the period of time between the Applicant's last violation of any law and the date of the application.

2. The City may, prior to issuance of the certificate of occupancy for the cannabis business, perform an inspection of the proposed licensed premises to determine compliance with any applicable requirements of this Chapter or other provisions of this Code, the International Fire Code or the International Building Code.

7. The Applicant must provide affirmation in writing that the Applicant officers, directors, other owners, any person having a direct or indirect financial interest in the business, and agents or employees of the Applicant are of Good Moral Character considering the factors in the Colorado Marijuana Code, this Chapter, and rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto; have no felony convictions in the last five years, no drug related local ordinance, petty offense or misdemeanor convictions in the last five years, and no drug related felony convictions.

8. The Applicant must provide affirmation in writing that the Applicant's principal officers, directors, members, or owners who now, or at any time in the past, have had 10% or more ownership in any cannabis business have not had, or the business has not had, a cannabis license suspended or revoked by the State of Colorado or any other state, or any other jurisdiction's local authority or other controlling authority;

9. The Applicant must submit a *Findings of Suitability* form.

 10. The Applicant must provide written proof of a binding quote for insurance as provided by § 5.13.030 of this Chapter;

11. The Applicant shall provide a written zoning and buffering verification from Community Development Department Director that states the location proposed for licensing complies with any and all zoning and land use laws of the City, and any and all restrictions on location set forth in this Code. If the Director makes a determination that the proposed license

location would be in violation of any zoning law or other restriction on location set forth in the GJMC and/or any Administrative Regulation(s) construing the same, then the Director shall, no later than 10 working days from the date the Applicant requested the zoning and buffering verification, notify the Applicant in writing that the proposed license location cannot be verified to be in compliance. As provided by the GJMC, the Applicant may appeal the Directors decision.

- 12. The Applicant must provide a written operating plan that includes, but is not limited to, the items in § 5.13.036.
- 13. The Applicant must provide a written security plan indicating how the Applicant will comply with the requirements set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code, this Chapter, and any other applicable law, rule, or regulations pursuant thereto. If drive thru cannabis service is contemplated, a description of security measures to prevent and address diversion of cannabis to youth and potential criminal behavior and is required a zoning/land use permit. The security plan includes specialized details of security arrangements and will be protected from disclosure as provided under the Colorado Open Records Act § 24-72-203(2)(a)(VIII), C.R.S. If the City finds that such documents are subject to inspection, it will provide notice to the Applicant as provided by the Colorado Open Records Act.
- 14. The Applicant must provide a written plan for preventing underage persons from entering the premises.
- 15. The Applicant must provide a written plan for disposal of any regulated cannabis that is not sold in a manner that protects any portion thereof from being possessed or ingested by any person or animal.
- 16. The Applicant must provide a written plan for ventilation of the regulated cannabis business that describes the ventilation systems that will be used to prevent unreasonable odor of cannabis off the premises of the business:
- 17. The Applicant must provide any supplemental materials required to be provided by the State in order to receive a State-issued cannabis business license pursuant to the Colorado Marijuana Code and rules adopted pursuant thereto.
- 18. The Applicant must provide any supplemental materials to comply with City laws and any additional information that the Authority reasonably determines to be necessary in connection with the investigation and review of the Application.

19. The Applicant shall provide affirmation in writing that it has and will satisfy and continuously meet, if a license is awarded, all the terms, conditions, provisions, and requirements imposed upon the Applicant or the Licensee by the applicable provisions of the Colorado Marijuana Code, the City's Code, and all the rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, and all applicable building, fire, health or zoning, codes, ordinances, rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto related to the cultivation, processing, manufacture, storage, sale, distribution, testing, research, transporting, or consumption of any form of cannabis.

- 20. The Applicant shall provide affirmation in writing the license application contains no fraudulent, misrepresented, or false statements of a material or relevant fact.
- 21. The Applicant shall pay all applicable application and licensing fees.
- 22. The Applicant provides affirmation in writing that it or the Licensee is not overdue on his/her/its payment of any taxes, fines, interest, penalties or collection costs assessed against or imposed upon such Applicant in any business matters, affairs or dealings of the Applicant in any state, county, municipality on which the Applicant conducts business.22.
- 23. The Applicant provides affirmation in writing that the Applicant will, if selected for licensure, make all the improvements to the licensed premises as required by the GJMC or will have a plan and timeline to improve the proposed license location so that the cannabis business operations shall begin within six months of the issuance of the License.
- 24. The Applicant affirms in writing, the Applicant is not a sheriff, deputy, police officer, prosecuting officer, or an officer or employee of the state; and,
- 25. The Applicant affirms in writing, the Applicant is not a person whose authority to be a primary caregiver as defined in § 25-1.5-106(2), C.R.S., has been revoked by the state health agency.
- (e) Incomplete Application. Upon review of an application, the City Manager shall provide a notice of initial determination to the Applicant in writing as to whether the Applicant's application is complete.
- (f) Denial of initial application. The City Manager may deny any application that does not meet the requirements of this Chapter, the Colorado Marijuana Code, or any other applicable state or City law or regulation. In addition to prohibitions on persons as licensees found in the Colorado Marijuana Code, should the Applicant fail to affirm any information or representation(s) as required by 5.13.016(d), or the City discovers

evidence that any affirmation was contrary, false, misleading or 1015 incomplete, such shall constitute full and adequate grounds for denial of 1016 any application. 1017 1. Notice of denial. If, after investigation and discovery, the City 1018 Manager determines that the application will be denied, the City 1019 Manager shall: 1020 a. Provide notice in writing to the Applicant that the 1021 Application is denied and reasons for the denial: 1022 b. Notify the State in writing of the City Manager's decision to 1023 deny the application. 1024 1025 2. Appeal of denial. An Applicant may appeal the City Manager's 1026 decision of denial by submitting a written request on a form provided 1027 by the City, received by the City Manager within 20 days of the date 1028 on the written notice of denial. The appeal request shall include any 1029 legal and factual support for the appeal. An appeal hearing will be set 1030 before the Hearing Officer for a written appeal. The Hearing Officer 1031 shall only review and consider those issues specifically addressed in 1032 the written appeal. 1033 1034 5.13.017 Randomized selection process. (a) All applications that are confirmed to be complete and in accordance with 1035 all applicable laws and regulations by the Hearing Officer shall enter the 1036 randomized selection process if there are more such applications than 1037 available licenses. In the event the number of confirmed applications is 1038 the same or fewer than the number of available license(s), the randomized 1039 selection process will not occur. 1040 (b) The random selection from qualified applications will be held by the 1041 Authority at City Hall, 250 N. 5th Street, Grand Junction, CO 81501. The 1042 random selection will be conducted publicly. Entrants need not be 1043 present at the selection. 1044 (c) All qualified applicants will be placed within the selection container and 1045 randomly selected and assigned a number in the order they are drawn 1046 from first to last. 1047 (d) Following the assignment of a random number, the numbers are placed 1048 back in the selection container and ten numbers will be randomly 1049 selected and such Applicants will have an opportunity to be issued a 1050 cannabis business license. The Authority will notify those selected in 1051 writing within seven (7) days of selection by United States mail return

receipt requested at the address set forth in the application.

1052

- (e)Those selected shall have the opportunity to operate a regulated cannabis 1054 business at the location specific to its Application and so long as it 1055 commences operations as specified in §5.13.017(d)(12). If any 1056 Applicant(s) selected at the random selection does not commence 1057 operations of the business, then another random selection process will 1058 occur in the same format as provided by this Code. 1059 (f) If less than ten Applicants are eligible to be randomly selected for 1060 issuance of a cannabis business license then no randomized selection 1061 process shall occur. 1062 (h) In no event may a qualified Applicant sell its position in the randomized 1063 selection process nor may an Applicant selected for licensure be allowed 1064 to sell, transfer or otherwise assign its position/license to any other 1065 person or entity. (See, §§5.13.029 and 030) 1066 1067 5.13.018 Investigation and fingerprinting of Applicant. Prior to the acceptance of applications for a License, transfer of ownership, change 1068 of corporate structure, or other permit as provided in this Chapter, the Colorado 1069 Marijuana Code and the Colorado Marijuana Rules, the following individuals shall 1070 provide verified fingerprint information to the Grand Junction Police Department: 1071 (a) If the Applicant is a natural person, that person; 1072 1073 (b) If the Applicant is a partnership, all of the partners; and (c) If the Applicant is a corporation, both the officers and directors, together 1074 with any person owning more than 10% of the stock thereof. 1075 1076 5.13.019 Duty to supplement. 1077
  - (a) If, at any time before or after a license is issued pursuant to this Chapter, any information required by the Colorado Marijuana Code, or any rule and regulation adopted pursuant thereto, changes from that which is stated in the application, the Applicant or Licensee shall supplement its application with the updated information within ten days from the date upon which such change occurs.

1079

1080

1081

1082

1083

1084

1085

1086

1087

- (b) An Applicant or Licensee has a duty to notify the Authority of any pending criminal charge(s) and any criminal conviction(s) by the Applicant, Licensee, any owner, officer, director, manager, agent or employee of the Applicant or Licensee within ten days of the event.
- (c) An Applicant or Licensee has a duty to notify the Authority of any pending violation of, and any conviction for, a violation of any building, fire, health

or zoning statute, code or ordinance related to the cultivation, processing, manufacture, transportation, storage, sale, distribution, testing, research, or consumption of any form of cannabis by the Applicant, Licensee, any owner, officer, director, manager, agent or employee of the Applicant or Licensee within ten days of the event.

#### 1094 **5.13.020 Number of licenses.**

1095

1096

1097

1098

1099

1100

1101

1102

1103

1104

1105

1106

1107

1122

- (a) No more than ten regulated cannabis business licenses, excluding any cannabis testing facilities and any medical cannabis business license(s) colocated with a Retail Cannabis business license, shall be issued.
- (b) Included within the 10 license limit referenced above in (a), no more than two cannabis business licenses may be issued in the Horizon Drive Association Business Improvement District, which is described as all commercial property bounded on the sough by G Road, north on Horizon Drive through and including H Road, bounded on the west by 27 Road/15<sup>th</sup> Street, and on the east by 27 ½ Road northeast to Walker Field Airport Authority. The boundaries of the Horizon Drive Association District include, but are not limited to, Horizon Court, Compass Drive Association, Crossroads Boulevard, Crossroads Court, Skyline Court, Sundstrand Way and Hilaria Avenue, as otherwise amended.

### 1108 5.13.021 Classes of licenses authorized.

- For the purpose of regulating testing, distribution, offering for sale and sale of cannabis, the Licensing Authority, in its sole discretion, may issue and grant to the Applicant a local license from any of the following classes, and the City hereby authorizes issuance of the licenses of the following classes by the state licensing authority in locations in the City, subject to the provisions in this Chapter:
- 1115 Retail Cannabis Store
- 1116 Co-located Medical Cannabis Store
- 1117 Retail Cannabis Testing Facility
- 1118 Medical Cannabis Testing Facility(ies)
- 5.13.022 Requirements of Issuance of a License.
- The Authority shall not issue a cannabis business license except when each of the following requirements have been met:
  - (a) The City Manager approved the Applicant's initial application; and,
- (b) The Hearing Officer finds in writing the initial application to be complete, and after a public hearing refers the initial application to the randomized

- selection process for possible selection for licensure for a license authorized by this Chapter;
- (c) If there is to be a randomized selection process, the initial Application was selected for licensure in that process; and,
  - (d) The Applicant submitted all documents to the Authority that it provided to the State for cannabis business licensure; and,
  - (e) At the time of issuance of a License, the Applicant has paid all fees and has or will have commence operation within 6 months of selection in the random selection process;
    - 1. The Hearing Officer may extend the period for the Applicant to commence operation for a period of up to 18 months and not to exceed 24 months from the date of selection in the random selection process.
    - (f) The Applicant and the Applicant's owner(s) and financier(s) are in compliance with all federal, state and local tax laws; and,
    - (g) A Licensee shall report each and every change of financial interest in the License and/or the Licensee to the Authority prior to any such change pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of law and the Colorado Marijuana Rules. A report shall be required for transfers of capital stock of any corporation regardless the size, for transfers of member interests of any limited liability company regardless of the size, and for any transfer of an interest in a partnership or other entity or association regardless of size;

## 5.13.023 Fees.

- (a) A nonrefundable Application Fee shall be paid to the state upon application to the state for a cannabis business license.
- (b) The Application and License Fees shall be paid to the City at the time of application for a cannabis business license. The License Fee may be refunded if an application is withdrawn by the Applicant, denied by the City Manager or Hearing Officer, or the Applicant is not selected in the randomized selection process. A request for a refund must be made in writing by the Applicant to the City Manager within 30 days of the date of the withdrawal, denial of the application or failure of the license to be selected in the randomized selection process for issuance of a cannabis business license. The Application Fee is nonrefundable.
- (c) Renewal, change of location, inspection and all other fees may be imposed as necessary for the administration, regulation and implementation of this Code shall be set by City Council resolution.

- 1161 (d) License and application fees shall be set City Council resolution, and, as
  1162 deemed necessary, adjusted to reflect the direct and indirect costs
  1163 incurred by the City in connection with the adoption, administration, and
  1164 enforcement of this Code.
  - (e) In addition to fees and any other monetary remedy provided by this Code, the City shall have the right to recover all sums due and owing hereunder by any civil remedy available at law.
  - 5.13.024 No vested rights; commencement of operations.
    - (a) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter, an application initially approved for consideration of licensure and found to be complete by the Hearing Officer, or in the event a license is issued, creates no vested right(s) to the License or the renewal of a License, and no property right in the License or the renewal of a License is created.
    - (b) In the event that a cannabis business does not commence operations within 6 months of selection through the randomized selection process, the license shall be deemed forfeited and the business may not commence operation, unless the Authority has granted an extension , which extension shall in no event exceed 24 months from the date of selection in the randomized selection process.
    - (c) It shall be unlawful for the owner of a building to allow the use of any portion of the building by a cannabis business unless the tenant has a valid regulated cannabis business license or has applied for one and been awarded a regulated cannabis business license or no cannabis is located on the premises until a license has been issued by the City. In the event that the City has an articulable reason to believe that a regulated cannabis business is being operated in a building, it shall be unlawful for the owner of the building to refuse to allow the City access to the portion of the building in which the suspected cannabis business is located to determine whether any cannabis is on the premises.

### 5.13.025 Transfer.

(a) A cannabis business license is not transferrable or assignable, in whole or in part, including, without limitation, to a different premise or to a different type of business. A regulated cannabis business license is valid only for the owner named thereon, the type of business disclosed on the application for the License(s), and the location for which the license is issued. The Licensee(s) of a regulated cannabis business are only those persons

- disclosed in the Application or subsequently disclosed to the City in accordance with this Chapter.
- 1204 (b) Transfer of ownership of any interest of the Licensee may not occur within 1205 three years of issuance of the license by the City unless by Court order or 1206 other operation of law such as probate or lawful seizure/dispossession.
  - (c) Transfer of ownership of any regulated cannabis business license issued pursuant to this Chapter shall be governed by the standards and procedures set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto and the Authority shall administer transfers of local licenses in the same manner as the state licensing authority administers transfers of state licenses. The public hearing requirement set forth in § 5.13.027 of this Chapter shall apply to all applications for transfer of ownership of any regulated cannabis license.
  - (d) In determining whether to permit a transfer of ownership, the Authority may consider the requirements of law and the Colorado Marijuana Rules. No application for transfer of ownership will be considered by the Authority if, at the time of such application, the Licensee is under a notice of violation or other unlawful acts issued by either the Authority or the state licensing authority.
    - (e) The submission or pendency of an application for transfer of ownership does not relieve the Licensee from the obligation to properly apply to renew such License.
    - (f) No owner may apply for a transfer of ownership of any regulated cannabis business license issued pursuant to this Chapter if the transferee is an owner of or an affiliate of any other business entity holding another regulated cannabis license in the City.
    - 5.13.026 Change in corporate structure.

1208

1209

1210

1211

1212

1213

1214

1215

1216

1217

1218

1219

1220

1221

1222

1223

12241225

12261227

1228

1229

1230

1231

1232

1233

1234

1235

1236

1237

1238

- (a) A change of corporate structure of any regulated cannabis business that results in any of the change(s) in subsections 1 through 3 below shall require the filing of an application and payment of the requisite fees and shall be subject to all requirements of the licensing process. A change of corporate structure shall be heard and approved or denied by the Authority.
  - 1. Any transfer or assignment of ten percent or more of the capital stock of any corporation, or transfer of ten percent or more of the ownership interests of any limited partnership interest in any year, or transfer of any liability company interest in a limited liability company of any kind, joint venture or business entity that results in any individual owning more than ten percent of ownership interest

- in the business entity if that individual's ownership interest did not 1240 exceed ten percent prior to transfer. 1241 2. Any change of officer or directors of a corporation that involves the 1242 addition or substitution of individual(s) who was not previously an 1243 officer or director of the corporation during a period of time that the 1244 corporation held the license. 1245 (b) A change of corporate structure that results in any transfer or assignment 1246 of less than ten percent of the capital stock of any corporation or less than 1247 ten percent of the ownership interests of any limited partnership interest in 1248 any year to a person who currently has an interest in the business, and that 1249 does not result in a change of controlling interest, shall not require an 1250 application for change of corporate structure. 1251 (c) No application for transfer of ownership or change in corporate structure 1252 may be approved by the Authority until all City and state occupational taxes, 1253 City and state sales and use taxes, excise taxes, any fines, penalties, and 1254 interest assessed against or imposed upon such Licensee in relation to 1255 1256 operation of the licensed business are paid in full. (d) A Licensee shall report each and every change of financial interest in the 1257 license and/or the Licensee to the Authority prior to any such change 1258 1259 pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of law and the Colorado Marijuana Rules. A report shall be required for transfers of capital stock of 1260 any corporation regardless the size, for transfers of member interests of 1261 any limited liability company regardless of the size, and for any transfer of 1262 an interest in a partnership or other entity or association regardless of size. 1263 (e) No owner may apply for a change in corporate structure of any regulated 1264 cannabis business licensed entity issued pursuant to this Chapter if the 1265
- 5.13.027 Public Hearing and Notice Requirements.

another regulated cannabis license in the City.

1266

1267

1268

1270

1271

1272

1273

1274

1275

1276

1277

(a) The public hearing procedure shall apply to any Application that has been first approved by the City Manager for any regulated cannabis business and to any application for licensing renewal if the renewal application is referred to the Licensing Authority by the City Manager pursuant to § 5.13.035 of this Chapter.

change adds any person or entity as an owner, officer or member of the

corporation or entity as an affiliate of any other business entity holding

(b) Public notice of the application shall be given as follows or as more particularly required by C.R.S. 44-10-303 as applicable.

1. Posting a sign by the applicant on the premises for which an 1278 application has been made, not less than 14 days prior to the public 1279 hearing, stating the date of the application, the date of the hearing, the 1280 name and address of the applicant and such information as may be 1281 required to fully apprise the public of the nature of the application. The 1282 City Clerk shall provide the sign to the applicant for posting. If the 1283 building in which the regulated cannabis business is to be located is in 1284 existence at the time of the application, any sign posted shall be placed 1285 so as to be conspicuous and plainly visible to the general public. 1286 1287 1288 2. Publication of notice by the City Manager not less than 14 days prior to the public hearing, in the same manner as the City posts notice of other 1289 public hearing matters. 1290 1291 (c) Any decision of the Authority, acting by and through the Hearing 1292 Officer, approving or denying an application shall be in writing stating 1293 the reasons therefor and a copy of such decision shall be mailed by 1294 certified mail to the Applicant at the address shown in the Application 1295 and to the State licensing authority. 1296 1297 5.13.028 Persons prohibited as Licensees. (a) No license shall be issued to, held by or renewed by any of the following: 1298 1. Any person until the annual fee for the license has been paid; 1299 2. Any natural person who is not of good moral character; 1300 3. Any entity of whose officers, directors, stockholders, or managing 1301 members are not of good moral character; 1302 4. Any person employing, assisted by, or financed in whole or in part 1303 1304 by any other person who is not of good moral character; 5. Any natural person who has been released within five years 1305 immediately preceding the application from any form of 1306 incarceration or court-ordered supervision, including a deferred 1307 sentence, resulting from a conviction of any felony or any crime 1308 under the laws of the State would be a felony; or any crime of which 1309 fraud or intent to defraud element, whether in the State or 1310 elsewhere; or any felonious crime of violence, whether in the State 1311 or elsewhere: 1312 6. Any person with ten percent (10%) or greater financial interest in 1313

in (1) above;

1314

1315

the entity that has been convicted of any of the offenses set forth

| 1316 | 7. Any Applicant who has made a false, misleading or fraudulent           |
|------|---|
| 1317 | statement or who has intentionally omitted pertinent information          |
| 1318 | on his or her application for a license;                                  |
| 1319 | 8. Any natural person who is under 21 years of age;                       |
| 1320 | 9. Any person who operates or manages a regulated cannabis                |
| 1321 | business contrary to the provisions of this Chapter, any other            |
| 1322 | applicable law, rule, or regulation or conditions imposed on land         |
| 1323 | use or license approvals, or contrary to the terms of the plans           |
| 1324 | submitted with the license application or has operated a business         |
| 1325 | in violation of any law;  |
| 1326 | 10. Any person applying for a license to operate a regulated cannabis     |
| 1327 | business who has been licensed to operate another regulated               |
| 1328 | cannabis business in the City pursuant to this Chapter;                   |
| 1329 | 11. A person licensed pursuant to this Chapter who, during a period       |
| 1330 | of licensure, or who, at the time of application, has failed to remedy    |
| 1331 | an outstanding delinquency for taxes owed, or an outstanding              |
| 1332 | delinquency for judgments owed to a government;                           |
| 1333 | 12. A sheriff, deputy, police officer, prosecuting officer, or an officer |
| 1334 | or employee of the state or Authority; and,                               |
| 1335 | 13. A person whose authority to be a primary caregiver as defined in      |
| 1336 | § 25-1.5-106(2), C.R.S., has been revoked by the state health             |
| 1337 | agency.   |
| 1338 | 14. No owner of any business applying for a license or in possession      |
| 1339 | of a license within the City may apply for or be an owner of or be        |
| 1340 | an affiliate of any other business entity applying for another license    |
| 1341 | within the City.  |
| 1342 | (b) In making an evaluation of the good moral character of an individual  |
| 1343 | identified on an application or amendment thereof, the Authority shall    |
| 1344 | consider the following:   |
| 1345 | 1. An Applicant's violation of law shall not, by itself, be grounds for   |
| 1346 | denying an application;   |
| 1347 | 2. Verification of or lack of ability to verify items disclosed by the    |
| 1348 | Applicant;  |
| 1349 | 3. When a person has a history of violation of any law or a history       |
| 1350 | including denial, revocation, or suspension of a license, the types       |

- and dates of violations; the evidence of rehabilitation, if any, submitted by the individual; whether the violations of any laws are related to moral turpitude, substance abuse, or other violations of any laws that may directly affect the individual's ability to operate a regulated cannabis business; or whether the violations of any law are unrelated to the individual's ability to operate such a business;
  - 4. The evidence or lack of evidence regarding the ability of the individual to refrain from being under the influence of intoxicating or controlled substances while performing regular tasks and operating a regulated cannabis business;
  - 5. Rules adopted by the Authority to implement this Chapter;
  - 6. Law, rules, and regulations applicable to evaluation of other types of licenses issued by the City that consider the good moral character of the Applicant; and,
  - 7. Any additional information the Authority may request of the Applicant if the Applicant has a violation of any laws, an administrative or judicial finding of violation of laws regarding use of alcohol or controlled substances or items disclosed by the individual which require additional information in order for the manager to make a determination regarding issuance of the license.
  - 5.13.029 Security requirements.

- Security measures at all licensed premises shall comply with the requirements of the Colorado Marijuana Code and applicable rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. In addition, thereto, the following security practice are required:
  - (a) A security plan submitted with the Application, as it may be amended, shall provide equipment, which shall be in good working order, monitored, and secured 24 hours per day. The plan, at a minimum, shall include:
    - 1. The installation and use of security cameras to monitor and record all areas of the premises (except restrooms), and where persons may gain or attempt to gain access to cannabis or cash maintained by the regulated cannabis business. Cameras shall record operations of the business to the off-site location, as well as all potential areas of ingress or egress to the business with sufficient detail to identify facial features and clothing. Recordings from security cameras shall be maintained for a minimum of 40 days in a secure offsite location in the City or through a service over a network that provides on-demand access, commonly referred to as a "cloud". The offsite location shall

be included in the security plan submitted to the City and provided to 1389 the Grand Junction Police Department and updated within 72 hours of 1390 any change of such location. 1391 2. The installation and use of a safe for storage and any processed 1392 cannabis and cash on the premises when the business is closed to 1393 the public. The safe, as defined in 5.13.013, shall be incorporated into 1394 the building structure or securely attached thereto. 1395 1396 3. The installation and use of an alarm system that is monitored by a company that is staffed 24 hours a day, seven days a week. The 1397 security plan submitted to the City shall identify the company 1398 monitoring the alarm, including contact information, and updated 1399 within 72 hours of any change of monitoring company. If the alarm 1400 system includes a panic alarm, an operable dedicated phone for law 1401 enforcement to respond to the alarm shall remain on the premises at 1402 all times. 1403 4. The installation and use of outdoor lighting and a diagram and 1404 1405 description of where the lighting shall be placed in accordance with the GJMC. 1406 (b) The security plan shall be designed to: 1407 1. Prevent the use of cannabis on the licensed premises; 1408 2. Prevent unauthorized individuals from entering the limited access 1409 area portion of the licensed premises; 1410 3. Prevent theft or the diversion of cannabis, including maintaining all 1411 cannabis in a secure, locked room that is accessible only to 1412 authorized persons and, when the business is closed to the public, in 1413 a safe or vault or equivalent secured fixture. 1414 5.13.030 Insurance. 1415 (a) All Applicants must provide at time of application binding quote 1416 worker's compensation insurance as required by state law and general 1417 liability insurance with minimum limits of \$1,000,000 per occurrence and a 1418 \$2,000,000 aggregate limit. 1419 (b) Licensee shall at all times maintain in force and effect worker's 1420 compensation insurance as required by state law and general liability 1421 insurance with minimum limits of \$1,000,000 per occurrence and a 1422 \$2,000,000 aggregate limit. 1423

| 1424 | (c) Insurance shall:  |
|------|---|
| 1425 | 1. Provide primary coverage;  |
| 1426 | 2. Carry limits as provided in this Chapter;  |
| 1427 | 3. Issue from a company licensed to do business in Colorado having an AN            |
| 1428 | Best rating of at least A-VI; and,  |
| 1429 | 4. Be procured and maintained in full force and effect for duration of the          |
| 1430 | License.  |
| 1431 | (d) Licensee shall be required to maintain insurance under this section and shal    |
| 1432 | annually provide the City a certificate of insurance evidencing the existence       |
| 1433 | of a valid and effective policy. The certificate shall show the following:          |
| 1434 | 1. The limits of each policy, the name of the insurer, the effective date and       |
| 1435 | expiration date of each policy, the policy number, and the names of the             |
| 1436 | additional insureds; and,   |
| 1437 | 2. A statement that Licensee shall notify the City of any cancellation of           |
| 1438 | reduction in coverage within seven days of receipt of insurer's                     |
| 1439 | notification to that effect. The Licensee shall forthwith obtain and submi-         |
| 1440 | proof of substitute insurance in the event of expiration or cancellation of         |
| 1441 | coverage within 30 days.  |
| 1442 | 5.13.031 Report requirements.   |
| 1443 | A cannabis business shall report to the City Manager each of the following within   |
| 1444 | the time specified. If no time is specified, the report shall be provided within 72 |
| 1445 | hours of the event:   |
| 1446 | (a) Transfer or change of financial interest, manager or Financier in the license   |
| 1447 | to the City at least 30 days before the transfer or change;                         |
| 1448 | (b) Sales and taxable transactions and file sales and use tax reports to the City   |
| 1449 | monthly;  |
| 1450 | (c) Any violation of law by any Licensee, Applicant, or employee of a regulated     |
| 1451 | cannabis business;  |
| 1452 | (d) A notice of potential violation of any law to any license;                      |
| 1453 | (e) Upon City request, any report that the regulated cannabis business is           |
| 1454 | required to provide to the State: and:  |

(f) Licensee and any agent, manager or employee thereof shall immediately 1455 report to the Grand Junction Police Department any disorderly act, conduct 1456 or disturbance and any unlawful activity committed in or on the licensed 1457 premises, including, but not limited to, any unlawful sale of regulated 1458 cannabis, and shall also immediately report any such activity of which the 1459 Licensee has knowledge in the immediate vicinity of the business within 1460 twelve hours of the occurrence. 1461 1462 (g) Each Licensee shall post and keep at all times visible to the public in a conspicuous place on the premises a sign with a minimum height of 14 1463 inches and a minimum width of 11 inches with each letter to be minimum of 1464 one-half inch in height, which shall read as follows: 1465 **WARNING:** 1466 Grand Junction Police Department shall be notified of any 1467 disorderly act(s), conduct or disturbance(s) and all unlawful 1468 activity(ies) which occur on or within the premises of this 1469 licensed establishment. 1470 1471 (h) It shall not be a defense to a prosecution of a License under this section that the Licensee was not personally present on the premises at the time 1472 such unlawful activity, disorderly act, conduct, or disturbance was 1473 committed. 1474 (i) Failure to comply with the requirements of this section shall be considered 1475 by the Authority in any action relating to the issuance, revocation, 1476 1477 suspension or nonrenewal of a license. 5.13.032 Public health and labeling requirements. 1478 (a) All regulated cannabis sold or otherwise distributed by the Licensee shall 1479 be labeled in a manner that complies with the requirements of the Colorado 1480 Marijuana Code and all applicable rules and regulations promulgated 1481 thereunder. 1482 (b) All regulated cannabis sold or otherwise distributed by the Licensee shall be 1483 packaged and labeled in a manner that advises the purchaser that it contains 1484 cannabis and specifies the amount of cannabis in the product, that the 1485 cannabis is intended for regulated use solely by the person to whom it is 1486 sold, and that any resale or redistribution of the regulated cannabis to a third 1487 person is prohibited. In addition, the label shall comply with all applicable 1488 requirements of the State of Colorado and any other applicable law. 1489

without obvious damage to the packaging.

(c) The product shall be packaged in a sealed container that cannot be opened

1490

5.13.033 Cannabis sales; walk-up and drive thru. 1492 1493 (a) Regulated cannabis stores licensed may serve customers through drive-up window as permitted by the City and the State. If a licensed business intends 1494 to permit a walk-up and/or drive-thru sales, this must be included in the 1495 business plan submitted to the City in the application process. 1496 (b) Order and identification requirements. 1497 1. Prior to transferring cannabis to a customer, the regulated cannabis 1498 business must ensure that the consumer is 21 years of age or older by 1499 inspecting the consumer's identification. 1500 2. Regulated cannabis stores may accept telephone or online orders or may 1501 accept orders from the consumer at the walk-up window or drive-up 1502 window, to the extent allowed under state law. 1503 3. All orders received through a walk-up window or drive-thru window must 1504 be placed by the customer from a menu. The regulated cannabis store may 1505 not display cannabis at the walk-up or drive-thru window. 1506 4. Delivery windows for walk-up sales must be at a separate location on the 1507 1508 premises than those for drive-thru sales. 5. For every transfer of regulated cannabis through either a walk-up window 1509 or drive-up window, the regulated cannabis store video surveillance must 1510 record the consumer's facial features with sufficient clarity to establish 1511 their identity (and consumer's vehicle in the event of drive-up window) and 1512 must record the Licensee verifying the consumer's identification and 1513 completion of the transaction through the transfer of regulated cannabis. 1514 5.13.034 Prohibited acts. It shall be unlawful: 1515 (a) For any person to sell cannabis or cannabis products without valid regulated 1516 cannabis business licenses from the City and a valid regulated cannabis 1517 business license from the State: 1518 1519 1520 (b) at a licensed regulated cannabis store any time not permitted by this Code; For any person to operate a regulated cannabis business 1521

area of any cannabis business;

(c) For any person to sell or distribute cannabis to persons under the age of 21;

(d) For any person under 21 years of age to be on or within the limited access

1522

- 1525 (e) For any person to display, transfer, cultivate, distribute, transfer, serve, sell,
  1526 give away, produce, dispose of, smoke, use, or ingest cannabis or any
  1527 cannabis openly or publicly in a place open to the general public;
- 1528 (f) For any person to possess or operate a cannabis business in violation of this Chapter or in a manner that is not consistent with the items disclosed in the application for the cannabis business or be in violation of any plan made part of the License Application and/or License;

- (g) For any person to produce, distribute, or possess more cannabis than allowed by law, or than disclosed in the application to the State of Colorado and the Authority for a cannabis business license, or other applicable law;
- (h) For any person to refuse or fail to provide video surveillance footage to the Grand Junction Police Department, the City Manager, the City Attorney, or the Authority in connection with a criminal and/or license violation investigation, or to refuse to allow inspection of a cannabis business.
- (i) For any person to refuse to allow inspection of a regulated cannabis business upon request of a City employee. Any Licensee, owner, manager, or operator of a regulated cannabis business, or the owner of the property where a regulated cannabis business is located, may be charged with this violation;
- (j) For any person to store or keep cannabis intended for sale or distribution by the Licensee in any place outside of the licensed premises;
- (k) For any person to smoke, use, or ingest on the premises of a regulated cannabis business cannabis, fermented malt beverage, malt, vinous, and spirituous liquor or any controlled substance(s), except in compliance with the directions on a legal prescription for the person from a doctor with prescription writing privileges;
- (I) For any person to operate or be in physical control of any cannabis business while under the influence of alcohol or other intoxicant, or cannabis, or any controlled substance(s), except in compliance with the directions on a legal prescription for the person from a doctor with prescription writing privileges;
- (m) For alcohol beverages to be on the licensed premises;
- (n) For any person to purchase cannabis in the City from any person not properly licensed to sell cannabis;
  - (o) For any person to possess or operate a regulated cannabis business in violation of this Chapter;

- (p) For any person to produce, distribute, or possess more cannabis than 1562 allowed by law; or than disclosed in the application to the State of Colorado 1563 for a regulated cannabis business license, or other applicable law; 1564
- (q) For any person to give away, dispense, or otherwise distribute cannabis for 1565 free or without use of a coupon approved and defined by this Code; 1566
- (r) For any person to knowingly conduct or permit any employee to conduct any 1567 sale(s) transaction(s) when the video surveillance system or equipment is 1568 inoperable; 1569
- (s) For any person to distribute cannabis for remuneration without a regulated 1570 cannabis license or outside of the restricted area of the regulated cannabis 1571 1572 business:
- (t) For any person to possess regulated cannabis, or own or manage a 1573 regulated cannabis business, or own or manage a building with a regulated 1574 cannabis business, where there is possession of regulated cannabis, by a 1575 person who is not lawfully permitted to possess regulated cannabis: 1576
- (u) For any person to possess or operate a regulated cannabis business in a 1577 location for which a regulated cannabis business license is prohibited by 1578 law;

1589

1590

1591

1592

1593

1594

1595

- (v) For any person to operate a regulated cannabis business in a manner that is 1580 not consistent with the Application for the regulated cannabis business or is 1581 in violation of any plan made part of the license application/issued license; 1582
- (w) For any person to operate a regulated cannabis business without obtaining 1583 and passing all building inspections and obtaining all permits required by 1584 the City; 1585
- (x) For any person to operate a regulated cannabis business in violation of any 1586 building, fire, zoning, plumbing, electrical, or mechanical code(s) as adopted 1587 and amended by the City; 1588
  - (y) For any person to operate a regulated cannabis business without disclosing, in the application for a regulated cannabis business license or an amendment thereto, an agent who either (i) acts with managerial authority, (ii) provides advise to the regulated cannabis business for compensation, or (iii) receives periodic compensation totaling \$1,000 or more in a single year for services related to the regulated cannabis business. It shall be an affirmative defense that the undisclosed person was an attorney, accountant, bookkeeper, or mail delivery person;

- 1597 **(z)** For any person to operate a regulated cannabis business without a sales tax license as required by the GJMC;
- (aa) For any person to make any change(s), or for the Licensee to allow any change(s), to the terms of any plan(s) submitted with the license application and approved by the City, or the person(s) entity(ies) named in the application, without prior approval of the City;
- 1603 (bb) For any person to attempt to use or display a regulated cannabis business
  1604 license at a different location or for a different business entity than the
  1605 location and business entity disclosed on the application for the issued
  1606 license;
- 1607 (cc) For any person to cultivate, produce, distribute or possess regulated
  1608 cannabis or own or manage a regulated cannabis business in which another
  1609 person cultivates, produces, distributes, or possesses cannabis, in
  1610 violation of law;
- 1611 (dd) For any person to allow an owner or manager that has not been disclosed to the City as required by law to operate the business;
- 1613 (ee) For any person to dispose of regulated cannabis or any by-product of regulated cannabis containing cannabis in a manner contrary to law;
- 1615 (ff) For a person to distribute a regulated cannabis plant to any person, except as permitted by law for immature plants;
- 1617 (gg) For any person to deliver regulated cannabis between regulated cannabis businesses except in strict compliance with law;
- 1619 (hh) For any person to advertise or publish materials, honor coupons, sell or
  1620 give away products, or display signs that are in violation of this Code or the
  1621 laws of the State of Colorado;
- 1622 (ii) For any person to violate any provision of this Code or any condition of a license granted pursuant to this Code or any law, rule, or regulation applicable to the use of regulated cannabis or the operation of a regulated cannabis business;
- 1626 (jj) For any person to permit any other person to violate any provision of this
  1627 Code or any condition of an approval granted pursuant to this Code, or any
  1628 law, rule, or regulation applicable to the use of regulated cannabis or the
  1629 operation of a regulated cannabis business;

- 1630 (kk) For any person to lease any property to a regulated cannabis business that
  1631 has cannabis on the property without a regulated cannabis business license
  1632 from the City;
- (II) For any person to distribute cannabis within a regulated cannabis business to any person who shows visible signs of intoxication from alcohol, cannabis, or other drug(s)/intoxicant(s);
- 1636 (mm) For any person to be on or within the licensed premises if such person is under 21 years of age;
- 1638 (nn) For any person to permit any person under 21 years of age on the premises
  1639 of the regulated cannabis business; it is presumed that the Licensee is
  1640 aware of the age of all people on the premises if identification is not
  1641 specifically checked at the entry to the building;
- (oo) For any person to fail to confiscate fraudulent proof of age and notify the Grand Junction Police Department. It shall be an affirmative defense to failure to confiscate the fraudulent proof of age if an attempt to confiscate a fraudulent proof of age caused a reasonable person to believe the act created a threat to any person;
- 1647 (pp) For any person to fail to provide a copy or record of a coupon issued by or 1648 redeemed at the regulated cannabis business upon request of an authorized 1649 City employee;

1651

1652

1653

1654

1655

1656

1657

1658

1659

1660

1661

1662

1663

- (qq) For any licensee or any manager, agent or employee of such licensee to fail to immediately report to the Grand Junction Police Department and the Authority any disturbance(s), disorderly conduct or criminal activity occurring at the regulated cannabis business, on the licensed premises, within the licensed premises, or any property under the control or management of the Licensee, including any associated contiguous parking area used by Licensee's patrons. For the purpose of this subsection, "report" means to either:
  - 1. Immediately, verbally, and directly in person notify any on-site uniformed Grand Junction Police Officer whether on duty or working secondary employment; or
  - 2. Immediately place and complete a telephone call to the nonemergency line at the Grand Junction Police Department; or
  - 3. Immediately place and complete a telephone call to the emergency line at the Grand Junction Police Department.

- 1665 (rr) For any person to fail to post the premises with signs notifying the public of the closure of the business during a suspension as required by this Chapter;
- 1667 (ss) For any licensee holding a regulated cannabis store license, or for any agent,
  1668 manager or employee thereof, to sell, give, dispense or otherwise distribute
  1669 cannabis or regulated cannabis paraphernalia from any outdoor location;
- 1670 (tt) For any person to employ a business manager that has not been properly registered with the City; and,
- 1672 (uu) For any person to operate or possess a regulated cannabis business license 1673 in violation of any ordinance or regulation of the City, or any applicable law, 1674 rule or regulation.
- Any person who pleads guilty or no contest to, or who, after hearing, is found to have violated any of the foregoing shall be subject to penalties pursuant to Chapter 1.04.080 and any penalties specifically referenced within the GJMC.
- 5.13.035 Nonrenewal, suspension or revocation of license.

1680 1681

1682

1683

1684

1685

1686

1687

1688

1689

1690

1691

1692

1693

1694

1695

1696

1697

1698

- (a) The term and renewal of the license shall be governed by the standards and procedures set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code, the City's Code and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto.
  - (b) The Authority, acting by and through the Hearing Officer, may, after notice and hearing, suspend, revoke or deny renewal of a license for any of the following reasons:
    - 1. The Applicant or licensee, or his or her agent, manager or employee, manager, or financier has violated, does not meet, or has failed to comply with, any of the terms, requirements, conditions, or provisions of this Code or with or with any applicable state or local law, rule or regulation;
    - 2. The Applicant or Licensee, or his or her agent, manager or employee, or financier has failed to comply with any special terms or conditions of its license pursuant to an order of the state or the Authority, including those terms and conditions that were established at the time of issuance of the license and those imposed as a result of any disciplinary proceeding(s)held subsequent to the issuance of the license;
    - 3. The regulated cannabis business has been operated, by a preponderance of the evidence, in a manner that adversely affects the public health, safety or welfare;
    - 4. Misrepresentation or omission of any material fact, or false or misleading information, on the application any amendment thereto, or renewal

request, or any other information provided to the City related to the 1700 regulated cannabis business; 1701 5. Violation of any law by which, if occurring prior to and during submittal 1702 and review of the application, could have been cause for denial of the 1703 license application: 1704 6. Distribution of cannabis, including, without limitation, in violation of this 1705 Chapter or any other applicable law, rule, or regulation; 1706 7. Failure to maintain, or provide to the City upon request, any books. 1707 recordings, reports, or other records required by this Chapter; 1708 8. Failure of the Licensee to file any report(s), notification(s) or furnish any 1709 information as required by the provisions of this Chapter, or any rule or 1710 law adopted pursuant thereto relating to any license authorized by law; 1711 9. Failure to timely notify the City and to complete necessary form(s) for 1712 change(s) in financial interest, manager(s), financier, or agent; 1713 10. Temporary or permanent closure, or other sanction of the business, by 1714 the City, or by the County or State of Colorado or other governmental 1715 entity with jurisdiction, for failure to comply with health and safety 1716 provisions of this Chapter or otherwise applicable to the business or any 1717 other applicable law; 1718 1719 11. Revocation or suspension of another regulated cannabis business or any other license issued by the City, the State, or any other jurisdiction held 1720 by any Licensee of the regulated cannabis business; 1721 12. Failure to timely correct any violation of any law or comply with any order 1722 to correct a violation of any law within the time stated in the notice or 1723 order: 1724 13. Abandonment of the licensed premises by the Licensee or otherwise 1725 ceasing of operations without notifying the Authority and the state 1726 licensing authority within 48 hours in advance and without accounting for 1727 and forfeiting to the state licensing authority for the destruction of all 1728 cannabis or products containing cannabis; 1729 14. Failure to comply with the provisions of the Colorado Marijuana Code, the 1730

Authority or State licensing authority.

1731

1732

1733

City's Code, and any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, or any

special term or condition placed upon the Licensee by order of the

15. Violations of any conditions imposed in connection with the issuance or 1734 renewal of the license: 1735 16. Failure to pay all required fines, interest, costs, fees, or penalties 1736 assessed against or imposed upon such Licensee in relation to the 1737 licensed cannabis business; 1738 17. Failure to file tax returns when due as required by this Code, or the 1739 Licensee is overdue on his or her payment to the state or local taxes 1740 related to the operation of the business associated with the license: 1741 18. Loss of right of possession to the licensed premises; 1742 19. Failure of the licensee to comply with the duty to supplement the license 1743 application; 1744 20. Failure of the licensee to operate in accordance with any special term or 1745 condition placed upon a license by the Authority or the state licensing 1746 authority; 1747 21. The licensee, or any of agent(s) or employee(s) of the Licensee, have 1748 committed any unlawful act as described in this Chapter or violated any 1749 1750 ordinance of the City or any state law on the premises or have permitted such a violation on the premises by any person; 1751 22. The licensee has knowingly permitted or encouraged, or has knowingly 1752 and unreasonably failed to prevent a public nuisance within the meaning 1753 of this Chapter from occurring or in or about the licensed premises; 1754 23. The odor of cannabis is perceptible to an ordinary person at the exterior 1755 of the building at the licensed premises or is perceptible within any space 1756 adjoining the licensed premises; 1757 24. The licensee knowingly permitted or allowed the consumption of 1758 cannabis on the licensed premise; 1759 25. The licensee knowingly permitted the possession or consumption of an 1760 alcohol beverage within the licensed premises. At any hearing for 1761 violation of this subsection, any bottle, can, or other container label 1762 indicating the contents of such bottle, can, or other container, shall be 1763 admissible into evidence and shall be prima facie evidence that the 1764 contents of the bottle, can, or other container was composed in whole or 1765 in part an alcohol beverage; 1766

26. The licensee has failed to appear upon a Municipal Court summons;

27. The licensee, or any of the officer(s), director(s), owner(s), manager(s), agent(s), or employee(s) has(have) been convicted of a felony or drug related criminal offense within the previous 12 months;

- 28. The licensee engaged in any form of business or commerce involving the cultivation, processing, manufacturing, storage, sale, distribution, transportation, research or consumption of any form of cannabis or cannabis product other than the privileges granted under the regulated cannabis business license;
- 29. The licensee has materially or substantially, changed, altered, or modified the licensed premises, or use of the licensed premises, without obtaining prior approval to make such changes, alterations, or modifications from the Authority;
- 30. The licensee has failed to maintain a valid state license; and,
- 31. The licensee, or any of the agent(s), servant(s) or employee(s) of the licensee has/have violated any ordinance of the City or any state or federal law on the premises or have permitted such a violation on the premises by any other person.
- (c) Evidence to support a finding of a violation(s) may include, without limitation, one or a combination of the following;
  - 1. A continuing pattern of disorderly conduct, disturbance(s) or criminal activity occurring at the location, on the licensed premises, within the licensed premises, or any adjoining grounds or property under the control or management of the licensee;
  - 2. An ongoing nuisance condition emanating from or caused by the regulated cannabis business.
- (d) In the event a business or Licensee is charged with violation of any law, upon which a final judgment would be grounds for suspension or revocation of a license, the City may suspend the license pending the resolution of the alleged violation.
- (e) If the City revokes or suspends a license, the regulated cannabis business may not move any cannabis from the premises except under the supervision of the Grand Junction Police Department.
- (f) The Authority shall conduct a review of all licenses at least annually and, in addition to examining the factors enumerated in this subsection, may hold a hearing on each license at which the general public may be invited to appear and provide testimony as to the effects of the license on the surrounding

- 1804 community and the City at large, and the Authority may take such views into consideration when deciding whether to continue or renew such license.
  - (g) In the event of the suspension of a regulated cannabis business license, during the period of suspension, the business:
    - 1. Shall post two notices provided by the Authority, in conspicuous places, one on the exterior and one on the interior of its premises for the duration of the suspension; and
    - 2. Shall not sell or otherwise distribute or transport cannabis, nor allow any customers into the licensed premises.
- **5.13.036 Operational Standards.**
- All regulated cannabis businesses shall comply with the applicable state and local laws, rules and regulations, as amended. In addition, Licensees shall comply with the following local operational standards. Failure to comply with any State or local law, rule or regulation or any operational standard(s) may be grounds to suspend or revoke any license and impose civil penalties where applicable.
  - (a) Odor management ventilation required. For all cannabis businesses, ventilation shall be installed so that the odor of cannabis cannot be detected by a person with a normal sense of smell at the exterior of a regulated cannabis business or at any adjoining use or property.
    - (b) Hours of operation. A regulated cannabis business shall be closed to the public, and no sale or other distribution of cannabis shall occur upon the premises between the hours of 10 p.m. and 8 a.m. Provided, however, in the event that a planned delivery of cannabis cannot be completed on the day scheduled, the cannabis may be returned to the business.
    - (c) Display of licenses required. The name and contact information for the owner or owners and any manager of the regulated cannabis business, the regulated cannabis business license, and the sales tax business license shall be conspicuously posted inside the business near the main entrance.
    - (d)Owner or manager required on premises. No regulated cannabis business shall be managed by any person other than the Licensee, or the manager listed on the application for the license or a renewal thereof. Such Licensee or manager shall be on the premises and responsible for all activities within the licensed business during all times when the business is open or in the possession of another person.

### 5.13.037 Records.

- (a) Each Licensee shall keep a complete set of books of account, invoices, copies of orders and sales, shipping instructions, bills of lading, weigh bills, correspondence, bank statements, including cancelled checks and deposit slips, and all other records necessary to show fully the business transactions of such Licensee. Receipts shall be maintained in a computer program or by pre-numbered receipts and used for each sale. The records of the business shall clearly track regulated cannabis product inventory purchased and sales and disposal thereof to clearly track revenue from sales of any regulated cannabis from other paraphernalia or services offered by the regulated cannabis business.
- (b) All records shall be open at all times during business hours for the inspection and examination of the City or its duly authorized representatives.
- (c) The City shall require any Licensee to furnish such information as it considers necessary for the proper administration of this Chapter. The records shall clearly show the source, amount, price, and dates of all cannabis received or purchased, and the amount, price, dates, customer names, addresses, and contact information for all regulated cannabis sold.
- (d) By applying for a regulated cannabis business license, the Licensee is providing consent to disclose the information required by this Chapter, including information about customers. Any records provided by the Licensee that includes customer confidential information may be submitted in a manner that maintains the confidentiality of the documents under the Colorado Open Records Act, § 24-72-201, et seq., C.R.S., or other applicable law. Any document that the Applicant considers eligible for protection under the Colorado Open Records Act shall be clearly marked as confidential, and the reasons for such confidentiality shall be stated on the document. In the event that the Licensee does appropriately submit documents so as not to be disclosed under the Colorado Open Records Act, the City shall not disclose it to other parties who are not agents of the City, except law enforcement agencies. If the City finds that such documents are subject to inspection, it will provide at least 24-hour notice to the Applicant prior to such disclosure.

## 5.13.038 Audits and inspection.

(a) The City may require an audit to be made of the books of account and financial records of a regulated cannabis business on such occasions as it may consider necessary. Such audit may be made by an auditor to be selected by the City that shall likewise have access to all books, records

and information of the regulated cannabis business. The expense of any audit determined necessary by the City shall be paid by the regulated cannabis business.

1879

1880

1881

1882

1883

1884

1885

1886

1887

1888

1889

1890

1891 1892

1893

1894

1895

1896

1897 1898

1899

1900

1901

1902

1903

1904

1905

1906

1907

1908

1909

1910

1911

1912

1913

1914

1915

1916

1917

1918

- (b) Application for regulated cannabis business license and/or operation of a regulated cannabis business, or leasing property to a regulated cannabis business, constitutes consent by the Applicant, and all owners, managers, and employees of the business, and the owner of the property to permit the Authority or agent of the Authority, or anyone authorized to conduct routine inspections of the regulated cannabis business to ensure compliance with this Chapter or any other applicable law, rule, or regulation. The owner or manager on duty shall retrieve and provide the records of the business pertaining to the inspection. For purposes of Rule 241 of the Colorado Rules of Municipal Procedure, inspections of regulated cannabis businesses and recordings from security cameras in such businesses are part of the routine policy of inspection and enforcement of this Chapter for the purposes of protecting the public safety, individuals operating and using the services of the regulated cannabis business, and the adjoining properties and neighborhood. This section shall not limit any inspection authority authorized under any other provision of law or regulation, including those of police, fire, building, and code enforcement officials. Application for a regulated cannabis business license constitutes consent to inspection of the business as a public premises without a search warrant, and consent to seizure of any surveillance records, camera recordings, reports, or other materials required as a condition of a regulated cannabis license without a search warrant.
- (c) The licensed premises, including any places of storage where regulated marijuana or regulated marijuana products are stored, sold, dispensed, or tested are subject to inspection by the City, during all business hours and other times of apparent activity, for the purpose of inspection or investigation. When any part of the licensed premises consists of a locked area, upon demand to the Licensee, such area must be available for inspection without delay, and upon request by the City, the Licensee shall open the area for inspection.
- (d) Initial inspection. The City may inspect any regulated cannabis businesses prior to final issuance of a license to verify that the facilities are constructed and can be operated in accordance with the Application submitted and the requirements of laws.
- (e) Regular inspections. The City is authorized to perform regular inspections on a quarterly basis during the first year following licensure, and on a yearly basis prior to license renewal following the first year of operation.

- 1921 (f) Random inspections. Regular licensing inspection(s) shall not prevent
  1922 the City from inspecting regulated cannabis businesses at random
  1923 intervals and without advance notice pursuant to the City's Code, the
  1924 Colorado Marijuana Code, the Colorado Department of Revenue
  1925 Enforcement Division Marijuana Rules, the Colorado Constitution, the
  1926 City's Code, or any rule and regulations adopted thereto.
  - (g) Inspection of records. The records to be maintained by each regulated cannabis business shall include the source and quantity of any cannabis distributed, produced, or possessed within the premises. Such reports shall include, without limitation, for both acquisitions from wholesalers and transactions to patients or caregivers, the following:
    - 1. Name and address of seller or purchaser;
    - 2. Date, weight, type of cannabis, and monetary amount or other consideration of transaction:
    - 3. For wholesaler transactions, the state and City, if any, sales and use tax license number of the seller.
  - (h) Disposal of regulated cannabis and cannabis byproducts. All regulated cannabis and any product containing a usable form of cannabis must be made unusable and unrecognizable prior to removal from the business in compliance with all applicable laws. This provision shall not apply to licensed law enforcement, including without limitation, the Grand Junction Police Department and the Grand Junction Fire Department.
  - (i) The manager of a regulated cannabis business is required to respond by telephone or email within 24 hours of contact by a City official concerning its cannabis business at the telephone number or email address provided to the City as the contact for the business. Each 24-hour period during which an owner or manager does not respond to the City official shall be considered a separate violation.

### 5.13.039 Modification of premises.

- (a) Any modification of the licensed premises shall be governed by the standards and procedures set forth in the Colorado Marijuana Code, this Chapter, and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto.
- (b) The Authority shall administer applications to modify the premises in the same manner as the state licensing authority administers changes of location and modifications of premises for state licenses.

(c) Any application for a proposed modification of the licensed premises shall comply with and shall be subject to review and approval of the Building Departments and any other agency that is required to approve such modification.

## 5.13.040 Renewals.

(a) A regulated cannabis business license issued pursuant to this Chapter shall
 be valid for one year from the date of issuance and shall automatically expire
 on the last day of the month in which the License is issued of the year

following issuance or renewal of the License.

- (b) During the term of the License, the Licensee shall have the ongoing obligation to:
  - 1. Provide the City with copies of all material that it voluntarily files or is required to file with the Colorado Department of Revenue Marijuana Enforcement Division; and,
  - 2. Post a 24 inch x 36 inch sign within the licensed premises of a regulated cannabis business which includes the warning statements set forth in Rule 1006 C.1.i. of the Colorado Department of Revenue Marijuana Enforcement Division Permanent Rules Related to the Colorado Regulated Marijuana Code, as amended.
- (c) Licensee must apply for the renewal of an existing license at least 45 days prior to the Licensee's expiration date. The Licensee shall apply for renewal using forms provided by the City. If the Licensee fails to timely file a renewal application, the Licensee must provide a written explanation detailing the circumstances surrounding the late filing. If the Authority accepts the application, then it administratively continues the License beyond the expiration date, but for no longer than 45 days after the expiration date, while the Authority completes the renewal licensing process, in which case, the Licensee shall pay an additional fee to the City prior to issuance of the renewed license. The renewal license fee, and late fee if applicable, shall accompany the renewal application. Such fee(s) are nonrefundable.
- (d) In the event that there has been a change to any of the plans submitted with the license application, a renewal, or modification of the premises application, such change(s)shall be specifically proposed and described prior to be made by the Licensee and/or approved, if at all, by the Authority.

(e) In the event any person who has an interest in the License or any manager, financier, agent as defined herein, or employee has been charged with or accused of violations of any law since issuance of the License, the renewal application shall include the name of the violator, the date of the violation, the court and case number where the violation was filed, and the disposition of the violation with the renewal application.

- (f) In the event the regulated cannabis business Licensee has received any notice of violation of any law, the renewal application shall include a copy of the notice or suspension.
- (g) The renewal application shall include verification that the business has a valid state license and the state license is in good standing.
- (h) The Authority shall not accept renewal applications after the expiration of the License.
- (i) No renewal application shall be accepted by the Authority that is not complete. Any application mailed to or deposited with the Authority that, upon examination, is found to have some omission or error, shall be returned to the Applicant for completion or correction.
- (j) In the event there have been allegations of violations of this Chapter, if the Licensee has a history of violation(s), or if the Licensee has committed unlawful acts, and/or if there are allegations against the Licensee that would constitute cause as defined herein by any of the Licensee(s) or the business submitting a renewal application, the Authority may hold a hearing pursuant to § 5.13.027 of this Chapter, prior to approving the renewal application. The hearing shall be to determine whether the application and proposed Licensee(s) comply with this Chapter. If the Authority holds a hearing and the application and the Licensee is found to meet the requirements of this Chapter, or the business has been operated in the past in violation of law, rule or regulation, then the renewal application may be denied or issued with conditions, and the Authority's decision shall be final subject to judicial review.
- (k) All renewal applications shall be reviewed and evaluated by the Authority if no hearing is scheduled. The Authority may refuse to renew any license for good cause as that term is defined in this Chapter and any applicable local law or regulation.
- (I) In the event a regulated cannabis business that has been open and operating and submitting monthly sales and use tax returns to the City ceases providing sales and use tax returns to the City for a period of three

months or longer, the cannabis business license shall be set for a public hearing for the Authority to determine if the License shall be revoked.

(I) In the event the City incurs costs in the inspection, clean-up, or any other necessary or required action to remove regulated cannabis of any regulated cannabis business, or any person cultivating, producing, distributing, or possessing cannabis, or otherwise cause the business to be in compliance with applicable law, the Licensee shall reimburse the City all costs incurred by the City for such inspection and/or cleanup.

# 5.13.041 Compliance monitoring.

(1) The City shall monitor compliance with this Chapter, as it deems appropriate.

(2) The City shall have the discretion to consider any or all previous compliance check histories of a Licensee in determining how frequently to conduct compliance checks of a Licensee with respect to any licensee(s).

(3) Compliance checks shall be conducted as the City determines appropriate so as to allow the City to determine, at a minimum, if the regulated cannabis business is conducting business in a manner that complies with law.

(4) It shall not be a violation of the law for a person under the minimum sale age for cannabis purchases or possession to purchase or possess cannabis products if the underage person is participating in a compliance check supervised by any person authorized by the City or the State of Colorado to conduct compliance monitoring.

## 5.13.042 Sales tax.

Each regulated cannabis business shall collect and remit City sales and use tax on all regulated cannabis, paraphernalia and other tangible property used or sold at the licensed premises as provided by the Grand Junction Municipal Code and other applicable law.

## **5.13.043 Violations and Penalties.**

(a) The Authority shall hear all actions relating to the suspension or revocation of licenses pursuant to this Chapter. The Authority shall have the authority to impose disciplinary actions, sanctions, penalties upon a

Licensee including but not limited to additional terms and conditions on the license, a fine in lieu of a suspension, a suspension or a revocation of a license issued by the Authority for any violation by the Licensee or by any of the agents or employees of the Licensee of any provision of the Colorado Marijuana Code, the City's Code, any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, any building, fire, health or zoning statute, code, or ordinance, or any of the rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, in addition to any other penalties prescribed by this Code.

- (b) In addition to the possible denial, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of a license under the provisions of this Chapter, any person, including but not limited to, any Licensee, manager or employee of a regulated cannabis business, or any customer of such business, who violates any of the provisions if this Chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor offense punishable in accordance with § 1.04.090 of this Code. A person committing a violation shall be guilty of a separate offense for each and every day during which the offense is committed or continued to be permitted by such person and shall be punished accordingly.
- (c) The City shall commence suspension or revocation proceedings by petitioning the Authority to issue an order to the Licensee to show cause that the Licensee's license should not be suspended or revoked. The Authority shall issue such an order to show cause if the petition demonstrates that evidence exists to determine that one or more grounds exist to suspend or revoke the Licensee's license. The order to show cause shall set the matter for a public hearing before the Licensing Authority.
- (d) The City Manager shall give written notice of the public hearing no later than fifteen days prior to the hearing by mailing, either electronically or by first class mail, the notice to the Licensee at the address contained in the Licensee's license. At the hearing, the Licensee shall have the opportunity to be heard, to present evidence and witnesses, and to cross examine witnesses presented by the City. The Authority shall have the power to administer oaths and issue subpoenas to require the presence of persons and the production of papers, books, and records necessary to the determination of any hearing that the Authority is authorized to conduct. The standard of proof at such hearings shall be a preponderance of the evidence. The burden of proof shall be upon the City. The Authority shall be permitted to accept any evidence that the Hearing Officer finds to be relevant to the show cause proceeding.

(e) If the Authority, acting by and through the Hearing Officer, finds that a 2123 violation has occurred, the Authority may: 2124 2125 (1) Revoke the license for any period up to and including permanent 2126 2127 revocation: 2128 (2) Suspend the license for any period of time; (6 months?) 2129 2130 2131 (3) Impose a fine or fine in lieu of suspension of at least \$500.00 but no more than \$100,000.00; 2132 2133 (4) Establish conditions that must be met before the license holder 2134 may apply for reinstatement of the license; and, 2135 2136 (5) The Authority may impose the costs to conduct a public hearing 2137 upon a Licensee who has violated any of the provisions prescribed 2138 by this Chapter. 2139 2140 (f) Payment of fines or costs pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter shall 2141 be in the form of a certified check or cashier's check made payable to the 2142 City of Grand Junction and paid within seven days of the imposed 2143 sanction. 2144 2145 (g) If the Authority finds that the license shall be suspended or revoked or a 2146 fine imposed in lieu of a suspension, the Licensee shall be provided 2147 written notice of such fine, suspension or revocation with the reasons 2148 therefore within 20 days following the date of the hearing. 2149 2150 (h) The Authority will establish factors to consider when determining the 2151 amount of fine to impose and adopt guidance for penalties and/or fines. 2152 That guidance will be used consistently for all imposed penalties. 2153 2154 (j) If a license is suspended, the Licensee must post notice that states the 2155 License is under suspension or revocation due to violation(s) of this 2156 Chapter, and that all sales of cannabis products are prohibited for the 2157 period of the suspension. The signage shall be prominently displayed at 2158 all entrances on the premises for the entirety of the suspension or 2159 revocation. 2160 2161 (k) When a License has been revoked, no new license shall be issued to the 2162 2163 same Licensee for the period of two years after the revocation. 2164

- (I) All Licensees are assumed to be fully aware of the law and the City shall not therefore be required to issue warnings before issuing citations for violation(s) of this Chapter.
- (m) If the Authority suspends or revokes a license or imposes a fine the Licensee may appeal the fine, suspension or revocation to the Mesa County District Court pursuant to Rule 106(a)(4) of the Colorado Rules of Civil Procedure. The Licensee's failure to timely appeal the decision is a waiver of the Licensee's right to contest the fine imposed or the suspension or revocation of the Licensee.
- (n) No fee or portion thereof previously paid by a Licensee in connection with a license shall be refunded if the licensee's license is suspended or revoked.

### 5.13.044 Remedies.

The City is specifically authorized to seek an injunction, abatement, restitution, or any remedy necessary to prevent, enjoin, remove or prosecute any violation or unlawful act under this Chapter, and any remedies provided for herein shall be cumulative and not exclusive and shall be in addition to any other remedies provided by law or in equity. Any and all action(s) shall be filed in the Municipal Court.

## 5.13.045 No City liability; indemnification.

- (a) By accepting a license issued pursuant to this Chapter, the Licensee waives and releases the City, its officers, elected officials, employees, attorneys and agents from any liability for injuries, damages or liabilities of any kind that result from any arrest or prosecution of business owners, operators, employees, clients or customers for a violation of municipal, state or federal laws, rules or regulations.
- (b) By accepting a license issued pursuant to this Chapter, all Licensees, jointly and severally if more than one (1), agree to indemnify, defend and hold harmless the City, its officers, elected officials, employees, attorneys, agents and insurers against all liability, claims and demands on account of any injury, personal injury, sickness, disease, death, property loss or damage, or any other loss of any kind whatsoever arising out of or in any manner connected with the operation of the regulated cannabis business that is the subject of the license.

| 2208<br>2209                         | 5.13.046 Severability.  |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 2210<br>2211<br>2212                 | This chapter is necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the residents of the City and covers matters of local concern or matters of mixed State and local concern as provided by § 44-11-101, C.R.S.   |
| 2213<br>2214<br>2215<br>2216         | If any provision of this chapter is found to be unconstitutional or illegal, such finding shall only invalidate that part or portion found to violate the law. All other provisions shall be deemed severed or severable and shall continue in full force and effect.   |
| 2217                                 | 5.13.047 Administrative regulations; Action by City Council.  |
| 2218<br>2219<br>2220<br>2221         | (a) The City Manager is authorized to promulgate such rules, regulations, and forms as are necessary to effectuate the implementation, administration and enforcement of this Chapter.  |
| 2222<br>2223<br>2224<br>2225<br>2226 | (b) The City Council may consistent with the Charter and other applicable law amend this Chapter in order to stay current with applicable state laws, rules and regulations so long as no amendment, restriction, provision, rule or regulation shall be no less stringent than that imposed, if at all by Colorado |
| 2227<br>2228<br>2229                 | law.  |
| 2230<br>2231                         | Introduced on first reading theday of, 2022 and ordered published in pamphlet form.   |
| 2232<br>2233<br>2234<br>2235<br>2236 | Adopted on second reading this day of 2022 and ordered published in pamphlet form.  |
| 2237<br>2238<br>2239<br>2240         | ATTEST:  C. B. McDaniel President of City Council   |
| 2241<br>2242                         | Laura J. Bauer, Interim City Clerk  |

1 ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND TITLE 21 CHAPTER 4, CHAPTER 6, AND CHAPTER 10 AND TO AMEND TITLE 27, CHAPTER 27 OF THE ZONING AND DEVELOPMENT CODE REGARDING USE STANDARDS AND FOR SPECIFIC BUFFERING BETWEEN CERTAIN SCHOOLS, PARKS, AND REHABILITATION FACILITIES, AND ADOPTING REGULATIONS FOR SIGNAGE OF CANNABIS BUSINESSES, AND DEFINITIONS FOR SUCH BUSINESSES.

#### **RECITALS:**

The City desires to maintain effective regulations in its Zoning and Development Code (Title 21 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code ("GJMC"); regulations that encourage and require appropriate use of land throughout the City while taking into consideration the needs and desires of the citizens of Grand Junction.

Although Federal law criminalizes the use and possession of marijuana as a Schedule 1 controlled substance under the Controlled Substance Act, on June 7, 2010, former Governor Ritter signed into law House Bill 10-1284 and Senate Bill 10-108 which, among other things, authorized the City to adopt an ordinance to license, regulate or prohibit the cultivation and/or sale of <a href="marijuana cannabis">marijuana cannabis</a> (C.R.S. 12-43.3-103(2)). The law also allowed a city to vote, either by a majority of the registered electors or a majority of the City Council, to prohibit the operation of medical <a href="marijuana cannabis">marijuana cannabis</a> infused products manufacturers.

At the time of House Bill 10-1284 and Senate Bill 10-108's passing, a moratorium was in effect in the City for the licensing, permitting and operation of <a href="mailto:marijuana\_cannabis">marijuana\_cannabis</a> businesses. The moratorium, which was initially declared in November 16, 2009 (through Ordinance 4437), was for a period of twelve months and applied to any person or entity applying to function, do business or hold itself out as a medical <a href="mailto:marijuana\_cannabis">marijuana\_cannabis</a> dispensary in the City of Grand Junction, regardless of the person, entity, or zoning. On October 13, 2020, City Council adopted Ordinance 4446 which extended the moratorium to July 1, 2011.

At the April 5, 2011 election, the electorate voted in favor of prohibiting the operation of medical marijuana cannabis businesses and the amendment of the Grand Junction Municipal Code by prohibiting certain uses of marijuana cannabis (Measure A).

On November 6, 2012, Colorado Amendment 64 was passed by the voters, amending Article 18 of the Colorado Constitution adding Section 16 which allows retail <u>marijuana cannabis</u> stores and made it legal for anyone 21 years or older to buy <u>marijuana cannabis</u> at such stores. In addition, Amendment 64 allows anyone over 21 years of age to legally possess and consume up to one ounce of <u>marijuana cannabis</u>. Amendment 64 does not

change the Federal law; it still remains illegal under Federal law to produce and/or 40 41 distribute marijuana also known as cannabis.

On February 6, 2013, City Council approved Resolution 07-13 adopting marijuana 42 cannabis policies for the City and restrictions for persons or entities from applying to 43 function, do business, or hold itself out as a marijuana cannabis facility, business or 44 operation of any sort in the City limits. Later that same year, City Council adopted 45 46 Ordinance 4599 which prohibited the operation of marijuana cannabis cultivation facilities, 47 marijuana cannabis product manufacturing facilities, marijuana cannabis testing facilities, 48 and retail marijuana cannabis stores. Ordinance 4599 also amended Sections in Title 5, Article 15 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code that prohibit certain uses relating to 49 50 marijuanacannabis.

51 52

53

54

55

56 57

58

59

69

In late 2015, the City, Mesa County and Colorado Mesa University, by and through the efforts of the Grand Junction Economic Partnership (GJEP), were successful in establishing the Colorado Jumpstart business development program. One business which was awarded the first Jumpstart incentive planned to develop a laboratory and deploy its advanced analytical processes for genetic research and its ability to mark/trace chemical properties of agricultural products, one of which was cannabis. In October 2016, City Council passed Ordinance 4722 which amended Ordinance 4599 and Section 21.04.010 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code to allow cannabis testing facilities in the City.

On January 20, 2021 the City Council approved Resolution 09-21, the adoption of which 60 referred a ballot question to the regular municipal election on April 6, 2021 to repeal 61 Referred Measure A contingent on and subject to voter approval of taxation of cannabis 62 businesses. A majority of the votes cast at the election were in favor of repealing the 63 moratorium on cannabis businesses and in favor of taxation of cannabis businesses. 64

City Council has decided to allow certain retail cannabis businesses within the City. City 65 Council has requested that staff prepare an ordinance to repeal the prohibition of 66 cannabis businesses from the Grand Junction Municipal Code and to include rules and 67 regulations for licensing and operating retail cannabis businesses. 68

City staff and community members, including the Cannabis Working Group, have researched, reviewed, and discussed various approaches to taxation, permitting and 70 71 regulation of retail cannabis within the City. Regulations for cannabis uses have been established at the state level with the adoption and implementation of the Colorado 72 73 Marijuana Cannabis Code in the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S. 44-10-101, et. seq.); 74 however, regulation of retail marijuana cannabis uses at the state level alone are inadequate to address the impacts on the City of regulated cannabis, making it 75 appropriate for the City to regulate the impacts of retail cannabis uses. 76

77 The City has a valid interest in regulating zoning and other impacts of cannabis 78 businesses in a manner that is consistent with constitutional and statutory standards. The 79 City Council desires to facilitate the provision of quality retail cannabis in a safe manner

- while protecting existing uses within the City. Regulation of the manner of operation and location of retail cannabis uses is necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of both the public and the customers. The proposed ordinance is intended to allow certain regulated cannabis businesses that will have a minimal impact and where potential negative impacts are minimized.
- This proposed ordinance amends the City's Code to permit cannabis businesses in the specific zone districts where general indoor retail sales are permitted and provides for buffering from specific land uses including parks, certain schools and specific rehabilitation facilities. This ordinance also includes regulations for signage and definitions for cannabis businesses.
- After public notice and public hearing as required by the Grand Junction Zoning and Development Code, the Grand Junction Planning Commission recommended approval of the proposed amendments.
- After public notice and public hearing, the Grand Junction City Council finds that the amendments to allow certain retail cannabis businesses by and through the uses and the Use Table, are responsive to the community's desires and otherwise advance and protect the public health, safety and welfare of the City and its residents.
- 97 NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF
  98 GRAND JUNCTION THAT THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS OF THE ZONING AND
  99 DEVELOPMENT CODE (TITLE 21 OF THE GRAND JUNCTION MUNICIPAL CODE)
  100 ARE AMENDED AS FOLLOWS (new text additions underlined and deletions marked
  101 with strike-through notations):
- 102 21.04.010 (d) Use table.

108

109

110

111

112113114115116

Marijuana related business, whether retail, commercial, industrial or agricultural, except marijuana testing facility(ies) are prohibited in all zone districts in accordance with Chapter 5.15 GJMC. Marijuana testing facility(ies) is (are) allowed in the zone districts shown.

Marijuana testing facilities shall be categorized as/under the "industrial services, contractors and trade shops, oil and gas support operations without hazardous materials" category of the use zone matrix as "research, testing, and laboratory facilities — indoors (including marijuana testing facilities)" as allowed uses in B-2, C-1, C-2, MU, BP, IO, I-1 and 1-2 zone districts.

| 1 | 1 | 7 |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1 | 8 |

121 21.04.010 Use Table.

| Key: A =                        | Allowed, C                       | = Con | ditiona | l, Blan | k Cell | = Not I | Permit | ted |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |     |     |     |         |                             |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------|-----|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----------------------------|
| Use<br>Category                 | Principal<br>Use                 | R-R   | R-E     | R-1     | R-2    | R-4     | R-5    | R-8 | R-12 | R-16 | R-24 | R-O | B-1 | B-2 | C-1 | C-2 | CSR | M-U | BP | I-O | I-1 | I-2 | M<br>X- | Std.                        |
| Retail—Sales<br>and<br>Services | Marijuana<br>Related<br>Business |       |         |         |        |         |        |     |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |     |     |     |         | <del>Ch</del><br>5.15       |
| Retail Sales<br>and Service     | Retail<br>Cannabis<br>Store      |       |         |         |        |         |        |     |      |      | (    |     | A   | Δ   | Δ   | A   |     | Δ   | Δ  |     |     |     | A       | Ch.<br>21.0<br>4.03<br>0(w) |

21.04.030 Use-specific standards.

#### (w) Retail Cannabis Stores

(1) <u>Applicability. These regulations apply to all Retail Cannabis Stores in the City in addition to the other provisions in the GJMC pertaining to cannabis stores, including but not limited to, GJMC Chapters 5.13 and 5.14.</u>

### (2) Zoning.

(i) <u>It is unlawful for a Retail Cannabis Store to operate in a building which contains a Dwelling Unit.</u>

(ii) There shall be no more than two Retail Cannabis Stores operating within the boundaries of the Horizon Drive Business Improvement District, as may be amended.

(iii) There shall be no regulated cannabis businesses located on the ground floor of any buildings in the Downtown Grand Junction area defined as Main Street bounded by the west intersection line of First Street and bounded by the east by the centerline of 7th Street.

(3) Buffering.

| 147<br>148 | (i) <u>No Retail Cannal</u><br>(A) <u>Within 100</u> |
|------------|--|
| 149        | high, or high  |
| 150        | <u></u>  |
| 151        | (B) <u>Within 100</u>                                |
| 152        | Western C  |
| 153        | <u></u>  |
| 154        | (C) Within 500                                       |
| 155        | provided ii  |
| 156        | amended.   |
| 157        |  |
| 158        | (D)(C) Within 500                                    |
| 159        | from subs  |
| 160        | Colorado   |
| 161        | Health (Of   |
| 162        |  |
| 163        | (ii) <u>Buffering Distanc</u>                        |
| 164        | by direct measure                                    |
| 165        | nearest portion of                                   |
| 166        | sold, using a rout                                   |
| 167        | walk safely and p                                    |
| 168        | and with the obse                                    |
| 169        |  |
| 170        | 21.06.070 Sign Regulation                            |
| 171        |  |
| 172        | (j) Cannabis Retail Store Signa                      |
| 173        |  |
| 174        | (1) All signs and adver                              |
| 175        | applicable provisions                                |
| 176        | pursuant thereto, the                                |
| 177        | ordinances and regu                                  |
| 178        |  |
| 179        | (2) No sign shall use th                             |
| 180        | or any other similar v                               |
| 181        | business as" name, s                                 |
| 182        | <u>business</u> is involv                            |
| 183        | Pharmaceuticals ar                                   |
| 184        | Additionally, no Reta                                |
| 185        | similar variation there                              |
| 186        | materials. Additional                                |
| 187        | related symbols, inc                                 |

189

bis Stores shall be located:

- 00 feet of any private or public elementary, middle, junior gh school <del>or institution of higher <mark>learning</del>.</del></del></mark>
- 00 feet of Colorado Mesa University (Main Campus) and Colorado Community College.
- O feet of all public parks or undeveloped park lands as n the Parks, Recreation and Open Space Master Plan, as
- ) feet of any services for prevention, treatment or recovery tance use and mental health concerns, as licensed by the Department of Human Services, Office of Behavioral 3H).
- ce Computation. The buffering distance shall be computed ement from the nearest property line of the land use to the of the building or unit in which the retail cannabis is to be e of direct pedestrian access, measured as a person would roperly, without trespassing, with right angles at crossings ervance of traffic regulations and traffic signals.

### ige and Advertising

- tising for a Retail Cannabis Stores shall comply with all s of the Colorado Cannabis Code, any regulations adopted e provisions of this Chapter and Chapter 6, and the City's lations regarding signs and advertising.
- e terms "pharmacy", "pharmacist", "pharmaceutical", "rx", variation of such terms as its corporate, business, or "doing so as to prevent a reasonable person from concluding such ed in the practice of pharmacy, as regulated by nd Pharmacists, C.R.S. Article 22 of Chapter 12. il Cannabis Stores may use any of the above terms or any eof in any of its signs, placards, promotional, or advertising lly, no signs that mimic or allude to pharmacy or medical luding but not limited to medical style crosses regardless of proportions or colors, shall be used or displayed in nonmedical retail cannabis stores.

Commented [NG1]: Direction from Council 02.14.22

Commented [NG2]: Direction from Council 02.14.22

(3) No sign shall include advertising material that is misleading, deceptive or false or that, as evidenced by the content of the advertising material or by the medium or the manner in which the advertising material is disseminated, is designed to appeal to persons under eighteen (18) years of age.

### (4) Maximum Sign Dimensions:

- (i) For properties that lie within an existing overlay district regulated by Title 22, Title 24, Title 25, or Title 26, the specific regulations within the overlay shall apply.
- (ii) For all other properties within the City, only flush wall mounted signs or monument signs shall be allowed. Maximum sign allowances shall be calculated according to the provisions of this Chapter and subject to the following limitations:
  - (A) Maximum Height: 20 feet; and, -
  - (B) Maximum Area: 150 square feet per sign face.
- (4)(5) Signs and Advertising not requiring a permit include:
  - (i) Sign-wavers or other natural persons standing in the public. No Retail Cannabis Stores shall advertise with sign-wavers or other natural persons within the buffering distances from specified land uses as provided in w.3(a) above.
  - (ii) Any advertisement contained within a newspaper, magazine, or other periodical of general circulation within the City or on the internet, which may include coupons.
  - (iii) Any non-consumable merchandise or accessories.
  - (iv) A booth at an adult event or job fair where the only items distributed are company or educational materials and no other items are distributed, shown or sold.
  - (v) <u>Business cards within the business or handed directly to an individual who is over the age of 21.</u>
  - (vi) Showing a government-issued verification of age or military status, or registration for a charitable event, or similar item the showing of which,

| 233        | without providing a separate printing to the business, entitles the holder to   |
|------------|---|
| 234<br>235 | a discount for a particular product or service.   |
| 236        | (vii) Company materials and educational materials distributed inside the  |
| 237        | cannabis business.  |
| 238        |   |
| 239        |   |
| 240        | <u>27.12.040 Signage.</u>   |
| 241        |   |
| 242        | (b) Freestanding signs shall comply with the following requirements:  |
| 243        |   |
| 244        | (8) Maximum sign dimensions shall not exceed the following:   |
| 245        | (in) Fame III other proportion and famous proportion appropriately companies by single-   |
| 246        | (iv) For all other properties, and for any regulated cannabis business, the maximum sign dimensions shall not exceed the following: |
| 247        | maximum sign dimensions shall not exceed the following.   |
| 248<br>249 | (A) 20 twenty feet in height; and,  |
| 250        | (A) <u>20</u> <del>Wenty</del> leet in height, and,   |
| 251        | (B) <u>75</u> seventy-five square feet.   |
| 252        | (b) <u>re</u> <del>soverty invo</del> cquare root.  |
| 232        |   |
| 253        |   |
| 254        | 21.10.020 Terms Defined   |
| 255        |   |
| 256        | Cannabis testing facility(ies) is an entity licensed to analyze and certify safety and potency                                      |
| 257        | of cannabis.  |
| 258<br>259 | Medical Cannabis Store is an entity licensed co-located with a retail cannabis store that   |
| 260        | sells medical cannabis to registered patients or primary caregivers as defined in Section   |
| 261        | 14 of Article XVIII of the Colorado constitution, but is not a primary caregiver.   |
| 262        | 14 of Article Avin of the Goldrado Constitution, but is not a primary caregiver.  |
| 263        | Retail cannabis cultivation facility is an entity licensed to cultivate, prepare, and package                                       |
| 264        | cannabis and sell cannabis to retail cannabis stores, to cannabis product manufacturing   |
| 265        | facilities, and to other cannabis cultivation facilities, but not to consumer.  |
| 266        |   |
| 267        | Retail cannabis hospitality and sales business is a facility that cannot be mobile, that is   |
| 268        | licensed to permit the consumption of only the retail cannabis or retail cannabis products  |
| 269        | it has sold pursuant to the provisions of an enacted, initiated, or referred ordinance or   |
| 270        | resolution of the local jurisdiction in which the licensee operates.  |
| 271        |   |
| 272        | Retail cannabis products manufacturing facility is an entity licensed to purchase cannabis;   |
| 273        | manufacture, prepare, and package cannabis products; and sell cannabis and cannabis   |
| 274        | products to other cannabis product manufacturing facilities and to retail cannabis stores,  |
| 275        | but not to consumers.   |

| 276        |  |
|------------|--|
| 277        | Retail cannabis transporter business is an entity or person that is licensed to transport    |
| 278        | retail cannabis and retail cannabis products from one retail cannabis business to another    |
| 279        | retail cannabis business and to temporarily store the transported retail cannabis and retail |
| 280        | cannabis products at its licensed premises but is not authorized to sell retail cannabis or  |
| 281        | retail cannabis products under any circumstances.  |
| 282        |  |
| 283        | Retail cannabis store is an entity licensed to purchase cannabis from cannabis cultivation   |
| 284        | facilities and to sell cannabis to consumers and retail cannabis testing facilities that are |
| 285        | licensed to analyze and certify the safety and potency of cannabis.                          |
| 286        |  |
| 287        | All other provisions of Title 21 Chapter 4, Chapter 6, and Chapter 10 shall remain in full   |
| 288        | force and effect.  |
| 289        |  |
| 290        | Introduced on first reading theday of,   |
| 291        | 2022 and ordered published in pamphlet form.   |
| 292        | Adopted an accord wooding this day of 2000 and ardered withlished in                         |
| 293<br>294 | Adopted on second reading this day of 2022 and ordered published in pamphlet form.           |
| 294<br>295 | parriprilet form.  |
| 296        |  |
| 297        |  |
| 298        |  |
| 299        | ATTEST: C.B. McDaniel  |
| 300        | President of City Council  |
| 301        |  |
| 302        | 1.2.100  |
| 303        | Laura J. Bauer, MMC  |
| 304        | Interim City Clerk   |
| 305        |  |

## ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND TITLE 21 CHAPTER 4, CHAPTER 6, AND CHAPTER 10 AND TO AMEND TITLE 27, CHAPTER 27 OF THE ZONING AND DEVELOPMENT CODE REGARDING USE STANDARDS AND FOR SPECIFIC BUFFERING BETWEEN CERTAIN SCHOOLS, PARKS, AND REHABILITATION FACILITIES, AND ADOPTING REGULATIONS FOR SIGNAGE OF CANNABIS BUSINESSES, AND DEFINITIONS FOR SUCH BUSINESSES.

#### **RECITALS:**

The City desires to maintain effective regulations in its Zoning and Development Code (Title 21 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code ("GJMC"); regulations that encourage and require appropriate use of land throughout the City while taking into consideration the needs and desires of the citizens of Grand Junction.

Although Federal law criminalizes the use and possession of marijuana as a Schedule 1 controlled substance under the Controlled Substance Act, on June 7, 2010, former Governor Ritter signed into law House Bill 10-1284 and Senate Bill 10-108 which, among other things, authorized the City to adopt an ordinance to license, regulate or prohibit the cultivation and/or sale of marijuana (C.R.S. 12-43.3-103(2)). The law also allowed a city to vote, either by a majority of the registered electors or a majority of the City Council, to prohibit the operation of medical marijuana centers, optional premises cultivation operations and medical marijuana infused products manufacturers.

At the time of House Bill 10-1284 and Senate Bill 10-108's passing, a moratorium was in effect in the City for the licensing, permitting and operation of marijuana businesses. The moratorium, which was initially declared on November 16, 2009 (through Ordinance 4437), was for a period of twelve months and applied to any person or entity applying to function, do business or hold itself out as a medical marijuana dispensary in the City of Grand Junction, regardless of the person, entity, or zoning. On October 13, 2020, City Council adopted Ordinance 4446 which extended the moratorium to July 1, 2011.

At the April 5, 2011 election, the electorate voted in favor of prohibiting the operation of medical marijuana businesses and the amendment of the Grand Junction Municipal Code by prohibiting certain uses of marijuana (Measure A).

On November 6, 2012, Colorado Amendment 64 was passed by the voters, amending
Article 18 of the Colorado Constitution adding Section 16 which allows retail marijuana
stores and made it legal for anyone 21 years or older to buy marijuana at such stores. In
addition, Amendment 64 allows anyone over 21 years of age to legally possess and
consume up to one ounce of marijuana. Amendment 64 does not change the Federal
law; it still remains illegal under Federal law to produce and/or distribute marijuana also
known as cannabis.

On February 6, 2013, City Council approved Resolution 07-13 adopting marijuana 40 policies for the City and restrictions for persons or entities from applying to function, do 41 business, or hold itself out as a marijuana facility, business, or operation of any sort in the 42 City limits. Later that same year, City Council adopted Ordinance 4599 which prohibited 43 the operation of marijuana cultivation facilities, marijuana product manufacturing facilities, 44 marijuana testing facilities, and retail marijuana stores. Ordinance 4599 also amended 45 Sections in Title 5, Article 15 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code that prohibit certain 46 uses relating to marijuana. 47

48 In late 2015, the City, Mesa County and Colorado Mesa University, by and through the efforts of the Grand Junction Economic Partnership (GJEP), were successful in 49 establishing the Colorado Jumpstart business development program. One business 50 which was awarded the first Jumpstart incentive planned to develop a laboratory and 51 deploy its advanced analytical processes for genetic research and its ability to mark/trace 52 chemical properties of agricultural products, one of which was cannabis. In October 2016, 53 City Council passed Ordinance 4722 which amended Ordinance 4599 and Section 54 21.04.010 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code to allow cannabis testing facilities in the 55 City. 56

On January 20, 2021 the City Council approved Resolution 09-21, the adoption of which referred a ballot question to the regular municipal election on April 6, 2021 to repeal Referred Measure A contingent on and subject to voter approval of taxation of cannabis businesses. A majority of the votes cast at the election were in favor of repealing the moratorium on cannabis businesses and in favor of taxation of cannabis businesses.

City Council has decided to allow certain retail cannabis businesses within the City. City
Council has requested that staff prepare an ordinance to repeal the prohibition of
cannabis businesses from the Grand Junction Municipal Code and to include rules and
regulations for licensing and operating retail cannabis businesses.

City staff and community members, including the Cannabis Working Group, have 66 researched, reviewed, and discussed various approaches to taxation, permitting and 67 regulation of retail cannabis within the City. Regulations for cannabis uses have been 68 established at the state level with the adoption and implementation of the Colorado 69 Marijuana Code in the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S. 44-10-101, et. seq.); however, 70 regulation of retail marijuana uses at the state level alone are inadequate to address the 71 impacts on the City of regulated cannabis, making it appropriate for the City to regulate 72 the impacts of retail cannabis uses. 73

The City has a valid interest in regulating zoning and other impacts of cannabis businesses in a manner that is consistent with constitutional and statutory standards. The City Council desires to facilitate the provision of quality retail cannabis in a safe manner while protecting existing uses within the City. Regulation of the manner of operation and location of retail cannabis uses is necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of both the public and the customers. The proposed ordinance is intended to allow certain

- regulated cannabis businesses that will have a minimal impact and where potential negative impacts are minimized.
- This proposed ordinance amends the City's Code to permit cannabis businesses in the specific zone districts where general indoor retail sales are permitted and provides for buffering from specific land uses including parks, certain schools and specific rehabilitation facilities. This ordinance also includes regulations for signage and
- 86 definitions for cannabis businesses.
- After public notice and public hearing as required by the Grand Junction Zoning and
  Development Code, the Grand Junction Planning Commission recommended approval
  of the proposed amendments.
- After public notice and public hearing, the Grand Junction City Council finds that the amendments to allow certain retail cannabis businesses by and through the uses and the Use Table, are responsive to the community's desires and otherwise advance and protect the public health, safety and welfare of the City and its residents.
- NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF
  GRAND JUNCTION THAT THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS OF THE ZONING AND
  DEVELOPMENT CODE (TITLE 21 OF THE GRAND JUNCTION MUNICIPAL CODE)
  ARE AMENDED AS FOLLOWS (new text additions underlined and deletions marked with strike-through notations):
- 99 21.04.010 (d) Use table.

105

106

107

108

Marijuana related business, whether retail, commercial, industrial or agricultural, except marijuana testing facility(ies) are prohibited in all zone districts in accordance with Chapter 5.15 GJMC. Marijuana testing facility(ies) is (are) allowed in the zone districts shown.

Marijuana testing facilities shall be categorized as/under the "industrial services, contractors and trade shops, oil and gas support operations without hazardous materials" category of the use zone matrix as "research, testing, and laboratory facilities — indoors (including marijuana testing facilities)" as allowed uses in B-2, C-1, C-2, MU, BP, IO, I-1 and 1-2 zone districts.

#### 118 21.04.010 Use Table.

| Key: A = Allowed, C = Conditional, Blank Cell = Not Permitted |                                  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |     |     |     |         |                             |
|---|----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----------------------------|
| Use<br>Category   | Principal<br>Use                 | R-R | R-E | R-1 | R-2 | R-4 | R-5 | R-8 | R-12 | R-16 | R-24 | R-O | B-1 | B-2 | C-1 | C-2 | CSR | M-U | BP | I-O | I-1 | I-2 | M<br>X- | Std.                        |
| Retail Sales<br>and<br>Services                               | Marijuana<br>Related<br>Business |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |    |     |     |     |         | Ch<br>5.15                  |
| Retail Sales<br>and Service                                   | Retail<br>Cannabis<br>Store      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |     | A   | A   | A   | Δ   |     | A   | A  |     |     |     | A       | Ch.<br>21.0<br>4.03<br>0(w) |

21.04.030 Use-specific standards.

#### (w) Retail Cannabis Stores

- (1) <u>Applicability. These regulations apply to all Retail Cannabis Stores in the City in addition to the other provisions in the GJMC pertaining to cannabis stores, including but not limited to, GJMC Chapters 5.13 and 5.14.</u>
- (2) <u>Zoning.</u>

- (i) It is unlawful for a Retail Cannabis Store to operate in a building which contains a Dwelling Unit.
- (ii) There shall be no more than two Retail Cannabis Stores operating within the boundaries of the Horizon Drive Business Improvement District, as may be amended.

(iii) There shall be no regulated cannabis businesses located on the ground floor of any buildings in the Downtown Grand Junction area defined as Main Street bounded by the west intersection line of First Street and bounded by the east by the centerline of 7th Street.

- (3) Buffering.
- 144 (i) No Retail Cannabis Stores shall be located:

| 145        |     |
|------------|-----|
| 146        |     |
| 147        |     |
| 148        |     |
| 149        |     |
| 150        |     |
| 151        |     |
| 152        |     |
| 153        |     |
| 154        |     |
| 155        |     |
| 156        |     |
| 157        |     |
| 158        |     |
| 159        |     |
| 160        |     |
| 161<br>162 |     |
| 102        |     |
| 163        | 21  |
| 164        |     |
| 165        | (i) |
| 166        | ·U/ |
| 167        |     |
| 168        |     |
| 169        |     |
| 170        |     |
| 171        |     |
| 172        |     |
| 173        |     |
| 174        |     |
| 175        |     |
| 176        |     |
| 177        |     |
| 178        |     |
| 179        |     |
| 180        |     |
|            |     |
| 181        |     |

184

185

186

187

- (A) Within 1000 feet of any private or public elementary, middle, junior high, or high school.
- (B) Within 1000 feet of Colorado Mesa University (Main Campus) and Western Colorado Community College.
- (C) Within 500 feet of any services for prevention, treatment or recovery from substance use and mental health concerns, as licensed by the Colorado Department of Human Services, Office of Behavioral Health (OBH).
- (ii) Buffering Distance Computation. The buffering distance shall be computed by direct measurement from the nearest property line of the land use to the nearest portion of the building or unit in which the retail cannabis is to be sold, using a route of direct pedestrian access, measured as a person would walk safely and properly, without trespassing, with right angles at crossings and with the observance of traffic regulations and traffic signals.

#### 21.06.070 Sign Regulation

#### (i) Cannabis Retail Store Signage and Advertising

- (1) All signs and advertising for a Retail Cannabis Stores shall comply with all applicable provisions of the Colorado Cannabis Code, any regulations adopted pursuant thereto, the provisions of this Chapter and Chapter 6, and the City's ordinances and regulations regarding signs and advertising.
- (2) No sign shall use the terms "pharmacy", "pharmacist", "pharmaceutical", "rx", or any other similar variation of such terms as its corporate, business, or "doing business as" name, so as to prevent a reasonable person from concluding such business is involved in the practice of pharmacy, as regulated by Pharmaceuticals and Pharmacists, C.R.S. Article 22 of Chapter 12. Additionally, no Retail Cannabis Stores may use any of the above terms or any similar variation thereof in any of its signs, placards, promotional, or advertising materials. Additionally, no signs that mimic or allude to pharmacy or medical related symbols, including but not limited to medical style crosses regardless of proportions or colors, shall be used or displayed in nonmedical retail cannabis stores.
- (3) No sign shall include advertising material that is misleading, deceptive or false or that, as evidenced by the content of the advertising material or by the medium or the manner in which the advertising material is disseminated, is designed to appeal to persons under eighteen (18) years of age.

Commented [NG1]: Direction from Council 02.14.22

Commented [NG2]: Direction from Council 02.14.22

#### (4) Maximum Sign Dimensions:

- (i) For properties that lie within an existing overlay district regulated by Title 22, Title 24, Title 25, or Title 26, the specific regulations within the overlay shall apply.
- (ii) For all other properties within the City, only flush wall mounted signs or monument signs shall be allowed. Maximum sign allowances shall be calculated according to the provisions of this Chapter and subject to the following limitations:
  - (A) Maximum Height: 20 feet; and,
  - (B) Maximum Area: 150 square feet per sign face.
- (5) Signs and Advertising not requiring a permit include:
  - (i) Sign-wavers or other natural persons standing in the public. No Retail Cannabis Stores shall advertise with sign-wavers or other natural persons within the buffering distances from specified land uses as provided in w.3(a) above.
  - (ii) Any advertisement contained within a newspaper, magazine, or other periodical of general circulation within the City or on the internet, which may include coupons.
  - (iii) Any non-consumable merchandise or accessories.
  - (iv) A booth at an adult event or job fair where the only items distributed are company or educational materials and no other items are distributed, shown or sold.
  - (v) <u>Business cards within the business or handed directly to an individual who</u> is over the age of 21.
  - (vi) Showing a government-issued verification of age or military status, or registration for a charitable event, or similar item the showing of which, without providing a separate printing to the business, entitles the holder to a discount for a particular product or service.
  - (vii) Company materials and educational materials distributed inside the cannabis business.

| 224        |  |
|------------|--|
| 234<br>235 | (b) Freestanding signs shall comply with the following requirements:   |
| 236        | (a) 11 cootainaing signe chair compty that the following requirements.   |
| 237        | (8) Maximum sign dimensions shall not exceed the following:  |
| 238        |  |
| 239        | (iv) For all other properties, and for any regulated cannabis business, the  |
| 240        | maximum sign dimensions shall not exceed the following:  |
| 241        |  |
| 242        | (A) <u>20</u> t <del>wenty</del> feet in height; and,  |
| 243        |  |
| 244        | (B) <u>75</u> s <del>eventy-five</del> square feet.  |
| 245        |  |
| 246        |  |
| 247        | 21.10.020 Terms Defined  |
| 248        | Z1.10.020 Toffilo Bollifod   |
| 249        | Cannabis testing facility(ies) is an entity licensed to analyze and certify safety and potency   |
| 250        | of cannabis.   |
| 251        |  |
| 252        | Medical Cannabis Store is an entity licensed co-located with a retail cannabis store that  |
| 253        | sells medical cannabis to registered patients or primary caregivers as defined in Section  |
| 254        | 14 of Article XVIII of the Colorado constitution, but is not a primary caregiver.  |
| 255        |  |
| 256        | Retail cannabis cultivation facility is an entity licensed to cultivate, prepare, and package  |
| 257        | cannabis and sell cannabis to retail cannabis stores, to cannabis product manufacturing  |
| 258        | facilities, and to other cannabis cultivation facilities, but not to consumer.   |
| 259        |  |
| 260        | Retail cannabis hospitality and sales business is a facility that cannot be mobile, that is  |
| 261        | licensed to permit the consumption of only the retail cannabis or retail cannabis products   |
| 262        | it has sold pursuant to the provisions of an enacted, initiated, or referred ordinance or  |
| 263        | resolution of the local jurisdiction in which the licensee operates.   |
| 264        |  |
| 265        | Retail cannabis products manufacturing facility is an entity licensed to purchase cannabis;  |
| 266        | manufacture, prepare, and package cannabis products; and sell cannabis and cannabis products to other cannabis product manufacturing facilities and to retail cannabis stores, |
| 267        |  |
| 268<br>269 | but not to consumers.  |
| 269        | Retail cannabis transporter business is an entity or person that is licensed to transport  |
| 271        | retail cannabis and retail cannabis products from one retail cannabis business to another  |
| 271        | retail cannabis business and to temporarily store the transported retail cannabis and retail   |
| 273        | cannabis products at its licensed premises but is not authorized to sell retail cannabis or  |
| 274        | retail cannabis products under any circumstances.  |
|            |  |

27.12.040 Signage.

| 276        | Retail cannabis store is an entity licensed to purchase cannabis from cannabis cultivation   |
|------------|--|
| 277        | facilities and to sell cannabis to consumers and retail cannabis testing facilities that are |
| 278        | licensed to analyze and certify the safety and potency of cannabis.                          |
| 279        |  |
| 280        | All other provisions of Title 21 Chapter 4, Chapter 6, and Chapter 10 shall remain in full   |
| 281        | force and effect.  |
| 282        |  |
| 283        | Introduced on first reading the day of ,   |
| 284        | 2022 and ordered published in pamphlet form.   |
| 285        |  |
| 286        | Adopted on second reading this day of 2022 and ordered published in                          |
| 287        | pamphlet form.   |
| 288        |  |
| 289        |  |
| 290        |  |
| 291        |  |
| 292        | ATTEST: C.B. McDaniel  |
| 293        | President of City Council  |
| 294        |  |
| 295<br>296 | Laura J. Bauer, MMC  |
| 296        | Interim City Clerk   |
| 297        | Interim Oity Otork   |
| 230        |  |
| 299        |  |

# ORDINANCE NO.

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND TITLE 3 OF THE GRAND JUNCTION MUNICIPAL CODE TO INCLUDE A RETAIL MARIJUANA SALES AND USE TAX AND A MARIJUANA EXCISE TAX.

## **RECITALS:**

- In October 2010, the City Council adopted Ordinance 4437 which prohibited the operation of medical marijuana businesses in the City limits and amended the Grand Junction Municipal Code by the addition of certain sections prohibiting specified uses relating to marijuana. A petition protesting the passage of Ordinance 4437 was filed, found to be sufficient, and the Ordinance was suspended.
- In December 2010 the City Council approved a ballot question referring Ordinance 4437 to the regular municipal election on April 5, 2011. Referred Measure A was approved by the voters, prohibiting the operation of medical marijuana businesses and amended the Grand Junction Municipal Code to prohibit certain uses relating to marijuana.
- Colorado Amendment 64 was passed by the voters on November 6, 2012. Amendment 64 included an amendment to Article 18 of the Colorado Constitution by adding a new Section 16 regarding the personal use and regulation of marijuana. Amendment 64 allows retail marijuana stores and makes it legal for anyone 21 years or older to buy marijuana at those stores. The Amendment allows anyone over 21 years of age to legally possession and consume up to one ounce of marijuana. Amendment 64 required the State to develop and adopt laws, regulations, and processes concerning marijuana.
  - In February 2013, City Council approved Resolution 07-13, adopting marijuana policies for the City and restrictions for persons or entities from applying to function, do business, or hold itself out as a marijuana facility, business or operation in the City limits. Later that same year, City Council adopted Ordinance 4599 which prohibited the operation of marijuana cultivation facilities, marijuana product manufacturing facilities, marijuana testing facilities, and retail marijuana stores. It also amended Sections in Title 5, Article 15 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code that prohibit certain uses relating to marijuana.
  - In late 2015, the City, Mesa County and Colorado Mesa University, by and through the efforts of the Grand Junction Economic Partnership (GJEP), were successful in establishing the *Colorado Jumpstart* business development program. One business who was awarded the first *Jumpstart* incentive planned to develop a laboratory and deploy its advanced analytical processes for genetic research and its ability to mark/trace chemical properties of agricultural products, one of which was marijuana. In October 2016, City Council passed Ordinance 4722 which amended Ordinance 4599 and Section 21.04.010 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code to allow marijuana testing facilities in the City.

- 41 City staff and community members, including the Marijuana Working Group, have
- researched, reviewed and discussed various approaches to taxation, permitting and
- regulation of marijuana within the City and provided to City Council such information and
- recommendation for the moratorium to be lifted on marijuana businesses.
- On January 20, 2021 the City Council approved Resolution 09-21, the adoption of which
- referred a ballot guestion to the regular municipal election on April 6, 2021 to repeal
- 47 Referred Measure A contingent on and subject to voter approval of taxation of marijuana
- businesses. A majority of the votes cast at the election were in favor of repealing the
- 49 moratorium on marijuana businesses and in favor of taxation of marijuana businesses.
- City Council has determined to allow retail marijuana businesses within the City. On \_\_\_\_\_\_, Ordinance No. \_\_\_\_\_ was approved by City Council which
- developed rules and regulation for licensing and operating retail marijuana businesses.
- There are indirect costs to the City of the use of marijuana that are not covered by the
- license and application fees paid by the retail marijuana business. Many of those costs
- are related to the fact that marijuana is illegal at the federal level and the state has not
- 56 been able to fully fund enforcement of laws adopted at the state level, leaving
- 57 enforcement of marijuana laws to the local municipalities. Further, there are not
- comprehensive substance abuse programs related to the legal use of marijuana.
- Imposing both an excise tax and a special sales and use tax on marijuana and marijuana
- businesses would provide resources necessary for the City to be able to pay the indirect
- costs, including education and programs, related to the use of marijuana.
- 62 City Council requested that staff prepare an ordinance that approves a sales and use tax
- of six percent and an excise tax of five percent.
- NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF
- 65 **GRAND JUNCTION THAT:**
- Title 3 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code (GJMC) shall be amended as follows
- 67 (additions shown in **bold print** and deletions shown with strike-through):
- 68 3.12.020 Definitions.
- 69 Marijuana also known as cannabis, shall have the same meaning as the term
- "usable form of marijuana" as set forth in Article XVIII, Section 16(2) of the
- 71 Colorado Constitution or as may be more fully defined in any applicable State law
- or regulation. "Marijuana" may alternatively be spelled "marihuana".
- 73 Retail marijuana has the same meaning as set forth in Section 16(2)(f) of Article
- 74 XVIII of the Colorado Constitution.
- 75 Retail marijuana products has the same meaning as set forth in Section 16(2)(k)
- of Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution.

- 77 Retail marijuana store has the same meaning as set forth in Section 16(2)(n) of
- 78 Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution (an entity licensed to purchase
- 79 marijuana from marijuana cultivation facilities and marijuana and marijuana
- 80 products from marijuana product manufacturing facilities and to sell marijuana
- and marijuana products to consumers).
- 82 3.12.030 Levied.
- (d) In addition to the general sales and use tax of 3.25 percent levied in
- subsection (a) above, there is hereby levied a special sales and use tax of 6
- percent on the full purchase price paid or charged for tangible personal property
- and taxable services purchased or sold at retail by any retail marijuana store
- exercising a taxable privilege in the City by the sale of such property or services.
- 88 Each retail marijuana store shall collect tax on every sale or transfer of retail
- marijuana product(s). The 9.25% sales and use tax shall be collected by the
- 90 vendor and remitted to the City.
- All revenue derived through the general sales tax of 3.25 percent on retail
- marijuana sales shall be used for general municipal purposes and may be
- 93 restricted by previous voter action.
- All revenue derived through the special sales and use tax of 6 percent on retail
- 95 marijuana sales shall be used for the enforcement of regulations on the regulated
- 96 marijuana industry and other costs related to the regulation of regulated
- 97 marijuana and lawful utilization of marijuana, the building, operating and
- 98 maintenance of the highest priorities of the adopted Parks and Recreation Open
- 99 Space Plan which includes indoor and outdoor recreating and park facilities,
- capital improvements and enhancements to the City's Parks, trails and open
- space, public safety, enforcement and administrative purposes and for
- comprehensive substance abuse programs including, without limitation,
- prevention, treatment, education, responsible use, intervention, and monitoring
- of unlawful consumption of marijuana , with an emphasis on youth with the
- remainder used to fund other governmental expenses including police, fire,
- 106 transportation and general government, all—as approved by voters in April 2019
- with the passage of ballot measure 2A.
- 3.12.070 Exemptions from sales tax.
- 109 Wholesale sales means a sale by a wholesaler to retailers, jobbers, dealers or other
- wholesalers for resale and does not include a sale by wholesalers to users or
- consumers not for resale; latter types of sales shall be deemed to be retail sales and
- shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter. Wholesale sales of retail marijuana
- are subject to an excise tax under the provisions of this Chapter.

- 116 Chapter 3.16 Retail Marijuana Excise Tax
- 3.16.010 Purpose and legislative intent.
- 118 The City Council intends that an excise tax be imposed on the first sale or transfer
- of unprocessed retail marijuana by a retail cultivation facility within the City. The
- 120 purpose of this tax is to increase the revenue base for the City and such Rrevenue
- derived through the retail marijuana excise tax shall be used for the enforcement
- of regulations on the regulated marijuana industry and other costs related to the
- implementation of the use and regulation of regulated marijuana an lawful
- utilization of marijuana, the building, operating and maintenance of the highest
- priorities of the adopted Parks and Recreation Open Space Plan which includes
- indoor and outdoor recreating and park facilities, capital improvements and
- enhancements to the City's Parks, trails and open space, public safety,
- 128 enforcement and administrative purposes and for comprehensive substance
- abuse programs including, without limitation, prevention, treatment, education,
- 130 responsible use, intervention, and monitoring of unlawful consumption of
- 131 marijuana. , with an emphasis on youth with the remainder used to fund other
- 132 governmental expenses including police, fire, transportation and general
- 133 **government.**
- 134 **3.16.020 Definitions.**
- As used in this Chapter, average market rate means the amount determined by the
- 136 State pursuant to Section 39-28.8-101(1), C.R.S., as the average price of
- unprocessed retail marijuana that is sold or transferred from a retail marijuana
- cultivation facility to a retail marijuana store or retail marijuana products
- manufacturer. All other terms in this Chapter shall have the same meaning as set
- 140 forth in Title 5 Chapter 13 of this Code.
- 3.16.030 Imposition and rate of tax.
- 142 There is hereby levied an excise tax of 5 percent upon the average market rate of
- unprocessed retail marijuana that is sold or transferred from a retail marijuana
- 144 cultivation facility to a retail marijuana store or retail marijuana products
- 145 manufacturer.
- 146 **3.16.040 Vendor liable for tax.**
- 147 Each retail marijuana cultivation facility shall collect the tax imposed in Section
- 3.16.030 above upon every sale or transfer of unprocessed retail marijuana from
- the cultivation facility. The person charged with the duty to collect taxes also has
- the burden of proving that any transaction is not subject to the tax imposed by this
- 151 Article.

- 154 3.16.050 Taxes collected held in trust.
- All sums of money paid by any person or facility to a cultivation facility as excise
- taxes pursuant to this Article are public monies that are the property of the City.
- 157 The person required to collect and remit retail marijuana excise taxes shall hold
- such monies in trust for the sole use and benefit of the City until paying them to
- 159 the Finance Director.
- 160 3.16.060 Licensing and reporting.
- 161 (a) Every person with a duty to collect the excise tax imposed by this Article shall
- obtain a tax license pursuant to Title 5 Chapter 13 of this Code, report such taxes
- collected on forms and remit such taxes to the City as prescribed by the Finance
- Director. to the City on or before the 20th day of the month for the preceding month
- under report. A tax license shall be valid so long as:
- 166 (1) the business remains in continuous operation
- (2) the license is not canceled by the licensee or revoked by the City; and
- 168 **(3) the business holds a valid retail marijuana license from the City pursuant to**169 **Title 5 Chapter 13 of this Code.**
- (b) The tax license may be canceled or revoked by the City as provided in Chapter
   12 Section 250 of this Title.
- (c) Whenever a business entity that is required to be licensed under this Article is
- sold, purchased or transferred, so that the ownership interest of the purchaser or
- seller changes in any respect, the purchaser shall obtain a new tax license.
- 175 (d) Every person engaged in the retail marijuana cultivation business in the City
- shall keep books and records according to the standards of the Finance Director
- and subject to the Finance Director's right to audit set forth in GJMC Section
- 178 **3.12.270**.
- (e) The provisions set forth in Sections 3.12.260, 3.12.270, 3.12.290, 3.12.300,
- 3.12.330 thru 3.12.580 of this Code shall all apply to retail marijuana excise taxation
- 181 by the City.
- 3.16.070 Duties and powers of the Finance Director.
- 183 The Finance Director is authorized to administer the provisions of this Chapter.
- 184 **3.16.080** Prohibited acts.
- 185 It is unlawful and a violation of this Code for any retail marijuana business to sell
- or transfer unprocessed retail marijuana without the tax license required by this
- 187 Article, the retail marijuana license required by Title 5 Chapter 13 of this Code and
- any other license(s) required by law, to willfully make any false or fraudulent return

| 189<br>190                             | part thereof, as imposed by this Chapter.  | vade the payment of the tax, or any     |
|--|--|---|
| 191                                    |  |   |
| 192<br>193                             | ALL OTHER PROVISIONS OF TITLE 3 SHALL RIEFFECT.                                    | EMAIN IN FULL FORCE AND                 |
| 194<br>195<br>196<br>197               | Introduced on first reading theday of 2022 and ordered published in pamphlet form. |   |
| 197<br>198<br>199<br>200<br>201<br>202 | Adopted on second reading this day of pamphlet form.                               | 2022 and ordered published in           |
| 202<br>203<br>204<br>205<br>206        | ATTEST:  | C.B. McDaniel President of City Council |
| 207<br>208<br>209                      | Laura Bauer<br>Interim City Clerk  |   |

# ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_\_

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND TITLE 3 OF THE GRAND JUNCTION MUNICIPAL CODE TO INCLUDE A RETAIL MARIJUANA SALES AND USE TAX AND A MARIJUANA EXCISE TAX.

## **RECITALS:**

In October 2010, the City Council adopted Ordinance 4437 which prohibited the operation of medical marijuana businesses in the City limits and amended the Grand Junction Municipal Code by the addition of certain sections prohibiting specified uses relating to marijuana. A petition protesting the passage of Ordinance 4437 was filed, found to be sufficient, and the Ordinance was suspended.

- In December 2010 the City Council approved a ballot question referring Ordinance 4437 to the regular municipal election on April 5, 2011. Referred Measure A was approved by the voters, prohibiting the operation of medical marijuana businesses and amended the Grand Junction Municipal Code to prohibit certain uses relating to marijuana.
- Colorado Amendment 64 was passed by the voters on November 6, 2012. Amendment 64 included an amendment to Article 18 of the Colorado Constitution by adding a new Section 16 regarding the personal use and regulation of marijuana. Amendment 64 allows retail marijuana stores and makes it legal for anyone 21 years or older to buy marijuana at those stores. The Amendment allows anyone over 21 years of age to legally possession and consume up to one ounce of marijuana. Amendment 64 required the State to develop and adopt laws, regulations, and processes concerning marijuana.
  - In February 2013, City Council approved Resolution 07-13, adopting marijuana policies for the City and restrictions for persons or entities from applying to function, do business, or hold itself out as a marijuana facility, business or operation in the City limits. Later that same year, City Council adopted Ordinance 4599 which prohibited the operation of marijuana cultivation facilities, marijuana product manufacturing facilities, marijuana testing facilities, and retail marijuana stores. It also amended Sections in Title 5, Article 15 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code that prohibit certain uses relating to marijuana.
  - In late 2015, the City, Mesa County and Colorado Mesa University, by and through the efforts of the Grand Junction Economic Partnership (GJEP), were successful in establishing the *Colorado Jumpstart* business development program. One business who was awarded the first *Jumpstart* incentive planned to develop a laboratory and deploy its advanced analytical processes for genetic research and its ability to mark/trace chemical properties of agricultural products, one of which was marijuana. In October 2016, City Council passed Ordinance 4722 which amended Ordinance 4599 and Section 21.04.010 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code to allow marijuana testing facilities in the City.

- 41 City staff and community members, including the Marijuana Working Group, have
- researched, reviewed and discussed various approaches to taxation, permitting and
- regulation of marijuana within the City and provided to City Council such information and
- recommendation for the moratorium to be lifted on marijuana businesses.
- On January 20, 2021 the City Council approved Resolution 09-21, the adoption of which
- referred a ballot question to the regular municipal election on April 6, 2021 to repeal
- 47 Referred Measure A contingent on and subject to voter approval of taxation of marijuana
- businesses. A majority of the votes cast at the election were in favor of repealing the
- 49 moratorium on marijuana businesses and in favor of taxation of marijuana businesses.
- City Council has determined to allow retail marijuana businesses within the City. On \_\_\_\_\_\_, Ordinance No. \_\_\_\_\_ was approved by City Council which
- developed rules and regulation for licensing and operating retail marijuana businesses.
- There are indirect costs to the City of the use of marijuana that are not covered by the
- license and application fees paid by the retail marijuana business. Many of those costs
- are related to the fact that marijuana is illegal at the federal level and the state has not
- 56 been able to fully fund enforcement of laws adopted at the state level, leaving
- 57 enforcement of marijuana laws to the local municipalities. Further, there are not
- comprehensive substance abuse programs related to the legal use of marijuana.
- Imposing both an excise tax and a special sales and use tax on marijuana and marijuana
- businesses would provide resources necessary for the City to be able to pay the indirect
- costs, including education and programs, related to the use of marijuana.
- 62 City Council requested that staff prepare an ordinance that approves a sales and use tax
- of six percent and an excise tax of five percent.
- NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF
- 65 **GRAND JUNCTION THAT:**
- Title 3 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code (GJMC) shall be amended as follows
- 67 (additions shown in **bold print** and deletions shown with strike-through):
- 68 3.12.020 Definitions.
- 69 Marijuana also known as cannabis, shall have the same meaning as the term
- "usable form of marijuana" as set forth in Article XVIII, Section 16(2) of the
- 71 Colorado Constitution or as may be more fully defined in any applicable State law
- or regulation. "Marijuana" may alternatively be spelled "marihuana".
- 73 Retail marijuana has the same meaning as set forth in Section 16(2)(f) of Article
- 74 XVIII of the Colorado Constitution.
- 75 Retail marijuana products has the same meaning as set forth in Section 16(2)(k) of
- 76 Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution.

- 77 Retail marijuana store has the same meaning as set forth in Section 16(2)(n) of
- 78 Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution (an entity licensed to purchase marijuana
- 79 from marijuana cultivation facilities and marijuana and marijuana products from
- marijuana product manufacturing facilities and to sell marijuana and marijuana
- 81 products to consumers).
- 82 3.12.030 Levied.
- (d) In addition to the general sales and use tax of 3.25 percent levied in subsection
- (a) above, there is hereby levied a special sales and use tax of 6 percent on the full
- purchase price paid or charged for tangible personal property and taxable services
- 86 purchased or sold at retail by any retail marijuana store exercising a taxable
- privilege in the City by the sale of such property or services. Each retail marijuana
- store shall collect tax on every sale or transfer of retail marijuana product(s). The
- 9.25% sales and use tax shall be collected by the vendor and remitted to the City.
- All revenue derived through the general sales tax of 3.25 percent on retail marijuana
- 91 sales shall be used for general municipal purposes and may be restricted by
- 92 previous voter action.
- 93 All revenue derived through the special sales and use tax of 6 percent on retail
- marijuana sales shall be used for the enforcement of regulations on the regulated
- marijuana industry and other costs related to the regulation of regulated marijuana
- and lawful utilization of marijuana, the building, operating and maintenance of the
- 97 highest priorities of the adopted Parks and Recreation Open Space Plan which
- 98 includes indoor and outdoor recreating and park facilities, capital improvements
- and enhancements to the City's Parks, trails and open space, public safety,
- 100 enforcement and administrative purposes and for comprehensive substance
- abuse programs including, without limitation, prevention, treatment, education,
- 102 responsible use, intervention, and monitoring of unlawful consumption of
- marijuana as approved by voters in April 2019 with the passage of ballot measure
- 104 **2A**.
- 3.12.070 Exemptions from sales tax.
- 106 Wholesale sales means a sale by a wholesaler to retailers, jobbers, dealers or other
- wholesalers for resale and does not include a sale by wholesalers to users or consumers
- not for resale; latter types of sales shall be deemed to be retail sales and shall be subject
- to the provisions of this chapter. Wholesale sales of retail marijuana are subject to an
- excise tax under the provisions of this Chapter.
- 111 Chapter 3.16 Retail Marijuana Excise Tax
- 3.16.010 Purpose and legislative intent.
- 113 The City Council intends that an excise tax be imposed on the first sale or transfer
- of unprocessed retail marijuana by a retail cultivation facility within the City.

- Revenue derived through the retail marijuana excise tax shall be used for the
- enforcement of regulations on the regulated marijuana industry and other costs
- related to the implementation of the use and regulation of regulated marijuana an
- lawful utilization of marijuana, the building, operating and maintenance of the
- 119 highest priorities of the adopted Parks and Recreation Open Space Plan which
- includes indoor and outdoor recreating and park facilities, capital improvements
- and enhancements to the City's Parks, trails and open space, public safety,
- 122 enforcement and administrative purposes and for comprehensive substance
- abuse programs including, without limitation, prevention, treatment, education,
- 124 responsible use, intervention, and monitoring of unlawful consumption of
- 125 marijuana.
- 126 **3.16.020 Definitions.**
- As used in this Chapter, average market rate means the amount determined by the
- 128 State pursuant to Section 39-28.8-101(1), C.R.S., as the average price of
- unprocessed retail marijuana that is sold or transferred from a retail marijuana
- cultivation facility to a retail marijuana store or retail marijuana products
- manufacturer. All other terms in this Chapter shall have the same meaning as set
- forth in Title 5 Chapter 13 of this Code.
- 3.16.030 Imposition and rate of tax.
- 134 There is hereby levied an excise tax of 5 percent upon the average market rate of
- unprocessed retail marijuana that is sold or transferred from a retail marijuana
- cultivation facility to a retail marijuana store or retail marijuana products
- 137 **manufacturer**.
- 138 **3.16.040 Vendor liable for tax.**
- 139 Each retail marijuana cultivation facility shall collect the tax imposed in Section
- 3.16.030 above upon every sale or transfer of unprocessed retail marijuana from
- the cultivation facility. The person charged with the duty to collect taxes also has
- the burden of proving that any transaction is not subject to the tax imposed by this
- 143 Article.
- 3.16.050 Taxes collected held in trust.
- All sums of money paid by any person or facility to a cultivation facility as excise
- taxes pursuant to this Article are public monies that are the property of the City.
- 147 The person required to collect and remit retail marijuana excise taxes shall hold
- such monies in trust for the sole use and benefit of the City until paying them to
- 149 the Finance Director.

151 3.16.060 Licensing and reporting.

| 152<br>153<br>154<br>155               | (a) Every person with a duty to collect the excise tax imposed by this Article shall obtain a tax license pursuant to Title 5 Chapter 13 of this Code, report such taxes collected on forms and remit such taxes to the City as prescribed by the Finance Director. A tax license shall be valid so long as:  |
|--|---|
| 156                                    | (1) the business remains in continuous operation  |
| 157                                    | (2) the license is not canceled by the licensee or revoked by the City; and   |
| 158<br>159                             | (3) the business holds a valid retail marijuana license from the City pursuant to Title 5 Chapter 13 of this Code.  |
| 160<br>161                             | (b) The tax license may be canceled or revoked by the City as provided in Chapter 12 Section 250 of this Title.   |
| 162<br>163<br>164                      | (c) Whenever a business entity that is required to be licensed under this Article is sold, purchased or transferred, so that the ownership interest of the purchaser or seller changes in any respect, the purchaser shall obtain a new tax license.  |
| 165<br>166<br>167<br>168               | (d) Every person engaged in the retail marijuana cultivation business in the City shall keep books and records according to the standards of the Finance Director and subject to the Finance Director's right to audit set forth in GJMC Section 3.12.270.  |
| 169<br>170<br>171                      | (e) The provisions set forth in Sections 3.12.260, 3.12.270, 3.12.290, 3.12.300, 3.12.330 thru 3.12.580 of this Code shall all apply to retail marijuana excise taxation by the City.   |
| 172                                    | 3.16.070 Duties and powers of the Finance Director.   |
| 173                                    | The Finance Director is authorized to administer the provisions of this Chapter.  |
| 174                                    | 3.16.080 Prohibited acts.   |
| 175<br>176<br>177<br>178<br>179<br>180 | It is unlawful and a violation of this Code for any retail marijuana business to sell or transfer unprocessed retail marijuana without the tax license required by this Article, the retail marijuana license required by Title 5 Chapter 13 of this Code and any other license(s) required by law, to willfully make any false or fraudulent return or false statement on any return, or to willfully evade the payment of the tax, or any part thereof, as imposed by this Chapter. |
| 181<br>182                             | ALL OTHER PROVISIONS OF TITLE 3 SHALL REMAIN IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT.  |
| 183<br>184<br>185                      | Introduced on first reading theday of, 2022 and ordered published in pamphlet form.   |

| 187 | Adopted on second reading this | day of | 2022 and ordered published in |
|-----|--------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|
| 188 | pamphlet form.                 |        |                               |
| 189 |                                |        |                               |
| 190 |                                |        |                               |
| 191 |                                |        |                               |
| 192 | ATTEST:                        |        | C.B. McDaniel                 |
| 193 |                                |        | President of City Council     |
| 194 |                                |        |                               |
| 195 |                                |        |                               |
| 196 | Laura Bauer                    |        |                               |
| 197 | Interim City Clerk             |        |                               |
| 102 | ·                              |        |                               |

# 1 CANNABIS LICENSING AUTHORITY AND HEARING OFFICER PROCEDURES 2 **APPLICABILITY OF RULES**

3 In addition to any other rules or processes which may be applicable, these procedures 4 (Procedures) shall control the proceedings before the Cannabis Licensing Authority (Authority) of 5

the City of Grand Junction and the Marijuana Hearing Officer (Hearing Officer).

The Authority may waive or modify any procedural or non-substantive rule set forth in these Procedures if the same is lawful and in the furtherance of appropriate administration of the City's laws concerning the licensure and regulation of marijuana businesses in the City, all in accordance with Grand Junction Municipal Code (GJMC) and applicable principles of substantive and procedural Due Process afforded by the Colorado and United States Constitutions. Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, terms used herein shall have/be given the same meaning as Chapter 5, Article 13 of the GJMC.

#### PROCEDURES FOR NEW LICENSES

## A. Hearing Officer

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

The duly appointed and designated Hearing Officer shall have full authority to control the proceedings, to admit or exclude testimony or other offers of evidence and to rule upon all motions and objections. The Hearing Officer shall ensure that all open meetings and hearings (Public Activity(ies)) of the Authority are conducted in an open and fair manner.

#### B. Public Activity(ies) - Generally

- 1. Decorum. The Hearing Officer shall preserve decorum during Public Activity(ies) of the Authority. The Hearing Officer shall have the right to eject, after reasonable warning, any person disrupting any Public Activity(ies). No signs or placards will be displayed by an applicant or the audience during any Public Activity(ies). Loud sounds such as cheering, applause, or booing shall be limited by the Hearing Officer. Video or audio recording of any Public Activity(ies) of the Authority by persons other than the City is at the discretion of the Hearing Officer and in no event shall any recording interfere or impede a meeting. (IS A VIDEO HEARING AND/OR PARTICIPATION ALLOWED?)
- 2. Scheduling of Public Activity(ies). Public Activity(ies) of the Authority shall be scheduled to occur.
- 3. Notice. Notice for Public Activity(ies) of the Authority shall be in accordance with and pursuant to the City annual meeting notice resolution.
- 4. Exhibits. All exhibits and/or other documentary evidence to be admitted, shall be submitted to the Authority and pre-marked no later than seven days prior to date the exhibit(s) or other documentary evidence is to be considered. Exhibits and/or other documentary evidence shall be introduced as in civil matter under the Colorado Rule of Civil Procedure and the Colorado Rules of Evidence. The sponsor of an exhibit(s) and/or other documentary evidence shall provide no less than three complete copies of the exhibit(s) and/or other documentary evidence. Exhibit(s) and/or other documentary evidence may be submitted electronically in a format specified by the City Clerk.

41 5. Rules of Evidence. The Hearing Officer shall not be bound by a strict application of the 42 Colorado Rules of Evidence; however, irrelevant, repetitive, opinion and other less 43 probative testimony and evidence should be excluded when possible but may be 44 allowed within the Hearing Officer's discretion. 45 Motions may be written but shall be read into or summarized for the record. 46 Objections shall be stated orally for the record. 47 All testimony shall be given under oath. In all Public Activity(ies) of the Authority, the 48 applicant has the burden of proof, and the burden of persuasion shall be by a 49 preponderance of the evidence. 50 The Hearing Officer and/or the City Attorney have the right of examination and/or 51 cross-examination of any witness or person testifying at any hearing or Public 52 Activity(ies) of the Authority. 53 6. The Public Activity(ies) of the Authority shall be recorded. Any person requesting a 54 transcript of such record shall reimburse the City for the cost to prepare the record. 55 (AIDEOS) 56 7. Order of Presentation. The following order for the presentation of evidence shall apply 57 to all Public Activity(ies) of the Authority: 58 a. Call the Public Activity(ies) to order 59 b. Preliminary matters/introduction of the agenda/scheduled matters by the 60 **Hearing Officer** 61 c. Opening statement by the applicant or applicant's attorney 62 d. Opening statement by the City 63 e. Applicant's presentation of evidence and witnesses. Prior to excusing 64 applicant's witnesses, examination/cross-examination by the City Attorney 65 and/or Hearing Officer 66 f. City's presentation of evidence and witnesses, if any. Prior to excusing any of the 67 City's witnesses, examination/cross-examination shall be permitted, in the 68 following order, Applicant/Applicant's attorney City Attorney and/or Hearing 69 Officer 70 g. Public testimony, if any 71 h. Applicant's rebuttal evidence, if any 72 i. City's rebuttal evidence, if any 73 j. Applicant's closing statement 74 k. City's closing statement, if any 75 1. Close the Public Activity (ies) 76 m. Deliberation and findings or reservation of findings 77 78 8. Reopening of Public Activity(ies). Whenever a Public Activity(ies) has been opened 79 and continued to another date or where it has been closed and the Hearing Officer 80 determines additional evidence or supplementary information is necessary prior to a 81 final decision, the Hearing Officer may reopen the Public Activity(ies) for purposes of

82 taking such additional evidence or information. The Hearing Officer may limit the 83 scope of such evidence to be taken and/or shall determine both the admissibility and 84 weight to be accorded to the evidence and/or information. Whenever a Public 85 Activity(ies) is reopened and additional evidence/information received, all such 86 additional evidence/information shall be incorporated into the record of the prior 87 Public Activity(ies). 88 9. Evidence. Evidence for a new license may include, but is not limited to: 89 a. Completeness review of Application/Applicants qualification to hold of a 90 license. Evidence concerning the Application/Applicant satisfaction of GJMC 91 in general and §§<mark>5.13.033 and 5.13.027</mark> particular. 92 b. Proof of compliance with posting requirements. The applicant shall present 93 proof of compliance with the notice requirement in §5.13.027 of the GJMC. 94 C. Continuances. The City Clerk on behalf of the Authority may grant an applicant's or the City's 95 request to continue a matter set for Public Activitiy(ies) of the Authority to the next regular meeting 96 or to a special meeting if such request is made prior to the time that publication and posting of 97 notice of the Public Activity(ies) on the matter(s) is(are) to be made. Once a matter has been 98 scheduled for Public Activity(ies) and notice thereof has been given, the matter may be continued 99 only by the Hearing Officer upon a showing of good cause. The Hearing Officer may, in his/her 100 discretion, grant or deny a request for a continuance. 101 D. Parties. Unless excused by the Hearing Officer, the following persons shall attend the Public 102 Activity(ies) for consideration of an Application: 103 104 1. If the applicant is an individual, that individual; or 105 106 2. If the applicant is a partnership, any managing or general partner or authorized 107 designee; or 108 109 3. If the applicant is a corporation, the president of the corporation, an officer or director, 110 or such other corporate representative as the president may designate in writing; or 111 112 4. If the applicant is a limited liability company, a managing officer or authorized 113 designee. 114 E. Approval or Denial. Not less than 30 days following the Public Activity(ies) of the Authority, the 115 Hearing Officer shall either approve, approve with conditions, or deny the license application in 116 writing as provided in §§5.13.022 and 5.13.027 of the GJMC. 117 F. Findings. Any findings, which shall mean findings of fact, conclusions of law and order, may be 118 prepared by the City Attorney and shall upon execution of an order and/or making of findings by 119 the Hearing Officer be available to the applicant within 15 days of the conclusion of the Public 120 Activity(ies) of the Authority. 121 G. Appeals. All decisions of the Authority are final, subject only to appeals pursuant to Rule 106(a)(4) 122 of the Colorado Rules of Civil Procedure.

- 123 PROCEDURES FOR LICENSE RENEWALS, TRANSFERS OF OWNERSHIP, CHANGE OF CORPORATE
- 124 STRUCTURE, CHANGE OF LOCATION, AND MODIFICATION OF PREMISES
- 125 A. <u>Hearing Officer</u>. Public Activity(ies) of the Authority concerning license renewals, transfers of
- ownership, change of corporate structure, change of location, and modification of premises will
- be heard and decided by the Hearing Officer.

# 128 B. <u>Public Activity(ies) - Generally</u>

- 1. Decorum. The Hearing Officer shall preserve decorum during Public Activity(ies) of the Authority. The Hearing Officer shall have the right to eject, after reasonable warning, any person disrupting any Public Activity(ies). No signs or placards will be displayed by an applicant or the audience during any Public Activity(ies). Loud sounds such as cheering, applause, or booing shall be limited by the Hearing Officer. Video or audio recording of any Public Activity(ies) of the Authority by persons other than the City is at the discretion of the Hearing Officer and in no event shall any recording interfere or impede a meeting. (IS A VIDEO HEARING AND/OR PARTICIPATION ALLOWED?)
- 3. Notice. Notice for Public Activity(ies) of the Authority shall be in accordance with and pursuant to the City annual meeting notice resolution.
  - 4. Exhibits. All exhibits and/or other documentary evidence to be admitted, shall be submitted to the Authority and pre-marked no later than seven days prior to date the exhibit(s) or other documentary evidence is to be considered. Exhibits and/or other documentary evidence shall be introduced as in civil matter under the Colorado Rule of Civil Procedure and the Colorado Rules of Evidence. The sponsor of an exhibit(s) and/or other documentary evidence shall provide no less than three complete copies of the exhibit(s) and/or other documentary evidence may be submitted electronically in a format specified by the City Clerk.
- 5. Rules of Evidence. The Hearing Officer shall not be bound by a strict application of the Colorado Rules of Evidence; however, irrelevant, repetitive, opinion and other less probative testimony and evidence should be excluded when possible but may be allowed within the Hearing Officer's discretion.
- Motions may be written but shall be read into or summarized for the record.
- Objections shall be stated orally for the record.
- All testimony shall be given under oath. In all Public Activity(ies) of the Authority, the applicant has the burden of proof, and the burden of persuasion shall be by a preponderance of the evidence.
  - a. Evidence concerning whether the Licensee is qualified to hold the license, including evidence of compliance with all relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.

| 161   | b. Compliance with all city and state operational rules and regulations  |
|---|--|
| 162<br>163<br>164                             | c. Plans or specifications for modification of premises, and proof that ar<br>modifications would result in the Licensee continuing to follow all City and stat<br>operational rules and regulations.  |
| 165<br>166<br>167                             | The Hearing Officer and/or the City Attorney have the right of examination and/or cros examination of any witness or person testifying at any hearing or Public Activity(ies) of th Authority.   |
| 168<br>169                                    | <ol> <li>The Public Activity(ies) of the Authority shall be recorded. Any person requesting a transcription of such record shall reimburse the City for the cost to prepare the record. (VIDEO?)</li> </ol>  |
| 170<br>171                                    | 7. Order of Presentation. The following order for the presentation of evidence shall apply to a<br>Public Activity(ies) of the Authority:  |
| 172   | a. Call the Public Activity(ies) to order  |
| 173   | b. Preliminary matters/introduction of the agenda/scheduled matters by th  |
| 174   | Hearing Officer  |
| 175   | c. Opening statement by the applicant or applicant's attorney  |
| 176   | d. Opening statement by the City   |
| 177   | e. Applicant's presentation of evidence and witnesses. Prior to excusin  |
| 178   | applicant's witnesses, examination/cross-examination by the City Attorne   |
| 179<br>180                                    | and/or Hearing Officer  f. City's presentation of evidence and witnesses, if any. Prior to excusing any of th  |
| 181   | f. City's presentation of evidence and witnesses, if any. Prior to excusing any of th<br>City's witnesses, examination/cross-examination shall be permitted, in th   |
| 182   | following order, Applicant/Applicant's attorney City Attorney and/or Hearin  |
| 183   | Officer  |
| 184   | g. Public testimony, if any  |
| 185   | h. Applicant's rebuttal evidence, if any   |
| 186   | i. City's rebuttal evidence, if any  |
| 187   | j. Applicant's closing statement   |
| 188   | k. City's closing statement, if any  |
| 189   | 1. Close the Public Activity(ies)  |
| 190   | m. Deliberation and findings or reservation of findings  |
| 191   |  |
| 192<br>193<br>194<br>195<br>196<br>197<br>198 | C. <u>Continuances</u> . The City Clerk on behalf of the Authority may grant an applicant's or the City request to continue a matter set for Public Activity(ies) of the Authority to the next regular meeting or to a special meeting if such request is made prior to the time that publication and posting a notice of Public Activity(ies) on the matter(s) is(are) to be made. Once a matter has bee scheduled for Public Activity(ies) and notice thereof has been given, the matter may be continued only by the Hearing Officer upon a showing of good cause. The Hearing Officer matin his/her discretion, grant or deny a request for a continuance. |

D. <u>Parties</u>. Unless excused by the Hearing Officer, the following persons shall attend the Public Activity(ies) for consideration of any license renewals, transfers of ownership, change of corporate structure, change of location, and modification of premises:

- E. If the Licensee, whether an individual, partnership, any managing or general partner or authorized designee; or if a corporation, the designee of the corporation, as the president may designate in writing; or if the Licensee is a limited liability company, a managing officer or authorized designee.
- F. <u>Approval or Denial</u>. Not less than 30 days following the Public Activity(ies) of the Authority the Hearing Officer shall either approve, approve with conditions, or deny the license renewal, transfer of ownership, change of corporate structure, change of location, and modification of premises application in writing as provided in the GJMC.
- G. <u>Findings</u>. Any findings, which shall mean findings of fact, conclusions of law and order, may be prepared by the City Attorney and shall upon execution of an order and/or making of findings by the Hearing Officer be available to the applicant within 15 days of the conclusion of the Public
- 213 Activity(ies) of the Authority.
- H. <u>Appeals</u>. All decisions of the Authority are final, subject only to appeals pursuant to Rule 106(a)(4) of the Colorado Rules of Civil Procedure.

# 216 C. Activity(ies) Procedures

217

218

219

220

221

222

223

224

227

228

229

230

231

232

233

234

235

236

237

238

- Recording. The Public Activity(ies) of the Authority shall be recorded. Any person requesting a transcript of such record shall reimburse the City for the cost to prepare the record.
  - 2. Presentation of Evidence Burden of Proof In a Public Activity(ies) concerning an application for renewal, transfer of ownership, change in corporate structure, or modification of premises, the Licensee shall have the burden of proving, by preponderance of the evidence, that the Licensee is and would continue to be in compliance with all City and state laws and regulations pertaining to the application and operation of the marijuana establishment.
- 3. Presentation of Evidence Order of Presentation. The following order for the presentation of evidence shall apply to all Public Activity(ies) of the Authority:
  - a. Call the Public Activity(ies) to order
    - b. Preliminary matters/introduction of the agenda/scheduled matters by the Hearing Officer
    - c. Opening statement by the applicant or applicant's attorney
    - d. Opening statement by the City
    - e. Applicant's presentation of evidence and witnesses. Prior to excusing applicant's witnesses, examination/cross-examination by the City Attorney and/or Hearing Officer
    - f. City's presentation of evidence and witnesses, if any. Prior to excusing any of the City's witnesses, examination/cross-examination shall be permitted, in the following order, Applicant/Applicant's attorney City Attorney and/or Hearing Officer
    - g. Public testimony, if any
  - h. Applicant's rebuttal evidence, if any
- i. City's rebuttal evidence, if any
  - i. Applicant's closing statement
- 241 k. City's closing statement, if any

242 1. Close the Public Activity(ies)
243 m. Deliberation and findings or reservation of findings
244
245 D. Continuances. Requests for continuances shall be made, when practicable, in writing, prior to
246 the scheduled Public Activity(ies). Requests for continuances shall not be granted on the day of
247 the Activity(ies) absent a showing of good cause. The Hearing Officer shall have the sole discretion

to grant or deny a request to continue.

- 249 E. <u>Parties</u>. Unless excused by the Hearing Officer, the following person(s) shall attend the Public 250 Activity(ies) of the Authority on the application:
  - 1. If the applicant is an individual, that individual; or
  - 2. If the applicant is a partnership, any managing or general partner or authorized designee; or
  - 3. If the applicant is a corporation, the president of the corporation, an officer or director, or such other corporate representative as the president may designate in writing; or
  - 4. If the applicant is a limited liability company, a managing officer or authorized designee.
  - F. <u>Approval or Denial</u>. Not less than 30 days following the completion of the Public Activity(ies) the Hearing Officer shall either approve, approve with conditions, or deny the license application in writing. Any such approval or denial shall include any findings, which shall mean findings of fact and conclusions of law and order, which the Hearing Officer relied on to make the determination to approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application. Written findings of fact shall be mailed by certified mail to the license within 30 days after the completion of the Public Activity(ies.)
- G. <u>Appeals.</u> All decisions of the Hearing Officer are final, subject only to appeals pursuant to Rule 106(a)(4) of the Colorado Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 269 PROCEDURES FOR SUSPENSIONS, REVOCATIONS, AND IMPOSITION OF CIVIL PENALTIES
- A. <u>Hearing Officer</u>. Any complaint filed by the City Attorney with the Authority seeking the imposition of a civil penalty or suspension or revocation of a license will be heard by the Hearing Officer.
  - B. <u>Initiation of Proceedings</u>. If there is probable cause to believe that a Licensee has violated or permitted a violation of state and/or local law, rules and regulations, or any of the terms, conditions, or provisions of the license, the City Attorney may file with the Hearing Officer a written complaint setting forth the circumstances of the violation(s), and a request that the Hearing Officer set a show cause hearing. If the Hearing Officer determines that the complaint establishes probable cause to believe that a violation(s) exist(s), the Hearing Officer shall issue an Order to Show Cause and Notice of Hearing ("Notice"), which shall command the Licensee to appear and show cause as to why a civil penalty should not be imposed, or the license should not be suspended or revoked. The Notice shall notify or inform the Licensee of the charges or alleged grounds for the violation and the imposition of a civil penalty, suspension, or revocation, and will be prepared for the Hearing Officer by the City Attorney or designee.

- C. <u>Settlements and Dispositions.</u> All proposed settlements and dispositions of matters scheduled for hearing shall be in the form of a joint stipulation and shall be submitted in writing to the offices of the Authority and the City Attorney at least ten days prior to the scheduled hearing date. The Hearing Officer has the discretion to consider a proposed disposition prior to the hearing.
  - 1. The scheduled hearing shall be automatically vacated if:

- a. The proposed settlement or disposition is properly and timely made in writing in accordance; and
- b. The proposed settlement is approved as to legal form by the City Attorney's office; and
- c. No prior proposed settlements or dispositions on the same matter have been previously submitted to the Hearing Officer for consideration.
- 2. The City Clerk on behalf of the Authority shall provide the Hearing Officer with a copy of the written notice of proposed settlement or disposition.
- 3. Consideration of proposed disposition by the Hearing Officer; continuance of hearing if disposition is rejected.
  - a. Upon timely filing of the notice of the proposed disposition as provided above, the Hearing Officer shall, at the time of the scheduled hearing consider the proposed stipulation(s) and recommendation(s). The Hearing Officer may however, upon good cause shown, consider dispositions presented either orally or in writing. Upon a finding that the public interest is not served by the proffered disposition, or if the Hearing Officer significantly changes the proposed settlement order and during the Hearing Officer's consideration of such, either party has an objection to such changes, the hearing on the merits shall be continued and rescheduled within 30 days. The continued hearing shall be at least ten days after the original scheduled hearing date, unless both parties are prepared and agree to proceed immediately after rejection of the proposed disposition.
  - b. In the event of rejection of a proposed disposition, the Hearing Officer shall identify the reasons for such rejection, which may include, without limitation, seriousness of the violations, aggravating or mitigating circumstances, the history of the subject establishment, corrective actions taken, likelihood of reoccurrence, and any other relevant matters impacting the public health, safety, and welfare.
- 4. Subsequent proposed dispositions. In the event that the Hearing Officer, in the exercise of his or her discretion, should reject the proposed disposition, and the issues are rescheduled for hearing on the merits as set forth herein, and the parties submit an amended proposed disposition, the parties should nevertheless be fully prepared to proceed on the merits of the case at the rescheduled hearing in the event the amended proposal for disposition is also rejected by the Hearing Officer.
- 5. No prejudice of rejection of proposed disposition. In the event that the Hearing Officer should reject any proposed disposition pursuant to the provisions of these Rules, neither the City nor the Licensee shall suffer any prejudice or detriment as a result of such

327 rejection. The legal standards and burden of proof applicable to the proceedings shall 328 be as if the proposal had not been presented, and a Licensee shall suffer no detrimental 329 presumption or inference as a result of such rejection upon hearing the merits. 330 331 6. Factual stipulations. Nothing in these Rules shall be deemed or construed to preclude or 332 limit either party before or during a hearing from offering to stipulate as to the existence 333 of any fact. 334 D. Continuances. All requests for continuance of a scheduled hearing where the Hearing Officer 335 will be considering whether a license may be suspended or revoked shall be submitted in writing 336 to the offices of the Authority and the City Attorney, or if the City is requesting the continuance, to 337 the City Clerk on behalf of the Authority and the business address of the applicant/Licensee or their 338 legal counsel at least ten days prior to the scheduled hearing date. 339 1. A continuance of a hearing shall be granted by the City Clerk on behalf of the Authority 340 to a new hearing date within 30 days if: 341 a. The written request is properly and timely submitted to the City Clerk's office in 342 accordance with these Procedures; and 343 b. Both parties or their representatives agree to the continuance; and 344 c. Neither party has been previously granted a continuance in the matter under 345 consideration. 346 347 2. If the request for continuance is not made and granted in accordance with these 348 Procedures, then both parties or their representative shall appear before the Authority at 349 the scheduled hearing date and time and be prepared to proceed with the hearing. 350 3. Upon a showing of substantial hardship or other good cause by the requesting party, the Hearing Officer may grant continuances upon such terms and conditions as it deems just 351 352 and proper. 353 E. Public Activity(ies) - Generally 354 1. Decorum during hearing. The Hearing Officer shall preserve decorum during a hearing. 355 The Hearing Officer shall have the right to eject, after reasonable warning, any person 356 disrupting a hearing. No signs or placards will be displayed by a Licensee or the audience 357 during a hearing. Loud sounds such as cheering, applause, or booing shall be limited by 358 the Hearing Officer. Video or audio recording of a hearing by persons other than the City 359 is at the discretion of the Hearing Officer and in no event shall any recording interfere or 360 impede a meeting. 361 2. Scheduling of Hearing, shall be held at the place, date, and time designated by the 362 Hearing Officer as stated in the Order to Show Cause and Notice of Hearing. 363 3. Rules of Evidence. The Hearing Officer shall not be bound by strict rules of evidence 364 prevailing in courts of law or equity; however, the right of cross-examination shall be 365 preserved. Irrelevant, repetitive and cumulative testimony and evidence should be 366 excluded when possible. Motions may be written but shall be read into or summarized

| 367<br>368               | for the r<br>under c        |               | rd. Objections shall be stated orally for the record. All testimony shall be given  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---|
| 369                      | F. <u>Public Activity(i</u> | es) F         | <u>Procedures</u>   |
| 370<br>371               |                             | _             | The hearing shall be recorded. Any person requesting a transcript of such reimburse the City for the cost to prepare the record.  |
| 372<br>373<br>374<br>375 | of a pe<br>by prep          | nalty<br>oonc | n of Evidence—The burden of proof in a hearing initiated to seek imposition against a license/Licensee shall be on the City, the standard shall be proof derance of the evidence of the occurrence of the violation or unlawful act basis of the complaint. |
| 376                      | 3. Present                  | atior         | n of Evidence—Order of Presentation   |
| 377                      |                             | a.            | Call the Public Activity(ies) to order  |
| 378<br>379               |                             | b.            | Preliminary matters/introduction of the agenda/scheduled matters by the Hearing Officer   |
| 380                      |                             | c.            | Opening statement by the applicant or applicant's attorney  |
| 381                      |                             | d.            | Opening statement by the City   |
| 382                      |                             | e.            | Applicant's presentation of evidence and witnesses. Prior to excusing   |
| 383                      |                             |               | applicant's witnesses, examination/cross-examination by the City Attorney   |
| 384                      |                             | C             | and/or Hearing Officer  |
| 385                      |                             | f.            | City's presentation of evidence and witnesses, if any. Prior to excusing any  |
| 386<br>387               |                             |               | of the City's witnesses, examination/cross-examination shall be permitted, in<br>the following order, Applicant/Applicant's attorney City Attorney and/or   |
| 388                      |                             |               | Hearing Officer   |
| 389                      |                             | g.            | Public testimony, if any  |
| 390                      |                             | ĥ.            | Applicant's rebuttal evidence, if any   |
| 391                      |                             | i.            | City's rebuttal evidence, if any  |
| 392                      |                             | j.            | Applicant's closing statement   |
| 393                      |                             | k.            | City's closing statement, if any  |
| 394                      |                             | 1.            | Close the Public Activity(ies)  |
| 395                      |                             |               | Deliberation and findings or reservation of findings  |
| 396                      |                             |               |   |
| 397                      | 4. Evidenc                  | e at          | the hearing may include, but is not limited to:   |
| 398                      | a.                          | Evid          | dence from individual witnesses who were present when the alleged   |
| 399                      |                             | eve           | ents/violations occurred;   |
| 400                      |                             |               |   |
| 401                      | b.                          |               | dence from experts including health or other county or state officials  |
| 402<br>403               |                             | cor           | ncerning events surrounding the violation;  |
| 404                      | C                           | Evic          | dence from City employees and officials, including but not limited to, Code   |
| 405                      | C.                          |               | orcement officers, Finance officers, and Building officials; and  |
| 406                      |                             | _, ,,,        | s. ese ees.e, raries emesis, and bollanig emelal, and   |
| 407                      | d.                          | Evic          | dence from the Police Department  |
| 408                      |                             |               |   |

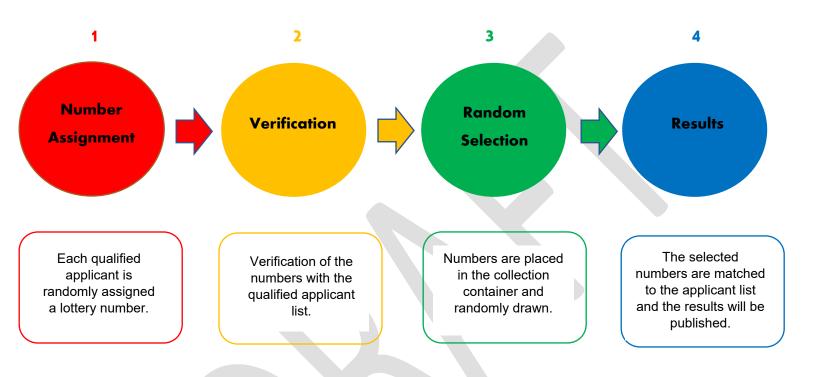
## 409 G. <u>Hearing Determination</u>

- 1. In the event the Licensee is found not to have violated any law, rule or regulation, the complaint/charges will be dismissed.
- 2. In the event the Licensee is found to have violated a law(s), rule(s) or regulation(s), the license may be suspended, revoked or a civil penalty imposed in accordance with the Marijuana Establishment Violations and Sentencing Guidelines.
- 415 <u>H. Order.</u> The Hearing Officer shall issue a written order setting forth the findings of fact and conclusions of law the Hearing Officer made in reaching his/her determination to dismiss charges, impose a civil penalty, or suspend or revoke the license. The Order shall be provided to the City
- Clerk on behalf of the Authority no later than 30 days following the hearing. The City Clerk on behalf
- of the Authority shall mail the Licensee the Hearing Officer's Order by first-class mail to the address
- contained in the license within 3 business days following receipt of the Order from the Hearing
- 421 Officer.
- I. <u>Fees.</u> In the event of revocation, or suspension, no portion of the license fee shall be refunded.
- 423 J. <u>Date of Suspension</u>. Orders of suspension shall indicate the effective date of suspension. For suspensions of 14 days or less, the effective date shall be at least ten business days after
- 425 announcement of the suspension unless the Hearing Officer makes findings, which indicate the
- 426 need for an earlier effective date.
- K. <u>Date of Revocation</u>. An Order for revocation of a license shall be effective immediately upon
- issuance by the Hearing Officer.
- L. Fine in Lieu. A Licensee wishing to petition the Hearing Officer to pay a fine in lieu of suspension
- must submit a written petition to the City Attorney in accordance with §5.13.043 of the GJMC.
- 431 M. <u>Civil Penalties</u>. Following an Order for the payment of a fine or other monetary penalty, the
- Licensee shall remit full payment in the form of cash, money order, or certified check or cashier's
- check made payable to the City no more than ten days after issuance of such order, unless
- otherwise agreed to in writing by the Hearing Officer.
- N. Appeals. All decisions of the Hearing Officer are final, subject only to appeals pursuant to Rule
- 436 106(a)(4) of the Colorado Rules of Civil Procedure.



# **Cannabis Randomized Selection Process**

This document outlines the process for which qualified applicants are randomly selected and will have an opportunity to be issued a Cannabis Business License.



#### Additional Information:

If there are more qualified applicants than the number of available licenses, the randomized selection shall occur.

Because only two licenses may be issued for Horizon Drive, if two applicants for Horizon Drive license are drawn, any subsequent Horizon Drive applicants selected will be disqualified.

In the event that the number of qualified applicants is less than the number of available license(s), the randomized selection shall not occur.

The randomized selection will be publicly conducted. Entrants need not be present at the selection.

If any of the applicants selected at the random selection do not commence operations of the business, then another random selection process will occur in the same format.

In no event may a qualified applicant sell its position in the randomized selection process, nor may an applicant selected for licensure be allowed to sell, transfer, or otherwise assign its position/license to any other person or entity.

Randomized selection results will be published the same day the randomized selection is conducted.

- 1 CANNABIS BUSINESS VIOLATION AND PENALTY GUIDELINES (Guidelines)
- 2 PURPOSE
- 3 These Guidelines are intended to provide the Hearing Officer of the Grand Junction Cannabis
- 4 Licensing Authority (Authority) assistance with the imposition of penalties, which may include but
- 5 are not limited to suspension or revocation of any license, against cannabis business licensees for
- 6 violation(s) related to the operation of any Cannabis Business, as defined in Article 5, Chapter 13
- 7 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code (GJMC) in and for the City of Grand Junction (City).
- 8 The Guidelines are intended to further consistency of penalties, suspensions and revocations
- 9 resulting from violations; however, the Hearing Officer is vested with discretion and shall consider
- 10 the facts and circumstances of any alleged violation(s) and the penalty imposed against a
- 11 licensee for any violation(s) may vary under the Guidelines depending upon the unique facts and
- 12 circumstances of each violation.
- 13 SCOPE
- 14 The Hearing Officer shall consult the Guidelines in all circumstances where there is a violation of
- 15 any law, rule or regulation under Chapter 5, Article 13 of the Grand Junction Municipal Code
- 16 ("GJMC") either when the Hearing Officer has found a violation(s) has occurred or when a
- proposed stipulation concerning a violation(s) is to be considered by the Authority.
- 18 FINE IN LIEU
- 19 As authorized by §5.13.043 of the GJMC, any Licensee found in violation of the GJMC may petition
- 20 the Hearing Officer for permission to pay a fine in lieu of having the License suspended for all or
- 21 part of the suspension period, except the period of any mandatory suspension as required
- 22 pursuant to these Guidelines.
- 23 The amount of any fine in lieu will be calculated at 20% of the Licensee's average gross sales from
- 24 the sale of cannabis and/or cannabis infused products over a 90-day period preceding the
- 25 suspension period. The fine will be for each day a fine in lieu of the period of the proposed
- suspension. A fine in lieu may include a period of active suspension of a License.
- 27 Any petition for a fine in lieu requires that the licensee pay a \$500.00 non-refundable fee to the
- 28 Authority. Approval of a fine in lieu petition is within the sole discretion of the Hearing Officer.
- 29 Payment of a fine in lieu of suspension may also be agreed to by stipulation of the City Attorney
- 30 and Licensee prior to a hearing, which stipulation shall be considered by the Hearing Officer, and
- 31 approval of which is at the sole discretion of the Hearing Officer.
- 32 VIOLATIONS
- 33 A. License Infractions. A license infraction may include, but is not limited to, failure to display
- required license(s), permit(s), sign(s), a minor unauthorized modification of the licensed premises,
- 35 or other violation(s) such as failure to comply with Colorado Code of Regulations, 1 CCR 212-3,
- Part 3-310(A)(2),(3), (5), (6), and (7) cleanliness standards. Penalties for a License Infraction may
- 37 include a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 per occurrence, per day, a license suspension, a fine in lieu
- 38 of suspension of up to \$10,000, and/or license revocation depending on the mitigating and
- 39 aggravating circumstances. Other sanctions may also include restrictions on the License.
- 40 B. License Violations. A license violation is more severe than a license infraction but generally does
- 41 not have an immediate impact on the health, safety and welfare of the public. License Violations

may include, but are not limited to, advertising and/or marketing violation(s), packaging or labeling violation(s) that do not directly impact consumer safety, failure to maintain minimum security requirement(s), failure to keep and maintain adequate business books and records, or minor clerical errors in the inventory tracking procedure(s), a major unauthorized modification of the licensed premises, or failure to have the registered manager on premises during hours of operation. The range of penalties for a License Violation may include a license suspension, a fine in lieu of suspension of up to \$50,000, and/or license revocation depending on the mitigating and aggravating circumstances. Other sanctions may also include restrictions on the License.

C. License Violations Affecting Public Safety. A License Violation Affecting Public Safety is the most severe violation and may include, but is not limited to, sales of cannabis to persons under the age of 21 years, permitting any person under 21 years of age to enter or remain on or within the licensed premises, consuming or allowing the consumption of cannabis and/or alcohol on the licensed premises, cannabis sales in excess of the relevant transaction limit, permitting the diversion of cannabis outside the regulated distribution system, possessing cannabis obtained from outside the regulated distribution system or from an unauthorized source, making misstatements or omissions in the inventory tracking system, failure to maintain books and records to fully account for all transactions of the business, advertising violations directly targeting minors, packaging or labeling violations that directly impact consumer safety, cultivating or manufacturing cannabis on the licensed premises, providing cannabis to any person for free, or selling or distributing cannabis to any person who shows visible signs of intoxication from alcohol, cannabis, or other drugs, failure to allow regular or random inspection(s), and failure to contemporaneously report criminal activity occurring on or near the Licensed premises. License Violations Affecting Public Safety are presumed to have an immediate impact on the health, safety, and welfare of the public at large. Penalties for License Violations Affecting Public Safety include a minimum mandatory 5-day suspension for which a fine in lieu may not be considered, additional license suspension of up to 45 days, a fine in lieu of any non-mandatory suspension of up to \$100,000, and/or license revocation depending on the mitigating and aggravating circumstances. Other sanctions may also include restrictions on the license.

#### 70 MITIGATION AND AGGRAVATION

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

74

75

76

79

A. In deciding the penalty to impose for a violation(s), except in cases involving a mandatory penalty, the Hearing Officer shall consider mitigating and aggravating circumstances, including, but not limited to, the following:

- 1. Mitigation
- a. Corrective measures, if any, taken by the licensee
- b. Participation in Responsible Vendor training
- 77 c. Implementation of new systems or processes to ensure future compliance
- 78 2. Aggravation
  - a. Violation committed by licensee or manager or an employee(s)
- b. Prior similar violations
- 81 c. Willfulness or deliberateness of the violation
- 3. Other factors

| 83         | a.                        | Nature and seriousness of the violation   |
|------------|---------------------------|---|
| 84         | b.                        | Prior violations, if any, at the licensed premises  |
| 85         | C.                        | Effectiveness of prior corrective action, if any  |
| 86         | d.                        | Likelihood of recurrence  |
| 87         | e.                        | Length of time the license has been held by the licensee  |
| 88         | f.                        | Length of time since previous violation, if any   |
| 89         | g.                        | Previous sanctions imposed against the licensee, if any   |
| 90         | B. First Violation Option | ons   |
| 91         | 1. License Infr           | actions   |
| 92<br>93   | a.                        | Imposition of a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 per license for each day the violation occurs or continues; or       |
| 94         | b.                        | License suspension of up to 20 days   |
| 95         | C.                        | Fine in lieu of suspension or a portion of suspension of up to \$10,000;  |
| 96         | d.                        | Restrictions on license designated to ensure future compliance  |
| 97         | 2. License Vio            | lations   |
| 98         | a.                        | License suspension of between two and 25 days   |
| 99         | b.                        | Fine in lieu of suspension or a portion of suspension of up to \$50,000   |
| 100        | C.                        | Revocation of license   |
| 101        | d.                        | Restrictions on license designated to ensure future compliance  |
| 102        | 3. License Vio            | lations Affecting Public Safety   |
| 103<br>104 | a.                        | Mandatory minimum license suspension of five days for which a fine in lieu of suspension may not be considered; and |
| 105        | b.                        | Additional license suspension of up to 45 days  |
| 106        | C.                        | Fine in lieu of additional license suspension of up to \$100,000  |
| 107        | d.                        | Revocation of license   |
| 108        | e.                        | Restrictions on license designated to ensure future compliance  |
| 109        | C. Second Violation       | Options   |
| 110        | 1. License Infr           | actions   |
| 111<br>112 | a.                        | Imposition of a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 per license for each day the violation occurs or continues; or       |
| 113        | b.                        | License suspension of up to 20 days   |
| 114        | C.                        | Fine in lieu of suspension of up to \$10,000  |

| 115        | d.                    | Restrictions on license designated to ensure future compliance  |
|------------|-----------------------|---|
| 116        | 2. License Vi         | iolations   |
| 117        | a.                    | License suspension of between two and 25 days   |
| 118        | b.                    | Fine in lieu of suspension of up to \$50,000  |
| 119        | C.                    | Revocation of license   |
| 120        | d.                    | Restrictions on license designated to ensure future compliance  |
| 121        | 3. License Vi         | iolations Affecting Public Safety   |
| 122<br>123 | a.                    | Mandatory minimum license suspension of 10 days for which a fine in lieu may not be considered; and           |
| 124        | b.                    | Additional license suspension of up to 60 days  |
| 125        | C.                    | Fine in lieu of additional license suspension of up to \$100,000  |
| 126        | d.                    | Revocation of license   |
| 127        | e.                    | Restrictions on license designated to ensure future compliance  |
| 128        | D. Third Violation Op | otions  |
| 129        | 1. License In         | fractions   |
| 130<br>131 | a.                    | Imposition of a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 per license for each day the violation occurs or continues; or |
| 132        | b.                    | License suspension of up to 20 days   |
| 133        | C.                    | Fine in lieu of suspension of up to \$10,000  |
| 134        | d.                    | Restrictions on license designated to ensure future compliance  |
| 135        | 2. License Vi         | iolations   |
| 136        | a.                    | License suspension of between two and 25 days   |
| 137        | b.                    | Fine in lieu of suspension of up to \$50,000  |
| 138        | C.                    | Revocation of license   |
| 139        | d.                    | Restrictions on license designated to ensure future compliance  |
| 140        | 3. License Vi         | iolations Affecting Public Safety   |
| 141<br>142 | a.                    | Mandatory minimum license suspension of 15 days for which a fine in lieu may not be considered; and           |
| 143        | b.                    | Additional license suspension of up to 90 days  |
| 144        | C.                    | Fine in lieu of additional license suspension of up to \$100,000  |
| 145        | d.                    | Revocation of license   |
| 146        | e.                    | Restrictions on license designated to ensure future compliance  |

| 147        | E. Fourth or Subseque | ent Violation Options   |
|------------|-----------------------|---|
| 148        | 1. License Infr       | ractions  |
| 149<br>150 | a.                    | Imposition of a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 per license for each day the violation occurs or continues; or |
| 151        | b.                    | License suspension of up to 20 days   |
| 152        | c.                    | Fine in lieu of suspension of up to \$10,000  |
| 153        | d.                    | Restrictions on license designated to ensure future compliance  |
| 154        | 2. License Vic        | plations  |
| 155        | a.                    | License suspension of between two and 25 days   |
| 156        | b.                    | Fine in lieu of suspension of up to \$50,000  |
| 157        | C.                    | Revocation of license   |
| 158        | d.                    | Restrictions on license designated to ensure future compliance  |
| 159        | 3. License Vic        | plations Affecting Public Safety  |
| 160        | a.                    | Revocation of license   |



# CITY OF GRAND JUNCTION REGULATED CANNABIS BUSINESS LICENSE SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS AND PROCESSING INFORMATION

| <u>Step 1</u> : License Availability. The city clerk will post a notice of license availability on the city's website, opening a 30-day application period for the filing and acceptance of new applications. The clerk will specify the start and end dates and time of the application period.  |
|---|
| Step 2: Applicant files a complete application, including all documents on the application checklist, all required attachments, proof of fingerprinting of all controlling beneficial owners, financiers and managers, and all local fees. Applications are by appointment only. Set aside two hours for the application submittal appointment. Only one application per site will be accepted. If the applicant is filing for a medical and retail license to be colocated, then both applications are due at the same time. |
| <u>Step 3</u> : Application Review. The application is reviewed by City departments for compliance and a background investigation is conducted by the Grand Junction Police Department.   |
| <u>Step 4</u> : Cannabis Licensing Authority Hearing. Upon completion of staff review and background investigation, a public hearing will be scheduled before the Grand Junction Cannabis Licensing Authority to determine entrance into the randomized selection process.  |
| <u>Step 5</u> : Randomized Selection Process. If there are more applicants than available sites, a randomized selection will be conducted among the qualified applicants. One applicant will be drawn at random for each available site. The City will use a process by which the names of the applicants are shielded from view, and through which each qualified applicant has an equal chance of being selected.   |
| <u>Step 6</u> : State Licensure. Once selected through the randomized selection process, the applicant must proceed with obtaining a state-issued marijuana business license. A copy of the state license must be filed with the city clerk.  |
| <u>Step 7</u> : Local License Issuance. Upon receiving a copy of the state license, a site and safety inspection is required. Once the applicant has completed successful inspections, a local license will be issued.  |
| <u>Step 8</u> : Operation. Business operation must begin within six months of being selected in the randomized selection process. Licenses may not be transferred or sold within the first three years of operation.  |

Office of the City Clerk, 250 North 5<sup>th</sup> Street, Grand Junction, CO 80501 (970)2244-1509 GJMBL Form #0001 Effective 06/01/2022



# CANNABIS BUSINESS LICENSE APPLICATION CHECKLIST

|                                      | □ New Medical Business □ New Retail Business         |
|--------------------------------------|--|
|                                      | $\square$ New Co-Located Medical and Retail Business |
| Entity Name:                         |  |
| Trade Name (dba):                    |  |
| Street Address of Cannabis Business: |  |
|                                      |  |

Applications are accepted by appointment only and must be complete in all aspects. Please organize your application documents in the same order as the checklist below and place the checklist on top. Incomplete applications will not be accepted. All documents must be signed and notarized prior to submission appointment. The City Clerk's Office does not provide notary services for application documents.

| Main Application Documents   |  |
|--|--|
| Regulated Marijuana Business License Application (State of Colorado Form DR 8548 dated 1/29/21)  |  |
| Affirmation and Consent (City of Grand Junction GJMBL Form #0003 Effective 01/01/2021) Must be completed by each Controlling Beneficial Owner  |  |
| Proposed Operating Plan (City of Grand Junction GJMBL Form #0005 Effective 01/01/2021)   |  |
| Property Related Documents   |  |
| Zoning Verification (City of Grand Junction GJMBL Form #0006 Effective 01/01/2021)   |  |
| Lease/Deed: Proof of Possession of Licensed Premises   |  |
| <ul> <li>The business must have legal possession of the licensed premises for at<br/>least 3 years after license issuance</li> </ul>   |  |
| <ul> <li>Deed of lease must be in the name of the cannabis license applicant</li> </ul>  |  |
| Authorization to Use Property for a Regulated Cannabis Business (required if applicant is not the owner of the proposed licensed premises) (City of Grand Junction GJMBL Form #0004 Effective 1/1/2021)  |  |
| Floor Plan (A "to scale" diagram of the <b>proposed</b> licensed premises no larger than 11" x 17") <b>Review Document #0007 Floor Plan and Security Plan</b> Checklist before creating your floor plan! |  |
| Security Plan (City of Grand Junction Narrative GJMBL Form #0008 Effective 01/01/2021)   |  |



# **CANNABIS BUSINESS LICENSE APPLICATION CHECKLIST**

| ☐ New Medical Business ☐ New Retail Busines   |
|---|
| ☐ New Co-Located Medical and Retail Busines   |
| Fusika Nama   |
| Entity Name:<br>Trade Name (dba):   |
| Street Address of Cannabis Business:  |
| Dusiness Entity Desuments   |
| Business Entity Documents Entity Structure  |
| ☐ Corporation ☐ Limited Liability ☐ Company Partnership   |
| Publicly Traded Company (CRS 44-10-309(1))  |
| ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA   |
| Organizational Chart, including the identity and ownership percentage of all  |
| Controlling Beneficial Owners   |
| Organizational Documents  |
| ☐ Operating Agreement(s) ☐ Articles of Organization for LLC   |
| ☐ By Laws ☐ Certificate of Authority if foreign company   |
| ☐ Partnership Agreement ☐ Articles of Incorporation   |
| ☐ Certificate of Good Standing ☐ Statement of Trade Name  |
| ☐ Certificate of Good Standing for a Foreign Entity (if applicable)   |
| Ownership Information: Controlling Beneficial Owner   |
| Provide information for any owner who owns 10% or more of the license. Owner percentages  |
| should <b>match</b> structure that was/will be provided to MED. You must designate an on-site manager for the business. The on-site manager must have the authority to make decisions |
| regarding the licenses.   |
| The City of Grand Junction will complete a finding of suitability natural person  |
| (criminal background check) on all Controlling Beneficial Owners with 10% or more   |
| ownership.  |
| Existing business owner(s) wishing to add a new license type. Attach additional pages if necessary.   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
| Owner 1: Owner 2  |
|   |
| Owner 2   |
| Owner 3 Owner 4   |
| Owner 5   |
| Owner 6   |
| Form of Identification (must include a color copy of photo ID) for each   |
| person  |
| ☐ Driver's License ☐ State Issued Picture ID ☐ Valid Passport   |
| ☐ Military ID Alien Registration Card (Green Card)  |



#### **CANNABIS BUSINESS LICENSE APPLICATION CHECKLIST**

|   | ☐ New Medical Business ☐ New Retail Busines☐ New Co-Located Medical and Retail Busines                                  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Entity Name: Trade Name (dba): Street Address of Cannabis Business: |   |  |  |  |
| Ownership Information Continued                                     |   |  |  |  |
| Non-Reside  | ent Owner(s)  |  |  |  |
|   | Finding of Suitability Application – Natural Person (by each Controlling Beneficial Owner) (DR 8520 Effective 02/04/22) |  |  |  |
|   | Finding of Suitability Application – Entity (DR 8557 Effective 02/11/222)   |  |  |  |
|   | Fingerprinting with Third Party Fingerprinting Service such as: IndentoGo or CO Fingerprinting.                         |  |  |  |



| OATH OF APPLICANT  |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Each Owner with 10% or greater financial interest must complete and sign.  |   |  |  |
| Check Cannabis Application Typ  ☐ New Business License ☐ Re  |   |  |  |
|  | enew a Business License                               |  |  |
| ☐ Transfer of Ownership ☐ M<br>License Type:   | lanager Registration                                  |  |  |
| □ Retail Store   | □ Retail Testing Facilit                              | tv   |  |
| ☐ Medical Store  | ☐ Medical Testing Facility ☐ Medical Testing Facility | •  |  |
| ☐ Co-Located Medical and Retail S  | 9   | anty   |  |
|  |   |  |  |
| ☐ Co-Located Medical and Retail ☐  | esting Facility                                       |  |  |
| will rely, statements, and attachme knowledge. I am voluntarily submitted oath and with full knowledge that I recording, pursuant to C.R.S. 18-5 crimes of deception for intentional derror or omission may constitute graveocation or nonrenewal, of any lift the random selection process.  I consent to any background invest suitability pursuant to state and Citylong as I hold a regulated cannabis |   | e best of my Junction under trument for 01, et seq. or other derstand that any ter discovered, the older issued during ent and continuing ent continues as |  |
| Authorized Signature:  | Title (owner, manager, director, etc.)                | % Ownership:   |  |
| Printed Name:  | Business (dba):                                       | Date:  |  |
| STATE OF) COUNTY OF)   |   |  |  |
| Subscribed and sworn to before me this   | s day of, 20_   | _•   |  |
|  | My Commission Expires:                                |  |  |
| Notary Public Signature  |   | <del></del>  |  |

Office of the City Clerk, 250 North  $5^{th}$  Street, Grand Junction, CO 81501 (970)244-1509 GJMBL Form #0003 Effective 06/01/2022



## **AUTHORIZATION TO USE PROPERTY FOR A CANNABIS BUSINESS**

| Business Name (dba)   |
|---|
| Physical Address of Business:   |
| As owner of the real property described above, I hereby consent to the use of my property for the purpose of conducting a regulated cannabis business so long as said use is authorized under and in accordance with applicable state and local laws.   |
| <ul> <li>□ Retail Cannabis Store</li> <li>□ Medical Cannabis Store</li> <li>□ Co-Located Medical and Retail Cannabis Store</li> <li>□ Retail Cannabis Testing Facility</li> <li>□ Medical Cannabis Testing Facility</li> <li>□ Co-Located Medical and Retail Cannabis Testing Facility</li> </ul>   |
| I understand that the lessee must operate the business on the property described above under the provisions of The Grand Junction Cannabis Licensing Code. I further understand that sufficient measures and means of preventing the escape or emission of any gas, vapors, odors, smoke, dust, heat, or glare from exiting the business must always be provided. I understand that in the event any gas, vapors, odors, smoke, dust, heat or glare, or other substances exit the business, I am, jointly and severally, liable for such conditions, and shall be responsible for the immediate, full clean-up and correction of such condition. I further understand that in issuing a marijuana business license, the City of Grand Junction assumes no legal liability or duty of care regarding the licensee's business operation or possession of the property.  In exchange for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and adequacy of which is hereby acknowledged, I hereby release the City its officers, elected officials, employees, attorneys, and agents from all liability for all claims and demands, or causes of action of any kind whatsoever, |
| present or future, in any way relating to or arising from the conduct of the lessee/licensee's business operation on said property.   |
| Signature of Property Owner Date  |
| Printed Name of Property Owner Company Name   |
| STATE OF ))ss.  |
| )ss.<br>COUNTY OF )   |
| The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this day of, 20, by   |
| My commission expires: Notary Public:   |

Office of the City Clerk, 250 North  $5^{th}$  Street, Grand Junction, CO 81501 (970)244-1509 GJMBL Form #0004 Effective 06/01/2022



#### CANNABIS BUSINESS LICENSE PROPOSED OPERATING PLAN

(Attach Separate Sheet if Necessary)

|                           |       | 3 / |  |
|---------------------------|-------|-----|--|
| Applicant Entity:         |       |     |  |
|                           |       |     |  |
| Business Name (dba)       |       |     |  |
|                           |       |     |  |
| Physical Address of Busin | ness: |     |  |

#### FOR ALL LICENSE TYPES

Attach a statement from the landlord or owner (if owner occupied) that the following systems will be modified to meet the requirements of this and other codes;

- 1. Electrical system will be modified to meet required electrical load, if necessary.
- 2. HVAV System including ventilation systems
- 3. Fire Suppression System Required
- 4. Fire Alarm System Required
- 5. Burglar Alarm System Required
- 6. Surveillance System Required
- 7. Other Code requirements as may be required

Name of owner or manager who will reply, within 24 hours, to the City of Grand Junction and the applicant representative's phone number and email address when premise inspection or local enforcement contact is required.

| Name | Title | Phone Number | Email Address |
|------|-------|--------------|---------------|
|      |       |              |               |
|      |       |              |               |

| Describe the plan for locked disposal of any cannabis product not sold to a patient customer in a manner that protects any portion thereof from being possessed or ingest by any person or animal and in a manner that renders disposed of product unusable a unrecognizable. | ec |
|---|----|
|   |    |



| Describe the ventilation plan of the cannabis business that identifies the ventilation system that will be used to prevent any odor of cannabis off the business premises.   |
|--|
|  |
| Provide a complete list and quantities of all hazardous materials regulated by federal, state or local government with authority over the business that will be used, or kept, at the cannabis business, the location of such materials and how such materials will be stored: |
|  |
| From where, and through what method, will you receive your supply of cannabis and cannabis products?   |
| Describe the plan for view obstruction of product from outside of the location:  |
|  |
| Describe the following site components below and attach a site plan, drawn to scale, with any additional detail necessary to provide a full scope of the proposal:  • Proposed Outdoor Lighting Plan  ———————————————————————————————————                                      |
| Proposed Signage Plan:   |
| Parking Plan:  |

Office of the City Clerk, 250 North  $5^{th}$  Street, Grand Junction, CO 81501 (970)244-1509 GJMBL Form #0005 Effective 06/01/2022



## FOR MEDICAL AND RETAIL CANNABIS STORES

| Describe the products to be sold:   |
|---|
|   |
|   |
|   |
| Describe other on-site service(s) to be provided:                                   |
|   |
|   |
|   |
| Describe the plan for packaging cannabis at store:                                  |
|   |
|   |
|   |
| Describe your plan to check and card the people who enter your business:            |
|   |
|   |
|   |
| Identify the ID scanner to be used in conjunction with above customer carding plan: |
| Describe your plan for ensuring that no amount over weight is sold to customers:    |
|   |
|   |
|   |



# ZONING VERIFICATION CANNABIS BUSINESS

Applicant must complete this form for the proposed location. The form must be submitted to the Community Development Director, who will review the location and return the completed form to the Applicant via email.

| PROPERTY   |   |
|--|---|
| Applicant Name (list corporation, LLC, partnership, sole   | proprietor):  |
| Street Address:  |   |
| Existing Use of Property:  |   |
| Property Owner:  |   |
| Property Owner Contact Information:  |   |
| PROPOSED USE   |   |
| Retail Cannabis Store Co-lo  | cated Retail & Medical Cannabis Store   |
|  | cal Cannabis Testing Facility   |
|  | sar Sarmasis Tosting Fasinty  |
| A Drive-Thru is Proposed for this Site   |   |
| PROPOSED NEW CONSTRUCTION: An 11x17 site plan must be submitted with this request. Site plans m legible, show and label all abutting lots with currer provide dimensions of the property and buildings. For result in delays in completion of the zoning verification contact in the | ust be drawn to scale, be clear and not use, show all property lines, and ailure to provide this information will |
| TO BE COMPLETED BY THE PLANNING DIVISION   |   |
| Application Reviewed By:   | Date:   |
| Zone District:   | Allowed Use? Yes No   |
| - Horizon Drive Business Improvement District?   | Yes No  |
| - Downtown Grand Junction? If yes, what floor?   | Floor Yes No  |
|  | Cuitania Mato   |
| Separation Requirements:   | Criteria Met?   |
| <ul> <li>Public/Private Schools, CMU, WCC (1,000 ft)</li> <li>Substance Use &amp; Mental Health Facilities (500 ft)</li> </ul>   | Yes No  |
| ,  | Yes No  |
| - Not co-located with a Dwelling Unit  Director Signature:   | Yes NO  |
|  |   |

The purpose of this request is to verify whether the proposed cannabis business is an allowed use on the listed property. This report is not intended, nor shall it be interpreted, as evidence that the proposed business complies with any other provision of the GJMC.



## CANNABIS BUSINESS LICENSE APPLICATION FLOOR PLAN AND SECURITY DIAGRAM CHECK LIST

Attach a narrative and dimensioned floor plan diagram (with color highlighter used to differentiate between licensed and non-licensed areas; and differentiating between patients and public areas) with all levels and floors displayed and clearly labeled. This must be on either 8 ½ x 11" or 11" x 17" paper and identify the following:

- Square footage of proposed licensed premise
- The principal uses of the floor area labeled on the floor plan, including, but not limited to, the areas where patients, non-patients, general public, employees only will be permitted, private consultation rooms, business office location, cannabis storage areas, stairs, retail area and points of sale
- Location of storage areas for toxic, flammable, or other materials and chemicals
- Location of checkpoints where photo IDs and medical marijuana patient cards will be checked
- All interior walls and doors, noted when locked
- Ventilation capabilities and room locations
- Means of securing ventilation apparatus that passes through to the outside
- Areas where any services, other than the distribution of marijuana, are proposed to occur on the licensed premises
- The separation of the areas that are open to persons who are not patients from those areas open to patients or separation of the areas that are open to the general public
- Front and back premise exterior lighting of licensed premises
- All exterior entrances and exits, noted when locked
- All exterior windows, skylights and roof hatches and means of security
- All alarm activation points
- All interior doors, noted if locked and if any special film applied for security or to view obstruction
- Location of all emergency lighting that is part of the security system and areas of illumination
- Location of exterior front and back lights that illuminate outside entrances and exits
- Location of security cameras, motion detectors, security system computer, recording devices (DVR), and other security system components, and the view area covered by each component
- Location of safe used for overnight storage of receipts and products, and which lists the manner used to affix the safe to the structure of premise building
- Location of Fire Riser room
- Location of Fire Alarm Panel and Annunciator Panel



## CANNABIS BUSINESS LICENSE SECURITY PLAN

(Attach Floor Plan and Security Diagram Checklist)

| Applicant Entity:   |                        |                        |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| Business Name (dba)   |                        |                        |
|   |                        |                        |
| Physical Address of Business:   |                        |                        |
| Describe the procedure for 24/7 monitoring of securi  Calling sequence in the event the security sy |                        |                        |
| Name  | Phone Number           |                        |
| Name  | Phone Number           |                        |
|   |                        |                        |
|   |                        |                        |
|   |                        |                        |
|   |                        |                        |
| Procedure for verification in the event the sys   | stem is tripped        |                        |
| <ul> <li>Names and emergency cell phone contact in<br/>be on-site:</li> </ul>                       | formation for owners a | und managers that will |
| Name  | Phone Number           |                        |
|   |                        |                        |
|   |                        |                        |
|   |                        |                        |
|   |                        |                        |
| Alarm monitoring company name and emerging  | ency contact phone nu  | ımber                  |
| Name  | Phone Number           |                        |
|   |                        |                        |



Names and emergency contact information of person responsible for immediately notifying Grand Junction Police Department of criminal activity or attempts of criminal activity:

| Name | Phone Number |
|------|--------------|
|      |              |
|      |              |
|      |              |
|      |              |
|      |              |

• Name and contact information for landlord if applicant rents the business space:

| Name | Phone Number |
|------|--------------|
|      |              |

| • | Indicate any impediments to emergency responders in entering the licensed premise (note: there can be no anti-personnel devices impeding entry to the location): |
|---|--|
|   |  |
|   |  |



## City of Grand Junction Addendum to DR 8557 - Natural Person Suitability Application Form

| ( | Owner Information              | Cannabis Business Entity   | / Name: |  |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|--|
|   | O WILLS IIII O I III G CIOII J | , carmabis basiness Entire |         |  |

The City of Grand Junction requires additional, more stringent criteria for determining the acceptability as a licensee.

Please answer the following questions in addition to similar questions in the state suitability application.

| Applicant's Name (Last, First)   | Home Address  |       | Date of Birtl |           |
|--|---|-------|---------------|-----------|
|  |   |       |               |           |
| Email Address  | Phone Number(s)   |       | % Ownershi    | р         |
| Social Security Number   | Driver's License Number   |       | Driver's Lice | nse State |
|  | ceding this application, have you been convicted or local ordinance related to a drug or controlled | Yes _ | No            | Initials  |
| Within the 5 years immediately pred of any non-drug related felony?  | ceding this application, have you been convicted  | Yes _ | No            | Initials  |
| At any time, have you been convicte  | ed of a drug or controlled substance felony?  | Yes _ | No            | Initials  |
| Within the 5 years immediately pre<br>from incarceration or court-ordered<br>a conviction of any felony or crime | Yes _   | No    | Initials      |           |
| At any time, have you been convidefraud was an element of the offe   | Yes _   | No    | Initials      |           |
| IF YOU ANSWERED YES TO ANY OF HISTORY SUPPLMENTAL SHEET  | THE ABOVE, COMPLETE ATTACHED CRIMINAL   |       |               |           |
| Have you ever had a professional or revoked?   | occupational license denied, suspended or   | Yes _ | No            | Initials  |
|  | es tax license denied, suspended or revoked?  | Yes _ | No            | Initials  |
|  | enied, or had any type of cannabis related inistrative hold, suspended or revoked?                  | Yes   | <u>No</u>     | Initials  |
| Have you ever been denied any typ  | e of cannabis related business license?   |       | No            |           |
| Have you ever had a business temp comply with any tax, health, building  | Voc   | No    | Initials      |           |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | ve, civil or criminal finding of delinquency for or local sales or use taxes or any other taxes?    |       |               |           |
| IF YOU ANSWERED YES TO ANY OF DISCIPLINE HISTORY SUPPLEMENTA   | THE ABOVE, COMPLETE ATTACHED LICENSE<br>AL SHEET  | Yes _ | No            | Initials  |



| Have you ever been arrested, served with a criminal summons, charged with, or convicted of any crime or offense in any manner in this or any other state?   | YesNoInitials   |
|---|---|
| <ul> <li>You must include all arrests, charges and convictions regardless of the outcome, even if the charges were dismissed or you were found not guilty.</li> <li>You must include all arrests, charges and convictions regardless of the class of the crime (felonies, misdemeanors and/or petty offenses).</li> <li>You must include all serious traffic offenses, including DUI, DWAI, reckless driving, leaving the scene of an accident, driving under suspension, revocation or denial, or any other offense which resulted in you being taken into custody or served with a summons into Court.</li> </ul> |   |
| <b>NOTICE</b> : Do not rely upon your understanding that an arrest or charge is "not supposed to be on my record." A criminal record was not cleared, erased, sealed or expunged unless you were given, and have in your possession, a written order from a Judge directing that action.  |   |
| IF YOU ANSWERED YES ABOVE, COMPLETE ATTACHED CRIMINAL HISTORY SUPPLEMENTAL SHEET  |   |
| Have you (as an individual, as a member of a partnership or other form of domestic or foreign business entity, or as an owner, director, or officer of a corporation) ever been a party to a lawsuit (other than divorces) either as a plaintiff or defendant, complainant or respondent, or in any other fashion, in this or any other state? This includes all civil litigation, regardless of the type of lawsuit or the court of jurisdiction. List all cases without exception, including bankruptcies and cases in Small Claims Courts.   | YesNoInitials   |
| IF YOU ANSWERED YES ABOVE, COMPLETE ATTACHED CIVIL LITIGATION HISTORY SUPPLEMENTAL SHEET  |   |
| For each offense for which you were arrested or charged, YOU MUST OBTAIN COURT WHERE YOU APPEARED, SHOWING THE FINAL DISPOSITION (OUTCOM deferred judgment, a deferred sentence or probation, your documentation discharged or released from probation or other supervision.  On the attached license data history supplemental sheet, list all locations where yo business or sales tax license, where you have owned and/or operated a business as  | ne) OF YOUR CASE. If you received a must include the date that you were u have had a professional, occupational |
| If you were in the Armed Forces, please complete the attached Military history su   | pplemental sheet.   |
| I attest that all information I have provided on this Addendum and supplemental best of my knowledge and acknowledge any omissions and/or falsifications management of the regulated cannabis license.  |   |
| (Signature  | ) (Date)  |
|   |   |



#### INVESTIGATION AUTHORIZATION / AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE INFORMATION

| I,  | , hereby authorize the City of Grand Junction, the City of Grand Junction       |
|---|---|
|   | e Department (hereafter, the Investigatory Agencies) to conduct a complete      |
| investigation into my personal background, using whate      | ever legal means they deem appropriate. I hereby authorize any person or        |
| entity contacted by the Investigatory Agencies to prov      | vide any and all such information deemed necessary by the Investigatory         |
| Agencies. I hereby waive any rights of confidentiality in t | his regard. I understand that by signing this authorization, a financial record |
| check may be performed. I authorize any financial inst      | itution to surrender to the Investigatory Agencies a complete and accurate      |
| record of such transactions that may have occurred with     | that institution, including, but not limited to, internal banking memoranda,    |
| past and present loan applications, financial statements a  | and any other documents relating to my personal or business financial records   |
| in whatever form and wherever located. I authorize the      | e release of this type of information, even though such information may be      |
| designated as "confidential" or "nonpublic" under the pr    | ovisions of state or federal laws.  |
| I understand that by signing this authorization a crimina   | Il history check will be performed. I authorize the Investigatory Agencies to   |

I understand that by signing this authorization a criminal history check will be performed. I authorize the Investigatory Agencies to obtain and use from any source, any information concerning me contained in any type of criminal history record files, wherever located. I understand that the criminal history record files contain records of arrests which may have resulted in a disposition other than a finding of guilt. I understand that the information may contain listings of charges that resulted in suspended imposition of sentence, even though I successfully completed the conditions of said sentence and was discharged pursuant to law. I authorize the release of this type of information, even though this record may be designated as "confidential" or "nonpublic" under the provisions of state or federal laws.

The Investigatory Agencies reserve the right to investigate all relevant information and facts to their satisfaction. I understand that the Investigatory Agencies may conduct a complete and comprehensive investigation to determine the accuracy of all information gathered. However, the City of Grand Junction, Investigatory Agencies, and other agents or employees of the City of Grand Junction shall not be held liable for the receipt, use or dissemination of inaccurate information. I, on behalf of the applicant, its legal representatives, and assigns, hereby release, waive, discharge and agree to hold harmless, and otherwise waive liability as to the City of Grand Junction, Investigatory Agencies, and other agents or employees of the City of Grand Junction for any damages resulting from any use, disclosure, or publication in any manner, other than a willfully unlawful disclosure or publication, of any material or information acquired during inquiries, investigations, or hearings, and hereby authorize the lawful use, disclosure, or publication of this material or information. Any information contained within my application, contained within any financial or personnel record, or otherwise found, obtained, or maintained by the Investigatory Agencies, shall be accessible to Law Enforcement agents of this or any other state or the government of the United States.

| PRINT FULL LEGAL NAME OF OWNER CLEARLY BELOW: |                        |                    |      |                           |  |
|---|------------------------|--------------------|------|---------------------------|--|
| Applicant's Legal Business Name               | Trade Name (DBA)       |                    |      |                           |  |
|   |                        |                    |      |                           |  |
| Applicant's Last Name (Please Print)          | Applicant's First Name | Applicant's Middle | Name | Applicant's Date of Birth |  |
|   |                        |                    |      |                           |  |
| Signature (Notarized)                         |                        |                    | Date |                           |  |
|   |                        |                    |      |                           |  |
|   |                        |                    |      |                           |  |
|   |                        |                    |      |                           |  |
|   | NOTARY                 | PUBLIC             |      |                           |  |
| State of                                      |                        | County of          |      |                           |  |
|   |                        | ·                  |      | 20                        |  |
| Subscribed and Swor                           | n to before me this da | у от               |      | 20                        |  |
| My Commission expir                           | res· No                | ntary Public       |      |                           |  |



## **City of Grand Junction Criminal History Supplemental Sheet**

| Date     | Charge | City | County | State | Disposition/Outcome  |
|----------|--------|------|--------|-------|----------------------|
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
| Details: |        |      | •      |       |                      |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
| Date     | Charge | City | County | State | Disposition/Outcome  |
| Date     | Charge | City | County | Julie | Disposition/ Outcome |
| Details: |        |      |        |       |                      |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
| Date     | Charge | City | County | State | Disposition/Outcome  |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
| Details: |        |      |        |       |                      |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
| <u> </u> |        |      |        |       |                      |
| Date     | Charge | City | County | State | Disposition/Outcome  |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
| Details: |        |      |        |       |                      |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
|          | _      |      |        |       |                      |
| Date     | Charge | City | County | State | Disposition/Outcome  |
| D. I. II |        |      |        |       |                      |
| Details: |        |      |        |       |                      |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |
|          |        |      |        |       |                      |



## **City of Grand Junction License Data History Supplemental Sheet**

| Dates                      | Type of License | City | County | State | Name of Business |
|----------------------------|-----------------|------|--------|-------|------------------|
| /to/_<br>(mm/yy) ( mm/yy)  |                 |      |        |       |                  |
| Dates                      | Type of License | City | County | State | Name of Business |
| /to/_<br>(mm/yy) ( mm/yy)  |                 |      |        |       |                  |
| Dates                      | Type of License | City | County | State | Name of Business |
| / to/_<br>(mm/yy) ( mm/yy) |                 |      |        |       |                  |
| Dates                      | Type of License | City | County | State | Name of Business |
| /to/_<br>(mm/yy) ( mm/yy)  |                 |      |        |       |                  |
| Dates                      | Type of License | City | County | State | Name of Business |
| /to/_<br>(mm/yy) ( mm/yy)  |                 |      |        |       |                  |
| Dates                      | Type of License | City | County | State | Name of Business |
| / to/_<br>(mm/yy) ( mm/yy) |                 |      |        |       |                  |
| Dates                      | Type of License | City | County | State | Name of Business |
| / to/_<br>(mm/yy) ( mm/yy) |                 |      |        |       |                  |
| Dates                      | Type of License | City | County | State | Name of Business |
| /to/_<br>(mm/yy) ( mm/yy)  |                 |      |        |       |                  |
| Dates                      | Type of License | City | County | State | Name of Business |
| /to/_<br>(mm/yy) ( mm/yy)  |                 |      |        |       |                  |
| Dates                      | Type of License | City | County | State | Name of Business |
| / to/_<br>(mm/yy) ( mm/yy) |                 |      |        |       |                  |
| Dates                      | Type of License | City | County | State | Name of Business |
| /to/_<br>(mm/yy) ( mm/yy)  |                 |      |        |       |                  |



## **City of Grand Junction License Discipline History Supplemental Sheet**

| Date     | Type of License | City | County | State | Reason for Denial/Suspension/Revocation |
|----------|-----------------|------|--------|-------|---|
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
| Details: |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
| Date     | Type of License | City | County | State | Reason for Denial/Suspension/Revocation |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
| Details: |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
| Date     | Type of License | City | County | State | Reason for Denial/Suspension/Revocation |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
| Details: |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
| Date     | Type of License | City | County | State | Reason for Denial/Suspension/Revocation |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
| Details: |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
| Date     | Type of License | City | County | State | Reason for Denial/Suspension/Revocation |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
| Details: | l               |      |        |       | <u> </u>                                |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |
|          |                 |      |        |       |   |



## **City of Grand Junction Civil Litigation History Supplemental Sheet**

| Date      | Type of Civil Action | City         | County             | State    | Disposition/Outcome  |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------|----------------------|
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
| Were you  | : Plaintiff De       | fendant Com  | plainant 🔲 Re      | spondent | Other                |
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
| Details:  |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
| Date      | Type of Civil Action | City         | County             | State    | Disposition/Outcome  |
| Were you  | . Dolointiff Do      | fondant Com  | alainant 🗆 Da      | cnandant | ☐ Other              |
| vvere you | : Plaintiff De       | efendant Com | piairiant   Ke     | spondent |                      |
| Details:  |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
| Details.  |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
| Date      | Type of Civil Action | City         | County             | State    | Disposition/Outcome  |
| Date      | Type of civil Action | City         | County             |          | Disposition, Outcome |
| Were you  | : Plaintiff De       | efendant Com | l<br>plainant □ Re | spondent | Other                |
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
| Details:  |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |
|           |                      |              |                    |          |                      |



## **City of Grand Junction Military History Supplemental Sheet**

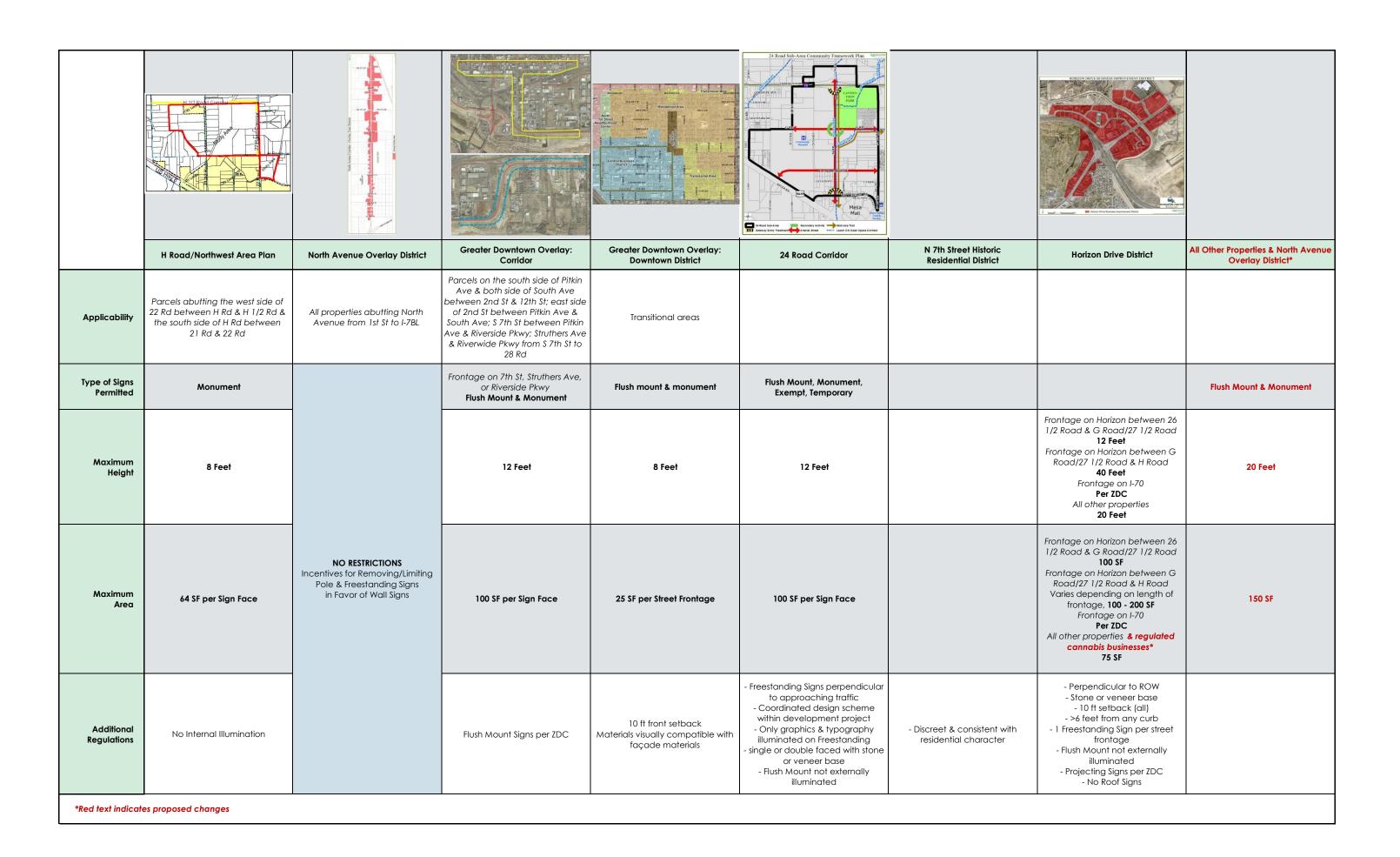
| Branch of S | Service:         |  | _      |          |   |
|-------------|------------------|--|--------|----------|---|
| Dates of Se | ervice:          |  | _      |          |   |
| Type of Dis | charge:          |  | _      |          |   |
| Rank/Title  | When Discharged: |  | _      |          |   |
|             |                  |  |        |          |   |
|             |                  | ny type of disciplinary<br>ial, provide the follow |        |          | tary, including but not limited to, Captain's |
| Date        | Charge           | Duty Station                                       | County | State    | Disposition/Outcome                           |
|             |                  |  |        |          |   |
| Details:    |                  |  |        |          |   |
|             |                  |  |        |          |   |
| Date        | Charge           | Duty Station                                       | County | State    | Disposition/Outcome                           |
| Dute        | Charge           | Duty Station                                       | County |          | Disposition, Outcome                          |
| Details:    |                  |  |        | <u> </u> |   |
|             |                  |  |        |          |   |
|             |                  |  |        |          |   |
|             |                  |  |        |          |   |
| Date        | Charge           | Duty Station                                       | County | State    | Disposition/Outcome                           |
|             |                  |  |        |          |   |
| Details:    |                  |  |        |          |   |
|             |                  |  |        |          |   |
|             |                  |  |        |          |   |
|             |                  |  |        |          |   |



## **City of Grand Junction Personal Reference Sheet**

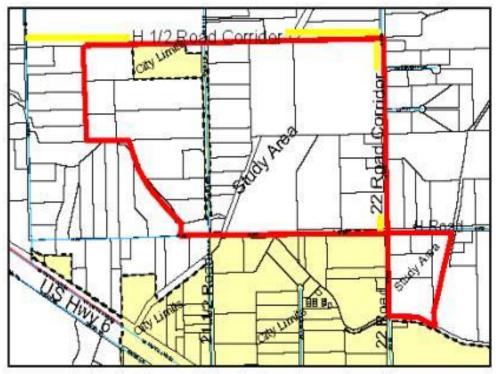
Please list at least three personal references, excluding family members, that we may contact.

| ,  |                     |                  |
|--|---------------------|------------------|
| Name   | Address             | Telephone Number |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
| E-Mail   | Relationship to You |                  |
|  | •                   |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
| What Information Will This Contact Provide?    |                     |                  |
| What information will this contact Frontac:    |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
| Name   | Address             | Telephone Number |
| Name   | Address             | relephone Number |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
| 5.4. 11  |                     |                  |
| E-Mail   | Relationship to You |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
| What Information Will This Contact Provide?    |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
| Name   | Address             | Telephone Number |
|  |                     | ·                |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
| E-Mail   | Relationship to You |                  |
| 2  | Total Strip to 100  |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
| What Information Will This Courts at Descride? |                     |                  |
| What Information Will This Contact Provide?    |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |
|  |                     |                  |

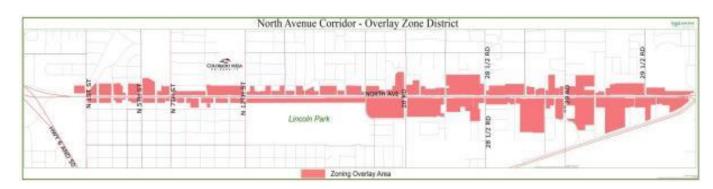


## Overlays - Zoning and Signage

## **H Road/Northwest Area Plan**



#### **North Avenue Overlay District**



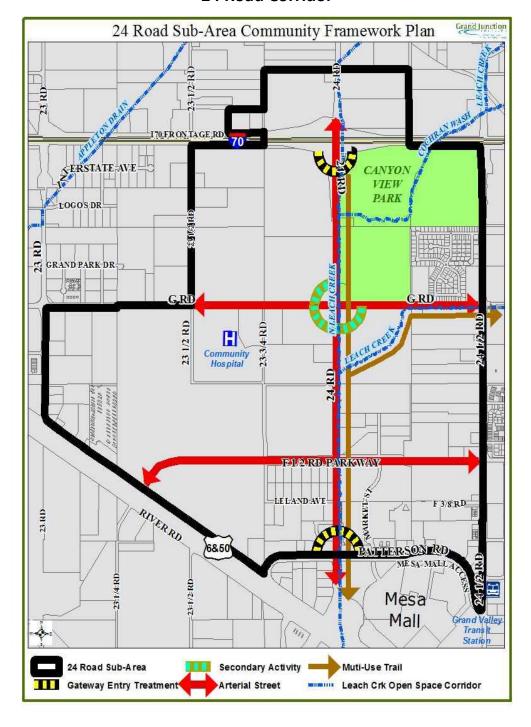
**Greater Downtown Overlay: Corridor** 



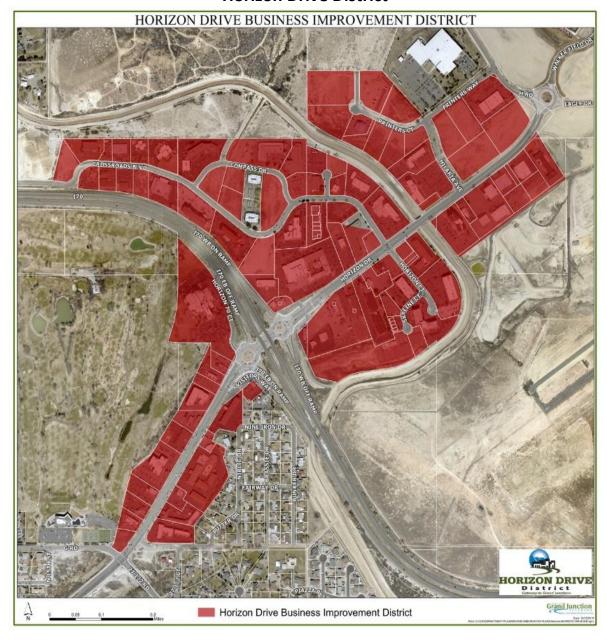




### 24 Road Corridor



## **Horizon Drive District**



#### Tamra Allen

**From:** Renee Grossman <renee@plumcompanies.com>

Sent: Tuesday, February 15, 2022 9:32 AM

**To:** Council; Gregory LeBlanc; Tamra Allen; John Shaver

**Cc:** Matt Helm; LisaMarie Pinder; Cindy Sovine

**Subject:** RE: GJT Marijuana Process

\*\* - EXTERNAL SENDER. Only open links and attachments from known senders. DO NOT provide sensitive information. Check email for threats per risk training. - \*\*

One final thought to consider, if you want to regulate marijuana like alcohol and you don't want to evaluate the merit of the applicants, you should consider removing the cap and the better operators will survive and the less qualified will go out of business. That's the most fair and will virtually guarantee no litigation. But keep the one ownership one license and no license flipping. Thank you again.

Regards,

Renée S. Grossman



#### RENÉE S. GROSSMAN

President & CEO

C: +1 212-851-6448 | E: renee@havacompanies.com

HAVAGARDENS.COM | AKTACREATIONS.COM | HIGHQROCKIES.COM

This email message is for the exclusive use of the intended recipient(s) and may contain confidential, privileged and non-disclosable information. Any unauthorized review, use, disclosure or distribution is prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by reply email immediately and destroy any and all copies of the message.



From: Renee Grossman < renee@plumcompanies.com>

Sent: Tuesday, February 15, 2022 9:16 AM

**To:** council@gjcity.org; Gregory LeBlanc <gregoryl@gjcity.org>; Tamra Allen <tamraa@gjcity.org>; John Shaver <johns@gjcity.org>

**Cc:** Matt Helm <matth@plumcompanies.com>; LisaMarie Pinder lisamariep@havacompanies.com>; Renee Grossman <renee@plumcompanies.com>; Cindy Sovine <cindy@sovineconsulting.com>

Subject: GJT Marijuana Process

I wanted to provide some comments after the meeting last night while they are fresh in my mind. First, I want to say that I respect that this process is very challenging and regardless of how you do it, some folks will be disappointed. I also understanding the complexities of implementing any selection process.

By way of background, I have a BSE and MBA from The Wharton School and I was an investment banker, management consultant, private equity investor and coal industry executive prior to retiring and starting my company. I spent most

of my career evaluating growth businesses, some of which were successful and some of which failed. I've also been in the marijuana industry since the inception of recreational. In business in general and the marijuana industry, there is a wide array of operators. Some are like me, very professional and run compliant businesses, and others that have limited business experience and still operate outside the regulations and laws. It's not as hard as you might think to skirt the regulations. We don't because of our ethics, not because we can't do it without getting caught.

You want operators that are professional, compliant and can run a good business so you can maximize the tax revenues you will get. Not all operators are the same and if there are bad stores, folks will drive to Palisade or De Beque, even Parachute, to get better products and customer service. Since you chose to cap the number of license, you need operators that will run good businesses to protect your tax base. I respect that you want to do a lottery because it's very hard and time consuming to do a merit system. I fear you will be sued and that will cause delays and someone like me can't keep paying on a property in the event of delays.

I merely encourage you to **SET THE BAR HIGH** for who is allowed in the lottery. Last night, you indicated that you don't want to read business plans or evaluate applications. You said that all "complete" applications will go into the lottery. That is a mistake. Set a bar. Read the applications. Use the merit criteria that staff developed. All those with all Passes and a minimum score of say 15 out of the 18 points on the list go into the lottery and those without do not.

Protect your revenues, get compliant operators that are ethical and will not embarrass you or cause customers to go elsewhere. **Set a bar for entry into the lottery**.

Regards,

Renée S. Grossman



### RENÉE S. GROSSMAN

President & CEO

C: +1 212-851-6448 | E: renee@havacompanies.com

HAVAGARDENS.COM | AKTACREATIONS.COM | HIGHQROCKIES.COM

This email message is for the exclusive use of the intended recipient(s) and may contain confidential, privileged and nondisclosable information. Any unauthorized review, use, disclosure or distribution is prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by reply email immediately and destroy any and all copies of the message.





#### **Tamra Allen**

From: Renee Grossman <renee@plumcompanies.com>

**Sent:** Tuesday, February 15, 2022 9:16 AM

**To:** Council; Gregory LeBlanc; Tamra Allen; John Shaver

**Cc:** Matt Helm; LisaMarie Pinder; Renee Grossman; Cindy Sovine

**Subject:** GJT Marijuana Process

\*\* - EXTERNAL SENDER. Only open links and attachments from known senders. DO NOT provide sensitive information. Check email for threats per risk training. - \*\*

I wanted to provide some comments after the meeting last night while they are fresh in my mind. First, I want to say that I respect that this process is very challenging and regardless of how you do it, some folks will be disappointed. I also understanding the complexities of implementing any selection process.

By way of background, I have a BSE and MBA from The Wharton School and I was an investment banker, management consultant, private equity investor and coal industry executive prior to retiring and starting my company. I spent most of my career evaluating growth businesses, some of which were successful and some of which failed. I've also been in the marijuana industry since the inception of recreational. In business in general and the marijuana industry, there is a wide array of operators. Some are like me, very professional and run compliant businesses, and others that have limited business experience and still operate outside the regulations and laws. It's not as hard as you might think to skirt the regulations. We don't because of our ethics, not because we can't do it without getting caught.

You want operators that are professional, compliant and can run a good business so you can maximize the tax revenues you will get. Not all operators are the same and if there are bad stores, folks will drive to Palisade or De Beque, even Parachute, to get better products and customer service. Since you chose to cap the number of license, you need operators that will run good businesses to protect your tax base. I respect that you want to do a lottery because it's very hard and time consuming to do a merit system. I fear you will be sued and that will cause delays and someone like me can't keep paying on a property in the event of delays.

I merely encourage you to **SET THE BAR HIGH** for who is allowed in the lottery. Last night, you indicated that you don't want to read business plans or evaluate applications. You said that all "complete" applications will go into the lottery. That is a mistake. Set a bar. Read the applications. Use the merit criteria that staff developed. All those with all Passes and a minimum score of say 15 out of the 18 points on the list go into the lottery and those without do not.

Protect your revenues, get compliant operators that are ethical and will not embarrass you or cause customers to go elsewhere. **Set a bar for entry into the lottery**.

Regards,

Renée S. Grossman



## RENÉE S. GROSSMAN

President & CEO

C: +1 212-851-6448 | E: renee@havacompanies.com

HAVAGARDENS.COM | AKTACREATIONS.COM | HIGHQROCKIES.COM

This email message is for the exclusive use of the intended recipient(s) and may contain confidential, privileged and nondisclosable information. Any unauthorized review, use, disclosure or distribution is prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by reply email immediately and destroy any and all copies of the message.



#### **Tamra Allen**

From: Renee Grossman < renee@plumcompanies.com>

Sent: Tuesday, February 15, 2022 9:03 AM

To: Tamra Allen Subject: RE: Tonight

\*\* - EXTERNAL SENDER. Only open links and attachments from known senders. DO NOT provide sensitive information. Check email for threats per risk training. - \*\*

I understand who she is but I would have expected you to allow presentations on both sides of the issue. One of the Councilmembers called me and was concerned about her speaking and not presenting an expert for the alternatives. Then that Councilmember said it was not on the agenda so I was surprised.

You guys are going down the same path as Palisade. They discussed hybrid and merit for months, then decided only to do a lottery. The clerk was the Local Licensing Authority responsible for deeming applications complete prior to entering the lottery. No one else in the town even read the applications. There were 5 applicants that applied in zone districts where the use was prohibited. They were allowed into the lottery. There were three applications that we verbatim identical except the name of the company – two were a married couple and the third was David Cox and all three were on his property and David Cox was under investigation for child endangerment and illegal marijuana. All three went into the lottery. Palisade ran two lotteries. The first, they selected 4 so if #1 couldn't open, it went to #2 and so on. All four were unable to open and the town wasted 2 years letting them. They couldn't open b/c they didn't have the money or they were in rural zone districts and there were no roads or utilities to run a commercial business there. I was picked second in the lottery but they didn't have a mechanism to give me the third license (the unused one from the first lottery). They told me to hold off suing and they would give it to me and then they put the moratorium back on. I threatened suit and only dropped it b/c I knew Junction would open up and decided for my mental health it was not worth it. Others sued. The town only had one store for 2 years and there was a lot of corruption. Lots of backroom dealings. It was a mess.

I would encourage you to have some bar set to enter the lottery and have the councilmembers or more than just the hearing officer read the applications. You'll see. There's a huge difference in applicants. Some that came from the black market and don't know how to run a real business in this very competitive industry and others that will maximize your tax dollars. But it's the "deeming them complete" – that's what folks will sue on. I'm sorry to say, I just know this from 7.5 years of experience in the industry. Good luck.

Regards,

Renée S. Grossman



#### RENÉE S. GROSSMAN

President & CEO

**C:** +1 212-851-6448 | **E:** renee@havacompanies.com

HAVAGARDENS.COM | AKTACREATIONS.COM | HIGHQROCKIES.COM

This email message is for the exclusive use of the intended recipient(s) and may contain confidential, privileged and nondisclosable information. Any unauthorized review, use, disclosure or distribution is prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by reply email immediately and destroy any and all copies of the message.



From: Tamra Allen <tamraa@gjcity.org>
Sent: Tuesday, February 15, 2022 8:51 AM

To: Renee Grossman <renee@plumcompanies.com>

Subject: RE: Tonight

Thank you for your comments, Renee. We anticipate with this direction the process will actually move significantly faster for those seeking a license than an extensive RFP process. I believe the woman you are referring to is Laura Bauer; she is currently an employee of the City of Grand Junction and works as the Interim City Clerk.

Thank you,

Tamra Allen, AICP Community Development Director City of Grand Junction, Colorado tamraa@gjcity.org 970-256-4023

City Hall is open Monday through Friday 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. We also conduct business online, by phone or by appointment as needed.



From: Renee Grossman < renee@plumcompanies.com >

**Sent:** Monday, February 14, 2022 5:54 PM **To:** Tamra Allen <tamraa@gjcity.org>

Subject: Tonight

\*\* - EXTERNAL SENDER. Only open links and attachments from known senders. DO NOT provide sensitive information. Check email for threats per risk training. - \*\*

I didn't see her on the agenda and since you weren't taking public comments, we all assumed she would not be speaking. This woman was not on the working group, has not been at any of the meetings and has clearly spoken to several council members outside of a public hearing. She may have experience with a few but others have more experience and you should really show a balanced approach. Also, Fort Lupton is apparently a mess.

At this point, I support whatever you do but I may have to drop out. The cost to stay in relative to the odds of getting a store may not favor my continuing. Or any of the smaller players. Anyway, I hope this all works out ok but I'm worried you could get sued now before you even get started. John Shaver never said that.

Regards,

Renée S. Grossman



## RENÉE S. GROSSMAN

President & CEO

C: +1 212-851-6448 | E: renee@havacompanies.com

HAVAGARDENS.COM | AKTACREATIONS.COM | HIGHQROCKIES.COM

This email message is for the exclusive use of the intended recipient(s) and may contain confidential, privileged and nondisclosable information. Any unauthorized review, use, disclosure or distribution is prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by reply email immediately and destroy any and all copies of the message.



#### Tamra Allen

**From:** Greg Caton

Sent: Monday, February 14, 2022 4:03 PM

**To:** Tamra Allen; John Shaver **Subject:** FW: Workshop today

FYI

Thank you, Greg

Greg Caton, ICMA – CM City Manager City of Grand Junction 970-244-1502

From: citymanager <citymanager@gjcity.org>
Sent: Monday, February 14, 2022 3:04 PM
Tay Crop Coton (group @gicity.org)

**To:** Greg Caton <gregc@gjcity.org> **Subject:** FW: Workshop today

From: Lauren Maytin < laurenmaytin@gmail.com >

Sent: Monday, February 14, 2022 3:00 PM

To: citymanager <citymanager@gicity.org>; Council <council@gicity.org>

Subject: Workshop today

\*\* - EXTERNAL SENDER. Only open links and attachments from known senders. DO NOT provide sensitive information. Check email for threats per risk training. - \*\*

Please provide a copy of my comments to the city council today February 14, 2022

My name is Lauren Maytin. I am a cannabis attorney, the longest sitting board member of CONORML, and I have been an active participant in Cannabis rule making for governmental authorities for over 17 years. As you know, I have been watching and participating in your governmental processes regarding cannabis, your cannabis moratorium, the discussions concerning your new cannabis rules, regulations and ordinances for the city of Grand Junction. I have also submitted comments at meetings wherein you have taken public comment.

Today, I submit the following comments after having reviewed the materials promulgated for tonight's workshop.

#### ON THE DRAFT MERIT CRITERIA

The merit based approach was overwhelmingly supported by Grand Junction city council and the public - over the course of several months and several public meetings. This approach needs to be more fully developed so that it can stand on its own and not necessitate a lottery in any event. Here are some suggestions about the materials provided by GJ.

- \* The merit based approach outlined is short and non exhaustive. I submit that there should be additional meritorious classifications.
- \* I do not see how experience in the cannabis industry over the past 3 years can eradicate the issue of the investor who lost their business when GJ initiated their moratorium causing them to lose millions of dollars. As such, I would like to see Experience in the Cannabis Industry be recharacterized as "Experience in a Highly Regulated Industry" this allows the people of GJ who were forced out of the MJ industry and who sought jobs in oil and gas to apply and pass this merit criteria. Being able to follow the rules in a highly regulated field is a translatable skill across fields for example, industries such as banking, agriculture, mining, oil and gas, milk, and gambling are all highly regulated industries.
- \* Where is the deference to pre-existing businesses that were forced out of business when GJ enacted their moratorium. Why wouldn't there be points awarded for such a situation?

Also - please consider that you would not need to have a supplemental selection process if there were additional meritorious criteria. And then - if there were 10 applicants that all scored the same - those would be the 10

If there were 20 applicants that all scored the same - then the 10 licenses would be awarded to the first complete applications submitted out of those 20 that all scored the same.

#### ON THE DRAFT ORDINANCE

1. Definitions should match those that are used by the State - there are numerous examples that should be changed to reflect the language used by MED

examples: Cannabis Business (line 269) vs. Marijuana Establishment

Cannabis operator (line 272) vs Retail Marijuana Business Operator and a Medical Marijuana Business Operator

Cannabis (generally) vs Marijuana

Regulated Cannabis Business vs. Regulated Marijuana Business - medical or retail (line 552)

Regulated Cannabis Plant vs Retail or Medical Marijuana (line 563)

- 2. mention of license suspensions what will you do with suspensions held in abeyance? (Page 10 c.)
- 3. What definition will be used for moral turpitude (page 10 lines 401-402) use CRS?

| 4. private clubs are not open to the general public - requires membership and compliance with numerous club only rules (line 519)  |
|--|
| 5. what are you doing with caregivers? Appears you want then classified as a regulated mj business? Lines 552 - 555  |
| 6. Regulated cannabis means any person who possess cannabis openly and publicly? I do not understand that sentence.  |
| 7. Lines 584-587 - if caregiver's need licenses from GJ and the state - how will they do that - they cannot get a license from CDPHE - but they can register their caregiver grow with CDPHE   |
| 8. Lines 632-638: this P is hard to follow - "without the need for public hearing" and then it states "Notice of such action and for a public hearing before the Authority on the matter   |
| 9. Lines 891-894: no drug related felony convictions - but just before saying that it reads - no felony convictions in last 5 years. Current state law permits of the law is different   |
| 10. Randomized Selection Process - it is clear that no one wanted lottery or a "randomized" process. Not sure why staff went against the vote of council and the voice of the people.  |
| 11. line 969 typo event?   |
| 12. Lines 966 - 976 - why not make this like the state application?  |
| 13. refund only if request - policy should be just to refund 1125-1129   |
| 14. page 30 - licenses are not transferable or assignable - can a licensee ever sell their business? Can there be a change of location or change in corp structure if not assignable or transferable? Then the ordinance says lines 1175-1176 no transfer until 3 years has passed since issuance - is the license transferable and assignable after 3 years then? |

| 15. can a person holding less than 10% interest in a marijuana license apply to hold another license in GJ?   |
|---|
| 16. page 39 - paragraph b doesnt make sense at all - and it reads as follows: - It shall be unlawful at a license regulated cannabis any time not permitted by this code; for any reason to operate a regulated cannabis business" this sentence doesnt make sense        |
| 17. page 40 paragraph j - doesnt make sense - the sentence reads as follows: "It shall be unlawful any Licensee, owner, business manager, may be charged with this violation " this sentence makes no sense   |
| 18. paragraph I doesnt make sense either - page 40 it shall be unlawful for any person to smoke, use, or ingest on the premises fermented malt beverage, malt or any controlled substance except in compliance with the directions on a legal prescription for the person |
| 19. page 40 paragraph m - you can operate a store while using medical marijauna and not be under the influence however, you cannot be in compliance with a prescription because MJ is not by prescription just a recommendation.  |
| 20. line 1554-1555 - (o) what about caregivers  |
| 21. line 1566-1568 - what about caregivers  |
| 22. page 42 (dd) what????   |
| 23. hours of operation - please consider 11pm to 7 am - people going to work might want to pick up medicine before starting their work day so when they go home they dont have to go to the MJ store.   |
| I had a couple more comments but ran out of time  |

--

The Law Offices of Edson & Maytin, LLC

Lauren R. Maytin, Esq. Aspen Office: 715 W. Main Street, Suite 305 Aspen, Colorado 81611 Mailing: PO Box 3098

Aspen, Colorado 81612 Phone: 970-925-2501 Cell: 970-948-7183 Laurenmaytin@gmail.com

Warren Edson, Esq.
Denver Office:
2701 Lawrence Street Suite 124
Denver, Colorado 80205

Phone: (303) 831-8188 Cell: (303) 335-8861 warrenedson@hotmail.com

THIS TRANSMISSION CONTAINS CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION WHICH ALSO MAY BE LEGALLY PRIVILEGED AND WHICH IS INTENDED ONLY FOR THE USE OF THE ADDRESSEE(S) NAMED ABOVE. IF YOU ARE NOT THE INTENDED RECIPIENT OF THIS TRANSMISSION, YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT ANY USE, DISSEMINATION, DISTRIBUTION OR COPYING OF THIS TRANSMISSION IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED. IF YOU HAVE RECEIVED THIS TRANSMISSION IN ERROR, PLEASE IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY US BY TELEPHONE. NOTE: All recipients of e-mail should be aware that (1) e-mail communications is not a secure method of communication, (2) any e-mail that is sent to you or by you may be copied and held by various computers it passes through as it goes from sender to recipient, (3) persons not participating in our communication may intercept our communications by improperly accessing your computer or my computer or even some computer unconnected to either of us but through which the e-mail passed. I am communicating to you via e-mail because you have consented to receive communications via this medium. If you change your mind and want future communications to be sent in a different fashion, please advise me at once.

#### Tamra Allen

From: Renee Grossman < renee@plumcompanies.com>

**Sent:** Monday, February 14, 2022 10:30 AM

**To:** Council; Tamra Allen; Gregory LeBlanc; John Shaver

**Subject:** Additional comments

\*\* - EXTERNAL SENDER. Only open links and attachments from known senders. DO NOT provide sensitive information. Check email for threats per risk training. - \*\*

I have two additional comments that I hope you'll consider. After reading the staff report and draft ordinances.

- Since it appears you intend to do the hybrid approach merit to randomized I would ask you to consider weighting the lottery (giving more balls) to those with higher scores.
- 5.13.040 Consider adding to denial of a license renewal that if the store is not operational a part of or a majority
  of the year that renewal can be denied. This will stop non-operational licenses from blocking others to come
  into GJT

In general I just want to compliment staff for the extensive work that went into this ordinance.

Regards,

Renée S. Grossman



## RENÉE S. GROSSMAN

President & CEO

C: +1 212-851-6448 | E: renee@havacompanies.com

HAVAGARDENS.COM | AKTACREATIONS.COM | HIGHQROCKIES.COM

This email message is for the exclusive use of the intended recipient(s) and may contain confidential, privileged and nondisclosable information. Any unauthorized review, use, disclosure or distribution is prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by reply email immediately and destroy any and all copies of the message.



#### Tamra Allen

From: Matt Helm <matth@plumcompanies.com>
Sent: Tuesday, February 15, 2022 10:21 AM

**To:** Renee Grossman; Council; Gregory LeBlanc; Tamra Allen; John Shaver

Cc: LisaMarie Pinder; Cindy Sovine Subject: Re: GJT Marijuana Process

\*\* - EXTERNAL SENDER. Only open links and attachments from known senders. DO NOT provide sensitive information. Check email for threats per risk training. - \*\*

Just to piggyback on Renee's comments, if you have a cap then you are creating a scarce market. The non-merit or non-weighted lottery expands the potential pool of applicants. So, the ordinance as proposed maximizes the potential pool of applicants chasing a very limited supply. The logical end here is that there will be an intense secondary market for licenses because they inherently have a lot of value exclusive of operating a store. Additionally, this will invite all sorts of legal and financial engineering as enterprising attorneys and bankers seek structures to get around anti-flipping language. Lastly, because of the market distorting effects of the cap, the arbitrary nature of the process (totally random), and the significant amount of capital already expended by the potential pool of applicants, the city is almost guaranteed to face lawsuits.

We are pro – merit because that is the way the city could ensure it got good operators with characteristics the city wanted to see including diversity, local operators, community engagement, etc. Obviously, we believed we would fare well in this process. Since merit or a "high bar" to qualify aren't now in the picture we would strongly urge you to consider lifting the cap. The benefits to the city include:

- -More upfront revenue via application and licensing fees
- -Ease of process. You could have stores up and running by fall
- -Litigation protection. Its hard to get sued for something open to everyone
- -Over time, you will get the best operators in GJ because it's a free, competitive market

Capitalism and the free market are the backbone of successful economies. In light of the council's decision to avoid subjectivity and eliminate any material selection criteria we ask that you eliminate the cap and let the free market and competition determine who operates in GJ.

Many thanks for your consideration,

Matt



C: 630-247-8272 | E: matth@havacompanies.com

HAVAGARDENS.COM | AKTACREATIONS.COM | HIGHQROCKIES.COM

This email message is for the exclusive use of the intended recipient(s) and may contain confidential, privileged, and non-disclosable information. Any unauthorized review, use, disclosure or distribution is prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by reply email immediately and destroy all copies of the message.



From: Renee Grossman <renee@plumcompanies.com>

Date: Tuesday, February 15, 2022 at 9:32 AM

**To:** council@gjcity.org <council@gjcity.org>, Gregory LeBlanc <gregoryl@gjcity.org>, Tamra Allen <tamraa@gjcity.org>, John Shaver <johns@gjcity.org>

Cc: Matt Helm <matth@plumcompanies.com>, LisaMarie Pinder <lisamariep@havacompanies.com>, Cindy

Sovine <cindy@sovineconsulting.com>

Subject: RE: GJT Marijuana Process

One final thought to consider, if you want to regulate marijuana like alcohol and you don't want to evaluate the merit of the applicants, you should consider removing the cap and the better operators will survive and the less qualified will go out of business. That's the most fair and will virtually guarantee no litigation. But keep the one ownership one license and no license flipping. Thank you again.

Regards,

Renée S. Grossman



## RENÉE S. GROSSMAN

President & CEO

C: +1 212-851-6448 | E: renee@havacompanies.com

HAVAGARDENS.COM | AKTACREATIONS.COM | HIGHQROCKIES.COM

This email message is for the exclusive use of the intended recipient(s) and may contain confidential, privileged and nondisclosable information. Any unauthorized review, use, disclosure or distribution is prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by reply email immediately and destroy any and all copies of the message.



From: Renee Grossman < renee@plumcompanies.com>

Sent: Tuesday, February 15, 2022 9:16 AM

**To:** council@gjcity.org; Gregory LeBlanc <gregoryl@gjcity.org>; Tamra Allen <tamraa@gjcity.org>; John Shaver <johns@gjcity.org>

**Cc:** Matt Helm <matth@plumcompanies.com>; LisaMarie Pinder lisamariep@havacompanies.com>; Renee Grossman <renee@plumcompanies.com>; Cindy Sovine <cindy@sovineconsulting.com>

**Subject:** GJT Marijuana Process

I wanted to provide some comments after the meeting last night while they are fresh in my mind. First, I want to say that I respect that this process is very challenging and regardless of how you do it, some folks will be disappointed. I also understanding the complexities of implementing any selection process.

By way of background, I have a BSE and MBA from The Wharton School and I was an investment banker, management consultant, private equity investor and coal industry executive prior to retiring and starting my company. I spent most of my career evaluating growth businesses, some of which were successful and some of which failed. I've also been in the marijuana industry since the inception of recreational. In business in general and the marijuana industry, there is a wide array of operators. Some are like me, very professional and run compliant businesses, and others that have limited business experience and still operate outside the regulations and laws. It's not as hard as you might think to skirt the regulations. We don't because of our ethics, not because we can't do it without getting caught.

You want operators that are professional, compliant and can run a good business so you can maximize the tax revenues you will get. Not all operators are the same and if there are bad stores, folks will drive to Palisade or De Beque, even Parachute, to get better products and customer service. Since you chose to cap the number of license, you need operators that will run good businesses to protect your tax base. I respect that you want to do a lottery because it's very hard and time consuming to do a merit system. I fear you will be sued and that will cause delays and someone like me can't keep paying on a property in the event of delays.

I merely encourage you to **SET THE BAR HIGH** for who is allowed in the lottery. Last night, you indicated that you don't want to read business plans or evaluate applications. You said that all "complete" applications will go into the lottery. That is a mistake. Set a bar. Read the applications. Use the merit criteria that staff developed. All those with all Passes and a minimum score of say 15 out of the 18 points on the list go into the lottery and those without do not.

Protect your revenues, get compliant operators that are ethical and will not embarrass you or cause customers to go elsewhere. **Set a bar for entry into the lottery**.

Regards,

Renée S. Grossman



## RENÉE S. GROSSMAN

President & CEO

**C:** +1 212-851-6448 | **E:** renee@havacompanies.com

HAVAGARDENS.COM | AKTACREATIONS.COM | HIGHQROCKIES.COM

This email message is for the exclusive use of the intended recipient(s) and may contain confidential, privileged and nondisclosable information. Any unauthorized review, use, disclosure or distribution is prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by reply email immediately and destroy any and all copies of the message.



#### Nicole Galehouse

From: Tamra Allen

Sent: Monday, March 7, 2022 6:03 PM

To: Nicole Galehouse

**Cc:** Jace Hochwalt; Laura Bauer

**Subject:** Fwd: Comments on proposed RMJ ordinance

Nicole, could you please make sure this public comment is included in the packet?

Thx

Sent from my Verizon, Samsung Galaxy smartphone

Get Outlook for Android

From: comdev <comdev@gjcity.org>
Sent: Monday, March 7, 2022 4:42:57 PM

To: Tamra Allen <tamraa@gjcity.org>; Jace Hochwalt <jaceh@gjcity.org>

Subject: FW: Comments on proposed RMJ ordinance

For you, maybe?

Pat

#### Pat Dunlap

Planning Technician
City of Grand Junction - Community Development
250 N 5th St, Grand Junction, CO 81501-2628
patd@gjcity.org; (970) 256-4030; (970) 256-4031 fax
Office hours: M-F, 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM

From: Daniel Rowland < drowland.am@gmail.com>

**Sent:** Monday, March 7, 2022 15:29 **To:** Council <council@gjcity.org>

Cc: John Shaver <johns@gjcity.org>; comdev <comdev@gjcity.org>

Subject: Comments on proposed RMJ ordinance

\*\* - EXTERNAL SENDER. Only open links and attachments from known senders. DO NOT provide sensitive information. Check email for threats per risk training. - \*\*

Dear City Council and Staff,

Thank you for all the hard work that has gone into developing the City's retail marijuana ordinance thus far, and for patiently and diligently working through all of the issues.

As Council prepares to review the draft ordinance, I just wanted to offer a few observations and questions:

- The methodology of the sufficiency/randomization (hybrid) selection process does not articulate the evaluation

process. The criteria include 10 different categories, five of which are pass/fail. The other five have points assigned to them. What will be the process to decide who qualifies for the lottery? That is, is there a minimum number of points that applicants must receive in order to advance?

- Seven of the 18 available points are assigned to one category, Community Benefit, in which it says applicants must commit "a minimum of 10% of business profits dedicated to local public causes, and/or a minimum of 1,000 public service hours, and/or dedicated assistance to the community, as defined and described by City Council, to support/advance City policy goals." Do applicants have to commit to doing all three of these things to score full points? What is the definition of "dedicated assistance to the community?"
- Lastly, the point on "10% of business profits" is potentially problematic. Given that retail marijuana stores are already subject to local taxes, state taxes, special sales taxes on RMJ at the local and state levels, and punitive federal 280E tax obligations, it's likely that many of Grand Junction's RMJ stores stores won't be "profitable" after taxes, at least in the near term. What then? Also, is the City going to audit each business to determine their true, after tax bottom-line?

With the additional City tax of 6% on RMJ sales already in the works, it's not realistic to expect retailers to come up with an additional 10% of after-tax profits. That money simply won't exist, and would be a headache for the City to account for anyway.

A more reasonable approach, and one that doesn't force the City into the time-consuming and complicated profit auditing business, would be to allow businesses to dedicate a small percentage of gross receipts (top-line revenue) to Community Benefit. This would serve more like a de facto increase to the 6% special sales tax, with those additional funds being earmarked for Community Benefit. The increase should be optional and the City should expect not more than 1% to be dedicated by prospective RMJ businesses. That amount is still significant (again considering there will likely already be a 6% special tax), but would be more manageable for the businesses (i.e., that money might actually be there) and more manageable for the City finance folks responsible for tracking and collecting these extra funds.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

/ Dan

#### **Dan Rowland**

Cordillera Advisory Management Mobile: +1 303 579 7573 Email: drowland.am@gmail.com

## Janet Harrell

Subject:

FW: More comments

From: Renee Grossman < renee@plumcompanies.com>

Sent: Thursday, March 10, 2022 2:53 PM

To: Council < council@gjcity.org>

Cc: Tamra Allen < tamraa@gicity.org>; John Shaver < johns@gicity.org>

Subject: More comments

\*\* - EXTERNAL SENDER. Only open links and attachments from known senders. DO NOT provide sensitive information. Check email for threats per risk training. - \*\*

A few comments on the redline ordinance.

- Page 25, line 980-982. Section 5.13.016.(d)2. I believe you intention is to only allow one application for each applicant in the City. This paragraph could be construed to read as one application per location, which would allow some folks to get multiple locations and file multiple applications to stack the lottery. You may want to clarify or strike the words "at any location" and have it read "one license in the City"
- Page 27, line 1081. Section 5.13.016.(d)9. You may want to add unless already licensed by the State. For
  example, in my company some of our owners were licensed prior to the necessity for Findings of Suitability so
  the fact that they hold active Owners' licenses should suffice for this requirement.
- Page 34, Line 1341. There's a typo. Should be commenced, not commence

Regards,

Renée

RENÉE S. GROSSMAN

President & CEO

C: 212-851-6448 | E: renee@havacompanies.com

HAVAGARDENS.COM | AKTACREATIONS.COM | HIGHQROCKIES.COM

This email message is for the exclusive use of the intended recipient(s) and may contain confidential, privileged and non-disclosable information. Any unauthorized review, use, disclosure or distribution is prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by reply email immediately and destroy any and all copies of the message.

ha va. alta High<sup>Q</sup>



#### 03/11/2022

Honorable Grand Junction City Councilmembers and dedicated City Staff,

Thank you for all of the hard work, time, and resources you all have committed to developing a fair and transparent licensing system and regulatory program for marijuana businesses desiring to operate in Grand Junction.

MIG members and staff have been participating in the public comment part of this process since Summer 2021 when the City embarked on its community listening tour to understand community members' priorities for bringing regulated marijuana stores into the city limits. As the trade association for Colorado cannabis businesses MIG has seen for over 12 years, what works and what doesn't when it comes to creating local regulations for cannabis businesses.

It is still the recommendation of the Marijuana Industry Group that the City adopt a merit based application process instead of a lottery. This will allow you to choose the 10 most qualified applicants. If the City wants to prioritize local businesses or sustainability, or any other criterion, this can be accomplished with a merit based selection process.

The draft ordinance represents a good first draft. Clearly a lot of thought went into it, but there are still a number of improvements that can be made. With the 03/14 Council workshop and the 03/16 Council meeting on the horizon, MIG offers these final suggestions and comments with the intention to help the City draft a clear, unambiguous ordinance to establish the most effective and fair marijuana licensing program that will result in the promotion of public health, safety, and welfare.

Some requirements included in the ordinance are unnecessary, overly burdensome, or antiquated. These are requirements that would be specific to Grand Junction and either contradict state rules or lack alignment with standard protocols used by businesses in other local jurisdictions, which could result in confusion and noncompliance by selected operators. For clarity, all citations refer to the redline version released by the City, located <a href="here">here</a>.

- Examples:
  - Definitions not used elsewhere in state or local law:
    - "Appealing to minors" (pg. 7, lines 259-264)
    - "Company material" (pg. 8, lines 309-314)
    - o Recommendation: Remove these terms from the ordinance.
  - Terms with definitions that are different than those provided by MED:
    - "Educational material" (pg. 8, lines 325-330)

- "Good moral character" (pg. 10, lines 393-428)
- Recommendation: Align the definitions for the above terms with the definitions found in the MED Code.
- 5.13.029(a)(3) Security Requirements
  - Recommendation: Strike, "If the alarm system includes a panic alarm, an operable dedicated phone for law enforcement to respond to the alarm shall remain on the premises at all times." (pg. 45, lines 1747-1750)
- 5.13.040(b)(2) Renewals
  - Signage sizes are different requirements than those required by the MED (Pg. 61, lines 2325-2329)
  - Recommendation: Align signage requirements with those set by the MED.
  - Recommendation: Move signage requirements out of the Renewals section and into 5.13.036 - Operational Standards.
- Other suggestions for clarity, consistency, and conformance with state law
  - o 5.13.031(a) Report Requirements (Pg. 46, lines 1793-1794)
    - We suggest changing "at least 30 days before" to "within 10 days of." Based on industry experience, operators will repeatedly violate this provision if left as drafted.
  - 5.13.032(b-c) Public Health and Labeling Requirements (Pg. 47, lines 1831-1839)
    - i. Packaging and labeling requirements are, by statute, a function of the State Licensing Authority. As written, this provision would require packaging & labeling changes with statewide impacts to production. The state should be the appropriate level at which to determine proper packaging and labeling. If Grand Junction imposes its own packaging and labeling standards it will create significant expense for any product company seeking to do business in The City. Does the Grand Junction do this for other industries?
    - ii. To preserve the intent, we suggest striking "packaged and labeled in a manner" from (b) and replacing it with, "accompanied by a warning statement."
    - iii. We suggest striking (c) in its entirety.
  - 5.13.034 Prohibited Acts (Pg. 48-53, lines 1867-2028)
    - i. The Prohibited Acts section is improperly used to rehash every single provision of the ordinance. This is unnecessary. Breaking any rule in the ordinance doesn't need to be listed in order to constitute a violation. This makes it really hard to navigate the rules.
    - We suggest a detailed review of this section, and alignment with other municipalities (e.g. Boulder, Denver), where prohibited acts are succinct and illustrative examples.

- iii. We also suggest rethinking inclusions like (n) and (p), which are consumer violations and not license violations--typically the rules (and violations) applicable to things like public consumption are contained in entirely different chapters.
- 5.13.035(f) Nonrenewal, suspension or revocation of license (Pg. 56, lines 2151-2156)
  - i. The ordinance already grants the authority to call a hearing when there is good cause to do so, in 5.13.040(j) - Renewals. In this section, a public hearing can be a contingency for annual license renewal, without any mention of what criteria would trigger such a measure.
  - ii. We suggest striking (f) in its entirety. Renewals should not be the sole cause for a public hearing requirement for a license in good standing. Forcing licensees in good standing to undergo a renewal hearing unnecessarily burdens both the business and the City.
  - iii. We also suggest eliminating the requirement for public hearings for winning applicants. The City will have determined where business can operate, and which operators are suitable for licensure. If these criteria have been met, there is no need for a further hearing.
- 5.13.041(4) Compliance monitoring (Pg. 63, lines 2420-2424)
  - This section uses the terms "minimum sale age" and "underage person."
     This is more accurate than in other areas (5.13.033(b)(1) and 5.13.034(d)) where the phrases "21 years of age or older" and "under 21 years of age" are used.
  - ii. We suggest using the former options consistently throughout the ordinance.
- Outstanding questions
  - 1. How will applications be deemed complete upon submission?
  - 2. Will a public hearing be required prior to the lottery selection? If so, please provide justification as to why the public hearing would take place before being selected for a license in a lottery process as doing so beforehand will force both the City and all of the business applicants to incur time and expense, in many instances, when the businesses may not qualify for licensure.
    - i. Also, will the public hearing have a "needs and desires of the neighborhood" criteria that will need to be satisfied?
      - If so, what happens to a lottery winner's spot if they are not successful at such hearing, who does the license spot go to?
      - 2. If there are no "needs and desires of the neighborhood" criteria to meet, then what is the point of holding a hearing at all?
  - 3. What does approval entail in reference to, "The City Manager approved the Applicant's initial application" (pg. 34, line 1330)
  - 4. Will a business be allowed to transfer a license to a different premise in the event the property owner changes and the new owner no longer wants to lease to a marijuana business? If not, please provide justification.

- 5. Also, will the winning applicants be able to change locations prior to issuance of the initial license (provided there is no change of ownership involved) for good cause, provided the proposed location meets the necessary requirements?
- 6. Regarding transfers of ownership, will the City grant exceptions for the complete sale of a company? (as opposed to trying to sell off the license, which we agree should be prohibited) If not, please provide justification.
- 7. Also, what happens to a potentially available license award, if one or more of the lottery winning applicants are unable to finalize licensure and /or fail within the initial COO prohibition period?
  - i. In the unlikely but possible event that a license award winner cannot open (due to economic factors, license violation, or materially adverse event), MIG recommends the City select runners up in order as well as contemplate a process to award the next in line so as to have 10 active licenses per City Council's wishes. In other words, if a licensee fails before or after opening for business, there should be a process to fill the vacancy.
- 8. Why reduce the operating hours' closing time from midnight to 10pm? Most municipalities (including Littleton and Denver) in recent years have changed the closing hours to midnight with no issues.
- 9. Please elaborate on:
  - a. 5.13.028 Persons prohibited as licensees
    - i. (a)(14) (pg. 43, lines 1685-1688)
      - 1. Does the City intend that a person who owns a marijuana license in the City cannot own/operate any other type of business in the City? If so, please provide justification.
    - ii. b)(4) (pg. 44, lines 1704-1707)
      - Please clarify what evidence or lack of evidence regarding the ability of the individual to refrain from being under the influence of intoxicating or controlled substances while performing regular tasks and operating a regulated cannabis business would be suitable for the Authority to consider when making an evaluation of good moral character.
  - b. 5.13.034(y)(ii-iii) Prohibited Acts
    - i. (y)(ii) Please provide additional context around Council's intent that any person who, "provides advice to the regulated cannabis business for compensation" be listed on the application, or amendment thereto. (Pg. 50, line 1943)
      - 1. Many cannabis businesses hire consultants for assistance with compliance, employee training, government affairs, etc. Does Council intend that these contractual workers be listed on an application? Is this requirement in the rules for any other industry in Grand Junction?

- ii. (y)(iii) Please provide additional context around Council's intent that any person who, "receives periodic compensation totaling \$1,000 or more in a single year for services related to the regulated cannabis business" be listed on the application, or amendment thereto. (Pg. 51, lines 1944-1947)
  - 1. Many cannabis businesses use contract workers to complete facility upgrades, ranging from standard property maintenance to specialized one-time projects, such as upgrading a lighting system. Does Council intend that these contractual workers be listed on an application? Is this requirement in the rules for any other industry in Grand Junction?

While we hope the City considers all of the above suggestions, the three most impactful ones we hope the City adopts are the removal of the public hearing requirement for all applicants before the announcement of the lottery winners, the removal of Grand Junction specific packaging requirements, and the return to a merit based application process. Thank you again for your thoughtfulness and your consideration.

Truman Bradley, Executive Director Marijuana Industry Group

#### **Janet Harrell**

Subject:

FW: Cannabis workshop comment

From: scott beilfuss < <a href="mailto:sgbuwec@gmail.com">sent: Monday, March 14, 2022 11:28 AM</a>

To: Council < council@gjcity.org > Subject: Cannabis workshop comment

\*\* - EXTERNAL SENDER. Only open links and attachments from known senders. DO NOT provide sensitive information. Check email for threats per risk training. - \*\*

To City Council,

Thank you for all your work on the dispensary rules and ordinances. Given the dramatic changes in the direction of licensing from merit based to a lottery the public would like transparency and background on the new direction. Previously the council pivoted from a hybrid merit/lottery licensing model to a merit-based licensing format. Now a full lottery proposal is now on the table with no reason for the new direction.

Much of the discussion from industry, legal commentators and city council members regarding lotteries pointed to the real possibility that:

- 1) With few financial and no experience requirements, other lotteries have had lottery winners being awarded licensees and then not have the experience or capital to open and run a dispensary. The lottery process alleviates some possibilities of litigation against the city, however, the expectation from voters was that the city creates a process that awards licenses to companies with the greatest possibility of success for maximizing collecting taxes. The cannabis board held off on specifying the licensing process on request of the city to supply flexibility in crafting the process. As the possibility very much exists that many lottery winners may not have the finances or skills to be successful, it appears that the city is fine with a substantial number of failures from the lottery system. This was not the expectation of the voters or cannabis board to throw outcomes to the wind.
- 2) Industry leaders that want to locate here and have already been initiative-taking in preparing for the licensing program will be left off the table. Do we want the weakest applicants to win the majority of licenses and underperform or not perform on potential tax collections? On a merit-based system the top ten most qualified and financially healthy applicants win licenses. The city puts out lots of RFPs and I doubt there are any that the winner is pulled out of a hat. Usually, the city would want the companies most qualified and competitive to be selected to provide good value to the taxpayers and the highest chance of success.

One other comment on the distribution of funds. The very vague verbiage that money would be distributed to GJPD for enforcement of the ordinances and to the parks plan leaves the door wide open for most of the funding to go to law enforcement. This was not the wishes of the voters, and I would like to see citizen oversite on this. As with many funding request proposals, the requests to intended funding can be construed many ways to match funding guidelines. There are no pushbacks to the funding request and the GJPD could easily request multiple new vehicles, officers and a new division that would take the entire tax collections from this year on out to enforce the ordinances. The taxpayers expect

| the majority of these monies to go to recreation upgrades and this should be honored. There have already been |     |
|---|-----|
| discussions on redirecting funds and the taxpayers are concerned about staying true to the amendment as voted | on. |

Regards,

**Scott Beilfuss** 

Scott Beilfuss (970) 250-2838 Grand Junction, CO

# LAW OFFICES OF EDSON & MAYTIN

715 West Main Street Aspen, Colorado 81611 Suite 305 PO Box 3098 Aspen, CO 81612 Telephone: 970-925-250

Telephone: 970-925-250 Cellular: 970-948-7183 Warren Edson Lauren R. Maytin 2701 Lawrence Street
Suite 124
Denver, Colorado 80205
Telephone: 303-831-8188
Cellular: 303-335-8861
Fax: 303-339-0402

March 14, 2022

GJ City Council

My name is Lauren Maytin, I reside in Roaring Fork Valley, am the longest sitting board member of CONORML; I am also a member of the Colorado Bar Associations ethics committee. I am an attorney representing and aiding businesses, municipalities, owners and investors operating in the marijuana space and my partner and I helped write Colorado's Amendment 20 in 1997.

I submitted a written letter to council prior to the February 14, 2022 meeting but it does not appear as though it was reviewed by council. I ask the council to reread that letter.

Having read your most recent staff report and the supporting materials I am concerned:

#### **DEFINITIONS**

Why is Grand Junction using their own set of definitions for the Marijuana Businesses within its city limits. Why is the city insisting on using "Cannabis" instead of "Marijuana"? The State of Colorado uses the word "Marijuana" exclusively. Why does Grand Junction believe the word "Cannabis" is more appropriate to use in its ordinance than "Marijuana" and why would mirroring the State be misguided?

If the definitions between municipality and the State of Colorado match there will be little room for misinterpretation and litigation. If, someday, the Colorado Marijuana Enforcement Division decides to change their word from "Marijuana" to "Cannabis", then the City of Grand Junction could easily follow suit and continue to be on track with the State of Colorado. The Colorado Marijuana Enforcement Division uses the term "Marijuana" for everything: Colorado Marijuana Code; Medical or Retail Marijuana Stores; Marijuana Establishments; Medical or Retail Marijuana Testing Facility and the list could go on and on. Retail Cannabis is not a term found in the Colorado Marijuana Code or any of the State's rules or regulations.

As such – I would suggest using the word "Marijuana" in every single place Grand Junction has written "Cannabis".

Furthermore – why is Grand Junction writing definitions for everything **already defined** by the State of Colorado? In some instances you are making the definitions less clear.

Just one Example:

State: "Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility" means an entity licensed to cultivate, prepare, and package Retail Marijuana and sell Retail Marijuana to Retail Marijuana Stores, to Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturers, and to other Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facilities, but not to consumers

GJ: "Retail Cannabis Cultivation Facility" is an entity licensed to cultivate, prepare, and package cannabis and sell cannabis to Retail Cannabis Stores, to Cannabis Products Manufacturing Facilities, and to other Cannabis Cultivation Facilities, but not to consumer.

(Cannabis - retail, medical or both? Cannabis means Marijuana and usable form of marijuana)

#### **MERIT/LOTTERY**

The merit based approach was overwhelmingly supported by Grand Junction city council and the public - over the course of several months and several public meetings. This approach needs to be more fully developed so that it can mean something. Set the bar high to get into the lottery! GJ will get more than 10 qualified applicants; a lottery is guaranteed.

#### NOTES:

## **Buffering Distance Computation - Zoning**

"Nearest property line of the land use to the nearest portion of the building **or** unit in which the retail cannabis is to be sold ... I suggest using either nearest portion of the building or unit – if GJ uses "or" – it can be both.

\*Sell a License upon death or by court order

\* Why is GJ doing a finding of suitability when the State already does it? Costly and time consuming. Have applicant submit finding of suitability by state

\*Operating plan application – typo – HVAC not HVAV

\*no drug related felony convictions at any time in life - Current state law permits and includes these persons within the definition of social equity.

If I had additional time to address all the ordinances by letter format I would. I have run out of time to do so but will be prepared for public comment whenever you should permit that course of conduct. For now, I am willing to talk with you about this letter, prior letters or any other marijuana issue in depth at any time. Feel free to contact me @9709252501 or laurenmaytin@gmail.com.

Sincerely,

Lauren R. Maytin, Esq.



Grand Junction City Council and Staff 250 N 5<sup>th</sup> Street Grand Junction, CO 81501

March 14, 2022

#### Re: Grand Junction Marijuana Licensing Ordinance

First, I'd like to acknowledge all the hard work Council has put into this ordinance. My firm has been working with various stakeholders and staff to participate in the process since the City began holding public listening sessions last summer. While we understand the direction Council is taking the ordinance, we remain greatly concerned with a lottery system being hastily thrown together. The lottery system that tends to be taken advantage of and "gamed" by well capitalized cannabis conglomerates or unscrupulous entitles with no experience in the cannabis industry. It may feel like the path of least resistance, but history has demonstrated that lottery systems end up costing more and taking more time to implement than a traditional merit based system.

Adams County, for example, moved forward in 2020 to license cannabis hospitality businesses and found that applicants would recruit relatives and friends to submit applications for the lottery. They did this as a way to collect several "tickets" on behalf of people with no vested interest in the industry who were acting as a placeholder or "owner" in name only. To date, none of the 5 lottery winners have opened their businesses for operation because of conflicts around trying to transfer ownership. In Broomfield, another city that went down the lottery path, there have been 2 lawsuits that have severely delayed licensing and therefore denied much needed tax revenue to the city. And unfortunately, the social equity applicant in Broomfield was shut out completely.

While we still believe a merit based approach is the quickest way to evaluate quality applicants and ensure the fastest approval track for businesses to open and the City to collect revenue, we want to work with the City to ensure that the process moving forward can do that as well - to the greatest extent possible.

## Mandatory Lottery Entry Criteria

We encourage Council to set a higher bar for entry into the lottery, guarantee that the highest quality applicants enter the lottery, and ensure that only those who are dedicated to maintaining a long-term relationship in the community will win the privilege of a license. The following are 5 criteria that were identified by Council as priorities, and it is standard practice that a plan for each be provided prior to the issuance of a license, or in this case, a lottery entrance.

**Experience in the Cannabis Industry** - Ability to demonstrate, through a business plan and management experience, the applicant's ability to operate and develop a business in a highly regulated industry with a cumulative demonstrated experience of at least three (3) years. This would include:

- Applicant should be badged as an owner by the MED before submitting their application in the lottery. This will prevent gamesmanship of loading the lottery with false parties, insincere applications, and those looking to transfer or sell the license.
- Executive summary of Applicant's business plan demonstrates excellent familiarity with the relevant rules, regulations, and financial structure of the regulated cannabis industry in Colorado.
- Attestation that Applicant has employed at least 10 employees badged under MED.

**Detailed Business Plan** – Applicant provides a business plan of overall quality and detail to indicate that the business will achieve operational stability and comply with best practices and regulations concerning employment and prevention of crime and nuisance. The business plan must include the following:



- Provide a reasonable estimate of costs related to build out and startup
- Proof that a facility has been secured and that the location meets zoning requirements
- Proof of a plan/access to technology to facilitate ordering, tracking and ID/age purchase verification.
- Security Plan including storage procedures
- Environmental Impact Plan. This must include a means for odor mitigation and safe disposal of solvents and other hazardous materials.
- Compliance Plan to keep up with the changes in state and local regulations in the required timelines. This shall include an employee training plan.
- Complaint Resolution Plan must demonstrate a viable process for conflict and nuisance avoidance and resolution that will provide a high likelihood that complaints regarding the direct impacts from the business operations (e.g. odor, traffic, noise, etc.) will be avoided and/or resolved sufficiently and expediently.

**Quality of Character –** Because these are incredibly valuable and desirable licenses in a very regulated industry, Applicants should be held to high standards and engage in the license process honestly and with integrity. Therefore, the following must be required in order to enter the lottery process:

- An attestation that each application has no overlapping partners or investors or immediate family members of partners or investors with another application
- An attestation that each application has no overlapping investors or investment dollars with any other application.
  - o Any Applicant found to have overlapping applications or financial interest should be immediately disqualified in place of redoing the lottery process. This was one of the major hurdles in Broomfield that delayed the lottery process significantly.
- Proof of tax compliance The Applicant is in full compliance with the taxation rules and regulations of State and City.
- No Known Egregious Violations and Eligibility City records and applicant statements shall
  demonstrate that no ownership interest greater than 10 percent has a record of prior
  notices of violations, stop work orders, cease and desist orders or repetitive contact by the City's
  Code Enforcement officers or agencies that resulted in the forfeiture or transfer of ownership of a
  cannabis business license.
- Applicant must not be prohibited from becoming a licensee for any reason identified by State law or regulation

**Financial Viability** – Applicant provides a feasible financial plan and demonstrates control of at least \$500,000 in cash and cash equivalents available for deployment to fund business development and operations.

**Community Impact and Benefit** – Applicant submits a plan that demonstrates meaningful and substantial commitment through financial donation, service, or similar to programs, services and organizations that address Social Determinants of Health as defined by the CDC. These include economic stability, education access and quality, health care access and quality, neighborhood and built environment, and social and community context. Plan must include letters of support from non-profits or community members partnered with the applicant in developing the community plan.

We believe these criteria are essential to meeting Council's goals of an efficient and fair licensing procurements while also ensuring that the utmost integrity is obtained from both applicants and the process.

Samantha Walsh Tetra Public Affairs



## **Grand Junction City Council**

## **Workshop Session**

Item #1.b.

<u>Meeting</u>

March 14, 2022

Date:

**Presented** 

Felix Landry, Planning Supervisor

<u>By:</u>

**Department:** Community Development

**Submitted** 

Felix Landry, Planning Supervisor

By:

## <u>Information</u>

## SUBJECT:

Zoning and Development Code Update – Creating a Code Committee for the Update Process, Discussion

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:**

The City has recently contracted with Clarion Associates to begin a process to update our zoning and development code. This effort will achieve a variety of goals related to the comprehensive plan, affordable housing, and improving our development processes.

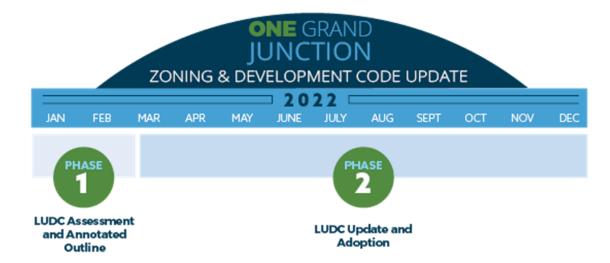
#### BACKGROUND OR DETAILED INFORMATION:

A city will often undertake an effort to update its development regulations in light of an updated comprehensive plan. This effort will allow us to pursue the following goals:

- Update the City's regulations to better reflect the goals and policies described in the 2020 One Grand Junction Comprehensive Plan, especially those Key Principles related to Responsible and Managed Growth and Strong Neighborhoods and Housing Choices
- 2. Achieve a higher level of efficiency, consistency, and simplicity
- 3. Identify constraints and opportunities for affordable and attainable housing, consistent with those identified in the City's recently adopted Housing Strategies

City staff and Clarion Associates are currently working on a Public Participation Plan to gather input for the citizens, interest groups, stakeholders, and officials. We plan to

begin those efforts in earnest by mid March. The project timeline overall should allow us to complete the drafting of the updated code by the end of the year.



Along with the public participation plan, city staff and Clarion Associates also agree that a Code Committee would help the process by providing guidance and input throughout the update process. The committee will be tasked with providing critical insights regarding the potential changes to the regulations and how best to draft regulations which meet the three stated goals. Clarion Associates has provided the following to describe why they think a good code committee will be important for this process:

"We frequently work with advisory committees as a part of our code update work and have found this approach to be highly effective way to bridge the gap between the information we gather from outreach events and the level of regulatory specificity we need to reach in the drafting process. In contrast to comprehensive planning projects, code updates often involve detailed and technical discussions that are beyond the level of conversation that can realistically take place with the general public. Working with an advisory committee, the consultants and staff can seek input on interim drafts and gain an understanding of the level of community support that exists on major regulatory options before they are rolled out to the broader public. Throughout the project, advisory committee members can also serve as trusted liaisons to keep various groups informed of project progress and to seek detailed input on targeted issues as they arise. And, in most successful projects, the final role of the advisory committee is project champions, helping move the community-drafted updated code through the adoption process and into implementation."

Clarion Associates has recommended a committee of approximately ten to fifteen members comprised of both technical experts who use the code, and members with a working knowledge of the comprehensive plan and a strong community interest. The code committee will meet regularly to review proposed changes and provide feedback in a focused group setting. A balanced committee composition is crucial to getting balanced feedback which considers both the interests and concerns of the development community as well as those of the community at large and goals and policies of the

comprehensive plan. The recommended list of members in the memo can be organized into two groups; those with technical experience and those with a working knowledge of the comprehensive plan:

| Comprehensive Plan Knowledge |  | Technical I       | Knowledge                |
|------------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Andrew Teske                 | Plan Commission                                    | Ivan Geer         | River City<br>Engineerin |
| Keith Ehlers                 | Plan Commission                                    | Kevin Bray        | Bray Real L              |
| Colin St Clair               | Recommended by<br>CPAC member Ben<br>Herman        | Mark Austin       | Austin Civil             |
| Bill Wade                    | Former Planning<br>Commissioner,<br>Homeward Bound | Mike Foster       | Real Estate              |
| Candace<br>Carnahan          | Chamber of Commerce                                | Robert Jones      | Vortex Eng               |
| Erin Nix                     | CPAC   | Ron Abeloe        | Home Build               |
| Vara Kusal                   | Horizon BID  | Jane Quimby       | La Plata, D              |
| Rebekah Scarrow              | GJARA, AMGD  | Shelley Dackonish | Land Use A               |

In addition to the designated Code Committee, this process will provide a wide variety of other opportunities to gather public feedback, including a project website, targeted surveys, polling, newsletters, and email blasts, open Houses and Public Events and various stakeholder meetings. Our current schedule includes a significant three-day stretch of gathering public input during the week of April 4th. That three-day stretch will include stakeholder meetings, individual interviews, and open houses. Consultants from Clarion Associates will conduct those meetings.

Below, you'll see some additional details about what these meetings will look like and the lead up to them:

- At least two weeks before these meetings, the City will launch a project website with information about the project goals, schedule, and how to submit feedback.
- Clarion Associates will work with staff to create surveys and polls regarding the code update to post on the website and send out through email blasts throughout the project.
- The open house meetings will provide an opportunity for the public at large to get updated on what the code is, how it works, how it may impact them, and then to get feedback on potential changes.
- Stakeholder meetings will target interest groups and/or particular topics on interest. For example, one stakeholder group might focus on the local home builders association and local contractor's association, while another may focus on affordable housing.

Individual interviews will focus on folks who have a deep working knowledge of the code and might have extensive input to offer. These folks likely serve on committees or boards concerned specifically with development in Grand Junction, such as the Developer's Roundtable or Planning Commission.

## **FISCAL IMPACT:**

N/A

## **SUGGESTED ACTION:**

This item is for discussion.

## **Attachments**

1. Code Committee 021722



#### **CITY MANAGER'S OFFICE**

# Memorandum

**TO:** Members of City Council

FROM: Greg Caton, City Manager

Tamra Allen, Community Development Director

**DATE:** February 17, 2022

**SUBJECT:** Zoning and Development Code Update Project - Code Committee

The City has begun the process of updating its Zoning and Development Code. This effort will:

- 1. Update the City's regulations to better reflect the goals and policies described in the 2020 One Grand Junction Comprehensive Plan, especially those Key Principles related to Responsible and Managed Growth and Strong Neighborhoods and Housing Choices.
- 2. Achieve a higher level of efficiency, consistency, and simplicity.
- 3. Identify constraints and opportunities for affordable and attainable housing, consistent with those identified in the City's recently adopted Housing Strategies

**Code Committee** – The City has hired Clarion Associates, a Colorado land use and consulting firm to lead this update alongside of staff. Clarion and staff both recommend forming a committee to assist in the process. This committee will help provide guidance and input throughout the update process by supplying critical insight into how the regulations and potential changes should be revised (or maintained) to progress the City toward its principles and goals as articulated in the Comprehensive Plan.

Committee members should have relevant technical expertise, a working knowledge of the Comprehensive Plan, and/or demonstrate a broad community interest. Ideally, the committee is comprised of between 12 and 16 members. Staff has compiled a list of candidates for City Council to consider. The list is comprised of people that either utilize the code in their daily professional work, are leaders in a development-related or housing organization, participated heavily in the Comprehensive Plan process and/or are the Planning Commissions designated representatives. This list represents a variety of interests and professional backgrounds who can provide relevant and diverse perspectives throughout the process:

| No. | Name                | Background/Profession                           | Member of<br>Comprehensive<br>Plan Advisory<br>Committee |
|-----|---------------------|---|--|
| 1.  | Andrew Teske        | Planning Commission Chair                       |  |
| 2.  | Colin St Clair      | Real Estate Agent, Neighborhood Advocate        |  |
| 3.  | Bill Wade           | Former Planning Commissioner, Homeward Bound    |  |
| 4.  | Candace<br>Carnahan | Grand Junction Chamber of Commerce              | X  |
| 5.  | Erin Nix            | Director of Educational Testing & Accom. at CMU | X  |
| 6.  | Ivan Geer           | River City Engineering, Professional Engineer   | Х  |
| 7.  | Keith Ehlers        | Planning Commission, Consultant                 | Х  |

| 8.  | Kevin Bray           | Bray Real Estate, Developer                       |   |
|-----|----------------------|---|---|
| 9.  | Mark Austin          | Austin Civil Group, Professional Engineer         |   |
| 10. | Mike Foster          | Coldwell Banker, Commercial Broker                | X |
| 11. | Robert Jones         | Vortex Engineering, Professional Engineer         |   |
| 12. | Shelley<br>Dackonish | Dufford Waldeck Law, Land Use Attorney            |   |
| 13. | Vara Kusal           | Horizon Drive BID Executive Director              | X |
| 14. | Ron Abeloe           | Chaparral West/Bella Partners, HBA, AMGD, WCCA    |   |
| 15. | Rebekah<br>Scarrow   | Re/Max 4000, GJARA, AMGD                          |   |
| 16. | Jane Quimby          | La Plata Communities, Colorado West Land<br>Trust |   |

**Project Overview** – The project will occur in two phases. The first phase will include an assessment of the Code and will result in an annotated outline of the code revisions. The second phase will include the actual drafting of the code revisions in three different modules including the 1) Zone Districts and Uses, 2) Development Standards, and 3) Administration and Procedures.

In addition to the designated Code Committee this process will provide a wide variety of other opportunities to gather public feedback, including a project website, targeted surveys, polling, newsletters, and email blasts, open Houses and Public Events and various stakeholder meetings. Stakeholder meetings are a critical part of the feedback gathering process and will generally consist of individual or small group interviews with elected/appointed officials, civic organizations, local trade organizations, developers, neighborhood groups, and others. These interviews and meetings will focus on gathering insights into the strengths and weaknesses of the existing Code and how to amend the Code to better implement the 2020 One Grand Junction Comprehensive Plan

Please review this list of Code Committee members. Should you have concern or comments regarding this list of potential Code Committee members, please contact the City Manager by February 28<sup>th</sup>.

C: Department Directors