



CITY OF GRAND JUNCTION, COLORADO

Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2009

#### About our cover . . .

The cover picture was taken at Sam Suplizio Field, which was named the 2009 Colorado Field of the Year by the Colorado Sports Turf Managers Association. This Association recognizes outstanding turf sports facilities and the staff who work so very hard to maintain them.

It is a great honor to receive this award, especially considering the extensive use of the field, which includes four local high schools, Mesa State College, the senior men's baseball league, high school summer baseball, the National Junior College World Series (JUCO), the July 4th fireworks celebration and numerous other community events.



# City of Grand Junction, Colorado

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Prepared by: Administration Department Financial Operations

Jodi Romero Financial Operations Manager









# Downtown Art On The Corner

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal  Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting  City Organization Chart  City Map, Election District Boundaries  List of City Officials	11 12 13
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants	17
Management's Discussion and Analysis	19
Basic Financial Statements	29
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	
Statement of Activities	32
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	34
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net	
Assets	35
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	26
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	30
Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	37
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and	
Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) – General Fund	38
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	39
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	40
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	41
Statement of Cash Flows - Flophicary Funds - Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds - Statement of Cash Flows - Flophicary Funds - Statement of Cash Flows - Flo	42
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	43
Notes To Financial Statements	45
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post Employment Healthcare Plan	75
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Non-Major Governmental Funds	77
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds	80
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-	
Major Governmental Funds	82
Actual:	
Visitors and Convention Bureau	
Enhanced 911 Special Revenue Fund	
Parkland Expansion Special Revenue Fund	86
Economic Development Special Revenue Fund	
Conservation Trust Special Revenue Fund	
Community Development Special Revenue Fund	
General Debt Service Fund	90

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	<u>Page</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION (continued)	
Ridges Debt Service Fund	91
Grand Junction West Water and Sanitation District Debt Fund	
Grand Junction Public Finance Corporation Debt Service Fund	93
Parkway Debt Retirement Debt Service Fund	
Sales Tax Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund	95
Street Assessment Projects Capital Projects Fund	96
Storm Drainage Development Capital Projects Fund	97
Parkway Project Capital Projects Fund	98
Facilities Capital Projects Fund	99
Cemetery Perpetual Care Permanent Trust Fund	100
Non-Major Proprietary Funds	101
Combining Statement of Net Assets – Non-Major Proprietary Funds	103
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets – Non-Major Proprietary Funds	
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Non-Major Proprietary Funds	106
Combining Statement of Net Assets – Internal Service Funds	108
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets – Internal	
Service Funds	109
Fiduciary Funds	111
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Pension Trust Funds	112
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Pension Trust Funds	113
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Private-Purpose Trust Funds  Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Private-Purpose Trust  Funds	
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	
Downtown Development Authority – A Component Unit	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	118
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	110
Governmental Funds Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to	119
Actual:	
DDA Tax Increment Special Revenue Fund	120
Downtown Development Authority Special Revenue Fund	121
DDA Debt Service Fund	122
DDA TIF Capital Improvements Capital Projects	123
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Table 1 - Net Assets	127
Table 2 - Changes in Net Assets	128
Table 3 - Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	
Table 4 - Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	
Table 5 - Sales Tax Revenue by Type of Industry	
Table 6 - Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates	
Table 7 - Principal Sales Tax Payers	134
Table 8 - Sales & Use Tax Collections	135
Table 9 - Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	136

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Table 10 - Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt	
Table 11 - Computation of Legal Debt Margin	. 138
Table 12 - Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	. 139
Table 13 - Revenue Bond Coverage	. 140
Table 14 - Demographic and Economic Statistics	. 141
Table 15 - Top 10 Principal Employers	
Table 16 - Miscellaneous Statistics	
Table 17 - Capital Asset Statistics by Function.	
1 doi: 17 Cupital Fisset Statistics by I different minimum.	
SINGLE AUDIT	
Independent Auditor's Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards  Report On Compliance and On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards  Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	. 149 . 151 . 153 . 155
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants On Required Supplemental	
Information	161
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures for Roads, Bridges and Streets	
believante of the reliade und Dapenditures for froms, Dirages und Streets	. 100



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# **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**



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#### **Financial Operations Division**

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June 28, 2010

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, City Manager and Citizens of the City of Grand Junction

It is with great pleasure that the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Grand Junction for the year ended December 31, 2009, is presented. State law requires that all local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed public accountants. This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is hereby issued and submitted to you for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with these requirements.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Grand Junction. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established an internal control framework that is designed to both protect the assets of the City from loss, theft, or misuse and to allow for the compiling of sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's internal control procedures have been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of management's knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Grand Junction's financial statements have been audited by Chadwick, Steinkirchner, Davis & Co., P.C, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Grand Junction for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Grand Junction's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Grand Junction was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards.

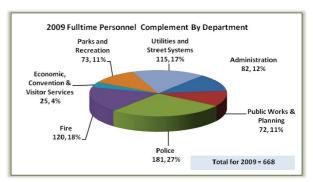
Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Grand Junction's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City was first settled in 1881 and was incorporated in 1882. It became a home rule city in 1909 by adopting its own

charter pursuant to Article XX of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. The City operates using the Council-Manager form of government.

The City provides a full range of services including public safety (police, fire, emergency medical services and ambulance transport), public works (highways, streets, sanitation and water), culture-recreation (parks, cemeteries, swimming pools, golf courses, convention center, and general recreation), planning, visitor and convention, and general administrative services. The relative department sizes are depicted in the chart in terms of personnel.



Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government. Accordingly, the Ridges Metropolitan District, Grand Junction West Water and Sanitation District, and Grand Junction Public Finance Corporation are reported as debt service funds of the City. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of the primary government. The Downtown Development Authority is reported as a discretely presented component unit.

The City of Grand Junction currently occupies a land area of 37.84 square miles and serves an estimated population of 56,000. The City of Grand Junction is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal business properties located within its boundaries and to establish and collect its own sales and use tax. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the City Council.

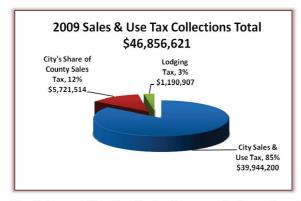
Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of seven members, one of which is elected mayor each year. The council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing boards and commissions, and hiring the City Manager, City Attorney, and Municipal Court Judge. The city's manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms, with three or four council members elected every two years. Five of the council members must live in one of the five districts but are elected city-wide. The two remaining council members are elected at large.

In addition to internal controls, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds, enterprise funds, and internal service funds are included in the annual appropriated budget ordinance. Appropriations for all funds lapse at year-end. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the individual fund level. Even though the budget enacted by the City Council is at the fund level, the City prepares a line item budget by department for control at the line item level. Department heads have the authority to reallocate the distribution of budget amounts within the major category of operating expenditures within their department. Budget reallocations between major expenditure categories or within the major categories of personnel and capital require City Manager approval. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts are not an actual use of appropriations. Therefore, open encumbrances at year-end for which the expenditure has not yet occurred either become expenditures against the new year's appropriation or are canceled.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each major individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on page 38 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For other major governmental funds (and non-major) this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on page 77.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The City of Grand Junction is located on the I-70 corridor, about 250 miles west of Denver and 27 miles east of the Utah border. The City lies in a valley formed at the junction of the Gunnison and Colorado Rivers, surrounded by majestic mesas. As the largest city in western Colorado, Grand Junction is the major service center for western Colorado and eastern Utah. Commercial services, merchandising operations and health care services are in place to serve far more people than live in the valley. Major retail outlets have further augmented the regional service aspect of the City. A diversity of industrial, recreational and service activities along with oil and gas exploration provides a strong economic base. This base, generated by community economic development and private enterprise marketing, has brought steady, consistent growth to the area for many years.

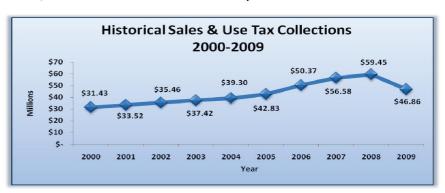


The mild climate and close proximity to a great variety of outdoor activities year-round have made Grand Junction both a vacation destination and a retirement community. A 3% lodging tax passed by the voters and implemented in 1990 is funding promotion of the Grand Valley as a tourism destination.

As in the past, city management and leadership continue to finance current operations with current operating revenues, while debt has been kept to a minimum. The three-quarter cent increase in city sales taxes, effective January 1, 1988, provides funds for capital expenditures and economic development. The sales and use tax revenues, allocated to the General Fund, account for 57.3% of its revenues (excluding capital transfers).

The Sales and Use Tax Collections graph shows the elements of sales and use taxes and their proportionate size while the Historical Sales and Use Tax graph below shows the historical collections and growth since 2000. As shown, these tax revenues decreased by 21% from 2008 to 2009, which is the first decrease in over 20 years.

The area has historically experienced economic eveles of about ten to fifteen years, moving from strong economic growth to mild significant decline. The Grand Junction Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), which is the greater metro area inside Mesa County, has experienced a population growth averaging nearly 3% since its inception in 1995. In 2008, the Grand Junction MSA was growing in



population, jobs, personal income, and gross metropolitan product. However, as a result of the national recession, a significant reduction of oil and gas exploration in the area, and a substantial decline in development and construction, Grand Junction experienced the largest percent job loss in the entire nation in 2009. Since peak employment levels in October 2008, Grand Junction's local economy lost 12.3% of its jobs by the end of 2009. This job loss dramatically restricted consumer spending resulting in significant declines in retail activity and sales and use tax revenues. Although regional data has not yet been released, the State of Colorado as a whole experienced a 2.2% decline in personal income during the year. Compounding the loss of local revenues, is a decline in the state shared revenues including severance taxes and federal mineral leasing revenues.

In 2009, the City dedicated staff to evaluate and capitalize on grant opportunities through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. The City applied for over \$39.8 million in funds and was awarded \$1.9 million; including a \$1.3 million dollar award from the Community Oriented Policing Services division in the Department of Justice. Another \$520,000 was awarded in direct allocation funding in Justice Assistance, Energy Efficiency, and Community Development Block Grants.

The City has continued to work toward diversifying its economic base and business climate. The excellent quality of life offered in Grand Junction, which is critical to the attraction, motivation and retention of skilled and talented workers, is appealing to businesses, individuals and tourists alike. Spectacular scenery and recreational opportunities, excellent climate and air quality, a superb public school system, low crime rates, higher education opportunities, and quality medical services make the Grand Junction area an easy choice for relocation.

During the year, the City had many accomplishments. Among them were:

- In 2009, the City started construction on the 29 Road Viaduct. This project is the next step, after the recently completed \$110 million Riverside Parkway, in the overall transportation beltway system. Overall this is a \$32 million, joint project with Mesa County and is to be completed in 2011. It is a key connection in the valley's transportation network by providing direct access from the southeast residential area to the businesses, jobs, and services located in the central and northwest areas of the City. Once completed, the 29 Road Corridor will directly connect US 50 south of town to Interstate 70.
- In continued partnership with the Downtown Development Authority (DDA), the \$2.7 million beautification project for Colorado Avenue was completed in 2009. This is part of an overall structural design and improvement plan for the downtown area including the 7<sup>th</sup> Street beautification project completed in 2007 and the Main Street "Uplift" planned for 2010, which will be 100% funded by DDA tax increment dollars.
- The multi-year Ranchman's Ditch Flood Control "Big Pipe" project was completed in 2009. This project provides flood protection for almost 400 commercial and residential properties.
- The City's Comprehensive Plan, which began in 2007 was substantially completed in 2009 and formally adopted by City Council in early 2010. The Comprehensive Plan was developed through an interactive community effort and will play an important role in guiding the future growth and development of the City of Grand Junction. As part of the comprehensive planning process, the 201 Persigo Sewer Service boundary was extended by an additional five square miles.
- In 2009, the City began initiating and managing the implementation of numerous public safety system infrastructure that will benefit citizens in Mesa County as well as surrounding communities. This infrastructure will centralize and allow for shared use of criminal justice records across valley law enforcement agencies; convert the VHF radio system to 800 MHZ, so local agencies and first responders can directly and immediately communicate with each other and state and local organizations; and upgrade the computer aided dispatch system in the Regional E-911 Communication Center which manages all public safety service delivery for 19 user agencies of the communication center.

#### **FUTURE OUTLOOK**

The City remains committed to the maintenance and improvement of the quality of life in the valley. Through various communications with the community, the City has determined that providing a high level of public safety services, improving infrastructure, enhancing parks and recreation opportunities, planning, and policy development remain key issues for making this area the most livable community west of the Rockies. The City's efforts in these areas strive to serve its citizenry in the long-term while maintaining a sound financial position.

The City has experienced sustained growth over three decades and particularly strong growth the last few years ending in 2008. Even with the recent recession and loss of jobs, growth is still forecasted for the next 25 years with a possibility of doubling the population during that time. During 2009 and continuing into 2010, the City has experienced the most significant decline in resources in the last 25 years forcing major reductions in spending and personnel. To date, the City has reduced general government spending by 30% since 2008 and the number of full-time positions by 10% since the beginning of 2009. The City's challenge now is how to continue to provide essential services with existing resources.

The Grand Junction City Council's top priorities to prepare for future planning include the application of the Comprehensive Plan, finding a solution to the need for new public safety facilities, and implementation of the City's Compressed Natural Gas Project. Other priorities shaping future planning include expanding the community through annexation, continuing commitment to capital investment, providing transportation connections within the community, redevelopment of the city center, economic development, and parks and trail development.

The Comprehensive Plan has 12 goals which describe the public purpose of the plan: to implement the Comprehensive Plan in a consistent manner between the City, Mesa County, and other service providers; to maintain community separators (buffer areas) between Grand Junction, Fruita and Palisade which define these distinct communities; to create ordered and balanced growth and spread future growth throughout the community; to support the continued development of the downtown area of the City Center as a vibrant and growing area with jobs, housing and tourist attractions; to provide a broader mix of housing types in the community to meet the needs of a variety of incomes, family types and life stages; to encourage preservation of existing buildings and their appropriate reuse through land use decisions; to promote the placement of new development adjacent to existing development (of a different density/unit type/land use type) should transition itself by incorporating appropriate buffering; to create attractive public spaces and enhance the visual appeal of the community through quality development; to develop a well-balanced transportation

system that supports automobile, local transit, pedestrian, bicycle, air, and freight movement while protecting air, water and natural resources; to develop a system of regional, neighborhood and community parks protecting open space corridors for recreation, transportation and environmental purposes; and to continue to place public facilities and services for our citizens as a high priority in planning for growth; to sustain, develop and enhance a healthy, diverse economy by continuing to be a regional provider of goods and services.

The City Council remains committed to partnering with the community in finding a solution to the need for improved public safety facilities. The City went to the voters in November 2008 and asked for an additional one-quarter cent sales tax to fund public safety; and although defeated, the community showed strong support by casting almost 12,000 or 43% "yes" votes. In 2009, the City Council re-evaluated the community involvement, components, and funding options of any public safety project moving forward. In 2010, the City Council will launch a three-phase "Listening Tour" which will include surveys, public meetings and a telephone town hall meeting with the goal of collecting suggestions and recommendations from community members about the status of Grand Junction police, 911 and fire facilities and the future of those facilities. As indicated in two separate independent polls conducted in 2008, the community recognizes public safety as one of the key foundations to a livable community and one of the primary responsibilities of local government.

The City of Grand Junction is actively committed to energy efficiency and water conservation efforts and continually strives to implement strategies that preserve resources and increase efficiencies. One new area of particular focus is the City's Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) Project. The City's CNG Project is threefold: transitioning the City's fleet into natural gas vehicles, constructing a CNG fueling station, and the Persigo Project. The Persigo Project began in 2006 with the discussion regarding the Persigo Wastewater Treatment Facility, jointly owned by the City and County. As a byproduct of the anaerobic digestion process required for treating the wastewater, excess digester gas (methane) is generated daily and currently being flared into the atmosphere. After conducting extensive studies, it has been determined that this excess gas can be captured and converted into compressed natural gas (CNG) that can be used as a vehicle fuel. Great strides were made in 2009 for all three areas of the CNG project, and by the end of 2010 the City will have four natural gas refuse haulers in operation and the CNG fueling station will be fully constructed and in use.

During the last three years the residents of Clifton, which is an unincorporated neighboring area to Grand Junction, have explored the options of acquiring urbanized services. One of those options is annexing to the City of Grand Junction. Annexation of this area would increase the City's area by approximately one-third and the population by 25%. This is one example of how the valley is urbanizing and the potential challenges to the City. In 2009, petitions were circulated by residents of this area, however, not enough signatures were garnered in order to pursue the request to be annexed.

One of the City's ongoing and major priorities is the preservation and improvement of the infrastructure. The City's continuing infrastructure improvements are funded to a great extent by the increased sales tax rate in 1988. The three-quarter percent is allocated to the Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund and used to fund budgeted capital improvements. This has clarified the revenue stream for long-range capital planning efforts. As part of our long-range financial planning process, these funds are projected and allocated to specific projects while maintaining flexibility for future City Councils, however, because the City is still growing and the related infrastructure is not complete, the capital needs far outweigh the capital resources.

The most significant capital project in the history of the City is the Riverside Parkway. The project entailed building a loop around the City that extends from 24 Road/Redlands Parkway to the intersection of 29 Road and D Road. The lower section of the Parkway extends from 4<sup>th</sup> Avenue to the intersection of 27½ and D Road. The final connection will extend from Highway 50 on Orchard Mesa to a new interchange at I-70. This loop is designed to provide interconnectivity to and around the City, as well as between different demographical areas of the valley, effectively connecting residential areas with jobs and services.

With the beautification projects for 7<sup>th</sup> Street (2007), Colorado Avenue (2008/2009) and Main Street (planned 2010), the City's downtown is vibrant and attracting new residential, retail and commercial development activity. The Farmers' Market, Art & Jazz Festival, Cinco de Mayo, art exhibits and a historic theatre draw thousands of people to the downtown area each year. The tax increment district which funds the Downtown Development Authority has been extended past the 2012 expiration date; and with the future adoption of a downtown master plan, the city center should continue to redevelop and sustain economic growth.

The City continues to take the lead in promotion and funding for economic development for the area. Incentives and area promotion have brought numerous businesses to the valley. The City plans to continue the support and funding of this process to maintain and stabilize growth. The City works closely with the Grand Junction Economic Partnership, Mesa County, Mesa State College, the Business Incubator Center and other local entities to further this economic development goal. Promoting economic development is an important component of ensuring that Grand Junction protects and continues to enjoy the benefit of its regional position.

The 3% lodging tax for the Visitors and Convention Bureau (VCB) is making an impact on increasing visitors to the Valley. The VCB has and will continue to take advantage of special events. One such event is the annual Junior College Baseball World Series (JUCO) which begins the summer in conjunction with the Memorial Day weekend. The tournament, held since 1957 in Grand Junction, attracts fans from around the nation and attendance for the week can top 100,000 people. The local economic impact of this event is estimated at \$4 million each tournament. In 2009 Grand Junction's Suplizio Field, which is home to JUCO as well as many other youth baseball activities, was named "Colorado Sports Turf 2009 Field of the Year".

The City continues the commitment to parks and trails development. A riverfront park area and trail system along the Colorado River is backed by the City through resources of personnel time, direct funding and facilitating grants from federal, state and private sources. The City has purchased land for this park and the riverfront trail system. Much of this property was the site of wrecking yards, which have now been removed. The park objectives are to provide additional recreational facilities, beautify the entrance to the City and improve flood control for the area. Several trails have been completed and are open to the public.

The purchase and development of the 103-acre Canyon View Park began in 1996 with major softball and soccer facilities, as well as other amenities including a new weather station to help operate the irrigation system more efficiently. Development continued with the construction of a baseball field in 1998, new tennis courts in 2008 and new restroom facilities in 2009. An additional site was purchased in 1996 for future development of a regional park. This site covers over 207 acres and was fully paid for in 2006. While the site is currently under a farming lease contract, various trails are open to the public for non-motorized use.

The City strives to improve alliances and increase communication with other governmental agencies and community groups. Joint planning with Mesa County is maintained for the urbanizing area from 19 Road to 35 Road to develop continuity throughout the valley. The City assists Mesa County in the support of the Grand Valley Transit system, a limited fixed route "circulator" which began servicing the core areas of the valley and the outlying municipalities in 2000. Through the cooperative efforts of the Grand Junction City Council, Mesa County, Mesa State College, School District 51 and the Grand Junction Chamber of Commerce, a committee of 10 to 12 citizens from throughout the community was appointed to build a "vision" 2020 for the Grand Valley. Once this project was successfully completed, the City undertook and completed its own Strategic Plan for the next 5 to 10 years, which is updated every two years. The City has also built alliances with the creation of the Western Colorado Drug Task Force, a collaborative effort between the Grand Junction Police Department, the Mesa County Sheriff's Office and the Federal Drug Enforcement Agency. The Task Force's function is intelligence, search warrants, interdiction, prescription fraud, traffic interdiction and continued emphasis on seizures of methamphetamine drug labs and trafficking. Another example is the cooperative effort between the City, Mesa County, the City of Fruita and School District #51 in providing a School Resource Officer Program to the schools in the valley.

Multiple-year plans and projections are utilized in budgeting and organizing city functions, programs and projects. These plans include funding policies that have put the City on the sound financial footing it enjoys today.

#### FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City has financial policies and practices that guide budget, investments, debt, revenue, purchasing, risk management and reserves. During 2009, the City Council policy direction included providing local stimulus through capital construction projects, operate within existing revenues, continue to provide essential services and preserve a general fund balance of \$20 million or more. Over \$13.6 million in capital projects were moved forward in 2009 and 2010 in order to provide direct local economic impact. Significant budget cuts were made including a 10% reduction in workforce to operate within existing resources. The majority of the reductions were made in areas other than public safety operations, and therefore, the City was able to minimize impacts to public safety essential services. City management was successful in following City Council's policy direction for the year through responsive, conservative, and sound financial decisions.

The City Council has formally established an investment policy which includes steps to properly manage the risk, safety, and life of investments. Investment income decreased in 2009 due to lower yields. The net average yield on investments was 2.5%, down from 3.5% in 2008.

The City has had a comprehensive loss control program since 1982. Beginning in 1988, the City initiated a self-funded program for Worker's Compensation coverage. As part of a comprehensive plan, resources are being accumulated in the Self-Insurance Internal Service fund to meet potential losses, including reserves for case development and Incurred But

Not Reported (IBNR) claims. Various risk control techniques, including safety and accident prevention training, and outside contract services for industrial hygiene, have been utilized to minimize accident related losses. Third party coverage is maintained for excess coverage of both Worker's Compensation and Property/Liability claims.

#### COMPLIANCE WITH THE TAXPAYER BILL OF RIGHTS

The Colorado Constitutional Amendment passed in November 1992 (known as the TABOR – Taxpayer Bill of Rights amendment), restricts growth in governmental revenues and property tax revenues to amounts adjusted for inflation and a local growth factor. In 2009, the City did not exceed the overall revenue limitation, but did exceed the property tax revenue limitation. However, in April 2007, City of Grand Junction voters approved the retention by the City of all revenues exceeding the spending limit for 2006 and subsequent years until the bonded debt for the Riverside Parkway is paid in full. Therefore, the excess will be transferred to a debt service fund designated for payment of the Riverside Parkway bonds. The City also is subject to other TABOR requirements. For example, TABOR requires that no real estate transfer tax or income tax be imposed and that the City reserve 3% of its spending as an emergency reserve. The City is in compliance with these provisions. Finally, TABOR requires that the City have elections if it wishes to change its tax policy or issue general government debt.

#### **AWARDS**

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008. This was the twenty-fifth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Financial Operations Division. I would like to express my appreciation of all members of the Department who assisted in and contributed to its preparation. It should be noted that staff from other departments provide great assistance in the preparation of the report and their work is also appreciated. I thank the Mayor and City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

The City's external auditors, Chadwick, Steinkirchner, Davis & Co., P.C., are also commended for their comprehensive and efficient examination of the various funds of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.

Respectfully submitted.

Jodi Romero

Financial Operations Manager









**Outdoor Activities** 

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

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# City of Grand Junction Colorado

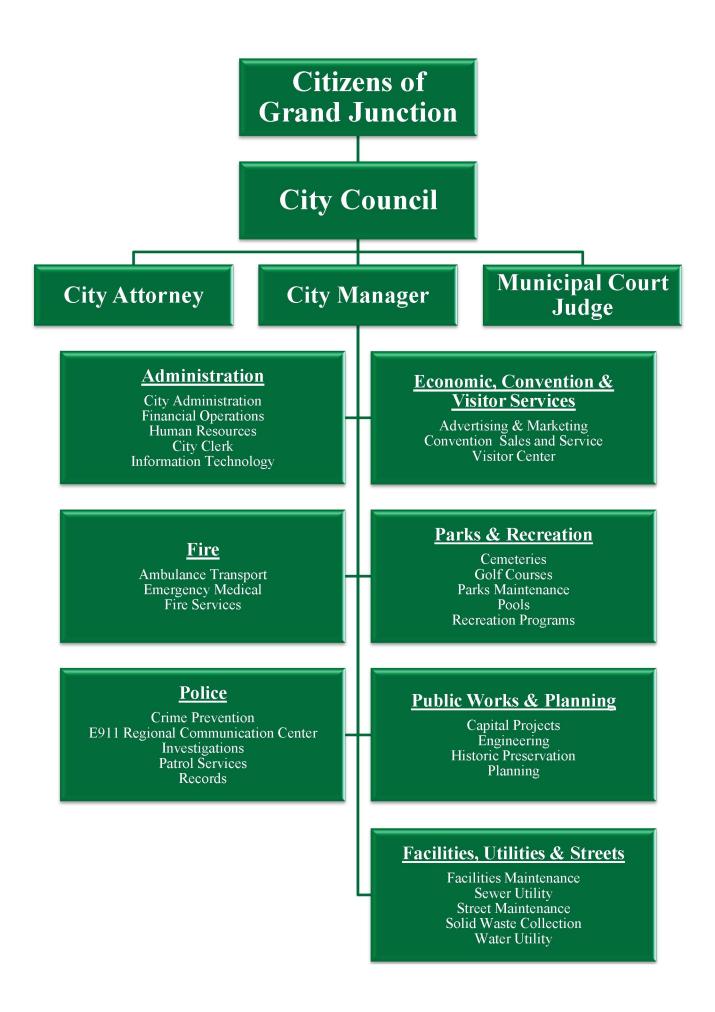
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2008

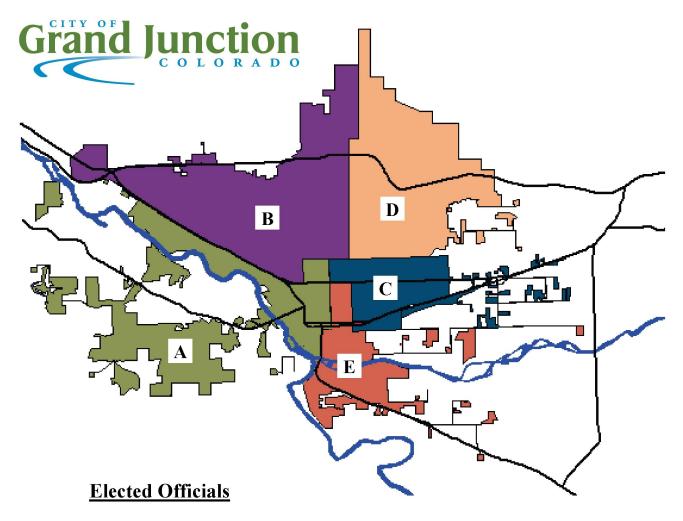
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WE OFFICE OF THE STATE OF THE S

President

**Executive Director** 





City Council	Expires
Teresa Coons, Mayor – District E	May 2013
Bonnie Beckstein, Mayor Pro Tem – District D.	-
Tom Kenyon – District A	May 2013
Sam Susuras – District B	May 2011
Gregg Palmer – District C	May 2011
Bruce Hill – At Large	May 2011
Bill Pitts – At Large	May 2013

# **Election District Boundaries**

# **Appointed Officials**

Laurie M. Kadrich John P. Shaver Caré McInnis City Manager City Attorney Municipal Judge

## **Department Directors**

Rich Englehart, Deputy City Manager – Administration Debbie Kovalik – Economic, Convention & Visitor Services Ken Watkins – Fire Chief Rob Schoeber – Parks & Recreation Bill Gardner – Police Chief Tim Moore – Public Works & Planning Greg Trainor – Utilities, Streets & Facilities



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# FINANCIAL SECTION



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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

June 23, 2010

To the City Council

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado as of December 31, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the City Council Page Two

The management's discussion and analysis (immediately following this report) and Schedule of Funding Progress (immediately following the notes to the financial statements) are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, fiduciary funds combining statements, component unit financial statements and schedules, and statistical tables are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, fiduciary funds combining statements, and component financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued reports dated June 23, 2010 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Chadevick, Steinkirchner, Davis + Co., P. C.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Grand Junction's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter on page 3 and the City's financial statements, which begin on page 31.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Even though the City of Grand Junction experienced significant declines in General Fund revenue in 2009, the City overall remains in good financial condition.
- General Fund revenues fell in total by 15.5% in 2009 mostly due to the unprecedented decline in sales and use tax revenues (21%). In total, General Fund revenues were \$59.9 million, falling \$10.9 million since their peak in 2008.
- As a result of the significant decline in resources, the City of Grand Junction enacted major spending reductions, including elimination of full-time positions, operating budget cuts, and deferral of capital maintenance. These measures resulted in a full 20% reduction in spending in 2009 compared to 2008.
- The assets of the City of Grand Junction exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2009 by \$620 million (net assets) primarily due to annexations. Of this amount, \$28.7 million is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At the end of 2009, the unreserved and undesignated fund balance for the General Fund was \$9.1 million, or 16.2% of the total General Fund expenditures. This is down \$6.4 million from 2008 which was 27% of General Fund expenditures. The City of Grand Junction has used General Fund balance to complete major capital projects and for economic development.
- The City invested over \$23.4 million in capital projects in 2009. These projects included street construction, machinery, buildings, park development, and communications systems.
- At the close of 2009, we had \$12.2 million accumulated for the early retirement of the Riverside Parkway Revenue Bonds. The retirement amount of the bonds is \$45 million and it is projected this amount will be accumulated by 2016.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Grand Junction's basic financial statements. The City of Grand Junction's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) the government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Grand Junction's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

*The statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City of Grand Junction's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Grand Junction is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City of Grand Junction's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused paid time off).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Grand Junction that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*Governmental Activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*Business-type Activities*). The

Governmental Activities of the City of Grand Junction include general government, public safety (police and fire), public works, parks and recreation, and urban development and housing. The Business-type Activities of the City of Grand Junction include Water, Convention Center, Solid Waste, Pools, Golf Courses, Parking, Irrigation and Ambulance Transport.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Grand Junction but also a legally separate Grand Junction Downtown Development Authority, for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component is reported separately from the financial information presented for the City itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 31 through 33 of this report.

#### REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Grand Junction also uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

1. Governmental Funds – These funds are used to account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These fund statements focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps users determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.

The City of Grand Junction maintains 22 governmental funds, of which (as determined by generally accepted accounting principles) the only major funds are the General Fund, Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund, Street Assessment Capital Projects Fund and Parkway Debt Retirement Fund. The balances of the other 18 governmental funds are determined to be non-major and are included in the combining statements within this report.

The City of Grand Junction adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of the funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The General Fund budgetary comparison is presented as part of the basic governmental fund financial statements which can be found on pages 34 through 38 of this report. All other required budgetary comparisons, including the Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund, Street Assessment Capital Fund and Parkway Debt Retirement Fund, are with the combining statements which can be found on pages 84 through 100 of this report.

Proprietary Funds – The City of Grand Junction maintains two different types of proprietary funds. The first
type is enterprise funds which are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the
government-wide financial statements. The City of Grand Junction uses enterprise funds to account for its
Water Utility, Convention Center, Solid Waste, Pools, Golf Courses, Parking, Irrigation and Ambulance
Transport.

As determined by generally accepted accounting principles, the Water, Two Rivers Convention Center, Golf Courses and Parking enterprise funds meet the criteria of major fund classification. All other funds are classified as non-major and are included in the combining statements within this report.

The second type is internal service funds which are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Grand Junction's various functions. The City uses internal service funds for data processing, equipment maintenance, self insurance and the communication center operations. Because these services primarily benefit governmental activities, they have been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 39 through 41.

3. *Fiduciary Funds* – These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting method used for these funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42 through 43.

**Notes to the financial statements**. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 47 through 72 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Grand Junction's Other Post Employment Healthcare Plan found on page 75 of this report. It also presents other supplement information concerning the City's Local Highway Finance Report. This supplement information can be found on pages 163-164 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, non-major proprietary funds, internal service funds and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required notes to financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 80 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Grand Junction, assets exceed liabilities by \$620 million at the close of fiscal year 2009.

By far, the largest portion (90.4%) of the City of Grand Junction's total net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure assets, and machinery and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

# STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (in Thousands)

(iii Thousanus)							
	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2009	<u>2008</u>	2009	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	
Current and other assets	\$ 70,136	\$ 78,974	\$ (975)	\$ 1,509	\$69,161	\$ 80,483	
Capital assets	601,715	574,909	48,677	47,357	650,392	622,266	
Total assets	671,851	653,883	47,702	48,866	719,553	702,749	
Long-term debt outstanding	79,374	82,215	3,268	3,485	82,642	85,700	
Other liabilities	15,846	16,530	1,228	1,113	17,074	17,643	
Total liabilities	95,220	98,745	4,496	4,598	99,716	103,343	
Net assets:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	529,107	498,159	46,088	44,539	575,195	542,698	
Restricted	15,918	14,005	=	-	15,918	14,005	
Unrestricted	31,606	42,974	(2,882)	(271)	28,724	42,703	
Total net assets	\$576,631	\$555,138	\$43,206	\$44,268	\$619,837	\$599,406	

An additional portion of the City of Grand Junction's net assets, 2.6%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

#### **Changes in Net Assets**

The City's total revenues of \$122.2 million exceeded program expenses of \$101.8 million for an increase in net assets of \$20.4 million.

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (in Thousands)

			Business	Business-type		Total Primary	
	Governmental Activities		Activi	Activities		ment	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	2008	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 12,354	\$ 16,666	\$ 18,396	\$ 18,322	\$ 30,750	\$ 34,988	
Operating grants	1,661	1,549	-	-	1,661	1,549	
Capital grants	23,964	63,431	407	523	24,371	63,954	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	8,702	8,441	-	-	8,702	8,441	
Sales and use taxes	46,857	59,448	-	-	46,857	59,448	
Other taxes	8,397	10,154	=	=	8,397	10,154	
Other general revenues	1,374	2,874	84	230	1,458	3,104	
Total revenues	103,309	162,563	18,887	19,075	122,196	181,638	
Expenses:							
General government	14,022	16,143	_	_	14,022	16,143	
Public safety	32,884	32,089	_	_	32,884	32,089	
Public works	21,353	19,680	_	_	21,353	19,680	
Parks and recreation	8,925	7,956	_	_	8,925	7,956	
Urban development and	0,,,20	7,500			0,,,20	,,,,,	
housing	573	546	_	_	573	546	
Interest on long-term debt	3,234	3,379	_	_	3,234	3,379	
Water	-,	_	5,284	5,067	5,284	5,067	
Convention Center	-	-	3,396	3,514	3,396	3,514	
Solid Waste Removal	_	_	4,196	2,907	4,196	2,907	
Swimming pools	_	-	1,025	1,015	1,025	1,015	
Golf	_	_	2,473	2,286	2,473	2,286	
Parking	-	-	532	1,830	532	1,830	
Irrigation systems	-		300	319	300	319	
Ambulance transport	-	- ,	3,568	3,415	3,568	3,415	
Total expenses	80,991	79,793	20,774	20,353	101,765	100,146	
Excess before transfers	22,318	82,770	(1,887)	(1,278)	20,431	81,492	
Transfers	(825)	(1,696)	825	1,696		-	
Increase in net assets	21,493	81,074	(1,062)	418	20,431	81,492	
Net assets 1/1/09	555,138	474,064	44,268	43,850	599,406	517,914	
Net assets 12/31/09	\$576,631	\$555,138	\$43,206	\$44,268	\$619,837	\$599,406	

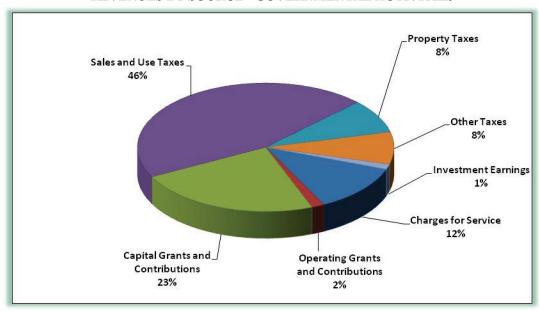
#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental Activities increased the City of Grand Junction's net assets by \$21.5 million. Following are illustrative summaries of Governmental Activities breaking out revenues and expenses.

Program Revenues **Expenses** \$35,000 \$30,000 \$25,000 \$20,000 **₽** \$15,000 \$10,000 \$5,000 \$0 parks and Recreation Urban Development and Housing Interest on Long-Term Debt Public Works General Government Public Safety

EXPENSE AND PROGRAM REVENUES – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITES

#### REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES



Sales and use tax revenue decreased by 21% compared to 2008, primarily due to the national recession, a significant reduction of oil and gas exploration in the area, and a substantial decline in development and construction.

Property tax revenue increased by \$261 thousand, or 3.1%, during the year. This growth was attributed to increasing valuations of existing properties and additional construction. The mill levy has remained constant since 1992.

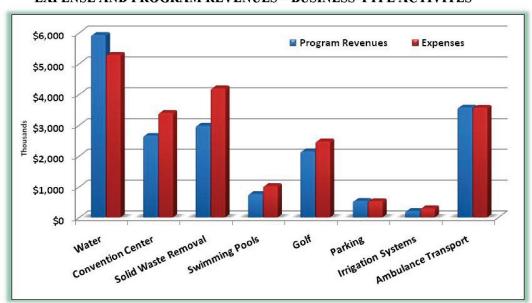
#### **Business-type Activities**

Net assets in the Business-type activities decreased by \$1 million due to expenditures (not capitalized) related to the energy conservation project in the solid waste removal fund. Business-type activities include Water, Convention Center, Solid Waste, Pools, Golf Courses, Parking, Irrigation and Ambulance Transport.

The Two Rivers Convention Center and the Pools Fund received transfers from the General Fund to subsidize operations.

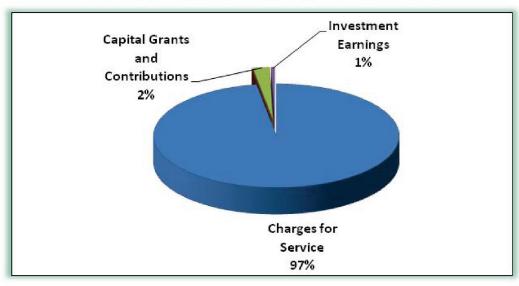
Unrestricted net assets at the end of the year for business-type activities amounted to (\$2.9) million. Total decrease in net assets for these funds was (\$1) million. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Grand Junction business-type activities.

The following chart demonstrates the current level of recovery for the City's business type activities:



EXPENSE AND PROGRAM REVENUES - BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITES

#### **REVENUES BY SOURCE – BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**



#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Grand Junction uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful is assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of December 31, 2009, the City's governmental funds (general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects and permanent) reported combined fund balances of \$39.8 million. This represents a decrease of \$6.4 million over last year's ending balances, mainly attributed to \$15.9 million in capital expenditures in the Sales Tax Capital Improvements Fund and the Storm Drainage Development Fund, which were financed through transfers from the General Fund.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year, the General Fund spending budget was significantly reduced in response to a severe decline in revenues. All recommended revisions for budget changes came through the Financial Operations Division and City Manager to City Council as required. Any budget revisions that require supplemental appropriations at the fund level are presented to City Council via Ordinance and enactment requires a public hearing and the opportunity for public discussion. The City does allow small intra-departmental budget changes that modify line items within departments within the same fund.

The original General Fund 2009 budget appropriation totaled \$79.4 million and was reduced to a final spending budget of \$71.7 million, and thus, did not require a formal supplemental appropriation ordinance. Therefore, the original (adopted) budget presented on page 38 is also the final (adopted) budget.

For the General Fund, the original budget for revenues was \$74 million while the final actual revenues, on a budgetary basis, for 2009 came in nearly \$14 million less at \$60.9 million. Actual General Fund expenditures (including transfers) totaled \$68.5 million. The year-end budgetary basis fund balance of \$20 million was \$2.3 million below the final budgeted amount.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. All activities which are not required to be accounted for in separate funds, either by state or local ordinance or by a desire to maintain a matching of revenues and expenses, are accounted for in this fund. Revenues exceeded expenditures in the General Fund by \$4.5 million during the year. The General Fund's total fund balance decreased \$7.3 million from last year. An analysis for this fund balance shows that it represents over 31% of projected revenues for the new fiscal year which ends December 31, 2010.

Taxes continue to be the largest source of revenue in the General Fund and represent 86% of total general fund revenues. The largest element of taxes is sales taxes, as it has been for many years. It represents 67% of total tax revenues and represents 57.3% of total general fund revenues.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2009, the City had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, roads, parks, water, storm drainage and other infrastructure.

The following table provides a summary of total capital assets at December 31, 2009.

# **CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END** (Net of Depreciation, in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	
Land	\$281,760	\$270,275	\$ 4,943	\$ 4,936	\$286,703	\$275,211	
Buildings and systems	40,498	23,114	38,830	38,371	79,328	61,485	
Improvements other than							
buildings	16,507	16,252	1,966	2,236	18,473	18,488	
Vehicles, machinery &							
equipment	13,047	13,939	1,373	1,444	14,420	15,383	
Infrastructure	239,222	229,276	-	-	239,222	229,276	
Construction in progress	10,681	22,053	1,565	370	12,246	22,423	
Total	\$601,715	\$574,909	\$48,677	\$47,357	\$650,392	\$622,266	

Major capital additions during 2009 include:

	2009
29 Road Viaduct	\$3,515,752
Ranchman's Ditch	3,390,924
Street and Sidewalk Improvements	2,560,219
Tiara Rado Golf Course Irrigation Renovation	1,259,450
CAD System (Communication Center)	1,086,193
Monument Road Bridge	898,009
Equipment Replacement Program	815,026
800MHz Radio Infrastructure	763,116
Canyon View Park	627,646
Colorado Avenue Reconstruction	536,441

The City remains committed to the upkeep and maintenance of the City's largest assets. More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 5 on pages 56 through 58.

#### **Debt Administration**

The City has traditionally adhered to a conservative debt management policy that carefully controls the amount of outstanding debt. Because of our strong capital improvement budgeting process and a pay-as-you-go approach, the City of Grand Junction has been able to maintain and improve its infrastructure while avoiding unreasonable debt burdens. To take advantage of favorable rates and to shorten construction time however, the City did issue \$22.9 million in General Fund Revenue bonds in 2007 to continue construction on the Riverside Parkway project. Standard and Poor's gave the City the rating of AA- on the revenue bond issue while the City's general obligation bond ratings are A+. In 2006 Standard & Poor's upgraded the revenue bond rating to AA.

As of December 31, 2009, the City of Grand Junction had \$75.2 million in outstanding debt. Of this amount, \$72.6 million represents General Government debt. The largest portion, \$71.8 million, is the liability from the Riverside Parkway revenue bonds issued in 2004 and 2007. Special taxing districts have a combined total of \$770 thousand in debt. The remaining \$2.6 million of outstanding debt is bonds, notes and loans to be repaid by fee revenue and

appropriated funds. Total debt service payments of approximately \$4.5 million in 2010 represents 4.6% of total operating expenditures. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 on pages 59 through 61.

The table below provides a summary of total debt at December 31, 2009.

# OUTSTANDING DEBT, AT YEAR-END (in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business Activit		Total	
Consulablisation (tooled by	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	2009	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
General obligation (backed by by special tax revenue) Revenue bonds and notes	\$ 770	\$ 935	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 770	\$ 935
(backed by tax and fee revenue)  Loans (backed by fee revenue)	71,838	75,816	2.589	70 2.747	71,838 2,589	75,886 2,747
Total	\$72,608	\$76,751	\$2,589	\$2,817	\$75,197	\$79,568

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

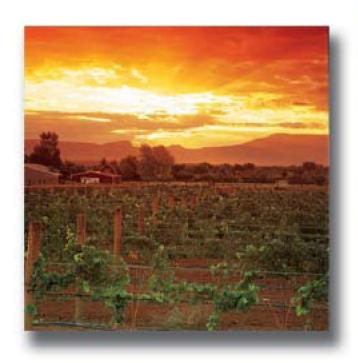
City-wide reserves are at levels required in the City's Budget Policy. The local economy has weakened as a result of the national recession and a significant reduction in the energy industry and development and construction activity in the area. Sales and Use Taxes are declining for the first time in more than 20 years and were down by 20% for the 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter of 2010. Grand Junction continues to be the educational, retail, and medical center for most of Western Colorado and Eastern Utah. Those factors, coupled with tourism, the abundance of outdoor recreational opportunities, the expansion of Mesa State College and St Mary's Hospital, and the ability to attract new businesses and retirees, all contribute to the relative stability of our local economy and will poise Grand Junction for recovery when the national economy and credit market begin to rebound.

General Fund balances are above the minimum working capital recommended in the City's Budget Policy. The City's investment in infrastructure continues to be significant as work continues on the transportation loop including the Riverside Parkway Project, 29 Road, I-70 Business Loop and Interstate 70.

Rates in the Utility Funds are set to cover operating and capital costs. In 2010, there will not be a rate increase for the utility funds. The 2010 Budget includes funding for the subsidy of the Swimming Pools fund.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the funds and assets it receives. If you have questions about this report, or should you need additional financial information, contact the City's Financial Operations Division at City of Grand Junction, 250 N. 5<sup>th</sup> Street, Grand Junction, CO 81501.











Monuments Mesas Vineyards

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



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## City of Grand Junction STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2009

			Prim	ary Government				
	<u> </u>	overnmental	В	usiness-type				Component
ASSETS	_	Activities	_	Activities	_	Total	_	Unit
ASSETS Cash and investments	æ	40,233,050	\$	4,867,249	\$	45,100,299	\$	6,563,546
	Φ	40,233,030	Φ	4,007,249	Φ	45,100,299	Φ	6,363,346
Other receivables, net of allowance for		10.766.907		2 200 270		22.047.267		2.002.754
uncollectibles		19,766,897		2,280,370		22,047,267		2,083,751
Due from component unit		- 0.207.11E		- (0.207.11E)		-		-
Internal balances		8,397,115 852,315		(8,397,115) 152,097		1.004.412		-
Prepaids		,		,		, ,		-
Inventories		193,913		122,233		316,146		-
Deposits		-		-		-		395,000
Bond issue costs		693,133		-		693,133		86,773
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	:							
Land		281,759,977		4,942,989		286,702,966		1,445,240
Buildings and systems		40,498,249		38,829,887		79,328,136		3,313,895
Improvements other than buildings		16,507,180		1,965,827		18,473,007		360,434
Equipment		13,046,705		1,372,895		14,419,600		309,258
Infrastructure		239,221,553		<del>-</del>		239,221,553		<del>-</del>
Construction in progress	_	10,681,331	_	1,565,122	_	12,246,453	_	793,292
Total assets	_	671,851,418	-	47,701,554	_	719,552,972	_	15,351,189
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		4,980,991		1,182,212		6,163,203		23,166
Accrued interest payable		1,130,831		45,313		1,176,144		11,656
Due to Primary Government		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		9,734,068		-		9,734,068		2,014,038
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Due within one year		5,098,049		211,956		5,310,005		3,015,436
Due in more than one year		74,276,290		3,056,202		77,332,492		6,315,676
Total liabilities		95,220,229	_	4,495,683	_	99,715,912		11,379,972
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		529,106,956		46,087,527		575,194,483		6,222,119
Restricted for :				, ,		, ,		-,, / / /
Perpetual care:								
Nonexpendable		1,257,408		_		1,257,408		_
Debt service		12,660,593		_		12,660,593		_
Emergency reserves		2,000,000		_		2,000,000		-
Unrestricted		31,606,232		(2,881,656)		28,724,576		(2,250,902
Total net assets	. –	576,631,189	_	43,205,871	_	619,837,060	_	3,971,217

## City of Grand Junction STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

					Pro	gram Revenues		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses	_	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary government:			-		_	<u>-</u>	_	
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	14,022,155	\$	2,639,601	\$	248,993	\$	-
Public safety		32,884,135		6,406,830		298,728		763,692
Public works		21,353,413		1,884,073		-		22,585,435
Parks and recreation		8,924,292		1,423,145		582,286		614,660
Urban development and housing		572,726		-		531,111		-
Interest on long-term debt	_	3,234,231	_		_	<u>-</u>	_	-
Total governmental activities	-	80,990,952	-	12,353,649	_	1,661,118	-	23,963,787
Business-type Activities:								
Water		5,283,655		5,527,333		=		404,114
Convention Center		3,396,100		2,657,327		-		-
Solid Waste Removal		4,196,468		2,976,883		-		2,720
Swimming Pools		1,025,401		760,756		-		-
Golf		2,472,997		2,147,161		-		-
Parking		531,711		540,054		-		-
Irrigation Systems		300,130		212,043		-		-
Ambulance Transport	_	3,568,002		3,574,582			_	
Total business-type activities	<u>-</u>	20,774,464		18,396,139		<u>-</u>		406,834
Total primary government	\$ _	101,765,416	\$	30,749,788	\$ =	1,661,118	\$ =	24,370,621
Component unit:								
Downtown Development Authority	\$ =	2,549,296	\$ =	143,185	\$ =	128, <u>260</u>	\$ =	329,649

General revenues:

Sales & use taxes

Property taxes

Franchise taxes

Highway users tax

Other shared taxes

Investment earnings

Gain on sale of capital assets

#### Transfers

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

	let (Ex	(pense) Revenue	and C	hanges in Net A	ssets	Component
Primary	Gove	nment				Unit
Governmental Activities	•	Business-type Activities	_	Total	-	Downtown Development Association
\$ (11,133,561)	\$	-	\$	(11,133,561)	\$	-
(25,414,885)		-		(25,414,885)		-
3,116,095		-		3,116,095		-
(6,304,201)		-		(6,304,201)		-
(41,615)		-		(41,615)		-
(3,234,231)			_	(3,234,231)		-
(43,012,398)			_	(43,012,398)		
_		647,792		647,792		-
_		(738,773)		(738,773)		-
_		(1,216,865)		(1,216,865)		-
<u>-</u>		(264,645)		(264,645)		-
_		(325,836)		(325,836)		-
_		8,343		8,343		-
-		(88,087)		(88,087)		-
		6,580		6,580		-
	•	(1,971,491)	_	(1,971,491)	•	-
\$ (43,012,398)	\$	(1,971,491)	\$ =	(44,983,889)	\$	-
			_			(1,948,202)
46,856,622		_		46,856,622		_
8,701,650		_		8,701,650		2,179,436
2,432,704		_		2,432,704		_, ,
1,940,291		-		1,940,291		_
4,024,160		-		4,024,160		_
1,299,123		84,165		1,383,288		119,057
75,592		-		75,592		-
(824,955)		824,955		-		-
64,505,187	•	909,120	_	65,414,307	•	2,298,493
21,492,789	•	(1,062,371)	_	20,430,418	•	350,291
555,138,400		44,268,242		599,406,642		3,620,926
\$ 576,631,189	\$	43,205,871	\$	619,837,060	\$	3,971,217

# City of Grand Junction BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2009

	_	General Fund	_	Sales Tax Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund	,	Street Assessment Capital Projects Fund		Parkway Debt Retirement Fund	_	Other Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	¢	4,840,105	æ	- \$		1,920,866	œ	12,186,977		7 500 050	<b>d</b>	26 5 40 206
Interest receivable	\$	221,489	Φ	- Φ	1	1,920,800	Φ	12,100,911	,	7,592,258	Ф	26,540,206 221,489
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		221, 100										221,100
for uncollectibles		451,314		25,105						1 20E 490		1,681,908
Taxes receivable		451,314 12,083,452		∠5,105 1,111,338		-		-		1,205,489 322,062		13,516,852
		12,003,432				-		-		322,002		
Special assessments receivable  Due from other funds		3 553 000		137,184		-		-		-		137,184
Prepaid Items		3,552,988 47		- 852,268		-		-		-		3,552,988 852,315
Inventories		193,913		052,200		-		-		-		
				-		-		-		-		193,913
Advances to other funds		7,207,186		- 720.075		-		-		2.011		7,207,186
Intergovernmental receivables Total assets	<sub>\$</sub> —	1,583,501 30,133,995	<b>-</b>	730,075 2,855,970 \$	_	1,920,866	\$			2,911 9,122,720	<u> </u>	2,316,487 56,220,528
Total assets	<b>"</b> =	30,133,993	Ψ=	2,033,970 φ	=	1,920,000	. Ψ	12,100,911	=	9,122,720	<b>"</b> =	30,220,320
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	835,678	\$	940,599 \$		1,097,860	\$	- 3	6	313,047	\$	3,187,184
Accrued liabilities		1,015,010		59,832		_	·	_		19,916		1,094,758
Due to other funds		-		1,433,978		_		_		903,215		2,337,193
Deferred revenue		9,119,884		421,561		_		_		212,553		9,753,998
Total liabilities		10,970,572	-	2,855,970		1,097,860		-	_	1,448,731		16,373,133
Fund balances:												
Reserved for:												
Prepaids and Inventories		193,960		852,268								1,046,228
Advances		7,207,186		032,200		-		-		-		7,207,186
Perpetual care		7,207,100		-		-		-		1,257,408		1,257,408
Debt service		188,479		-		-		12,186,977		285,137		12,660,593
		2,000,000		-		-		12,100,911		200,107		2,000,000
Emergency Unreserved:		2,000,000		-		-		-		-		2,000,000
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures-												
General fund		459,011		-		-		-		-		459,011
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		-		1,341,481		1,341,481
Capital projects funds		-		-		379,551		-		1,091,200		1,470,751
Undesignated, reported in:												
General fund		9,114,787		-		-		-		-		9,114,787
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		-		3,227,735		3,227,735
Capital projects funds		-	_	(852,268)	_	443,455		-	_	471,028		62,215
Total fund balances		19,163,423	_	-	_	823,006		12,186,977	_	7,673,989	_	39,847,395
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	30,133,995	\$_	2,855,970 \$		1,920,866	\$	12,186,977	`_	9,122,720	\$_	56,220,528

#### City of Grand Junction

## RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2009

Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets (page 31) are different because: Total fund balance - governmental funds (page 34) \$ 39,847,395 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, 587,529,823 are not reported in the funds. Long-term assets are not available to pay current expenditures, and therefore, are deferred in the funds. 19,930 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of data processing, equipment acquisition, operation & maintenance, self-insurance activities, and communication services to individual funds. The assets \$29,770,992 and liabilities (\$3,268,926) of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. 26,502,066 Interfund for internal service fund allocated to business-type activities. 110,101 Long-term liabilities including bonds and notes payable, capital leases, compensated absences and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. (770,000) \$ General obligation bonds (69,110,000) Revenue bonds (2,728,039)Bond premium (to be amortized over life of debt) Deferred charge for issue costs (to be amortized 693,133 over life of debt) Net pension obligation (878,832)Accrued interest payable (1,130,831)(3,026,449)Compensated absences (427,108)Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation (77,378,126)

576,631,189

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Total net assets - governmental activities

## City of Grand Junction STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	General Fund	Sales Tax Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund	Street Assessment Capital Projects Fund	Parkway Debt Retirement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			•	· - \$	197,862 \$	8,701,650
Taxes:	8,503,788 \$	- \$	- \$	, - Ψ	1,797,336	46,856,622
Property \$	34,331,003	10,728,283	-	-	-	2,432,704
Sales and use		-, -,	-	-	_	3,127,698
Franchise	2,432,704	_	-	-	_	2,836,753
Severance	3,127,698	_	-	-	-	121,783
Other	2,836,753		-	-	4 444 067	4,955,308
Licenses and permits	121,783	- 407 430	_	-	1,441,867	8,311,362
Intergovernmental revenues	1,106,002	2,407,439	979,141	-	1,453,325	945,666
Intergovernmentarievendes	5,798,882	80,014	373,141	-	11,775	
Charges for services	933,891	-	-	_	-	92,198
Fines and forfeitures	-	92,198	-	199,869	163,254	984,031
Special assessments	588,823	9,475	22,610	195,555	102,305	136,935
Investment earnings	17,621	17,009	-	-	118,618	196 <u>,</u> 833
Other income		10,700	<u>-</u>		5,286,342	79,699,543
Other contributions	67,515	13,345,118	1,001,751	199,869	3,200,012	
Total revenues	59,866,463	10,040,110				
EXPENDITURES					4,293,161	13,793,482
Current:		_	-	-	4,293,101	29,092,018
General government	9,500,321	_	=	-	-	9,954,111
Public safety	29,092,018	-	_	-	-	7,347,609
	9,954,111	-	_	-	-	
Public works	7,347,609	-	_	_	332,981	572,726
Parks and recreation	239,745	-	-			
Urban development and housing					3,695,000	3,883,479
Debt service:	188,479	-	-	-	3,508,632	3,508,632
Principal retirement	100,475	_	-	-	0,000,	
Interest and fiscal charges	-				4,507,027	16,879,724
Capital outlay:		12,372,697	-			85,031,78
Construction —					16,336,801	00,001,11
Total expenditures	56,322,283	12,372,697				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	3,544,180	972,421	1,001,75	1 199,869	(11,050,459)	(5,332,23
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	)			2,612,854	11,957,256	24,695,09
OTHER PHINANGING GOOTIGES (5 25 7)	339,362	9,785,618	(005.50	•	(2,426,335)	(25,745,96
Transfers in	(12,176,062	(10,758,039	9)(303,53	<u>''/</u>		== -=
Transfers out				2,612,854	9,530,921	(1,050,8
Total other financing	(11,836,700	)) (972,42	1)(385,53	2,012,004		
sources and uses		_	<u> </u>	2,812,723	(1,519,538	) (6,383,1
Net change in fund balances	(8,292,520	٦) -	,		00 507	46,230,5
Mer change in raise assess			206,78	9,374,254	9,193,527	
Fund balances beginning	27,455,94	<u>3</u>	- \$ 823,0		7 \$ 7,673,989	39,047,3
Fund balances beginning  Fund balances ending	19,163,42	3_ \$ <del>-</del>	= °===================================			

#### City of Grand Junction

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 33) are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 36)	\$	(6,383,115)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays \$16,951,201 exceeded depreciation (\$10,711,086) in the current period.		6,240,115
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets		
(i.e. sales and disposals) is to decrease net assets.		(853,974)
The net effect of the donation of capital assets is to increase net assets.		20,447,190
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		2,746
The repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, however, this transaction has no effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long- term debt and related items.  Debt principal payments  Bond Premium (to be amortized over the life of debt)  Deferred charge for bond issuance cost  Decrease in accrued interest  Increase in net pension obligation  Decrease in compensated absences  Increase in other post employment benefit obligation	\$ 3,695,000 447,762 (45,812) 60,930 (222,364) 71,007 (252,753)	3,753,770
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of data processing, equipment acquisition, operation & maintenance, central stores and printing, self-insurance activities, and communication services to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.  Revenues from external customers  Expenses due to external customers  Gain on disposition of property  Investment income  Operating loss from operations	\$ 2,769,253 (3,315,571) 75,592 315,092 (1,558,309)	(1,713,943)
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 33)	\$ <b>=</b>	21,492,789

#### City of Grand Junction

#### **GENERAL FUND**

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual GAAP Basis <b>Amounts</b>	Adjustment to Budgetary <b>Basis</b>	Actual on Budgetary <b>Basis</b>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					<u> </u>
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 8,443,836 \$	8,503,788	- \$	8,503,788	\$ 59,952
Sales and use	47,913,410	34,331,003	994,233	35,325,236	(12,588,174)
Franchise	2,543,161	2,432,704	-	2,432,704	(110,457)
Severance	5,000,000	3,127,698	-	3,127,698	(1,872,302)
Other	2,329,345	2,836,753	(40,439)	2,796,314	466,969
Licenses and permits	119,590	121,783	-	121,783	2,193
Intergovernmental revenues	365,115	1,106,002	-	1,106,002	740,887
Charges for services	5,301,483	5,798,882	_	5,798,882	497,399
Fines and forfeitures	1,007,300	933,891	-	933,891	(73,409)
Investment earnings	982,099	588,823	50,189	639,012	(343,087)
Other income	, -	17,621	-	17,621	17,621
Other contributions	40.600	67,515	-	67,515	26,915
Total revenues	74,045,939	59,866,463	1,003,983	60,870,446	(13, 175, 493)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government:					
Administration	8,093,825	6,210,256	-	6,210,256	1,883,569
Community development	4,259,648	3,290,065	_	3,290,065	969,583
Total general government	12,353,473	9,500,321	-	9,500,321	2,853,152
Public safety:					-
Police protection	19,085,154	18,253,208	-	18,253,208	831,946
Fire protection	12,296,049	10,838,810	-	10,838,810	1,457,239
Total public safety	31,381,203	29,092,018		29,092,018	2,289,185
Public works	13,129,959	9,954,111	-	9,954,111	3,175,848
Parks and recreation	7,909,523	7,347,609	-	7,347,609	561,914
Urban development and housing Debt service:	269,823	239,745	-	239,745	30,078
Principal retirement	188,479	188,479	-	188,479	_
Total debt service	188,479	188,479		188,479	-
Total expenditures	65,232,460	56,322,283	-	56,322,283	8,910,177
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		, , ,		, ,	
(under) expenditures	8,813,479	3,544,180	1,003,983	4,548,163	(4,265,316)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	276,911	339,362	-	339,362	62,451
Transfers out	(14,211,887)	(12,176,062)	-	(12,176,062)	2,035,825
Sale of Capital assets	15,000	-	-	- 1	(15,000)
Total other financing sources					<u> </u>
and uses	(13,919,976)	(11,836,700)		(11,836,700)	2,083,276
Net change in fund balances	(5,106,497)	(8,292,520)	1,003,983	(7,288,537)	(2,182,040)
Fund balances beginning	27,455,943	27,455,943		27,315,231	(140,712)
Fund balances ending	\$ 22,349,446 \$	19,163,423	\$ 1,003,983 \$	20,026,694	\$ (2,322,752)

# City of Grand Junction, Colorado STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2009

		Bus	iness-Type Activities	s - Enterprise Fun	ds		
	Water Fund	Two Rivers Convention Center Fund	Golf Courses Fund	Parking Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and investments \$	2,686,004		· · · · · ·	1,079,809 \$	889,114 \$	4,867,249	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	353,378	208,250	95,846	2,747	1,517,177	2,177,398	720,739
Intergovernmental receivable	55,641	1,120	-	-	46,211	102,972	1,172,238
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	152,097	152,097	-
Inventory	_		122,233		<u> </u>	122,233	
Total current assets	3,095,023	209,370	430,401	1,082,556	2,604,599	7,421,949	15,585,821
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:							
Land	2,547,757	153,001	891,356	1,350,875	-	4,942,989	-
Buildings, improvements, plant and system	40,230,631	9,136,059	3,901,144	5,200,888	8,289,268	66,757,990	2,473,676
Equipment	530,349	601,488	213,991	316,278	1,632,861	3,294,967	27,539,029
Construction in progress	255,162	-	1,259,450	-	50,510	1,565,122	1,936,954
Less accumulated depreciation	(15,103,722)	(2,551,018)	(2,668,730)	(672,557)	(6,888,321)	(27,884,348)	(17,764,488)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated							
depreciation)	28,460,177	7,339,530	3,597,211	6,195,484	3,084,318	48,676,720	14,185,171
Total noncurrent assets	28,460,177	7,339,530	3,597,211	6,195,484	3,084,318	48,676,720	14,185,171
Total assets	31,555,200	7,548,900	4,027,612	7,278,040	5,688,917	56,098,669	29,770,992
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	112,991	117,106	242,719	2,284	524,215	999,315	588,156
Accrued liabilities	68,322	28,144	25,304	1,969	59,158	182,897	87,322
Accrued interest payable	45,313	_	, <u>-</u>	, <u>-</u>	, -	45,313	, -
Compensated absences payable	19,360	5,656	7,413	840	15,145	48,414	23,571
Claims payable	-	-,	-	-	-	-	808,507
Current portion of promissory notes payable	163,542	_	_	_	-	163,542	-
Due to other funds	-	64,120	170,970	241,946	602,792	1,079,828	135,967
Total current liabilities	409,528	215,026	446,406	247,039	1,201,310	2,519,309	1,643,523
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences payable	252,143	73,668	96,546	10,944	197,250	630,551	306,980
Claims payable	,	-	-	-,	,	,	1,318,423
Advances from other funds - general fund	-	-	1,259,450	4,723,155	1,224,581	7,207,186	-,,
Promissory notes payable	2,425,651	_	-	-	-	2,425,651	_
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,677,794	73,668	1,355,996	4,734,099	1,421,831	10,263,388	1,625,403
Total liabilities	3,087,322	288,694	1,802,402	4,981,138	2,623,141	12,782,697	3,268,926
NET ACCETS							
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	25,870,984	7,339,530	3,597,211	6,195,484	3,084,318	46,087,527	14,185,171
•				, ,			
Unrestricted Total net assets	2,596,894 28,467,878	<u>(79,324)</u> <u>7,260,206</u>	<u>(1,372,001)</u> 2,225,210	(3,898,582) 2,296,902	(18,542) 3,065,776	(2,771,555) 43,315,972	12,316,895 26,502,066
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds:  Current year	(34,601)	(8,410)	(15,196)	(1,825)	(50,069)	(110,101)	
				11.0201	100.0031	(110.101)	

# City of Grand Junction, Colorado STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

			Busir	ness-Type Ac	tivitie	s - Enterprise F	unds				
	Wate Fund		Two Rivers Convention Center Fund	Golf Courses Fund		Parking Fund	Ente	her rprise nds	. <u>—</u>	Total Interprise Funds	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:											
Charges for sales and services	\$ 5,271	,332	2,657,327	\$ 2,147,16	1 \$	540,054	\$ 7,4	42,820	\$ 1	8,058,694	11,140,481
Other income		-	-	-		_		-		-	866,984
Total operating revenues	5,271	,332	2,657,327	2,147,16	1 -	540,054	7,4	42,820		8,058,694	12,007,465
Operating expenses:											
Personnel services	2,591	,042	1,658,310	1,210,37	4	147,553	3,3	89,289		8,996,568	6,665,620
Costs of sales and services	1,708	,596	1,469,425	1,112,35	1	83,016	5,2	68,926		9,642,314	6,595,877
Depreciation and amortization	835	,306	259,955	135,07	6	143,317	3	58,031		1,731,685	2,374,975
Total operating expenses	5,134	,944	3,387,690	2,457,80	<u> </u>	373,886	9,0	16,246	2	20,370,567	15,636,472
Operating income (loss)	136	,388	(730,363)	(310,64	0)	166,168	(1,5	73,426)		(2,311,873)	(3,629,007)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):											
Intergovernmental	303	,141	-	-		-	1	84,164		387,305	1,130,857
Miscellaneous	49	,860	-	-		-		-		49,860	57,500
Investment income	46	,224	-	(1,36	4)	24,622		14,683		84,165	315,092
Gain (loss) on disposition of property											
and equipment		_	_	_		_		_		_	75,592
Interest expense	(114	,110)	_	_		(156,000)	()	23,686)		(293,796)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		,115		(1,36	4)	(131,378)		75,161		227,534	1,579,041
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers					<u> </u>	, , ,		,		,	
operating transfers	421	,503	(730,363)	(312,00	4)	34,790	(1,4	98,265)	(	(2,084,339)	(2,049,966)
Capital contributions - tap fees		,714	-	-	,	, <u> </u>	ζ,	,	Ì	104,714	-
Contributed capital		,400	_	_		-		-		202,400	-
Transfers in		_	501,151	1,071,14	3	_	1:	26,554		1,698,848	710,436
Transfers out						-	(8)	73,893)		(873,893)	(484,514)
Change in net assets	728	,617	(229,212)	759,13	9	34,790	(2,2	45,604)		(952,270)	(1,824,044)
Total net assets - beginning	27,739	,261	7,489,418	1,466,07	1_	2,262,112	5,3	11,380	4	4,268,242	28,326,110
Total net assets - ending	28,467	,878	7,260,206	2,225,21	0	2,296,902	3,0	65,776	4	3,315,972	26,502,066
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds:	(34 \$ 28,433	.,601) ,277	(8,410) 7,251,796	(15,19 \$2,210,01		(1,825) 2,295,077		50,069) 15,707		(110,101) 3,205,871	

# City of Grand Junction, Colorado STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Busine	ess-Type Activities	- Enterprise Funds	3		
	Water Fund	Two Rivers Convention Center Fund	Golf Courses Fund	Parking Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Cash received from interfund	\$ 623,065 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	623,065 \$	9,482,456
Cash received from customers and users	4,658,237	2,741,582	2,051,426	541,252	6,040,991	16,033,488	1,697,040
Cash paid to interfund	(750,262)	(182,351)	(329,499)	(39,579)	(1,085,651)	(2,387,342)	(360,727
Cash paid to suppliers	(872,793)	(1,380,979)	(806,211)	(57,036)	(2,820,809)	(5,937,828)	(4,972,332
Cash paid to employees	(2,637,157)	(1,714,291)	(1,224,384)	(148,017)	(3,471,282)	(9,195,131)	(6,888,421
Miscellaneous receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-	155,819
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,021,090	(536,039)	(308,668)	296,620	(1,336,751)	(863,748)	(886,165
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:							
Transfers from other funds	<u>-</u>	501,151	199,487	-	126,554	827,192	710,430
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	-	(2,237)	(2,237)	(484,51
Increase (decrease) in amount due other funds	_	60,586	143,589	(62,391)	274,006	415,790	135,96
Intergovernmental receipts	320,098	-	-	-	94,915	415,013	-
Miscellaneous nonoperating receipts	49,860	_			-	49,860	_
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	369,958	561,737	343,076	(62,391)	493,238	1,705,618	361,889
Net cash provided by noncapital infancing activities	309,930	301,737		(02,391)	490,200	1,703,010	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	101711					404744	
Tap fees	104,714	-	-	-	-	104,714	-
Principal payments:	(000.100)					(000.400)	
Promissory notes	(232,186)	-	-	-	-	(232,186)	-
Proceeds of interfund capital loans	-	-	-	-	1,140,982	1,140,982	-
Advances (Repayment) of interfund capital loans	-	-	1,088,480	(172,508)	(157,906)	758,066	-
Interest paid	(117,331)	-	=	(156,000)	(23,686)	(297,017)	=
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,82
Purchase of capital assets	(1,224,614)	(25,698)	(1,112,559)	(108,485)	(116,652)	(2,588,008)	(3,287,62
Intergovernmental receipts	=	-	=	=	=	=	329,62
Miscellaneous capital receipts	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,500
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(1,469,417)	(25,698)	(24,079)	(436,993)	842,738	(1,113,449)	(2,894,674
Cash flows from investing activities:			· ·			· ·	·
Investment income received	46,224	-	(1,364)	24,622	14,683	84,165	315,092
Net cash provided by investing activities	46,224	-	(1,364)	24,622	14,683	84,165	315,092
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(32,145)	-	8,965	(178,142)	13,908	(187,414)	(3,103,85
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	2,718,149	-	203,357	1,257,951	875,206	5,054,663	16,796,70
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$ 2,686,004 \$	- \$	212,322 \$	1,079,809 \$	889,114 \$	4,867,249 \$	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	Ф 426.200 Ф	(720.262) ¢	(240.640) #	166 169	(4 E72 406)	(0.244.072)	(2,600,00
Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	\$ 136,388 \$	(730,363) \$	(310,640) \$	<u>166,168</u> \$ _	(1,573,426) \$	(2,311,873)	(3,629,00
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
. , , ,	925 206	250 055	125.076	1 12 217	250 021	1 721 605	2 274 07
Depreciation expense	835,306	259,955	135,076	143,317	358,031	1,731,685	2,374,97
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	9,970	84,255	(95,735)	1,198	(142,248)	(142,560)	(672,15
(Increase) decrease in inventory	400 700	-	(31,019)	-	(450,007)	(31,019)	-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	169,729	(02.005)	-	(04.707)	(152,097)	17,632	246.02
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(17,494)	(93,905)	196,168	(91,797)	335,036	328,008	346,23
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	=	-	=	-	-	-	906,25
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities and							
compensated absences payable	(46,115)	(55,981)	(14,010)	(464)	(81,993)	(198,563)	(222,80
(Increase) decrease in accounts payable due to							
the purchase of capital assets on account	(66,694)		(188,508)	78,198	(80,054)	(257,058)	10,33
Total adjustments	884,702	194,324	1,972	130,452	236,675	1,448,125	2,742,842
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,021,090 \$	(536,039) \$	(308,668) \$	296,620 \$	(1,336,751) \$	(863,748) \$	(886,16
loncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities						-	
Purchase of capital assets on account	\$ 68,645 \$	- \$	188,508 \$	- \$	80,054 \$	337,207 \$	58,809
Capital Contributions	202,400	-	-	-	-	202,400	-
Net book value of capital assets traded in on capital assets	,					,	
acquired	-	-	-	-	-	-	105,61
Trade in value of disposed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	179,64
Transfer of non-cash assets from other funds	-	=	871,656	=	-	871,656	-

### City of Grand Junction, Colorado

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

December 31, 2009

	Pension Trust Funds	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Joint Sew Investme Trust Fur	nt Agency
ASSETS	¢ 54.040	r 70.040	D & 44.770	046
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 54,042	\$ 73,649	9 \$ 14,779,	,916 \$ 963,232
Investments	F00, 400			
Short term investments	583,420	-		
U.S. Government securities	938,664	-		-
Corporate bonds	1,776,901	-		-
Domestic equity securities	4,330,291	-		
International securities	2,320,139	-		
Venture capital	1,307,722	-		
Real estate	479,926	-		
Securities lending investment pool	514,124		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total assets	12,305,229	73,649	9 14,779,	,916 963,232
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	-	-		- 17,577
Due to other governments	-	-		- 945,655
Total liabilities	-	-		- \$ 963,232
NET ASSETS				
Held in trust for:				
External investment pool participants	_	_	14,779,	916
Pension benefits	12,305,229	-	. 1,170,	, = · - -
Individuals, organizations and others	.2,555,225	73,649	a	_
Total net assets	\$ 12,305,229	\$ 73,649	_	,916

### City of Grand Junction, Colorado STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		Pension Trust Funds		Private Purpose Trust Funds		Joint Sewer Investment Trust Fund
ADDITIONS	_				_	
Additions by participants	\$	-	\$	480,893	\$	14,228,081
Employer contributions		618,941		-		-
Plan members contributions		1,867			_	-
Total contributions		620,808		480,893	_	14,228,081
Investment earnings:						
Interest		82,346		25,351		292,342
Net increase (decrease) in fair value						
of investments		2,085,483		<u> </u>		
Net investment earnings	_	2,167,829		25,351		292,342
Total additions	_	2,788,637		506,244	_	14,520,423
DEDUCTIONS						
Distributions to participants		-		1,295,061		9,660,457
Health insurance premiums paid		-		323,349		-
Benefits and refunds		1,790,897		-		-
Administrative expenses		88,601		4,283		-
Total deductions		1,879,498		1,622,693		9,660,457
Change in net assets		909,139		(1,116,449)		4,859,966
Net assets available - beginning		11,396,090		1,190,098		9,919,950
Net assets available - ending	\$	12,305,229	\$ <u> </u>	73,649	\$	14,779,916



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## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Grand Junction, Colorado was incorporated July 19, 1882, under provision of Article XX of the Constitution of the State of Colorado, as amended (Home Rule City). The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government with seven elected Council members.

The City's financial statements include the accounts and operations of all City functions including, but not limited to, public safety (police and fire protection), street construction and maintenance, water and sanitation, planning and zoning, parks and recreation and general administration as provided by the City charter. The City owns and operates a meeting and convention center, swimming pools, golf courses and parking facilities. The City also provides ambulance transport services for Mesa County, Colorado. The City maintains a data processing facility, a central stores facility and a communications center. The communications center and central stores facility provide services to other local governments in Mesa County, Colorado.

The accounting policies of the City of Grand Junction conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City of Grand Junction (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the City's operations. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

<u>Blended Component Units.</u> The financial data for the following entities is reported as part of the primary government because the City Council of the City acts as the Board of Directors for each entity.

*The Ridges Metropolitan District* was annexed into the City and dissolved as a separate district in 1992. The District continues in existence for the sole purpose of providing for the payment of the District's outstanding debt with a special levy of property taxes collected within the District only.

The Grand Junction West Water and Sanitation District was annexed into the City and dissolved as a separate district in 1993. The District continues in existence solely to provide for the payment of the District's outstanding debt with a special levy of property taxes and sanitary sewer fees collected only within the District.

The financial data of the *Grand Junction Public Finance Corporation* (the Corporation) is reported as part of the primary government because it is fiscally dependent upon the City and provides financing solely to the City. The Corporation was incorporated as a nonprofit corporation in the State of Colorado during 1996. The purpose of the Corporation is to facilitate financing for the City (see Note 6). Although the Corporation is a separate legal entity, for financial reporting purposes it is considered part of the City and is reported in the Grand Junction Public Finance Debt Service Fund.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit.</u> The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of the City's only discretely presented component unit. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

The Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was formed to improve the downtown area of the City of Grand Junction. The Authority has an eleven-member board appointed by the City Council of the City of Grand Junction. The City Council also approves the Authority's budget and property tax levy and issues any debt for Authority projects. Financial statements for all funds and activities of the DDA are included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report because the Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These statements summarize information on governmental and business-type activities of the primary government and its component units. These statements do not include fiduciary activities, and for the most part, the effect of the interfund activity has been removed. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from the *Downtown Development Authority*, the City's legally separate *component unit* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among the program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Government-Wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except that agency funds, as they are merely custodial funds, do not have a measurement focus. All assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Major revenues that are determined to be susceptible to accrual include sales and use taxes, property taxes, utility franchise fees, grants-in-aid earned, interest, rentals and charges for services. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal year is considered susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Major revenues that are determined to not be susceptible to accrual, because they are either not available soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period or are not objectively measurable, include licenses, permits, fines and forfeitures.

Expenditures generally are recorded when the liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the City. It accounts for all activities of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Sales Tax Capital Improvements Fund* is a capital projects fund used to account for the financing and construction of projects financed completely or partially with the <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> percent portion of the City's 2<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> percent sales and use tax. The <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> percent portion is currently dedicated to general capital improvements and economic development.

The *Street Assessment Capital Projects Fund* is a capital projects fund used to account for the financing and construction of various street improvement projects funded completely or partially with assessments to property owners.

The *Parkway Debt Retirement Fund* is a debt service fund used to account for all resources which are being accumulated for the early retirement of the Parkway Project long-term debt principal and interest payments maturing in future years.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water Fund* accounts for all activities associated with providing water services to customers within the water service area.

The *Two Rivers Convention Center Fund* accounts for all activities associated with the municipally owned meeting and convention center.

The *Golf Courses Fund* accounts for all activities associated with both municipally owned golf courses, Lincoln Park Golf Course and Tiara Rado Golf Course.

The *Parking Fund* is used to account for the revenue and expense associated with the operation of all municipally owned and leased parking facilities. Construction of a parking garage in the downtown area was completed late in 2007.

Additionally the City reports the following fund types:

The *Permanent Fund* accumulates resources to provide future maintenance of municipal cemeteries.

The *Internal Service Funds* account for data processing, equipment acquisition, operation & maintenance, self-insurance activities, and communication services provided to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

The *Private-Purpose Trust Funds* account for resources legally held in trust for use by the local school district to purchase land and other uses specified by parties outside the City government.

The *Pension Trust Funds* account for Police and Fire defined benefit pension plans administered by the Fire and Police Pension Association of Colorado.

The *Investment Trust Fund* accounts for the net assets held on behalf of the City of Grand Junction/Mesa County Joint Sewer System in the City's cash pool. The Joint Sewer System is not part of the City's financial reporting entity.

The Agency Funds account for custodial functions in operations of an advisory board, collecting and forwarding special assessment debt payments for property owners, and billing and collections for some sewer and water districts outside the City.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected <u>not</u> to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are payments to the General Fund by various enterprise funds for providing administrative and billing services for such funds, and charges between the City's water and solid waste removal fund and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the

direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Interfund activity has not been eliminated in the fund financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include:

- 1. charges to customers for goods and services
- 2. operating grants and contributions
- 3. capital grants and contributions, including special assessments

Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of all the City's enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include cost of sales and services, personal services, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted assets first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

#### 1. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Colorado State Statutes limit the local governments to the following types of investments, unless others are specifically identified by home rule cities, such as the City of Grand Junction:

- 1. Obligations of the United States or obligations unconditionally guaranteed by the United States
- 2. Bonds of the State of Colorado and its political subdivisions
- 3. Certain obligations secured by mortgages
- 4. Bankers acceptances
- 5. Commercial paper
- 6. State investment pools
- 7. Repurchase agreements
- 8. Money market funds
- 9. Guaranteed investment contracts

The City Council has formally established an investment policy allowing investments to have maturities beyond five years and to include mutual funds (composed of U.S. Government obligations) and collateralized mortgage obligations. Some additional restrictions apply to the various investments.

Assets of the pension trust funds may be invested by the Fire and Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA) in publicly traded common and preferred stock, convertible bonds, venture capital and real estate. Investments are presented at fair value except real-estate which is recorded at estimated fair value based upon periodic appraisals and valuations, investments in limited partnerships which are recorded at estimated fair value as derived from financial statements, and guaranteed investment contracts which are recorded at contract value

Investments are stated at fair value determined from quoted market prices. The state investment pools exist under the laws of the State of Colorado and are registered with the Securities Commissioner of the State of Colorado. The state investment pools and mutual funds are similar to money market funds, with each share valued at \$1.

Investments in joint ventures by governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time the investment is made.

#### 2. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Receivables and payables classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet arise from negative equity in pooled cash and investments. Current portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are classified as "interfund receivables" and "interfund payables" on the balance sheet. Non-current portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as "advances" and are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### 3. Property Taxes

Property taxes as set by the City Council are collected by the County Treasurer. The County Treasurer remits property taxes collected to the City by the 10th day of the month following collection. Property taxes receivable represent 2009 taxes collectible in 2010 and are also shown as deferred revenue. Following are details of the property tax calendar:

Levy date: November 15 (prior year) Lien date: January 1 (current year)

First 1/2 installment due: February 28
Second 1/2 installment due: June 15
If paid in full: April 30

#### 4. Special Assessments Receivable

Special assessments receivable are recorded for the property owners' share of the cost of street or utility improvements within special improvement districts. Corresponding deferred revenue is recorded until the assessments meet the revenue recognition availability criteria. Special assessments receivable for projects which were initially financed with existing governmental resources are recorded together with the corresponding deferred revenue in the fund which provided the resources.

#### 5. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the moving average method. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, bridges, alleys, traffic signal systems and storm drainage) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Maintenance, repairs and renewals that neither materially add to the value of the property nor appreciably prolong its life are charged to expense as incurred. Gains or losses on dispositions of property and equipment are included in income.

Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the capital asset, as applicable. Infrastructure assets are capitalized as a separate category.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method. Depreciation expense is reflected as an operating expense in the government-wide statement of activities.

Estimated useful lives for asset types are as follows:

Building and improvements
Utility plant and system
Equipment
Equipment
5 to 10 years
Infrastructure
20 to 40 years

#### 7. Compensated Absences

During 1992, the City implemented a "Paid Time Off" (PTO) policy. This policy integrates holidays, vacation leave and sick leave into a single leave time accrual. An employee may accrue up to from 480 to 624 hours of PTO, depending upon years of service.

The City pays a terminating employee for all accumulated PTO time up to from 80 to 152 hours, depending on years of service. One-half of accumulated PTO in excess of this base amount will be paid to a terminating employee. In addition, employees hired prior to 1992 may have vacation and sick leave balances. The City pays a terminating employee for all accumulated vacation time and one-third of accumulated sick leave in excess of 720 hours.

Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of an employee's resignation or retirement.

#### 8. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditure are recorded during the year as an extension of formal budgetary integration in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not included for financial reporting purposes at year-end because unused appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end and must be reappropriated in the following year to be expended.

#### 9. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method, which approximates the effective-interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 10. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balances for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans for future use of financial resources that are subject to change.

#### 11. Comparative Data/Reclassifications

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying Management's Discussion and Analysis in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the City's financial position and operations. However, complete comparative data has not been reported since their inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read. Also, certain

amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual appropriated expenditure budgets are adopted for all governmental funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles with the exception of the General Fund and the Sales Tax Capital Improvements Fund. The annual budget for the General Fund is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting excluding certain basis differences for tax accruals, market value adjustments, and the effects of payments by the State of Colorado made on-behalf of City employees to a retirement plan (see Note 9). The annual budget for the Sales Tax Capital Improvements Fund is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting except for certain basis differences for tax accruals and market value adjustments. Annual appropriation budgets are also adopted for all proprietary funds on the accrual basis of accounting modified to include capital expenditures and debt service principal payments and to exclude depreciation and amortization. The budget is prepared under the direction of the City Manager. The appropriations are adopted, and may not be exceeded, on a total fund basis.

The details of the budget calendar follow:

December 15,	Statutory deadline for certification of all mill levies to the Board of County
	Commissioners
December 22,	Statutory deadline for Board of County Commissioners to levy all taxes
	and certify the levies

On or before December 31, the City Council enacts an ordinance appropriating the budgets for the ensuing fiscal year. The City Council may amend the appropriation ordinance at any time during the year, as a result of any casualty, accident, or unforeseen contingency.

The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the individual fund level. Even though the budget enacted by the City Council is at the fund level, the City prepares a line item budget by department and cost center for control at the line item level. Department heads have the authority to reallocate the distribution of budget amounts within the major categories of personnel expenditures, operating expenditures and capital expenditures within their fund and department. Budget reallocation between major expenditure categories within a fund requires City Manager approval. Budget reallocation between funds requires City Council approval.

Supplemental appropriation ordinances during 2009 resulted in budget amendments as follows:

Fund	Original Amount	Amended Amount	
Primary Government - City of Gra	nd Junction:		
Governmental Activities Special Revenue Funds:			
Community Development	\$ 340,000	\$ 548,601	
Parkland Expansion	780,000	950,141	
Economic Development	2,565,222	2,605,921	
Conservation Trust	306,000	470,466	
Public Art	-	18,000	
Capital Projects Funds:			
Facilities Capital	825,000	1,128,515	
Debt Service Funds:			
Ridges Metro District	222,035	228,735	

Fund	Original Amount	Amended Amount
Business-Type Activities		
Enterprise Funds:		
Water	\$5,831,359	\$6,265,096
Solid Waste	3,172,533	4,405,425
Golf Courses	2,496,175	3,702,715
Parking	595,985	648,418
Internal Service Funds:		
Self Insurance	1,683,184	2,461,059
Component Unit - Downtown Develo	ppment Authority:	
Special Revenue Funds:		
DDA Operations Special Revenue	317,760	635,123
DDA Tax Increment	1,761,930	2,819,940
Capital Projects Funds:		00 - 1 <b>3</b> - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 1
DDA Capital Improvements	2,830,000	7,097,214
Debt Service Funds:	, ,	* *
DDA Debt Service	1,220,000	7,263,077

During 2009, a supplemental appropriation of \$18,000 was adopted for a public art fund that was later determined to be unnecessary to account for these expenditures. This fund is not presented in the financial statements.

#### **B.** EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The City charter prohibits the expenditure of City funds for any purpose not covered in the annual appropriation ordinance based upon the annual City budget. Colorado statutes prohibit expenditures on a total fund basis in excess of amounts appropriated.

#### C. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The solid waste removal fund had deficit fund equity as of December 31, 2009.

#### NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Substantially all the City's cash and investments are part of the City's sponsored cash pool, which includes both internal and external participants. The pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The City Finance Director (Treasurer) is granted authority for managing the pool by City Council. The City Treasurer reports investment activity quarterly to the Investment Advisory Committee, which is appointed by the City Manager, and reports annually to the City Council.

Cash and investments held for the City of Grand Junction/Mesa County, Colorado, Joint Sewer System are included in and inseparable from the City's pooled cash and investments. Since the Joint Sewer System is not part of the City's reporting entity, they are considered involuntary external participants of the City's cash pool. Under *GASB Statement 31*, the Joint Sewer System's pool share value is reported as an Investment Trust Fund in the City's financial statements. See Note 11 for more information on the Joint Sewer System.

#### **Cash Deposits**

Colorado State Statutes require that all deposits be secured by federal deposit insurance or secured by collateral. Statutes require a financial institution to deposit collateral with another financial institution securing 102% of the market value of public funds held which exceed the amount insured by federal deposit

insurance. All deposits of the City are insured or collateralized with government securities held by or for the entity.

The Colorado Divisions of Banking and Financial Services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The composition of all cash held by the City cash pool at December 31, 2009, is as follows:

	Bank Balance	Carrying Balance
Cash on hand Insured deposits Deposits collateralized in single	\$ 250,000	\$ 5,115 250,000
institutional pools	6,897,194 \$7,147,194	5,825,912 \$6,081,027

*Interest rate risk.* In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair value by maintaining a minimum of 30% of the portfolio in short-term securities (less than one year) and employing a buy-and-hold strategy.

The City voluntarily participates in the state investment pools. The state investment pools exist under the laws of the State of Colorado and are registered with the Securities Commissioner of the State of Colorado. The state investment pools and mutual funds are similar to money market funds, with each share valued at \$1. The designated custodial banks provide safekeeping and depository services, and securities owned by the trusts are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the accounts maintained for the custodian banks. Investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills and notes and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. The investment in the Fire and Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA) investment pool is set by Colorado statute for funding of police and fire defined benefit pension plans. Investments consist of publicly traded common and preferred stock, convertible bonds, venture capital and real estate. Investments in state investment pools, mutual funds, and FPPA are not categorized by risk, as they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The fair value of the position in the state investment pools and FPPA approximate the value of the City's investment in the pools.

As of December 31, 2009, the City had the following investments:

	S&P		Weighted Average
<b>Investment Type</b>	Rating	<u>Fair Value</u>	<b>Maturity (Months)</b>
Corporate stock	Not rated	\$27,267	0.00
Federal Agency Securities	AAA	22,109,049	9.47
FDIC (Govt Backed Corporate)	AAA	9,183,866	17.95
Pass Through Securities			
(GNMA/CMO)	AAA	12,563,774	91.66
State investment pools	AAA	17,511,334	0.03
Pension trust fund	Not rated	12,305,229	0.00
Total		\$73,700,519	24.36

Credit risk. The City's investment practices are governed by the City of Grand Junction Charter, Article IX paragraph 72, the Colorado Revised Statutes 24-75-601 to 605, and the City's investment policy as adopted by its legislative body. These controls limit investments to U.S. Government and Agency obligations, collateralized deposits, and commercial paper with the highest rating issued by one of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO's).

Concentration of credit risk. The City's investment policy dictates diversification and does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of five percent of the City's total investments.

Custodial credit risk. State law requires financial institutions to collateralize deposits of government funds. By City policy, all marketable securities shall be deposited in a safe keeping account with an independent third party state or national bank having an office in Colorado.

Foreign Currency Risk. The City's investment policy, excluding the FPPA pension trust funds, does not allow for investment in foreign currency.

#### NOTE 4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS

The allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable of the various funds of the City at December 31, 2009, is as follows:

General Fund	\$5,349
Enterprise Funds:	
Water	\$ 160
Solid Waste Removal	274
Two Rivers Convention Center	259
Ambulance Transport	48,968
	\$ 49,661
Internal Service Funds:	
Communications Center	\$ 817

### NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2009 was as follows:

#### Primary Government - City of Grand Junction:

Beginning Balance	Increase	Decreases	Ending Balance
Darance	<u> </u>	Decreases	Balance
¢270 275 282	¢ 11 588 205	\$ 103,600	\$281,759,977
	A	,	
			10,681,331
292,328,145	19,222,283	19,109,120	292,441,308
30,741,318	19,754,760	65,857	50,430,221
			28,638,919
5 5		3.53	34,685,094
306,449,099	17,085,624	738,219	322,796,504
397,558,459	40,638,565	1,646,286	436,550,738
8,889,463	1,107,567	65,058	9,931,972
10,980,952	1,182,038	31,251	12,131,739
19,382,363	2,936,522	680,496	21,638,389
75,724,244	7,859,934	9,227	83,574,951
114,977,022	13,086,061	786,032	127,277,051
282,581,437	27,552,504	860,254	309,273,687
\$574,909,582	\$46,774,787	\$ 19,969,374	\$601,714,995
	\$270,275,282 22,052,863 292,328,145 30,741,318 27,046,667 33,321,375 306,449,099 397,558,459 8,889,463 10,980,952 19,382,363 75,724,244 114,977,022 282,581,437	Balance         Increase           \$270,275,282         \$ 11,588,295           22,052,863         7,633,988           292,328,145         19,222,283           30,741,318         19,754,760           27,046,667         1,629,453           33,321,375         2,168,728           306,449,099         17,085,624           397,558,459         40,638,565           8,889,463         1,107,567           10,980,952         1,182,038           19,382,363         2,936,522           75,724,244         7,859,934           114,977,022         13,086,061           282,581,437         27,552,504	Balance         Increase         Decreases           \$270,275,282         \$ 11,588,295         \$ 103,600           22,052,863         7,633,988         19,005,520           292,328,145         19,222,283         19,109,120           30,741,318         19,754,760         65,857           27,046,667         1,629,453         37,201           33,321,375         2,168,728         805,009           306,449,099         17,085,624         738,219           397,558,459         40,638,565         1,646,286           8,889,463         1,107,567         65,058           10,980,952         1,182,038         31,251           19,382,363         2,936,522         680,496           75,724,244         7,859,934         9,227           114,977,022         13,086,061         786,032           282,581,437         27,552,504         860,254

	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decreases	Ending Balance
<b>Business-type activities</b>				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,936,135	\$ 6,854	\$ -	\$ 4,942,989
Construction in progress	369,946	1,522,302	327,126	1,565,122
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,306,081	1,529,156	327,126	6,508,111
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and systems	60,718,137	1,711,767	48,154	62,381,750
Improvements other than buildings	4,355,234	21,006	-	4,376,240
Equipment	3,182,307	112,660	-	3,294,967
Total capital assets, being depreciated	68,255,678	1,845,433	48,154	70,052,957
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and systems	22,201,873	1,398,144	48,154	23,551,863
Improvements other than buildings	2,264,640	145,773	· -	2,410,413
Equipment	1,737,760	184,312	-	1,922,072
Total accumulated depreciation	26,204,273	1,728,229	48,154	27,884,348
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	42,051,405	117,204		42,168,609
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 47,357,486	\$ 1,646,360	\$327,126	\$ 48,676,720

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 721,560
Public safety	612,493
Public works	8,214,322
Parks and recreation	1,162,711
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds	
are charged to various functions based on their usage of assets	2,374,975
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$13,086,061
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>	
Water	\$ 831,850
Solid waste	27,917
Meeting and convention center	259,955
Golf courses	135,076
Swimming pools	201,760
Parking	143,317
Irrigation	88,042
Ambulance Transport	40,312
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$1,728,229

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit

Activity for the *Downtown Development Authority* for the year ended December 31, 2009, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,445,240	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,445,240
Construction in progress	979,446	88,955	275,109	793,292
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,424,686	88,955	275,109	2,238,532
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	4,190,188	89,600	-	4,279,788
Improvements other than buildings	-	369,676	-	369,676
Equipment	441,030	131,050	-	572,080
Total capital assets, being depreciated	4,631,218	590,326	-	5,221,544
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	840,997	124,896	_	965,893
Improvements other than buildings		9,242	-	9,242
Equipment	214,992	47,830	-	262,822
Total accumulated depreciation	1,055,989	181,968		1,237,957
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	3,575,229	408,358		3,983,587
DDA capital assets, net	\$ 5,999,915	\$497,313	\$275,109	\$ 6,222,119

#### **Construction Commitments**

The City and its component unit have several ongoing construction projects as of December 31, 2009 composed of the following:

	Spent to	P	rojected cost
	12/31/2009	0	f completion
Primary Government			
Street projects	\$ 6,171,126	\$	17,389,908
Drainage projects	292,824		409,660
Park development	1,827,996		4,446,830
Facilities/equipment/other	3,954,507		8,166,248
Component Unit			
Development projects	\$ 793,292	\$	3,260,932

The development projects for the Downtown Development Authority Component Unit are funded with debt backed by tax increment financing proceeds.

#### NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term liability activity of the City for the year ended December 31, 2009: *Primary Government - City of Grand Junction:* 

	Beginning	A 11'4'	D 1	Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
Ridges	\$ 935,000	\$ -	\$ 165,000	\$ 770,000	\$ 175,000
Revenue bonds:					
Parkway	72,640,000	,=	3,530,000	69,110,000	3,710,000
Premium	3,175,801	-	447,762	2,728,039	404,542
Net pension obligation:					
Police Defined Benefit Plan	459,857	691,024	443,213	707,668	-
Fire Defined Benefit Plan	196,611	180,046	205,493	171,164	-
Claims payable	1,220,680	2,048,340	1,142,090	2,126,930	808,507
Compensated absences	3,678,853	4,652,896	4,742,367	3,589,382	255,952
Other Post Employment Benefits	174,355	448,405	195,652	427,108	_
Governmental activity long-term	_	·			•
liabilities	\$82,481,157	\$8,020,711	\$10,871,577	\$79,630,291	\$5,354,001
Business-Type Activities					
Promissory notes:					
Water Systems	\$ 70,561	\$ -	\$ 70,561	\$ -	\$ -
Loan payable					
Water Systems	2,796,111	-	161,625	2,634,486	167,012
Less deferred amounts:					
For loan discount	(48,749)	3,456	-	(45,293)	(3,470)
Compensated absences	666,761	880,142	867,938	678,965	48,414
Business-type activity long-term					
liabilities	\$3,484,684	\$883,598	\$1,100,124	\$3,268,158	\$211,956

#### Component Unit - Downtown Development Authority:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Tax increment bonds	\$ -	\$10,000,000	\$ 675,000	\$9,325,000	\$3,015,000
Compensated absences	5,124	15,820	14,832	6,112	436
Total	\$5,124	\$10,015,820	\$ 689,832	\$9,331,112	\$3,015,436

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year end \$330,551 of internal service funds compensated absences are included in the above amounts. For the governmental activities, compensated absences and net pension obligation are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Bonds, notes and loans payable as of December 31, 2009, are comprised of the following:

#### Primary Government – City of Grand Junction:

#### GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS:

\$2,590,000 Ridges Metropolitan District General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 1992 consisting of \$955,000 serial bonds bearing interest at 3.5% to 5.75% payable April 15 and October 15 annually through October 15, 2013, term bond of \$545,000 bearing interest of 6% payable on April 15 and October 15 through October 15, 2007, and term bond of \$1,090,000 bearing interest of 6.1% payable on April 15 and October 15 through October 15, 2013. Bonds maturing on or after October 15, 2013, are callable at the district's option on any interest paying date at par. Both term bonds are subject to mandatory redemption pursuant to a sinking fund agreement with the paying agent. There was \$770,000 unpaid principal at December 31, 2009, payable over the following term:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$175,000	\$46,970	\$221,970
2011	185,000	36,295	221,295
2012	200,000	25,010	225,010
2013	210,000	12,810	222,810
	\$770,000	\$121,085	\$891,085

#### **REVENUE BONDS:**

\$80,000,000 of approved General Fund Revenue Bonds Series 2004 and 2007 bearing interest at 2% to 5% payable March 1 and September 1 annually through March 1, 2024 were issued to finance the construction of the Riverside Parkway project. There was \$69,110,000 unpaid principal at December 31, 2009, payable over the following term:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$3,710,000	\$3,270,387	\$6,980,387
2011	3,905,000	3,080,012	6,985,012
2012	4,105,000	2,879,762	6,984,762
2013	4,315,000	2,669,262	6,984,262
2014	3,735,000	2,468,012	6,203,012
2015-2019	21,730,000	9,286,744	31,016,744
2020-2024	27,610,000	3,403,138	31,013,138
	\$69,110,000	\$27,057,317	\$96,167,317

#### **PROMISSORY NOTES:**

\$195,930, 5% promissory note issued in 1989, to the Colorado Water Conservation Board, payable in 25 annual installments of \$13,902 including interest, collateralized by a portion of the water supply flow line. There was no unpaid principal at December 31, 2009.

#### INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT:

The City of Grand Junction entered into an intergovernmental agreement dated September 24, 2008 with Mesa County Valley School District No. 51 for public use of the Chipeta Elementary School gymnasium and multipurpose room, which is owned and maintained by the District. The City has agreed to pay the District the sum of \$565,436 for current and future public use of these facilities. The agreement provides for three interest free installments of \$188,479 to be made on October 1 of each year beginning October 1, 2008.

There was \$188,478 unpaid principal at December 31, 2009. The expense will be recognized when the obligation is due.

#### LOAN PAYABLE:

The City of Grand Junction entered into a loan agreement dated April 1, 2002 with the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority to finance improvements on the City's water system. The principal amount is \$3,566,522 at a net effective interest rate of 4.02%, payable February 1 and August 1 annually through 2022. The water system net revenues are pledged as security for the loan. The loan proceeds are held by a trustee on behalf of the City with disbursements occurring upon receipt of a requisition executed by the City. The unpaid principal at December 31, 2009 was \$2,634,486 payable over the following term from *Business activities*:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$167,012	\$108,751	\$275,763
2011	172,400	104,213	276,613
2012	177,787	99,530	277,317
2013	183,175	94,700	277,875
2014	188,562	89,554	278,116
2015-2019	1,023,625	359,002	1,382,627
2020-2022	721,925	109,033	830,958
	\$2,634,486	\$ 964,783	\$3,599,269

#### Component Unit – Downtown Development Authority:

#### TAX INCREMENT BONDS:

During 2009, the Downtown Development Authority issued \$10,000,000 Tax Increment Financing Bonds. The bonds bear an interest rate of 3% and are payable on June 15 and December 15 of each year through 2012. The unpaid principal at December 31, 2009 was \$9,325,000 payable over the following term:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$3,015,000	\$279,750	\$3,294,750
2011	3,110,000	189,300	3,299,300
2012	3,200,000	96,000	3,296,000
	\$9,325,000	\$ 565,050	\$9,890,050

There are certain reserve requirements, limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all significant requirements.

#### NOTE 7. BUDGET TO ACTUAL PRESENTATION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Modifications to budgetary basis consist of adding capital expenditures and debt service principal payments to, and excluding depreciation and amortization expense, bad debt expense, estimated claims expense, and any changes in accrued compensated absences and accrued interest expense from GAAP basis expenditures.

	Budgeted Amounts		Expenditures		Expenditures	Variance with Final Budget –
	0.1.1		Reported on the	Adjustment to	on Budgetary	Positive
	Original	Final	Basis of GAAP	<b>Budgetary Basis</b>	Basis	(Negative)
Enterprise Funds:						
Water	\$5,831,359	\$6,265,096	\$5,249,054	\$ 684,705	\$5,933,759	\$ 331,337
Solid Waste Removal	3,172,533	4,405,425	4,157,540	73,352	4,230,892	174,533
Two Rivers						
Convention Center	3,595,743	3,595,743	3,387,690	(229,213)	3,158,477	437,266
<b>Swimming Pools</b>	948,315	948,315	1,023,746	(136,436)	887,310	61,005
Lincoln Park Golf	-	_	873,893	(873,893)	-	
Golf Courses	2,496,175	3,702,715	2,457,801	1,191,313	3,649,114	53,601
Parking Authority	595,985	648,418	529,886	117,907	647,793	625
Irrigation	267,693	267,693	299,123	(57,890)	241,233	26,460
Ambulance Transport	2,664,018	2,664,018	3,559,523	(1,146,552)	2,412,971	251,047
Internal Service						
Funds:						
Data Processing	4,989,008	4,989,008	3,765,315	343,109	4,108,424	880,584
Equipment	4,893,975	4,893,975	4,007,699	(714,174)	3,293,525	1,600,450
Self-Insurance	1,683,184	2,461,059	3,294,781	(907,539)	2,387,242	73,817
Communications						
Center	7,173,669	7,173,669	5,053,191	1,283,549	6,336,740	836,929

### NOTE 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2009, is as follows:

#### Due to/from other funds:

	Due from	Due to Other
	Other Funds	Funds
General Fund	\$3,552,988	\$ -
Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund to cover the cost of capital	-	1,433,978
Parkway Project Capital Projects Fund to cover the cost of capital	-	903,215
Communications Center Internal Service Fund to cover the cost of operations	=	135,967
Parking Enterprise Fund to pay current portion of advance	-	241,946
Two River Convention Center Enterprise Fund to cover the cost of operations	-	64,120
Swimming Pools Enterprise Fund to cover the cost of operations	-	37,343
Ambulance Transport Enterprise Fund to cover the cost of operations	=	491,142
Solid Waste Removal Enterprise Fund to pay current portion of advance	-	74,307
Tiara Rado Golf Course Enterprise Fund to pay current portion of advance	-	170,970
Total	\$3,552,988	\$3,552,988

#### Advances to/from other funds:

	Advance to Other Funds	Advance from Other Funds
General Fund	\$7,207,186	\$ -
Ambulance Transport Fund to cover the cost of operations	-	157,906
Solid Waste Removal Enterprise Fund to cover the cost of operations	-	1,066,675
Tiara Rado Golf Enterprise Fund to cover the cost of new irrigation system	-	1,259,450
Parking Enterprise Fund to cover partial cost of new parking garage		4,723,155
Total	\$7,207,186	\$7,207,186

#### Interfund Transfers:

Transfers Out:	General <u>Fund</u>	Sales Tax <u>CIP</u>	Parkway Debt Retirement <u>Fund</u>	Two Rivers Convention Center	Golf Courses <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor Governmental	Internal Service	Nonmajor <u>Proprietary</u>	<u>Total</u>
General Fund	\$ -	\$7,930,039	\$2,612,854	\$302,418	\$ -	\$ 1,248,680	\$ -	\$ 82,071	\$12,176,062
Sales Tax CIP	4,980	-	-	-	-	10,708,576	-	44,483	10,758,039
Street Assessment	-	385,531	-	-	-	-	-	-	385,531
Nonmajor Governmental Internal	322,687	997,229	-	198,733	197,250	-	710,436	-	2,426,335
Service	11,695	472,819	-	-	-	-	-	-	484,514
Nonmajor Proprietary		_	_		873,893	-		-	873,893
Total Transfers Out	\$339,362	\$9,785,618	\$2,612,854	\$501,151	\$1,071,143	\$11,957,256	\$710,436	\$126,554	\$27,104,374

Transfers into the General Fund were to assist with cemetery operations (\$26,794); to reimburse administrative costs of the Community Development Block Grant; to purchase public art; and to cover the Downtown Catalyst Project (\$80,000) and the Chipeta Elementary School intergovernmental agreement (\$188,479). Transfers out of the General Fund were for economic development projects, capital construction, and to set aside dollars to repay the parkway debt.

Transfers into the Sales Tax CIP Fund were for various capital construction projects. Transfers out of the Sales Tax CIP Fund were to cover the Big Pipe Project (\$3,277,429), the swimming pool water slide replacement, and to repay the parkway debt (\$6,981,147).

The Street Assessment Projects Fund transferred \$385,531 to the Sales Tax CIP Fund for street improvement projects.

Transfers into the Two Rivers Convention Center Fund were to subsidize operations.

Transfers into the Golf Courses Fund were primarily to combine the Lincoln Park Golf Course Fund with the Tiara Rado Golf Course Fund (\$873,893).

Transfers into the Internal Service Fund of \$710,436 were for equipment upgrades funded by the E-911 surcharge.

#### NOTE 9. RETIREMENT PLANS

#### **A. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS**

The City maintains several defined contribution retirement plans for various classes of employees. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed on the plan participant's behalf to the plan plus investment earnings.

Under City ordinances, substantially all full-time City employees, other than sworn police officers and fire fighters and elected officials, are covered by a mandatory contributory defined contribution retirement plan. The City of Grand Junction, Colorado, Employees Retirement Plan is administered by the International City Manager's Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC). The plan provides for retirement benefits based upon an employee's vested account. A participant becomes 100% vested on completion of five years of service. Amounts forfeited by employees who leave employment before becoming fully vested are used to pay for administrative expenses of the plan. The City matches employees' required contributions of 6% of base salary. An employee may make voluntary contributions of up to an additional 10%. Total payroll for all City employees for the year ended December 31, 2009, was \$48,381,569. Covered wages and contributions in 2009 were as follows:

General Employee Plan	
Covered wages	\$26,424,056
City contribution	1,585,466
Employee contribution	1,585,466

Effective January 1, 1980, under state statutes, all fire fighters and police officers hired after April 8, 1978, are covered under fire and police defined contribution pension plans (new hire plans). Fire fighters and police officers hired prior to this date had the option to remain in the defined benefit plans (old hire plans) or to transfer to the applicable new plan. The new plans are administered by independent boards. The assets of the New Hire Police Money Purchase Pension Plan and the New Hire Fire Money Purchase Pension Plan are maintained by the International City Manager's Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC). Vesting is accomplished over a five-year period. Amounts forfeited by employees who leave employment before becoming fully vested are retained by the plan for administrative expenses of the plan. The rate of contribution under the new plan is 10.65% of regular salary for the employee and the City. Covered wages and contributions in 2009 were as follows:

New Hire - Police & Fire	Police Officers	Fire Fighters
Covered wages	\$7,549,349	\$6,875,062
City contribution	804,142	732,435
Employee contribution	804,142	732,435

In 1988, the City established supplemental defined contribution plans (new supplemental plans) for fire fighters and police officers hired before April 8, 1978, whom remained as participants in the defined benefit plans (old plans). The Old Hire Police Officers Rank Escalation Pension Plan and the Old Hire Firefighters Rank Escalation Pension Plan were established in exchange for a freeze in rank escalation benefits in the old plans at 1980 levels. The plans are administered by the International City Manager's Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC). Under these new supplemental plans, the City contributes 6.65% of the employee's gross wages to the plan and the employee contributes .65%. Employees' balances became fully vested upon establishment of the plans. In 2009, there were no police officers participating in the defined benefit plans. Covered wages of fire fighters in 2009 were as follows:

Old Hire Rank Escalation	Police C	officers	Fire Fighters
Covered wages	\$	-	\$18,668
City contribution		-	1,241
Employee contribution		-	121

In addition to the above retirement plans, all fire fighters and police officers are covered under a statewide, state-funded death and disability plan.

#### **B.** DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The City, on behalf of certain full-time paid firefighters and police officers, contributes to the Fire Old Hire Pension Fund and the Police Old Hire Pension Fund, both defined benefit, single employer plans that are affiliated with the Fire and Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA). Assets of the plans are commingled for investment purposes in the Fire and Police Member's Benefit Fund; a combination of agent, multiple -employer defined benefit pension plans administered by FPPA with over 300 participating employers in the State of Colorado. The plans provide retirement benefits for members and beneficiaries according to the plan provisions as enacted and governed by the Board of Directors of each plan. Title 31, Article 30 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS), as amended, establishes basic benefit provisions under the plans. FPPA issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes the assets of the plans, note disclosures related to the plan investments and policies, and separate biennial actuarial reports for each of the plans. The reports may be obtained by writing to FPPA of Colorado, 5290 DTC Parkway, Suite 100, Englewood, Colorado, 80111, or by calling FPPA at 1-800-770-3772.

All City police officers and firefighters hired prior to April 8, 1978, participated in the plan until January 1, 1980, when they could remain in the plan or transfer and become a participant in a defined contribution plan (new hire plan). Police officers' benefits become vested after twenty years of service and age 55 or after twenty-five years of service. Firefighters' benefits become vested after twenty years of service and age 50. Vested employees who retire are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to one half of one month's salary at the time of retirement, plus any vested rank escalation. Rank escalation benefits allow for increases in benefits equal to one half of any salary increases given to current City employees in the retiree's last position. Rank escalation benefits vested at 5% for each year of service until 1980. Benefits vested after 1979 are limited to increases of 3% per year for inflation, as determined by the state. The system also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and City ordinance.

Funding Policy and Annual Pension Cost. Plan members and the City are required to contribute at a rate set by statute. The State of Colorado also contributes to the plans in an amount set by statute. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established under Title 31, Article 30 of the CRS, as amended.

City employees participating in the system are required to contribute 10% of their base earnings to the system. During 2009, there were no active policemen covered by the Police Old Hire Plan and 20 retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits. The City's payroll for firefighters covered by the system was \$18,668 out of a total payroll of \$48,381,569 for the year ended December 31, 2009. There was 1 active firefighter contributing to the Fire Old Hire Plan and 36 retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits. The City and State of Colorado are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the system. Contributions to the funds for the year ended December 31, 2009, were as follows:

	Police Old Hire Plan	Fire Old Hire Plan	Total
City contribution Employee contributions	\$443,213	\$203,292 2,201	\$646,505 2,201
State contribution Total	<u>\$443,213</u>	<u>\$205,493</u>	<u>\$648,706</u>

The financial statements of the Police Old Hire Plan and the Fire Old Hire Plan are presented as pension trust funds in the City's financial statements and are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are presented at fair value except real-estate which is recorded at estimated fair value based upon periodic appraisals and valuations, investments in limited partnerships which are recorded at estimated fair value as derived from financial statements, and guaranteed investment contracts which are recorded at contract value. There are no investments in, loans to, or lease with parties related to the plans. State contributions on behalf of City employees are recognized as revenues and expenditures in the General Fund in accordance with GASB Statement 24. During 2001, the Fire Old Hire Plan was fully funded and the State of Colorado was no longer required to make contributions to the plan.

The City's annual pension cost for the current year and related information for each plan is as follows:

	Police Old Hire Plan	Fire Old Hire Plan
Annual required contribution		
(ARC)	\$715,629	\$192,143
Interest on net pension obligation		
(NPO)	47,050	23,131
Adjustment to ARC	<u>(71,655)</u>	(35,228)
Annual pension cost	691,024	180,046
Contributions made	443,213	205,493
Increase (Decrease) in NPO	247,811	(25,447)
NPO – January 1, 2009	459,857	<u>196,611</u>
NPO – December 31, 2009	<u>\$707,668</u>	<u>\$171,164</u>
Actuarial valuation date	1/1/08	1/1/08
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar, open	Level dollar, open
Remaining amortization period	14 years	14 years
Asset valuation method	3-Year Smoothed,	3-Year Smoothed,
	FMV	FMV
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	8.00%	8.00%
Projected salary increases	4.75%	4.75%
Includes inflation at	3.50%	3.50%
Cost of living adjustment	3.00% - 4.00%	3.00% - 4.00%
= =		

Three-year trend information is as follows:

		Annual	Percentage	
	Year	Pension Cost	of APC	Net Pension
	Ending	(APC)	Contributed	Obligation
Police Old Hire Plan	12/31/07	\$690,240	119.30%	\$609,346
	12/31/08	693,156	121.57%	459,857
	12/31/09	691,024	64.14%	707,668
Fire Old Hire Plan	12/31/07	\$299,540	93.38%	\$217,614
	12/31/08	292,760	107.17%	196,611
	12/31/09	180,046	114.13%	171,164

Funded Status and Funding Progress. Listed below is the required disclosure for the most recent actuarial valuation and the two preceding valuations:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial value of plan assets (a)	Actuarial accrued liability (b)	Unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) (c)	Funded ratio (a)/(b)
Police Old Hi	re Plan			
1/1/08	\$ 3,368,995	\$ 6,540,220	\$ 3,171,225	52%
1/1/06	2,407,072	6,524,614	4,117,542	37%
1/1/04	2,373,408	6,870,885	4,497,477	35%
Fire Old Hire	Plan			
1/1/08	\$13,001,110	\$14,753,919	\$ 1,752,809	88%
1/1/06	11,668,292	14,497,968	2,829,676	80%
1/1/04	11,041,517	14,415,150	3,373,633	77%

The funding policy for the plans has been prescribed by state law in amounts that are expected to fully fund the plan by the year 2015. Both of these old-hire plans are being phased out with no new members added since 1978. No other factors are anticipated to significantly affect the trends in amounts reported.

#### NOTE 10. POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

Plan Description. The City of Grand Junction's Employee Retirement Health Benefit Plan is administered by the City of Grand Junction (the City). The Retiree Health Benefit Plan was implemented by the City in 1998, after a favorable vote by employees, to provide affordable healthcare coverage to its retirees and their dependents. The plan in primarily funded through mandatory payroll deductions of all active benefited employees. The Rocky Mountain Healthcare C3 Plan (C3) offers free healthcare coverage at retirement for the employee who retires at age 50-64 with 15 years of service or more. Employee spouses and dependents that qualify for coverage must pay current C3 rates to participate. Coverage terminates for the employee and eligible dependents at age 65 when Medicare eligibility begins. Disabled employees with five years of service are also eligible to enroll in the plan.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of retirees and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council of the City. Retirees receiving benefits contributed \$127,696 or approximately 39.5 percent of the total premiums, through their required contribution of \$387.86 per month for spouse coverage and \$639.96 for family coverage. Only the retiree's premium is paid by the city.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to C3:

	Retiree Healthcare Plan
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$448,405
Interest on net OPEB obligation	-
Adjustment to ARC	<del>_</del>
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	448,405
Contributions made	<u>(195,652)</u>
Increase in net OPEB obligation	252,753
Net OPEB obligation – January 1, 2009	<u>174,355</u>
Net OPEB obligation – December 31, 2009	<u>\$427,108</u>

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2009 and the two preceding years were as follows:

	A1 ODED	
	Annual OPEB	
Annual	Cost	Net OPEB
OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
n/a		n/a
\$414,985	57.99%	\$174,355
\$448,405	43.63%	\$427,108
	OPEB Cost n/a \$414,985	OPEB Cost         Contributed           n/a         n/a           \$414,985         57.99%

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was unfunded. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) for benefits was \$5.6 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$39,041,177 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 14.4 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future

employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the fund status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2008 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is based on the employer's own investments and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 6 percent after seven years. The UAAL is being amortized on a level-dollar basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2009, was 28 years.

#### NOTE 11. RELATED ENTITIES

#### A. JOINT VENTURES

#### City of Grand Junction/Mesa County, Colorado, Joint Sewer System

The City operates and manages the City of Grand Junction/Mesa County, Colorado, Joint Sewer System, a regional sewer system. The regional sewer system was organized by agreements made in 1979 and 1980 to provide sewer collection and treatment for the metropolitan area in the Grand Valley. The City contributed all assets which were included in its pre-existing Sewer Fund while Mesa County contributed its name through the issuance of revenue bonds, which are payable from and secured by revenue of the sewer system. After contribution of these assets, the City's pre-existing Sewer Fund was terminated. The City does not have a measurable present or future claim to the net resources of the Joint Sewer System, and therefore does not record an equity interest in its financial statements. The agreements provide that both the City and Mesa County approve the sewer system's annual appropriation budget. The City's utility department operates and manages the sewer system. The agreements provide that upon dissolution of the joint venture, ownership of the assets of the Joint Sewer system shall be determined by mutual agreement. Condensed financial statements of the sewer system at December 31, 2009 and for the year then ended, are as follows:

Statement of Net Assets			
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 15,811,007		
Noncurrent assets	894,321		
Net property, plant, and equipment	62,036,275		
Total assets	<u>\$ 78,741,603</u>		
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	\$ 1,751,519		
Long-term debt	12,994,783		
Total liabilities	14,746,302		
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	47,986,707		
Unrestricted	<u>16,008,594</u>		
Total net assets	<u>\$ 63,995,301</u>		

#### **Statement of Revenue and Expenses**

Operating revenue	\$ 7,862,343
Operating expenses	<u>7,784,867</u>
Operating income	77,476
Net nonoperating revenue and expenses	(76,802)
Capital contributions	2,199,660
Change in net assets	2,200,334
Total net assets - beginning	61,794,967
Total net assets - ending	<u>\$ 63,995,301</u>

Since the City operates the Joint Sewer System, all cash balances are included in the City sponsored Cash Pool. The Joint Sewer System is an external participant in that pool. The Joint Sewer System's share of the pool is \$14,779,916 reported as an Investment Trust Fund in the City's reporting entity. See Note 3 for disclosure of all investing policies concerning the pool.

Operating expense includes \$2,028,699 of depreciation. Separately issued financial statements for the City of Grand Junction/Mesa County, Colorado, Joint Sewer System are available at the City of Grand Junction, 250 North Fifth Street, Grand Junction, Colorado 81501-2668.

Long-term debt of the Joint Sewer System consists of the following:

#### LOAN PAYABLE

The Joint Sewer System entered into a loan agreement dated April 1, 2002 with the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority to finance the elimination of combined storm and sanitary sewer lines and septic system elimination. The principal amount is \$13,490,000 at a net effective interest rate of 3.62%, payable February 1 and August 1 annually through 2024. The sewer system net revenues are pledged as security for the loan. The loan proceeds are held by a trustee on behalf of the Joint Sewer System with disbursements occurring upon receipt of a requisition executed by the City/County. The unpaid principal at December 31, 2009 was \$8,505,000 payable over the following term from *Business activities*:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$ 805,000	\$ 372,050	\$ 1,177,050
2011	830,000	345,589	1,175,589
2012	855,000	318,306	1,173,306
2013	885,000	290,202	1,175,202
2014	385,000	269,961	654,961
2015-2019	2,110,000	1,152,249	3,262,249
2020-2024	2,635,000	628,888	3,263,888
	\$8,505,000	\$3,377,245	\$11,882,245

#### **BONDS PAYABLE**

The Joint Sewer System issued \$5,200,000 of approved revenue bonds (Direct Pay Build America Bonds Series 2009) bearing interest at 3.99% payable June 1 and December 1 annually through December 2019 to extend, better, otherwise improve and equip its joint wastewater system. The unpaid principal at December 31, 2009 was \$5,200,000 payable over the following term from *Business activities*:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	\$420,000	\$167,530	\$587,530
2011	440,000	170,542	610,542
2012	445,000	164,835	609,835
2013	450,000	155,103	605,103
2014	460,000	142,714	602,714
2015-2019	2,985,000	454,944	3,439,944
	\$5,200,000	\$1,255,668	\$6,455,668

#### Downtown Housing Effort

The Downtown Development Authority, a component unit of the City of Grand Junction, participates on a joint venture basis with the Housing Authority of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado, in the Downtown Housing Effort (DHE). The DHE was organized in 1983 to provide new and improved housing in the downtown Grand Junction, Colorado area. The Housing Authority has been given the responsibility for the day-to-day management of the DHE. The Downtown Development Authority does not have a measurable present or future claim to the net resources of the DHE, and therefore does not record an equity interest in its financial statements. Condensed financial statements of the Downtown Housing Effort at September 30, 2009, and for the year then ended are as follows:

Balance Sheet	
Assets:	
Cash	\$397,083
Loans receivable	32,712
Total assets	<u>\$429,795</u>
Liabilities and fund equity:	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	<u>\$ 850</u>
Total liabilities	<u>850</u>
Fund equity:	
Fund balance:	
Reserved for interest and loans receivable	86,028
Unreserved, undesignated	<u>342,917</u>
Total fund equity	428,945
Total liabilities and fund equity	<u>\$429,795</u>
<b>Statement of Revenues and Expenditures</b>	
Interest and other income	\$ 2,812
Expenditures	<u>(4,598)</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>\$ (1,786)</u>

Separately issued financial statements for the Downtown Housing Effort are available from the Grand Junction Housing Authority, 1011 North 10<sup>th</sup> Street, Grand Junction, Colorado, 81501.

#### **B.** RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The City appoints members to the boards of the following organizations. The City's accountability for the organizations does not extend beyond making these appointments and there is no fiscal dependency by these organizations on the City.

#### **Grand Junction Housing Authority**

The Housing Authority is charged with providing safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations as resources permit at rents which persons of low income can afford. The Authority is governed by a seven member board, all appointed by the City Council.

#### Horizon Drive Business Improvement District

The function of the Horizon Drive Business Improvement District Board of Directors is to take such actions and perform such duties as are required of the operations of the District. The District is allowed to make and contemplate a broad range of public improvements. The District is governed by a seven member board, all appointed by the City Council.

#### NOTE 12. CONTINGENCIES

#### A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to employee health claims; torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has established the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$500,000 per occurrence on each worker's compensation claim and up to \$150,000 for each general liability or property damage claim. The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage for worker's compensation and participates in the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA) for claims in excess of coverage for general liability and property. Settled claims have not exceeded these coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

All funds of the City and the Joint Sewer System participate in the program and make payments to the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund at amounts that approximate amounts which would have been paid to outside insurance providers. The claims liability of \$2,126,930 in the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund at December 31, 2009, includes estimated ultimate losses for claims made and claims incurred but not reported, where information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider these factors. Changes in the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund's claims liability amount in 2008 and 2009 were:

	January 1	Claims and		
	Claims	Changes in		December 31
	Payable	Estimates	Claim Payments	Claims Payable
2008	\$ 966,520	\$1,162,280	\$ (908,120)	\$ 1,220,680
2009	\$1,220,680	\$2,048,340	\$(1,142,090)	\$2,126,930

#### **B.** GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### C. LITIGATION

The City is involved in several claims and lawsuits as the result of the normal conduct of City business. City management believes that those claims and lawsuits will not have a material effect on the financial statements of the City.

#### NOTE 13. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The City has sponsored several industrial revenue and special assessment bond issues to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. These issues do not constitute debt of the City of Grand Junction and the City assumes no financial obligation for these bond issues. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of December 31, 2009, there was a series of industrial revenue bonds outstanding with an original aggregate principal amount payable of \$3,555,000 and a series of private activity economic development bonds with an original aggregate principal amount payable of \$3,200,000.

Special Assessment Bonds were issued in 2003 for \$3,980,000 to fund improvements to the Rimrock Marketplace General Improvement District. The City is not liable for repayment of the debt, but the City Treasurer acts as agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders, and initiating foreclosure proceedings, if applicable.

#### NOTE 14. SEIZED FUNDS

The City received proceeds from the seizure of contraband (seized funds) under the Colorado Contraband Forfeiture Act (C.R.S. 16-13-501 to 511). The act requires that seized funds be used for law enforcement activities. Seized funds received by the City have been included in these financial statements and these funds have been used for purposes contemplated in the Act.

#### NOTE 15. TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

In November 1992, the voters of Colorado approved Amendment 1, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), which added a new Section 20 to Article X of the Colorado Constitution. TABOR contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations, and certain election requirements, which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Future spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's "Fiscal Year Spending" adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue. In April 2007, City of Grand Junction voters approved the retention by the City of all revenues exceeding the Fiscal Year Spending limit for 2006 and subsequent years until the Riverside Parkway bonded debt is paid in full, with all amounts retained to be used exclusively for payment of the debt. To that end, \$7,461,360 has been reserved for payment of the debt as of December 31, 2009.

TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Emergency reserves as of December 31, 2009, totaling \$2,000,000 are presented as a reservation of fund balance in the General Fund. Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. The City's emergency reserve is budgeted as part of the contingencies under general government in the general fund.

TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. The City's management believes the City is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR as it is understood from judicial interpretations, legal opinions and commonly accepted practices.

#### NOTE 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In November, 2009, City Council gave approval for the Water Fund to issue \$3.8 million in debt to fund various capital infrastructure improvements to the City's water system. On February 2, 2010, the City entered into a loan agreement, for \$3.8 million, with the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority. The interest rate on the loan is 2.5%, payable on May 1 and November 1 annually through 2030.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



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#### City of Grand Junction, Colorado Required Supplementary Information

#### SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Post Employment Retiree Healthcare Plan

				Total Unfunded			
		Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial			UAAL as a
Fiscal	Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	Accrued	Funded	Covered	% of Covered
Year (1)	Valuation Date	Assets (a)	Liability (b)	Liability (b-a)	Ratio (a/b)	Payroll (c)	Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2006	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2008	12/31/2008	-	5,605,779	5,605,779	0.0%	39,041,177	14.4%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> The City of Grand Junction implemented GASB 45 beginning in fiscal year ending December 31, 2008. Actuarial information is not available for prior periods. Actuarial studies will be performed biannually.



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### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

**Visitors and Convention Bureau** ~ to accumulate resources from a lodging tax and other taxes to operate a visitor and convention bureau that promotes conventions and tourism.

**Enhanced 911 Fund** ~ to account for the resources from municipal telephone charges and their expenditure for improvements to the emergency 911 communication center.

**Parkland Expansion Fund** ~ to accumulate resources from the state lottery and land developers within the City to acquire and maintain parks and green space.

**Economic Development Fund** ~ to account for resources accumulated to further economic development efforts in the City of Grand Junction and the Grand Valley area.

**Conservation Trust Fund** ~ to account for lottery proceeds received from the State Government for the development or improvement of City parks.

Community Development Fund ~ to account for resources and expenditures of the community Development block grant and other grants received for pass-thru to other agencies.

### **Capital Projects Funds**

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

**Sales Tax Capital Improvements Fund** ~ to account for the financing and construction of projects financed completely or partially with the 3/4 percent portion of the City's 2-3/4 percent sales and use tax. The 3/4 percent portion is currently dedicated to general capital improvements, economic development and debt service on the sales tax improvement bond issue.

#### **Capital Projects Funds (Continued)**

Street Assessment Projects Fund  $\sim$  to account for various street improvement projects funded partially or in whole with assessments to property owners.

**Storm Drainage Development Fund** ~ to account for storm drainage development projects funded partially or in whole with assessments to property owners.

**Parkway Project Capital Fund** ~ to account for the construction of the Riverside Parkway Financed primarily through revenue bonds.

Facilities Capital Fund ~ to account for the acquisition and construction of city facilities.

#### **Debt Service Funds**

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

General Debt Service Fund ~ to account for all resources which are being accumulated for general long-term debt principal and interest payments maturing in future years other than long-term debt accounted for in enterprise and internal service funds or where a separate debt service fund is legally mandated.

**Ridges Debt Service Fund** ~ to account for the disposition of those assets received by the City upon the dissolution of the Ridges Metropolitan District restricted to the payment of Ridges long-term debt, the collection of property taxes levied within the District for the payment of long-term debt and the payment of Ridges long-term debt.

Grand Junction West Water and Sanitation District (GJWWSD) Debt Service Fund ~ to account for those assets received by the City upon the dissolution of the Grand Junction West Water and Sanitation District restricted to the payment of GJWWSD long-term debt, the collection of property taxes and other fees levied within the District for the payment of long-term debt and the payment of GJWWSD long-term debt.

**Grand Junction Public Finance Corporation Debt Service Fund** ~ to account for debt Service payments incurred in the financing of open space land.

The **Parkway Debt Retirement Fund** is a debt service fund used to account for all resources which are being accumulated for the early retirement of the Parkway Project long-term debt principal and interest payments maturing in future years.

#### **Permanent Funds**

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earning, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's program.

Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund ~ to accumulate resources to provide for the future maintenance of municipal cemeteries.



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#### City of Grand Junction

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2009

	_							Special Reve	enu	е			
	Visitors and Convention Bureau		Enhanced 911		Parkland Expansion		Economic Development		Conservation Trust	 Community Development		Total	
ASSETS													
Cash and investments	\$	618,129	\$	2,217,488	\$	764,159	\$	528,408	\$	136,320	\$ 6,892	\$	4,271,396
Accounts receivable		576		233,781		-		7,070		-	-		241,427
Taxes receivable		118,255		_		-		-		-	-		118,255
Intergovernmental receivable		-		-				-		-	 2,911		2,911
Total assets	\$ <b>_</b>	736,960	* <b>=</b>	2,451,269	\$.	764,159	\$.	535,478	\$	136,320	\$ 9,803	<sup>\$</sup> _	4,633,989
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:													
Accounts payable	\$	30,453	\$	9,900	\$	556	\$	8,391	\$	-	\$ 22	\$	49,322
Accrued liabilities		15,451		-		-		· -		_	-		15,451
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Deferred revenue		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Total liabilities		45,904		9,900	•	556	•	8,391		-	22		64,773
Fund balances:									•				
Reserved for perpetual care		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Reserved for debt service		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Unreserved:													
Designated for subsequent													
year's expenditures		135,051		1,059,389		-		147,041		-	-		1,341,481
Undesignated		556,005		1,381,980		763,603		380,046		136,320	 9,781		3,227,735
Total fund balances	_	691,056		2,441,369		763,603		527,087		136,320	 9,781	_	4,569,216
Total liabilities and													
fund balances	\$_	736,960	= <sup>\$</sup> =	2,451,269	\$ :	764,159	\$:	535,478	\$ <b>.</b>	136,320	\$ 9,803	<sup>\$</sup> =	4,633,989

			Debt S	Serv	ice					Capital	Pro	jects			_	Permanent Fund	•	
_	Ridges		GJWWSD		GJ Public Finance		Total		Storm Drainage Development	 Parkway Project Capital Improvements Fund		Facilities Capital Projects	_	Total		Cemetery Perpetual Care		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	160,759 8,746 203,807	\$	123,868 - -	\$	510 - -	\$	285,137 8,746 203,807	\$	202,482 51,392 -	\$ - 903,215 -	\$	1,576,544 - -	\$	1,779,026 954,607 -	\$	1,256,699 709 -	\$	7,592,258 1,205,489 322,062
\$ <b>=</b>	373,312	\$	123,868	\$	510	\$_	497,690	\$ •	253,874	\$ 903,215	\$	1,576,544	\$_	2,733,633	\$	1,257,408	\$	2,911 9,122,720
\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	<del>-</del> -	\$	- -	\$	249,409 4,465	\$ <del>-</del> -	\$	14,316 -	\$	263,725 4,465	\$	- -	\$	313,047 19,916
-	- 212,553 212,553	· -	- - -		- - -	· -	212,553 212,553	· -	- - 253,874	 903,215 - 903,215	 	- - 14,316	_	903,215 - 1,171,405	· -	- - -		903,215 212,553 1,448,731
	- 160,759		- 123,868		- 510		- 285,137		-	-		- -		-		1,257,408 -		1,257,408 285,137
_	- - 160,759		- - 123,868		- - 510	. <u>-</u>	- - 285,137		- - -	- - -		1,091,200 471,028 1,562,228	_	1,091,200 471,028 1,562,228		- - 1,257,408		2,432,681 3,698,763 7,673,989
\$ =	373,312	\$ •	123,868	\$	510	\$ <b>*</b>	497,690	\$	253,874	\$ 903,215	·	1,576,544	\$_	2,733,633	\$	1,257,408	\$	9,122,720

### City of Grand Junction, Colorado COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended December 31, 2009

_				Special Revenue	)			
	Visitors and Convention Bureau	Enhanced 911	Parkland Expansion	Economic Development	Conservation Trust	Community Development	Total	General
REVENUES	4 707 000 4	•	,	· •	ď	φ.	4 707 336 ¢	
Taxes	1,797,336	- \$	- ;	5 - \$		5 - \$ 531,111	1,797,336 \$	-
Intergovernmental	26.019	1 202 766	-	-	504,571	331,111	1,035,682 1,430,684	-
Charges for services Miscellaneous	36,918	1,393,766	- 136,211	-	-	-	136,211	-
Investment income	- 14,510	- 47,567	27,430	- 7,585	6,050	- 925	104,067	-
	1,848,764	1,441,333	163,641	7,585	510,621	532,036	4.503.980	<del></del>
Total revenues	1,040,704	1,441,333	103,041	7,565	510,621		4,303,960	<del></del> _
EXPENDITURES  Current:  General government	1,983,771	-	11,235	2,291,755	-	-	4,286,761	-
Urban development and housing	-	_	<u>-</u>	-	_	332,981	332,981	-
Debt service:								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,530,000
Interest	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	3,451,297
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-		<u>-</u>	
Total expenditures	1,983,771		11,235	2,291,755	-	332,981	4,619,742	6,981,297
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(135,007)	1,441,333	152,406	(2,284,170)	510,621	199,055	(115,762)	(6,981,297)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	-	-	-	1,698,680	_	-	1,698,680	6,981,147
Transfers out	(198,733)	(710,436)	(910,401)	-	(374,546)	(198,130)	(2,392,246)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(198,733)	(710,436)	(910,401)	1,698,680	(374,546)	(198,130)	(693,566)	6,981,147
Net change in fund balance	(333,740)	730,897	(757,995)	(585,490)	136,075	925	(809,328)	(150)
Fund balances - beginning	1,024,796	1,710,472	1,521,598	1,112,577	245	8,856	5,378,544	150
Fund balances - ending	691,056	\$ 2,441,369 \$	763,603	\$ 527,087 \$	136,320 \$	9,781 \$	4,569,216 \$	

		Debt Service	<b>)</b>			Capital Pr	Permanent Fund			
_	Ridges	GJWWSD	GJ Public Finance	Total	Storm Drainage Development	Parkway Project Capital Improvements Fund	Facilities Capital Projects	Total	Cemetery Perpetual Care	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	197,862	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 197,862	\$ -	\$ - \$	- ;	\$ - :	\$ - :	\$ 1,995,198
	-	-	-	-	181,185	-	225,000	406,185	-	1,441,867
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,641	1,453,325
	-	3,569	-	3,569	43,670	-	49,248	92,918	-	232,698
_	5,760	2,586		8,346			24,275	24,275	26,566	163,254
=	203,622	6,155	<u> </u>	209,777	224,855	<u> </u>	298,523	523,378	49,207	5,286,342
	6,400	-	-	6,400	-	-	-	-	-	4,293,161
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	332,981
	165,000	-	-	3,695,000	-	-	-	- -	-	3,695,000
	57,335	-	-	3,508,632	-	-	-	-	-	3,508,632
_	-				3,502,521	(1,119)	1,005,625	4,507,027		4,507,027
	228,735		-	7,210,032	3,502,521	(1,119)	1,005,625	4,507,027		16,336,801
	(25,113)	6,155	-	(7,000,255)	(3,277,666)	1,119	(707,102)	(3,983,649)	49,207	(11,050,459)
	_	_	_	6,981,147	3,277,429	_	_	3,277,429	_	11,957,256
_	-			-	-	(1,119)	(6,176)	(7,295)	(26,794)	(2,426,335)
_				6,981,147	3,277,429	(1,119)	(6,176)	3,270,134	(26,794)	9,530,921
	(25,113)	6,155	-	(19,108)	(237)	-	(713,278)	(713,515)	22,413	(1,519,538)
<b>\$</b> _	185,872 160,759	117,713 \$ 123,868	\$ 510 \$ 510	304,245 \$ 285,137	\$	\$ <u> </u>	2,275,506 1,562,228	2,275,743 \$ 1,562,228	1,234,995 \$ 1,257,408	9,193,527 \$ 7,673,989

# VISITORS AND CONVENTION BUREAU SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 2,466,359	\$	1,797,336	\$	(669,023)
Charges for services	57,100		36,918		(20,182)
Investment income	38,995	_	14,510	_	(24,485)
Total revenues	2,562,454	_	1,848,764	_	(713,690)
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government:	2,501,005	_	1,983,771		517,234
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	61,449		(135,007)		(196,456)
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	(198,733)	_	(198,733)	_	
Net change in fund balance	(137,284)		(333,740)		(196,456)
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,024,796 887,512	\$ <b>_</b>	1,024,796 691,056	\$ =	(196,456)

#### **ENHANCED 911 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	_	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$	700,612	\$	-	\$	(700,612)
Charges for services		1,439,360		1,393,766		(45,594)
Investment income	_	40,911		47,567	_	6,656
Total revenues	_	2,180,883		1,441,333		(739,550)
EXPENDITURES	_	-	_		_	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		2,180,883		1,441,333		(739,550)
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out	_	(3,280,524)	_	(710,436)	_	2,570,088
Net change in fund balance		(1,099,641)		730,897		1,830,538
Fund balances - beginning		1,710,472		1,710,472		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	610,831	\$ _	2,441,369	\$	1,830,538

#### PARKLAND EXPANSION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

For the year ended D	December 31.	2009
----------------------	--------------	------

	_	Budgete Original	ed Am	iounts Final	_	Actual	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Miscellaneous	\$	935,000	\$	300,000	\$	136,211	\$	(163,789)
Investment income		90,396		40,000		27,430		(12,570)
Total revenues	_	1,025,396		340,000		163,641		(176,359)
EXPENDITURES  Current:								
General government:	_	-	_	-	_	11,235	_	(11,235)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,025,396		340,000		152,406		(187,594)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	_	(780,000)	_	(950,141)	_	(910,401)	-	39,740
Net change in fund balance		245,396		(610,141)		(757,995)		(147,854)
Fund balances - beginning		1,521,598	_	1,521,598	_	1,521,598		
Fund balances - ending	\$ <b>_</b>	1,766,994	<sup>\$</sup> =	911,457	<sup>\$</sup> =	763,603	\$ =	(147,854)

### ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	_	Budgeted A		Adval	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES					
Investment income	\$_	13,330 \$	10,664 \$	7,585 \$	(3,079)
EXPENDITURES  Current:					
General government:	_	2,565,222	2,605,921	2,291,755	314,166
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(2,551,892)	(2,595,257)	(2,284,170)	311,087
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	_	2,450,000	1,700,000	1,698,680	(1,320)
Net change in fund balance		(101,892)	(895,257)	(585,490)	309,767
Fund balances - beginning		1,112,577	1,112,577	1,112,577	-
Fund balances - ending	\$ _	1,010,685 \$	217,320 \$	527,087 \$	309,767

### CONSERVATION TRUST SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual							Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES							_	
Intergovernmental	\$	560,000	\$	500,000	\$	504,571	\$	4,571
Investment income	•	-	•	1,570	•	6,050	•	4,480
Total revenues	_	560,000		501,570		510,621	_	9,051
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_	560,000		<u>-</u> 501,570		<u>-</u> 510,621	_	<u>-</u> 9,051
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	_	(306,000)		(470,466)		(374,546)	_	95,920
Net change in fund balance		254,000		31,104		136,075		104,971
Fund balances - beginning		245		245		245		-
Fund balances - ending	\$ =	254,245	\$	31,349	\$	136,320	\$ =	104,971

### COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the year ended December 31, 2009

	_	Budgete Original	ed Am	iounts Final	_	Actual	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	340,000	\$	541,101	\$	531,111 \$	3	(9,990)
Investment Income	_	-				925		925
Total revenues	_	340,000		541,101	_	532,036		(9,065)
EXPENDITURES  Current:								
Urban development and housing	_	320,000	_	432,900	_	332,981	_	99,919
Excess of revenues over expenditures		20,000		108,201		199,055		90,854
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	_	(20,000)	_	(115,701)	_	(198,130)	_	(82,429)
Net change in fund balance		-		(7,500)		925		8,425
Fund balances - beginning		8,856		8,856		8,856		-
Fund balances - ending	\$ _	8,856	\$	1,356	\$	9,781 \$	} _	8,425

#### GENERAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the year ended December 31, 2009

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	\$ 	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$	
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service:	0.500.000		2 522 222		
Principal retirement	3,530,000		3,530,000		- 1
Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures	3,451,298 6,981,298	_	3,451,297 6,981,297		1
rotal experiatores	0,001,200	-	0,001,207	•	<u> </u>
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(6,981,298)		(6,981,297)		1
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	0.004.000		0.004.447		(2.11)
Transfers in	6,981,388	-	6,981,147		(241)
Net change in fund balance	90		(150)		(240)
Fund balances - beginning	150		150		-
Fund balances - ending	\$ 240	\$ _		\$	(240)

### RIDGES DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	<u>-</u>	Budgete Original	ed Ar	mounts Final	_	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	190,400	\$	190,400	\$	197,862	\$	7,462
Investment income	_	6,119	_	4,895		5,760	_	865
Total revenues	_	196,519	_	195,295	_	203,622	_	8,327
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		6,700		6,400		300
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		165,000		165,000		165,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges	_	57,035	_	57,035	_	57,335		(300)
Total expenditures	_	222,035	-	228,735	_	228,735	_	-
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(25,516)		(33,440)		(25,113)		8,327
Fund balances - beginning		185,872		185,872		185,872		-
Fund balances - ending	\$ =	160,356	\$ _	152,432	\$ =	160,759	\$	8,327

# GRAND JUNCTION WEST WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the year ended December 31, 2009

		Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	_	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	3,569	\$	3,569
Investment income		4,492	_	2,586	_	(1,906)
Total revenues	,	4,492	_	6,155	_	1,663
EXPENDITURES		-	_		-	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		4,492		6,155		1,663
Fund balances - beginning		117,713		117,713		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	122,205	\$	123,868	\$ _	1,663

# GRAND JUNCTION PUBLIC FINANCE CORPORATION DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the year ended December 31, 2009

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	_	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	\$ 	\$		\$_	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES		_		_	<u>-</u>
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	-		-		-
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ 510 510	<b>-</b> \$	510 510	<b>\$</b> -	<u>-</u>

### PARKWAY DEBT RETIREMENT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	_	Budget	ed Ar		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original	_	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Investment income	\$ <b>_</b>	286,126	\$_	228,900	\$ 199,869	\$ (29,031)
EXPENDITURES	-	-	- -	-	-	<u> </u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures		286,126		228,900	199,869	(29,031)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	_	2,685,309	. <u>-</u>	2,612,854	2,612,854	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance		2,971,435		2,841,754	2,812,723	(29,031)
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ <b>-</b>	9,374,254 12,345,689	\$ =	9,374,254 12,216,008	\$ 9,374,254 12,186,977	\$ - (29,031)

### SALES TAX CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	_	Actual GAAP Basis Amounts	_	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	_	Actual on Budgetary Basis	-	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	•	45.044.000	Φ.	40 700 000	•	205 700	•	44.050.000	•	(2.002.04.4)
Taxes	\$	15,014,006	\$	10,728,283	Ф	325,709	Ъ	11,053,992	\$	(3,960,014)
Intergovernmental		3,833,333		2,407,439		-		2,407,439		(1,425,894)
Special assessments Investment income		240,000		92,198		-		92,198		(147,802)
Miscellaneous		186,043		9,475 97,023		-		9,475 97.023		(176,568) 97,023
Other contributions		-		10,700		-		97,023 10.700		97,023 10.700
Total revenues		19,273,382	_	13,345,118	-	325,709	_	13,670,827	-	(5,602,555)
Total revenues		13,213,302	-	13,343,110	-	323,703	_	10,070,027	-	(5,002,555)
EXPENDITURES										
Capital outlay:										
Construction		19,988,856	_	12,372,697	_	-	_	12,372,697	-	7,616,159
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(715,474)		972,421		325,709		1,298,130		2,013,604
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		11,551,628		9,785,618		_		9,785,618		(1,766,010)
Transfers out		(11,401,766)		(10,758,039)		_		(10,758,039)		643,727
Total other financing sources (uses)		149,862		(972,421)	_	-	_	(972,421)		(1,122,283)
Net change in fund balance		(565,612)		-		325,709		325,709		891,321
Fund balances - beginning		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	(565,612)	\$ =	-	\$	325,709	\$_	325,709	\$	891,321

### STREET ASSESSMENT PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	For the	he vea	r ended	December	31.	2009
--	---------	--------	---------	----------	-----	------

		Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	_	Actual	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
Miscellaneous:						
Development fees	\$	1,800,000	\$	979,141	\$	(820,859)
Investment income		64,334		22,610	_	(41,724)
Total revenues		1,864,334		1,001,751		(862,583)
EXPENDITURES  Excess of revenues over expenditures	-	 1,864,334	_		-	(862,583)
Excess of fever table experiences		1,001,001		1,001,701		(552,555)
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		(1,864,334)		(385,531)		1,478,803
	•	(-,,,	_	(,,	_	.,,
Net change in fund balance		-		616,220		616,220
Fund balances - beginning		206,786		206,786		_
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ .	206,786	<sub>\$</sub> -	823,006	s -	616,220
Tana salanoos - Challig	Ψ:	200,700	<b>*</b> =	020,000	Ψ=	010,220

## STORM DRAINAGE DEVELOPMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

		Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	_	Actual	-	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	181,185	\$	181,185
Miscellaneous:						
Development fees		50,000		43,670		(6,330)
Total revenues		50,000	_	224,855	_	174,855
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay:						
Construction	_	4,027,710		3,502,521	_	525,189
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(3,977,710)		(3,277,666)		700,044
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		3,970,378	_	3,277,429	_	(692,949)
Net change in fund balance		(7,332)		(237)		7,095
Fund balances - beginning		237		237		_
Fund balances - ending	\$	(7,095)	<b>\$</b> -		\$ -	7,095
	· •		_			

### PARKWAY PROJECT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Original and Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	\$ .	-	\$	-	\$.	-
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay: Construction		-	ı	(1,119)		1,119
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		1,119		1,119
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		-		(1,119)		(1,119)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>

### FACILITIES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	,	Budgeti Original	ed A	mounts Final		Actual	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	225,000	\$	225,000	\$	-
Miscellaneous		=		99,002		49,248		(49,754)
Investment income		139,999		60,000		24,275	_	(35,725)
Total revenues		139,999		384,002		298,523	_	(85,479)
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay: Construction		825,000		1,122,339		1,005,625		116,714
	,		•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•		-	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(685,001)		(738,337)		(707,102)		31,235
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out				(6,176)		(6,176)	_	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		(685,001)		(744,513)		(713,278)		31,235
Fund balances - beginning		2,275,506		2,275,506		2,275,506	_	
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,590,505	\$	1,530,993	\$ .	1,562,228	\$ =	31,235

### CEMETERY PERPETUAL CARE PERMANENT TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	_	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Perpetual care revenue	\$ 31,000	\$	22,641	\$	(8,359)
Investment income	50,911		26,566	_	(24,345)
Total revenues	81,911		49,207	_	(32,704)
EXPENDITURES		_	-	_	
Excess revenues over expenditures	81,911		49,207		(32,704)
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	(50,911)	_	(26,794)	_	24,117
Net change in fund balance	31,000		22,413		(8,587)
Fund balances - beginning	1,234,995	_	1,234,995		-
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,265,995	\$ _	1,257,408	\$ _	(8,587)

## NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### **Enterprise Funds**

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner Similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expense, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

**Solid Waste Removal Fund** ~ to account for the revenues and expenses associated with refuse collection within the city.

**Swimming Pools Fund** ~ to account for the revenues and expenses associated with the maintenance of all municipally-owned swimming pools.

**Lincoln Park Golf Course Fund** ~ to account for the revenues and expenses associated with the operations of the Lincoln Park Golf Course.

**Irrigation Fund**  $\sim$  to account for the resources and expenses associated with the operation of City-owned and leased parking facilities, as well as the enforcement of City parking regulations.

**Ambulance Transport Fund** ~ to account for the revenues and expenses associated with the operation of ambulance transport services within Mesa County.

#### **Internal Service Funds**

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

**Data Processing Fund** ~ to account for expenses associated with the operations of the data processing center that provides services to City agencies and the related charges for these Services.

**Equipment Fund**  $\sim$  to account for the expenses associated with the acquisition, operation and maintenance of City-owned vehicles and equipment, and the related charges for these services.

**Self-Insurance Fund** ~ to account for the expenses associated with providing workman's compensation and excess property and liability insurance coverage, and the related charges to the various department's within the City.

Communications Center Fund  $\sim$  to account for the expenses associated with the operations of the Grand Valley Combined Emergency 911 Communications Center, as well as the related charges for its operation to the various local governments using its services.

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2009

			Bı	ısiness-T	vne /	Activities - Enterpri	ise Funds	
	_	Solid		10111000 1	<i>y</i> po <i>i</i>	A COLVILICO ETROPA	ioc i dilac	
		Waste	Swir	nming			Ambulance	
	_	Removal	P	ools		Irrigation	Transport	Total
ASSETS								
Current assets:	•	777.545			•	444 500	•	000 44 4
Cash and investments	\$	777,515 \$		-	\$	111,599 \$	- \$	889,114
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		382,522		3,409		25,278	1,105,968	1,517,177
Intergovernmental receivable		2,720		43,491		-	-	46,211
Prepaid Items	_	152,097		40.000	-	400.077	4.405.000	152,097
Total current assets	-	1,314,854		46,900	-	136,877	1,105,968	2,604,599
Noncurrent assets:								
Capital assets:								
Buildings, improvements, plant and system		114,852	4,	799,357		3,375,059	-	8,289,268
Equipment		907,202		331,947		5,297	388,415	1,632,861
Construction in progress		2,720		5,656		30,938	11,196	50,510
Less accumulated depreciation		(761,145)	(3,	711,467)		(2,274,615)	(141,094)	(6,888,321)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated								
depreciation)		263,629	1.	425,493		1,136,679	258,517	3,084,318
Total noncurrent assets	_	263,629		425,493	-	1,136,679	258,517	3,084,318
Total assets	_	1,578,483	1,	472,393	_	1,273,556	1,364,485	5,688,917
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		488.123		4.725		9	31.358	524.215
Accrued liabilities		12,899		4,832		1,260	40,167	59,158
Compensated absences payable		8,788		906		745	4,706	15,145
Due to other funds		74,307		37,343		-	491,142	602,792
Total current liabilities	-	584,117		47,806	-	2,014	567,373	1,201,310
Total outrent habilities	-	004,117		47,000	-	2,014		1,201,010
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Compensated absences payable		114,458		11,795		9,702	61,295	197,250
Advances from other funds - general fund		1,066,675		-		-	157,906	1,224,581
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	1,181,133		11,795	_	9,702	219,201	1,421,831
Total liabilities		1,765,250		59,601	_	11,716	786,574	2,623,141
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		263,629	1	425,493		1,136,679	258,517	3,084,318
Unrestricted		(450,396)	٠,	(12,701)		125,161	319.394	(18,542)
Total net assets	<b>\$</b> -	(186,767) \$	1,	412,792	- \$ -	1,261,840 \$	577,911 \$	3,065,776
	_ =	, , ,			: =			

# City of Grand Junction, Colorado COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Business-Ty	pe Ac	tivities - Enterpri	se Fu	unds
		Solid				Lincoln
		Waste		Swimming		Park Golf
	_	Removal	_	Pools	_	Course
Operating revenues:						
Charges for sales and services	\$_	2,976,883	\$ <u></u>	679,312	<b>\$</b> _	
Operating expenses:						
Personal services		1,014,975		560,107		-
Costs of sales and services		3,114,648		261,879		-
Depreciation and amortization		27,917		201,760		-
Total operating expenses		4,157,540		1,023,746		-
Operating income (loss)		(1,180,657)		(344,434)		-
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Intergovernmental		2,720		81,444		-
Investment income		11,318		-		-
Interest expense		-		-		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		14,038		81,444		-
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(1,166,619)		(262,990)		-
Transfers in		-		126,554		-
Transfers out				-		(873,893)
Change in net assets		(1,166,619)		(136,436)		(873,893)
Total net assets - beginning		979,852		1,549,228		873,893
Total net assets - ending		(186,767)		1,412,792		-
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund						
activities related to enterprise funds:		(38,928)		(1,655)		
	\$	(225,695)	\$	1,411,137	\$_	-

	Irrigation		Ambulance Transport		Total
\$.	212,043	\$	3,574,582	\$	7,442,820
	95,591 115,490 88,042 299,123 (87,080)		1,718,616 1,776,909 40,312 3,535,837 38,745	,	3,389,289 5,268,926 358,031 9,016,246 (1,573,426)
	- 3,103		- 262		84,164 14,683
	3,103		(23,686) (23,424) 15,321		(23,686) 75,161 (1,498,265)
					126,554 (873,893)
	(83,977) 1,345,817		15,321 562,590		(2,245,604) 5,311,380
•	1,261,840	•	577,911	•	3,065,776
\$	(1,007) 1,260,833	\$	(8,479) 569,432	\$	(50,069) 3,015,707

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Business-Typ	e Ac	tivities - Enter	prise	Funds
		Solid				Lincoln
		Waste		Swimming		Park Golf
		Removal	_	Pools	_	Course
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash received from customers and users	\$	2,930,793	\$	681,094	\$	-
Cash paid to interfund		(844,075)		(35,881)		-
Cash paid to suppliers		(2,112,526)		(269,615)		-
Cash paid to employees	_	(1,061,346)	_	(574,510)	_	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	(1,087,154)	_	(198,912)	_	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Transfers from other funds		-		126,554		-
Transfers to other funds		-		-		(2,237)
Increase (decrease) in amount due other funds		-		37,343		-
Intergovernmental receipts			_	94,915	_	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities			_	258,812	_	(2,237)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Proceeds of interfund capital loans		1,140,982		-		-
Advance (Repayment) of interfund capital loans		-		-		-
Interest paid		-		-		-
Purchase of capital assets	_	(10,829)	_	(63,639)	_	-
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		1,130,153	_	(63,639)	_	-
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Investment income received		11,318			_	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	_	11,318	_	-	_	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		54,317		(3,739)		(2,237)
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1		723,198		3,739		2,237
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$	777,515	\$ =	-	\$_	-
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net						
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,180,657)	\$	(344,434)	\$	-
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		,		, ,		
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		07.047		004 700		
Depreciation expense		27,917		201,760		-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(46,090)		1,782		-
(Increase) decrease in prepaids Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(152,097) 390,198		(43,617)		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities and		330, 130		(45,017)		-
compensated absences payable		(46,371)		(14,403)		
(Increase) decrease in accounts payable due to		(40,071)		(14,400)		_
the purchase of fixed assets on account		(80,054)		_		_
Total adjustments	_	93,503	-	145,522	_	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$_	(1,087,154)	\$_	(198,912)	\$_	-
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities						
Purchase of capital assets on account	\$	80,054	\$		\$	_
Transfer of non-cash assets to other funds	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	- 871,656
Transici of horroasii assets to other lulius		-		-		07 1,000

			Ambulance		
	Irrigation		Transport		Total
\$	207,269 (21,834) (93,656) (98,327) (6,548)	\$	2,221,835 (183,861) (345,012) (1,737,099) (44,137)	\$	6,040,991 (1,085,651) (2,820,809) (3,471,282) (1,336,751)
•		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	<u> </u>
-	- - - -		236,663 - 236,663		126,554 (2,237) 274,006 94,915 493,238
-	(30,988) (30,988)		(157,906) (23,686) (11,196) (192,788)		1,140,982 (157,906) (23,686) (116,652) 842,738
	3,103 3,103		262 262		14,683 14,683
\$	(34,433) 146,032 111,599	\$	- - -	\$	13,908 875,206 889,114
-				•	
\$	(87,080)	\$	38,745	\$	(1,573,426)
	88,042 (4,774) - -		40,312 (93,166) - (11,545)		358,031 (142,248) (152,097) 335,036
	(2,736)		(18,483)		(81,993)
\$	- 80,532 (6,548)	\$	(82,882) (44,137)	\$	(80,054) 236,675 (1,336,751)
\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	80,054 871,656

# City of Grand Junction, Colorado INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2009

		Data				Self-		Communications		
		Processing		Equipment		Insurance		Center		Total
ASSETS	-		-		-		-		_	,
Current assets:										
Cash and investments	\$	1,152,109	\$	5,940,353	\$	6,600,382	\$	- :	\$	13,692,844
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		4,245		3,870		712,624		-		720,739
Intergovernmental receivable	_		_	983	_	-	_	1,171,255	_	1,172,238
Total current assets	_	1,156,354		5,945,206	_	7,313,006	_	1,171,255	_	15,585,821
Noncurrent assets:										
Capital assets:										
Buildings and improvements		-		1,248,439		_		1,225,237		2,473,676
Equipment		2,943,308		18,124,128		_		6,471,593		27,539,029
Construction in progress		12,765		-		-		1,924,189		1,936,954
Less accumulated depreciation		(999,922)		(12,918,801)		-		(3,845,765)		(17,764,488)
Total capital assets (net of	-		-		-		-			
accumulated depreciation	_	1,956,151	_	6,453,766	_	<u> </u>		5,775,254		14,185,171
Total assets	_	3,112,505		12,398,972	_	7,313,006	_	6,946,509	_	29,770,992
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		49,819		440,369		47,979		49,989		588,156
Accrued liabilities		27.749		9,506		1.740		48.327		87,322
Compensated absences payable		8,311		2,934		2,191		10,135		23,571
Claims payable		, <u> </u>		, -		808,507		, -		808,507
Due to other funds		-		=		· -		135,967		135,967
Total current liabilities	-	85,879		452,809	-	860,417	-	244,418		1,643,523
Noncurrent liabilities										
Compensated absences payable		108,244		38,210		28,528		131,998		306,980
Claims payable		-		-		1,318,423		-		1,318,423
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	108,244	-	38,210	-	1,346,951	-	131,998	_	1,625,403
Total liabilities	_	194,123		491,019	-	2,207,368	-	376,416	_	3,268,926
NET ASSETS										
Invested in capital assets		1,956,151		6,453,766		_		5,775,254		14,185,171
Unrestricted		962,231		5,454,187		5,105,638		794,839		12,316,895
Total net assets	\$-	2,918,382	\$-	11,907,953	\$-	5,105,638	s <b>-</b>	6.570.093	<sub>\$</sub> –	26,502,066
,	Ť=	,	•	, ,	•	2,.22,230		2,212,300	_	

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

	_	Data Processing	-	Equipment	-	Self- Insurance	Cc	ommunications Center	Total
Operating revenues:									
Charges for sales and services:	\$	4,359,663	\$	1,684,852	\$	1,372,057	\$	3,723,909 \$	11,140,481
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_	866,984		<u> </u>	866,984
Total operating revenues	_	4,359,663	-	1,684,852	-	2,239,041	=	3,723,909	12,007,465
Operating expenses:									
Personal services		2,112,329		692,763		314,387		3,546,141	6,665,620
Costs of sales and services		1,409,270		1,857,282		2,507,575		821,750	6,595,877
Depreciation and amortization		243,716		1,445,959		-		685,300	2,374,975
Total operating expenses		3,765,315	_	3,996,004		2,821,962		5,053,191	15,636,472
Operating income (loss)	_	594,348	-	(2,311,152)	-	(582,921)	Ξ	(1,329,282)	(3,629,007)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Intergovernmental		7,288		-		-		1,123,569	1,130,857
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		57,500	57,500
Investment income		21,039		144,415		134,327		15,311	315,092
Gain (loss) on disposition of									
property and equipment		-		75,592		-		-	75,592
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		28,327	_	220,007	_	134,327		1,196,380	1,579,041
Income (loss) before transfers		622,675	_	(2,091,145)	-	(448,594)		(132,902)	(2,049,966)
Transfers in		-		-		-		710,436	710,436
Transfers out	_		_	(11,695)	_	(472,819)	_	<del></del>	(484,514)
Change in net assets		622,675		(2,102,840)		(921,413)		577,534	(1,824,044)
Total net assets - beginning		2,295,707		14,010,793		6,027,051		5,992,559	28,326,110
Total net assets - ending	<b>\$</b> -	2,918,382	\$	11,907,953	\$ -	5,105,638	<b>\$</b> —	6,570,093 \$	26,502,066

# City of Grand Junction, Colorado INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Data Processing	Equipment	Self - Insurance	Communications Center	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from interfund	\$ 4,319,988 \$	1,646,377 \$	1,372,056 \$	2,144,035 \$	9,482,456
Cash received from customers and users	54,530	36,941	641	1,604,928	1,697,040
Cash paid to interfund	(3,576)	(81,733)	(8,958)	(266,460)	(360,727)
Cash paid to suppliers	(1,398,338)	(1,446,092)	(1,569,688)	(558,214)	(4,972,332)
Cash paid to employees	(2,222,723)	(719,200)	(320,917)	(3,625,581)	(6,888,421)
Miscellaneous receipts	(2,222,120)	(1.10,200)	155,819	(0,020,001)	155,819
Net cash provided (used) by			100,010		100,010
operating activities	749,881	(563,707)	(371,047)	(701,292)	(886,165)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Transfers from other funds	_	_	_	710,436	710,436
Transfers to other funds	_	(11,695)	(472,819)	-	(484,514)
Increase (decrease) in amount due other funds	_	(,555)	-	135,967	135,967
				100,007	100,007
Net cash provided by noncapital		(11 COE)	(470.040)	946 402	264 000
financing activities	<del></del>	(11,695)	(472,819)	846,403	361,889
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Intergovernmental receipts	7,288	-	-	322,338	329,626
Miscellaneous receipts	-	-	-	57,500	57,500
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets	-	5,828	-	-	5,828
Purchase of capital assets	(595,079)	(735,561)	-	(1,956,988)	(3,287,628)
Net cash used in capital and related					
financing activities	(587,791)	(729,733)	<u> </u>	(1,577,150)	(2,894,674)
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Investment income received	21,039	144,415	134,327	15,311	315,092
Net cash provided by investing activities	21.039	144,415	134,327	15.311	315,092
Net cash provided by investing activities	21,000	144,415	104,021	10,511	310,032
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	183,129	(1,160,720)	(709,539)	(1,416,728)	(3,103,858)
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	968,980	7,101,073	7,309,921	1,416,728	16,796,702
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$ 1,152,109 \$		6,600,382 \$	\$	13,692,844
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 594,348 \$	5 <u>(2,311,152)</u> \$	(582,921) \$	(1,329,282) \$	(3,629,007)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense	243,716	1,445,959	-	685,300	2,374,975
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	14,855	(1,534)	(710,525)	25,054	(672,150)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(28,446)	323,466	22,679	28,537	346,236
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	-	· -	906,250	-	906,250
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages and			•		,
compensated absences payable	(110,394)	(26,437)	(6,530)	(79,440)	(222,801)
(Increase) decrease in accounts payable					
due to purchase of capital assets on account	35,802	5,991	-	(31,461)	10,332
Total adjustments	155,533	1,747,445	211,874	627,990	2,742,842
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 749,881 \$	\$ (563,707) \$	(371,047) \$	(701,292) \$	(886,165)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities					
	\$ 22,282 \$	2,501 \$	- \$	34,026 \$	58,809
Net book value of capital assets traded in on capital assets	Ψ	. <u>2,001</u> ψ	- ψ	<del>0-1,020</del> ψ	50,505
acquired		105,610			105,610
Trade in value of disposed assets	-	179,644	-	- -	179,644
•		•			•

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a fiduciary capacity, or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. These include Pension Trust, Private-Purpose Trust, Investment Trust and Agency Funds. Since the City has only one Investment Trust Fund, it is presented in the Basic Financial section of this report.

#### **Private Purpose Trust Funds**

Mesa County Valley School District 51 SLD Fee Fund ~ to account for revenues and expenditures not included in other trust funds for which uses have been specified by parties outside the City government.

**General Trust Fund** ~ to account for revenues and expenditures not included in other trust funds for which uses have been specified by parties outside City government.

Employee Retirement Health Benefit Fund ~ to close the fund that accounted for revenues and expenditures associated with the City's Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund.

#### **Pension Trust Funds**

**Police Old Hire Pension Trust Fund** ~ to account for assets for the Police Old Hire Defined Benefit Pension Plan invested in and administered by the Fire and Police Pension Association of Colorado for qualified firefighter retirees.

**Fire Old Hire Pension Trust Fund** ~ to account for assets for the Fire Old Hire Defined Benefit Pension Plan invested in and administered by the Fire and Police Pension Association of Colorado for qualified firefighter retirees.

#### **Agency Funds**

**Park Improvement Advisory Board Fund** ~ to provide the custodial function of accounting for operations of the board.

Sewer and Water Districts Clearing Account Fund ~ to provide the billing and collection of charges for some districts outside the city.

Rimrock Marketplace General Improvement District Fund ~ to act as an agent for property owners in collection assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders, and initiating foreclosure proceedings, if applicable.

**Downtown Business Improvement District Fund** ~ to provide the custodial function of accounting for operations of the Downtown Business Improvement District.

## COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS

December 31, 2009

ASSETS	_	Police Old Hire	_	Fire Old Hire		Total			
Cash and investments	\$	2,845,983	\$	9,459,246	\$.	12,305,229			
LIABILITIES			_	-					
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR: Pension benefits	\$	2,845,983	\$	9,459,246	\$	12,305,229			

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS

	_	Police Old Hire		Fire Old Hire	-	Total
ADDITIONS						
Contributions:						
City	\$	426,798	\$	192,143 \$		618,941
Plan member		-		1,867		1,867
Total contributions	_	426,798	-	194,010		620,808
Investment income:						
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		478,904		1,606,579		2,085,483
Interest		19,401		62,945		82,346
Net investment income	-	498,305	-	1,669,524	-	2,167,829
Total additions	_	925,103	-	1,863,534		2,788,637
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefits		649,022		1,141,875		1,790,897
Administrative expense		20,358		68,243		88,601
Total deductions	_	669,380	-	1,210,118		1,879,498
Change in net assets		255,723		653,416		909,139
Net assets - beginning		2,590,260		8,805,830		11,396,090
Net assets - ending	\$_	2,845,983	\$	9,459,246	\$	12,305,229

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

December 31, 2009

	Va I	esa County alley School District 51 SLD Fee		General Trust		Total
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	73,181	\$_	468	\$ <u></u>	73,649
LIABILITIES			_	<u>-</u>	_	
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR Individuals, organizations and others	\$	73,181	\$	468_	\$	73,649

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

	Mesa County Valley School District 51 SLD Fee	_	General Trust	_	Employee Retirement Health Benefit	_	Total
ADDITIONS							
Additions by participants	\$ 105,340	\$	-	\$	375,553	\$	480,893
Investment income	961		-		24,390		25,351
Total additions	106,301		-		399,943		506,244
DEDUCTIONS							
Distributions to participants	138,492		-		1,156,569		1,295,061
Health insurance premiums paid	-		-		323,349		323,349
Administrative expense	4,283		-		· <u>-</u>		4,283
Total deductions	142,775		-		1,479,918		1,622,693
Change in net assets	(36,474)		-		(1,079,975)		(1,116,449)
Net assets - beginning	109,655		468		1,079,975		1,190,098
Net assets - ending	\$ 73,181	\$_	468	\$_	-	\$_	73,649

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

Park IMPROVEMENT ADVISORY BOARD			Balance Beginning		Additions		Deletions		Balance Ending
Cash and investments	PARK IMPROVEMENT ADVISORY BOARD		_		_		_		
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		¢	292 217	¢	226 722	¢	140.048	œ	379 003
Total assets		Ψ	202,217	Ψ		Ψ	*	Φ	-
Accounts payable		\$	282,217	\$	461,966	\$	366,181	\$	378,002
Accounts payable	LIARILITIES								
Total liabilities		\$	-	\$	22,577	\$	5,000	\$	17,577
RIMROCK MARKETPLACE GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT		_		_		_		. —	
ASSETS Cash and investments \$ 336,180 \$ 250,026 \$ 202,171 \$ 384,035  LIABILITIES Due to other governments \$ 336,180 \$ 250,776 \$ 202,921 \$ 384,035  SEWER AND WATER DISTRICTS CLEARING  ASSETS Cash and investments \$ 100,454 \$ 1,131,890 \$ 1,148,689 \$ 83,655  LIABILITIES Due to other governments \$ 100,454 \$ 1,131,890 \$ 1,148,689 \$ 83,655  DOWNTOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT  ASSETS Cash and investments \$ 138,708 \$ 172,549 \$ 193,717 \$ 117,540  LIABILITIES Due to other governments \$ 138,708 \$ 172,549 \$ 193,717 \$ 117,540  LIABILITIES Due to other governments \$ 857,559 \$ 1,791,198 \$ 1,685,525 \$ 963,232 Accounts receivable, net of allowance	Total liabilities	\$ <b>_</b>	282,217	\$ <b>=</b>	461,966	\$ <b>_</b>	366,181	<sup>\$</sup> =	378,002
Cash and investments         \$ 336,180         \$ 250,026         \$ 202,171         \$ 384,035           LIABILITIES Due to other governments         \$ 336,180         \$ 250,776         \$ 202,921         \$ 384,035           SEWER AND WATER DISTRICTS CLEARING           ASSETS           Cash and investments         \$ 100,454         \$ 1,131,890         \$ 1,148,689         \$ 83,655           LIABILITIES           Due to other governments         \$ 100,454         \$ 1,131,890         \$ 1,148,689         \$ 83,655           DOWNTOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT           ASSETS           Cash and investments         \$ 138,708         \$ 172,549         \$ 193,717         \$ 117,540           LIABILITIES           Due to other governments         \$ 138,708         \$ 172,549         \$ 193,717         \$ 117,540           TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS           ASSETS           Cash and investments         \$ 857,559         \$ 1,791,198         \$ 1,685,525         \$ 963,232           Accounts receivable, net of allowance         -         225,233         225,233         25,2533         25,933         23,771           LIABILITIES         \$ 857,559         \$ 20,16,431	RIMROCK MARKETPLACE GENERAL IMPROVE	MENT	DISTRICT						
LIABILITIES           Due to other governments         \$ 336,180         \$ 250,776         \$ 202,921         \$ 384,035           SEWER AND WATER DISTRICTS CLEARING           ASSETS           Cash and investments         \$ 100,454         \$ 1,131,890         \$ 1,148,689         \$ 83,655           LIABILITIES           Due to other governments         \$ 100,454         \$ 1,131,890         \$ 1,148,689         \$ 83,655           DOWNTOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT           ASSETS           Cash and investments         \$ 138,708         \$ 172,549         \$ 193,717         \$ 117,540           LIABILITIES           Due to other governments         \$ 138,708         \$ 172,549         \$ 193,717         \$ 117,540           TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS           ASSETS           Cash and investments         \$ 857,559         \$ 1,791,198         \$ 1,685,525         \$ 963,232           Accounts receivable, net of allowance         -         225,233         225,233         -           Total assets         \$ 857,559         \$ 2,016,431         \$ 1,910,758         \$ 963,232           LIABILITIES           Accounts receivable, net of allowance <td>ASSETS</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	ASSETS								
Sewer And Water Districts Clearing   Supering Sewer And Water Districts Clearing   Supering Sewer And Investments   Supering Sewer	Cash and investments	\$_	336,180	\$_	250,026	\$_	202,171	\$_	384,035
SEWER AND WATER DISTRICTS CLEARING	LIABILITIES								
ASSETS Cash and investments \$ 100,454 \$ 1,131,890 \$ 1,148,689 \$ 83,655  LIABILITIES Due to other governments \$ 100,454 \$ 1,131,890 \$ 1,148,689 \$ 83,655   DOWNTOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT  ASSETS Cash and investments \$ 138,708 \$ 172,549 \$ 193,717 \$ 117,540  LIABILITIES Due to other governments \$ 138,708 \$ 172,549 \$ 193,717 \$ 117,540  TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS  ASSETS Cash and investments \$ 857,559 \$ 1,791,198 \$ 1,685,525 \$ 963,232 Accounts receivable, net of allowance	Due to other governments	\$	336,180	\$_	250,776	\$_	202,921	\$_	384,035
Cash and investments         \$ 100,454         \$ 1,131,890         \$ 1,148,689         \$ 83,655           LIABILITIES           Due to other governments         \$ 100,454         \$ 1,131,890         \$ 1,148,689         \$ 83,655           DOWNTOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT           ASSETS           Cash and investments         \$ 138,708         \$ 172,549         \$ 193,717         \$ 117,540           LIABILITIES           Due to other governments         \$ 138,708         \$ 172,549         \$ 193,717         \$ 117,540           TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS           ASSETS           Cash and investments         \$ 857,559         \$ 1,791,198         \$ 1,685,525         \$ 963,232           Accounts receivable, net of allowance         -         225,233         225,233         -           Total assets         \$ 857,559         \$ 2,016,431         \$ 1,910,758         \$ 963,232           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable         \$ -         \$ 22,577         \$ 5,000         \$ 17,577           Due to other governments         857,559         1,994,604         1,906,508         945,655	SEWER AND WATER DISTRICTS CLEARING								
LIABILITIES           Due to other governments         \$ 100,454         \$ 1,131,890         \$ 1,148,689         \$ 83,655           DOWNTOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT           ASSETS           Cash and investments         \$ 138,708         \$ 172,549         \$ 193,717         \$ 117,540           LIABILITIES           Due to other governments         \$ 138,708         \$ 172,549         \$ 193,717         \$ 117,540           TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS           ASSETS           Cash and investments         \$ 857,559         \$ 1,791,198         \$ 1,685,525         \$ 963,232           Accounts receivable, net of allowance         -         225,233         225,233         -           Total assets         \$ 857,559         \$ 2,016,431         \$ 1,910,758         \$ 963,232           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable         \$ -         \$ 22,577         \$ 5,000         \$ 17,577           Due to other governments         857,559         1,994,604         1,906,508         945,655	ASSETS								
Due to other governments	Cash and investments	\$_	100,454	\$_	1,131,890	\$_	1,148,689	\$_	83,655
DOWNTOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT         ASSETS         Cash and investments       \$ 138,708       \$ 172,549       \$ 193,717       \$ 117,540         LIABILITIES         Due to other governments       \$ 138,708       \$ 172,549       \$ 193,717       \$ 117,540         TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS         ASSETS         Cash and investments       \$ 857,559       \$ 1,791,198       \$ 1,685,525       \$ 963,232         Accounts receivable, net of allowance       -       225,233       225,233       -         Total assets       \$ 857,559       \$ 2,016,431       \$ 1,910,758       \$ 963,232         LIABILITIES         Accounts payable       \$ -       \$ 22,577       \$ 5,000       \$ 17,577         Due to other governments       857,559       1,994,604       1,906,508       945,655	LIABILITIES								
ASSETS Cash and investments \$ 138,708 \$ 172,549 \$ 193,717 \$ 117,540  LIABILITIES Due to other governments \$ 138,708 \$ 172,549 \$ 193,717 \$ 117,540  TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS  ASSETS Cash and investments \$ 857,559 \$ 1,791,198 \$ 1,685,525 \$ 963,232 Accounts receivable, net of allowance	Due to other governments	\$_	100,454	\$_	1,131,890	\$_	1,148,689	\$_	83,655
Cash and investments       \$ 138,708       \$ 172,549       \$ 193,717       \$ 117,540         LIABILITIES         Due to other governments       \$ 138,708       \$ 172,549       \$ 193,717       \$ 117,540         TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS         ASSETS         Cash and investments       \$ 857,559       \$ 1,791,198       \$ 1,685,525       \$ 963,232         Accounts receivable, net of allowance       -       225,233       225,233       -         Total assets       \$ 857,559       \$ 2,016,431       \$ 1,910,758       \$ 963,232         LIABILITIES         Accounts payable       \$ -       \$ 22,577       \$ 5,000       \$ 17,577         Due to other governments       857,559       1,994,604       1,906,508       945,655	DOWNTOWN BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTR	<u>IICT</u>							
LIABILITIES         Due to other governments       \$ 138,708       \$ 172,549       \$ 193,717       \$ 117,540         TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS         ASSETS         Cash and investments       \$ 857,559       \$ 1,791,198       \$ 1,685,525       \$ 963,232         Accounts receivable, net of allowance       -       225,233       225,233       -         Total assets       \$ 857,559       \$ 2,016,431       \$ 1,910,758       \$ 963,232         LIABILITIES         Accounts payable       \$ -       \$ 22,577       \$ 5,000       \$ 17,577         Due to other governments       857,559       1,994,604       1,906,508       945,655	ASSETS								
Due to other governments       \$ 138,708       \$ 172,549       \$ 193,717       \$ 117,540         TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS         ASSETS         Cash and investments       \$ 857,559       \$ 1,791,198       \$ 1,685,525       \$ 963,232         Accounts receivable, net of allowance       -       225,233       225,233       -         Total assets       \$ 857,559       \$ 2,016,431       \$ 1,910,758       \$ 963,232         LIABILITIES         Accounts payable       \$ -       \$ 22,577       \$ 5,000       \$ 17,577         Due to other governments       857,559       1,994,604       1,906,508       945,655	Cash and investments	\$ <b>_</b>	138,708	\$=	172,549	\$_	193,717	\$_	117,540
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS         ASSETS         Cash and investments       \$ 857,559       \$ 1,791,198       \$ 1,685,525       \$ 963,232         Accounts receivable, net of allowance       -       225,233       225,233       -         Total assets       \$ 857,559       \$ 2,016,431       \$ 1,910,758       \$ 963,232         LIABILITIES         Accounts payable       \$ -       \$ 22,577       \$ 5,000       \$ 17,577         Due to other governments       857,559       1,994,604       1,906,508       945,655	LIABILITIES								
ASSETS Cash and investments \$ 857,559 \$ 1,791,198 \$ 1,685,525 \$ 963,232 Accounts receivable, net of allowance	Due to other governments	\$	138,708	\$_	172,549	\$_	193,717	\$_	117,540
Cash and investments         \$ 857,559         \$ 1,791,198         \$ 1,685,525         \$ 963,232           Accounts receivable, net of allowance         -         225,233         225,233         -           Total assets         \$ 857,559         \$ 2,016,431         \$ 1,910,758         \$ 963,232           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable         \$ -         \$ 22,577         \$ 5,000         \$ 17,577           Due to other governments         857,559         1,994,604         1,906,508         945,655	TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
Accounts receivable, net of allowance Total assets         -         225,233         225,233         -           LIABILITIES         \$         -         \$         2,016,431         \$         1,910,758         \$         963,232           Accounts payable         \$         -         \$         22,577         \$         5,000         \$         17,577           Due to other governments         857,559         1,994,604         1,906,508         945,655	ASSETS								
Total assets         \$ 857,559         \$ 2,016,431         \$ 1,910,758         \$ 963,232           LIABILITIES           Accounts payable         \$ -         \$ 22,577         \$ 5,000         \$ 17,577           Due to other governments         857,559         1,994,604         1,906,508         945,655		\$	857,559	\$		\$		\$	963,232
LIABILITIES       22,577       5,000       17,577         Due to other governments       857,559       1,994,604       1,906,508       945,655		<u>.</u> —	- 857 559	<u>.</u> -		<sub>\$</sub> -		<u>.</u>	963 232
Accounts payable       \$ -       \$ 22,577       \$ 5,000       \$ 17,577         Due to other governments       857,559       1,994,604       1,906,508       945,655		*=		*=	_,0,10,101	*=	1,010,700	<b>*</b> =	555,252
Due to other governments         857,559         1,994,604         1,906,508         945,655		æ		¢	22 577	œ	E 000	æ	17 577
	• •	Ф		Ф		Ф	•	Ф	
		\$_		\$		\$		\$_	

#### A Component Unit of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado

The Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was formed to improve the downtown area of the City of Grand Junction. Since this is the only component unit of the City, it reported on the Government-wide Financial Statement. However, since it does not issue its own financial report, the following fund information for the DDA is provided.

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

**DDA Operations Special Revenue Fund** ~ to account for all revenues and expenditures associated with operating the Downtown Development Authority.

**DDA Tax Increment Special Revenue Fund** ~ to account for property tax revenues from the Downtown Tax Increment Financing District used principally to reduce debt incurred for downtown improvements.

#### **Debt Service Funds**

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> are used to account for all resources being accumulated for general long-term debt principal and interest payments maturing in future years other than long-term debt accounted for in enterprise and internal service funds.

**DDA Debt Service Fund** ~ to account for those resources which are being accumulated for Long-term debt, principal and interest payments on Downtown Development Authority Tax Increment Bonds maturing in future years.

#### **Capital Project Funds**

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of Construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

**DDA TIF Capital Improvements Fund** ~ to account for capital improvements within the boundaries of the Downtown Development Authority (DDA), financed with the proceeds of Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Bonds.

A Component Unit of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

December 31, 2009

ASSETS  Cash and investments  Property taxes receivable  Accounts receivable  Total assets	\$	DDA Tax Increment 1,976,229 1,800,796 - 3,777,025	. \$	DDA Operations Special Revenue Fund  826,830 213,242 14,713 1,054,785	\$	TIF Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund  3,760,487 - 55,000 3,815,487	\$	Total Governmental Funds 6,563,546 2,014,038 69,713 8,647,297
Total assets	_	0,777,020	•	1,004,700	-	0,010,407	-	0,047,207
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		-		3,574		14,586		18,160
Accrued liabilities		-		3,844		1,162		5,006
Deferred revenue		1,800,796		213,242		-		2,014,038
Compensated absences payable		-		237		199		436
Total liabilities		1,800,796		220,897		15,947		2,037,640
FUND BALANCES  Unreserved:  Designated for subsequent year's expenditures  Unreserved, undesignated Total fund balances  Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>—</u>	791,191 1,185,038 1,976,229 3,777,025		833,888 833,888 1,054,785	- \$	3,056,091 743,449 3,799,540 3,815,487	_	3,847,282 2,762,375 6,609,657
Amounts reported for the Component Unit - statement of net assets (page 31) are different capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	rent be	ecause:		•				6,222,119
Deposits on Capital assets used in government therefore, are not reported in the funds.	ental a	ectivities are n	ot	financial resou	rce	es and,		395,000
Long-term liabilities such as bonds and note accrued interest are not due and payable in reported in the funds.						t		
	Defe be a Accr	ds Payable rred charge fo mortized over ued Interest p pensated abs	life ay	able	-	\$ (9,325,000) 86,773 (11,656) (5,676)		(9,255,559)
Total net assets -Component Unit - Downtov	vn Dev	elopment Aut	ho	rity. (page 31)			\$ =	3,971,217

### A Component Unit of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

		DDA Tax Increment		DDA Operations Special evenue Fund		DDA Debt Service Fund	TIF Capital Improvements Capital Project Fund		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					_			_	
Taxes	\$	1,949,414	\$	230,022	\$	- \$	-	\$	2,179,436
Intergovernmental Charges for services		329,649		- 4,712		-	-		329,649 4,712
Miscellaneous		-		266,733		_	-		266,733
Investment income		70,880		19,211		· <b>-</b>	28,966		119,057
Total revenues	_	2,349,943		520,678		-	28,966	_	2,899,587
EXPENDITURES					_				
Current: Urban development and housing Debt service:		32,548		373,025		93,288	1,333,908		1,832,769
Principal retirement		_		_		6,778,455	_		6,778,455
Interest and fiscal charges		_		_		384,621	_		384,621
Capital outlay		-		-		, -	628,304		628,304
Total expenditures	_	32,548		373,025		7,256,364	1,962,212	_	9,624,149
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		2 217 205		147,653		(7.256.264)	(1.022.246)		(6 704 F60)
over (under) expenditures	-	2,317,395	_	147,000	-	(7,256,364)	(1,933,246)	-	(6,724,562)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		-		51,808		7,256,161	-		7,307,969
Transfers out		(2,787,392)		(253,363)		-	(4,267,214)		(7,307,969)
Loan proceeds	_	(2.707.202)	_	- (204 EEE)	-	7.050.404	10,000,000	_	10,000,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(2,787,392)	_	(201,555)	-	7,256,161	5,732,786	-	10,000,000
Net change in fund balances		(469,997)		(53,902)		(203)	3,799,540		3,275,438
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$_	2,446,226 1,976,229	\$ <u></u>	887,790 833,888	\$	203 - \$	3,799,540	\$=	3,334,219 6,609,657
Amounts reported for Component Unit - Down (page 33) are different because:	town	Development A	Auth	ority in the s	tate	ement of activitie	s		
Net change in fund balances - total govern	ment	al funds (above	e)					\$	3,275,438
Governmental funds report capital outlays cost of those assets is allocated over the expense. This is the amount by which ca in the current period.	ir esti	mated useful li	ves	and reported	l a	s depreciation			222,204
The issuance of long-term debt provides or repayment of the principal of long-term defunds, however, these transactions have effect of issuance costs and similar items deferred and amortized in the statement in the treatment of long-term debt and relations.	ebt co no ef wher	onsumes the cu fect on net ass n debt is first is ivities. This am	urrer sets. ssue	nt financial re Also, goverr d, whereas th	eso ime	ources of governr ental funds repor se amounts are	t the		
	[ E [	ssuance of long Debt principal p Bond issuance Deferred charge ncrease in acci	oaym cost e foi	nents ts r bond issuar	nce	\$ costs	(10,000,000) 6,778,455 93,288 (6,515) (11,656)		(3,146,428)
Expenditures for compensated absences a resources used (essentially, the amounts contribution they are managined as the base	actu	ally paid to em	ploy	ees), wherea	ıs i	n the statement of	of		
activities, they are measured as the bene		-	-			-		_	(923)
Change in net assets of the Component U	nit - D	Downtown Deve	elop	ment Authori	ty	(page 33)		\$ =	350,291

A Component Unit of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado

#### DDA TAX INCREMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

		Budgete	ed Amo	ounts				Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Original		Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	1,902,483	\$	1,902,483	\$	1,949,414	\$	46,931
Intergovernmental		371,007		400,000		329,649		(70,351)
Investment income		84,940	_	40,000		70,880		30,880
Total revenues	_	2,358,430	_	2,342,483		2,349,943	_	7,460
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Urban development and housing	_	37,440	_	37,440	_	32,548	_	4,892
Excess of revenues over								
expenditures		2,320,990		2,305,043		2,317,395		12,352
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	_	(1,724,490)	_	(2,782,500)	_	(2,787,392)	_	(4,892)
Net change in fund balance		596,500		(477,457)		(469,997)		7,460
Fund balances - beginning		2,446,226		2,446,226		2,446,226		-
Fund balances - ending	\$_	3,042,726	\$	1,968,769	\$	1,976,229	\$	7,460

A Component Unit of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado

### DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

							Variance with Final Budget -
		Budget	ed Am	ounts			Positive
	_	Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES			-		_		
Taxes	\$	226,142	\$	226,142	\$	230,022	\$ 3,880
Charges for services		3,500		3,500		4,712	1,212
Miscellaneous		101,000		232,000		266,733	34,733
Investment income	_	23,390	_	18,712	_	19,211	499
Total revenues	_	354,032	-	480,354	_	520,678	40,324
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Urban development and housing	_	317,760	-	381,760	_	373,025	8,735
Excess of revenues over expenditures		36,272		98,594		147,653	49,059
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers in		84,940		40,000		51,808	11,808
Transfers out		-		(253,363)		(253,363)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	84,940	-	(213,363)	_	(201,555)	11,808
Net change in fund balance		121,212		(114,769)		(53,902)	60,867
Fund balances - beginning		887,790		887,790		887,790	-
Fund balances - ending	\$ =	1,009,002	\$ _	773,021	\$	833,888	\$ 60,867

A Component Unit of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado

#### DDA DEBT SERVICE FUND

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	_	Budgete Original	d Amo	unts Final	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	\$ _		\$	<u>-</u>	\$_		\$ 
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Urban development and housing		-		100,000		93,288	6,712
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		1,000,000		6,778,456		6,778,455	1
Interest and fiscal charges	_	220,000		384,621	_	384,621	-
Total expenditures	_	1,220,000	_	7,263,077	-	7,256,364	6,713
Deficiency of revenues							
under expenditures		(1,220,000)		(7,263,077)		(7,256,364)	6,713
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers in	_	1,639,550		7,263,077		7,256,161	(6,916)
Net change in fund balance		419,550		-		(203)	(203)
Fund balances - beginning		203		203		203	-
Fund balances - ending	\$ <u></u>	419,753	\$	203	\$	-	\$ (203)

A Component Unit of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado

DDA TIF CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the year ended December 31, 2009

		Budgeted /	∆mounte			Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Original	Final		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	•	Original	T III CI	_	7101441	(Negative)
Investment income	\$	<u> </u>		\$	28,966	\$ 28,966
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Urban development						
and housing		-	1,333,908		1,333,908	-
Capital projects		2,830,000	1,496,092		628,304	867,788
Total expenditures	•	2,830,000	2,830,000	_	1,962,212	867,788
Deficiency of revenues						
under expenditures		(2,830,000)	(2,830,000)		(1,933,246)	896,754
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfer Out		-	(4,267,214)		(4,267,214)	-
Loan proceeds		5,000,000	10,000,000		10,000,000	=
Sale of capital assets		750,000	· · · · -		· · · · · -	_
Total other financing	•			_		
sources		5,750,000	5,732,786	_	5,732,786	
Net change in fund balance		2,920,000	2,902,786		3,799,540	896,754
Fund balances - beginning		-	-		-	-
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,920,000 \$	2,902,786	\$	3,799,540	\$ 896,754



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### STATISTICAL SECTION

This section of the City of Grand Junction Comprehensive Annual Financial Report represents detailed information as a context for understanding the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information.

Contents	Pages
<u>Financial Trends</u> These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial condition has changed over time.	127-131
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's largest revenue source, sales tax.	132-135
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	136-140
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	141-142
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	143-144



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TABLE 1

City of Grand Junction, Colorado

NET ASSETS

Last Eight Fiscal Years

						Fisca	I Yea	ır			
		2002	2003		2004	2005		2006	2007	2008	2009
Governmental Activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	181,892,248 \$ 3,741,227 35,339,502	201,219,442 \$ 5,303,737 33,760,361		224,544,344 \$ 3,837,095 40,263,463	256,934,469 3,944,221 50,448,036	\$ 	326,336,540 5 5,379,428 61,797,292	\$ 408,037,121 \$ 3,692,563 62,334,124	498,158,781 \$ 14,005,393 42,974,226	529,106,956 15,918,001 31,606,232
Total governmental activities net assets	\$_	220,972,977 \$	240,283,540 \$	·—	268,644,902 \$	311,326,726	\$=	393,513,260	\$ 474,063,808 \$	555,138,400 \$	576,631,189
Business-type Activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	34,219,616 \$ 3,500,000 68,770	33,495,032 \$ 1,787,120 3,044,687	; 	34,071,610 \$ 905,137 3,350,735	33,697,216 - 5,286,462	\$	36,518,897 \$ 610,844 4,114,096	\$ 39,673,423 \$ - 4,176,474	44,539,563 \$ - (271,321)	46,087,527 - (2,881,656)
Total business-type activities net assets	\$_	37,788,386 \$	38,326,839 \$	·	38,327,482 \$	38,983,678	\$ <b>_</b>	41,243,837	\$ 43,849,897 \$	44,268,242 \$	43,205,871
Primary Government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	216,111,864 \$ 7,241,227 35,408,272	234,714,474 \$ 7,090,857 36,805,048	<b>;</b>	258,615,954 \$ 4,742,232 43,614,198	290,631,685 3,944,221 55,734,498	\$	362,855,437 \$ 5,990,272 65,911,388	\$ 447,710,544 \$ 3,692,563 66,510,598	542,698,344 \$ 14,005,393 42,702,905	575,194,483 15,918,001 28,724,576
Total primary governmental net assets	\$_	258,761,363 \$	278,610,379 \$	·	306,972,384 \$	350,310,404	\$_	434,757,097	\$ 517,913,705 \$	599,406,642 \$	 619,837,060
Component Unit: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	\$	3,118,738 \$ 142,971	2,312,416 \$	;	877,836 \$ 170,000	2,196,484 32,000	\$	1,873,613 32,000	\$ 1,968,943 \$	5,999,915 \$ 203	6,222,119
Unrestricted Total component unit net assets	\$ <u></u>	(5,950) 3,255,759 \$	262,880 2,575,296 \$	<u> </u>	2,628,949 3,676,785 \$	2,649,854 4,878,338	\$ <u></u>	3,507,216 5,412,829	\$ 869,490 2,838,433	(2,379,192) 3,620,926 \$	(2,250,902) 3,971,217

Note: The City of Grand Junction implemented GASB 34 as of December 31,2002

Source: Current and prior years' financial statements

### TABLE 2

## City of Grand Junction, Colorado CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Last Eight Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year							
	_	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Expenses									
Governmental Activities:	-	40.00= 00= 0	0.000.000	0.0000000	0.500.500		10.110.015	10110101	
General Government	\$	10,397,825 \$	8,276,802 \$	9,548,713 \$	9,596,763 \$	8,775,975 \$	12,412,910 \$	16,143,424 \$	14,022,155
Public Safety		17,966,339	19,871,283	23,823,248	22,904,850	24,638,801	28,167,497	32,088,791	32,884,135
Public Works		12,220,526	12,780,174	10,223,079	15,386,497	19,400,979	15,521,625	19,680,247	21,353,413
Parks and Recreation		4,740,433	5,318,756	6,684,183	5,175,343	4,743,303	7,419,519	7,955,933	8,924,292
Urban Development and Housing Interest of Long-Term Debt		720,043	622,802 234,037	347,218 3 301 710	415,306 2,571,874	110,694 2,503,750	565,373 3.106.206	545,715 3 378 440	572,726
Total Governmental Activities Expense	_	295,421 46,340,587	234,037 47,103,854	2,301,710 52,928,151	56,050,633	2,503,750 60,173,502	3,106,206 67,193,130	3,378,440 79,792,550	3,234,231 80,990,952
Business-Type Activities:									
Water		3,826,901	4,009,508	4,158,777	4,222,594	4,349,852	4,671,765	5,067,168	5,283,655
Convention Center		1,828,188	1,988,176	2,130,427	2,641,066	2,805,768	2,968,119	3,514,396	3,396,100
Solid Waste Removal		2,160,155	2,190,000	2,302,588	2,340,292	2,632,219	2,820,253	2,907,325	4,196,468
Swimming Pools		829,676	815,682	826,992	919,684	1,015,665	991,685	1,014,976	1,025,401
Golf		1,896,274	1,919,148	2,040,033	1,898,642	1,966,353	2,123,769	2,285,777	2,472,997
Cemeteries		333,865	339,191	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parking		220,257	272,728	244,869	321,282	693,381	402,916	1,829,547	531,711
Irrigation Systems		248,603	250,073	279,556	273,642	298,439	289,528	318,708	300,130
Ambulance Transport	_		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	865,138	3,306,822	3,414,924	3,568,002
Total Business-Type Activities Expense	_	11,343,919	11,784,506	11,983,242	12,617,202	14,626,815	17,574,857	20,352,821	20,774,464
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	57,684,506 \$	58,888,360 \$	64,911,393 \$	68,667,835 \$	74,800,317 \$	84,767,987 \$	100,145,371 \$	101,765,416
Total Component Unit Expenses	\$	569,356 \$	1,213,309 \$	464,709 \$	386,262 \$	1,378,932 \$	4,633,804 \$	2,117,208 \$	2,549,296
Program Revenues									
Governmental Activities:									
Charge for Service:									
General Government	\$	4,040,068 \$	1,707,755 \$	2,072,365 \$	2,201,868 \$	2,350,160 \$	5,451,358 \$	2,929,275 \$	2,639,601
Public Safety	*	2,806,777	4,194,882	4,270,121	4,636,026	4,503,743	4,774,346	5,895,984	6,406,830
Public Works		344,444	668,873	1,137,608	1,100,555	2,595,528	3,325,868	5,554,332	1,884,073
Parks and Recreation		750,033	799,011	1,187,450	1,294,737	1,070,852	3,199,673	2,286,100	1,423,145
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,104,192	733,500	492,464	718,425	565,044	1,182,795	1,548,954	1,661,118
Capital Grants and Contributions		24,345,898	16,358,934	20,628,819	34,104,271	66,735,306	56,633,477	63,431,598	23,963,787
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		33,391,412	24,462,955	29,788,827	44,055,882	77,820,633	74,567,517	81,646,243	37,978,554
Business-Type Activities:									
Water		4,673,955	4,746,675	4,397,730	4,476,728	4,670,635	4,987,126	5,293,379	5,527,333
Convention Center		1,171,731	1,315,342	1,603,083	2,114,443	2,437,970	2,544,726	2,840,966	2,657,327
Solid Waste Removal		2,218,985	2,234,155	2,260,492	2,427,094	2,500,954	2,841,130	3,051,483	2,976,883
Swimming Pools		440,721	431,336	394,625	628,073	691,810	697,770	680,496	760,756
Golf		1,606,520	1,641,313	1,648,009	1,802,903	1,956,584	2,106,921	2,221,204	2,147,161
Cemeteries		167,763	173,935	-	-	-	-		
Parking		326,772	384,785	355,546	326,381	338,286	343,471	504,766	540,054
Irrigation Systems		170,415	170,378	172,016	178,709	179,837	191,854	204,956	212,043
Ambulance Transport		-	-	-	-	1,107,880	3,367,979	3,525,155	3,574,582
Operating Grants and Contributions		106,727	109,551	159,346	-	- 05 4 470	4 000 007	- F00 400	400.004
Capital Grants and Contributions Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	_	87,870 10,971,459	201,921 11,409,391	110,044 11,100,891	237,705 12,192,036	654,170 14,538,126	1,998,637 19,079,614	523,422 18,845,827	406,834 18,802,973
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	<u> </u>	44,362,871 \$	35,872,346 \$	40,889,718 \$	56,247,918 \$	92,358,759 \$	93,647,131 \$	100,492,070 \$	56,781,527
Total Component Unit Program Revenues	= - \$	397,380 \$	319,453 \$	298,779 \$	247,614 \$	315,417 \$	411,870 \$	712,232 \$	601,094
	*=	*	T				*		,
Net (Expense)/ Revenue	•	(40.040.477)	(00.040.000)	(00.400.00.1)	(44.004.774)	47.047.404	7.074.007.	1.050.000	(40.040.000)
Governmental Activities	\$	(12,949,175) \$	(22,640,899) \$	(23,139,324) \$	(11,994,751) \$	17,647,131 \$	7,374,387 \$	1,853,693 \$	(43,012,398)
Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ <u></u>	(372,460) (13,321,635) \$	(375,115) (23,016,014) \$	(882,351) (24,021,675) \$	(425,166) (12,419,917) \$	(88,689) 17,558,442 \$	1,504,757 8,879,144 \$	(1,506,994) 346,699 \$	(1,971,491) (44,983,889)
Total Component Unit Net Expense	\$ <u></u>	(171,976) \$	(893,856) \$	(165,930) \$	(138,648) \$	(1,063,515) \$	(4,221,934) \$	(1,404,976) \$	(1,948,202)
									<del></del>

### TABLE 2 (Continued)

### City of Grand Junction, Colorado CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Last Eight Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Ye	ar			
		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Governmental Activities:									
Taxes									
Sales & Use Taxes	\$	35,463,226 \$	37,422,678 \$	39,298,456 \$	42,825,135 \$	50,373,971 \$	56,583,254 \$	59,447,697 \$	46,856,622
Property Taxes		4,397,354	4,351,646	4,619,651	4,722,839	5,618,112	5,926,469	8,440,775	8,701,650
Franchise Taxes		1,379,459	1,595,864	1,804,821	2,008,706	2,159,287	2,147,224	2,456,659	2,432,704
Highway Users Tax		1,519,438	1,436,453	1,537,963	1,519,215	1,763,231	1,732,774	1,718,004	1,940,291
Other Taxes		1,268,484	954,621	2,930,290	2,525,925	3,544,629	3,388,467	5,978,962	4,024,160
Investment Income		1,606,784	824,981	2,000,765	1,961,415	3,093,381	4,185,692	2,789,072	1,299,123
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets		-	-	54,451	26,713	81,053	88,000	85,329	75,592
Transfers		(1,116,803)	(832,468)	(745,711)	(913,373)	(2,094,261)	(875,719)	(1,695,599)	(824,955)
Total Governmental Acivities		44,517,942	45,753,775	51,500,686	54,676,575	64,539,403	73,176,161	79,220,899	64,505,187
	_								
Business-Type Activities:		101707	04.400	1.10.070	407.000	054507	005 50 4	200 7.10	04.405
Investment Income		194,767	81,100	142,378	167,989	254,587	225,584	229,740	84,165
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets		16,181	-	(5,095)	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	_	1,116,803	832,468	745,711	913,373	2,094,261	875,719	1,695,599	824,955
Total Business-Type Activities	_	1,327,751	913,568	882,994	1,081,362	2,348,848	1,101,303	1,925,339	909,120
Total Primary Government Activities	\$	45,845,693 \$	46,667,343 \$	52,383,680 \$	55,757,937 \$	66,888,251 \$	74,277,464 \$	81,146,238 \$	65,414,307
Component Unit Activities:									
Property Taxes		1,121,855	1,172,239	1,167,670	1,327,496	1,445,856	1,498,752	2,081,840	2,179,436
Investment Income		54,205	42,640	99,749	58,474	152,150	198,530	105,629	119,057
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets		-	-	-	(45,769)	-	(49,744)	-	-
Total Component Unit Activities	\$ _	1,176,060 \$	1,214,879 \$	1,267,419 \$	1,340,201 \$	1,598,006 \$	1,647,538 \$	2,187,469 \$	2,298,493
Change In Net Assets									
Governmental Activities	\$	31,568,767 \$	23,112,876 \$	28,361,362 \$	42,681,824 \$	82,186,534 \$	80,550,548 \$	81,074,592 \$	21,492,789
Business-Type Activities		955,291	538,453	643	656,196	2,260,159	2,606,060	418,345	(1,062,371)
Total Primary Government	\$	32,524,058 \$	23,651,329 \$	28,362,005 \$	43,338,020 \$	84,446,693 \$	83,156,608 \$	81,492,937 \$	20,430,418
Total Component Unit: Downtown Development Authority	\$_	1,004,084 \$	321,023 \$	1,101,489 \$	1,201,553 \$	534,491 \$	(2,574,396) \$	782,493 \$	350,291
	_								

Note: The City of Grand Junction implemented GASB 34 as of December 31,2002.

Source: Current and prior year's financial statements

TABLE 3

### FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Eight Fiscal Years

**Fiscal Year** 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 **General Fund** Reserved 488,060 \$ 2,064,060 \$ 2,146,185 \$ 2,105,728 \$ 6,391,927 \$ 7,958,173 \$ 9,135,472 \$ 9,589,625 Unreserved 11,345,770 11,175,753 13,084,091 17,146,236 20,157,996 26,430,185 18,320,471 9,573,798 Total General Fund 11,833,830 13,239,813 15,230,276 19,251,964 26,549,923 34,388,358 27,455,943 19,163,423 **All Other Governmental Funds** Reserved 3,741,227 \$ 3,803,737 \$ 54,425,376 \$ 37,456,559 \$ 6,659,252 \$ 1,517,413 \$ 10,916,914 \$ 14,581,790 Unreserved, reports in: Special Revenue Funds 3,972,738 4,089,208 3,447,242 4,362,767 5,640,048 4,716,567 5,378,544 4,569,216 Debt Service Funds 150 (3,420)Capital Projects Funds 5,186,322 6.525.614 12,818,435 15,981,722 19,384,444 11,513,358 2,482,529 1,532,966 Total All Other Governmental Funds 12,900,287 14,418,559 70,691,053 57,801,048 31,683,744 17,747,488 18,774,567 20,683,972 27.658.372 \$ 77.053.012 \$ 58.233.667 \$ 52.135.846 \$ 39.847.395 **Total Governmental Funds** 24.734.117 \$ 85.921.329 \$ 46.230.510 \$

Note: The City of Grand Junction implemented GASB 34 as of December 31, 2002.

Source: Current and prior year's financial statements.

TABLE 4

City of Grand Junction, Colorado

CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Eight Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year			
		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Revenues	•	_				_			
Taxes	\$	43,675,042 \$	45,761,262 \$	50,191,182 \$	53,601,820 \$	63,459,234 \$	69,778,188 \$	78,042,097 \$	63,955,427
Licenses, Fees, and Permits		111,935	118,616	111,452	114,921	101,165	113,224	129,993	121,783
Intergovernmental		1,983,885	1,961,442	3,065,737	2,002,220	3,535,141	4,260,519	12,009,672	4,955,308
Charges for Services		4,810,031	5,488,457	5,884,254	6,077,290	11,513,267	8,633,619	8,997,208	8,311,362
Fines and Forfeitures		486,548	564,294	701,941	546,162	1,001,569	1,152,790	1,094,388	945,666
Special Assessments		101,142	34,230	148,289	65,949	75,103	146,610	24,493	92,198
Investment Earnings		938,331	488,268	1,547,469	1,622,584	2,982,954	3,270,125	1,968,465	984,031
Other Income		1,463,642	2,012,121	1,237,322	2,646,942	1,185,987	902,798	283,116	136,935
Other Contributions		82,571	11,891	192,283	49,232	70,874	1,063,174	873,869	196,833
Total Revenues		53,653,127	56,440,581	63,079,929	66,727,120	83,925,294	89,321,047	103,423,301	79,699,543
Expenditures									
General Government	\$	8,332,174 \$	8,288,652 \$	8,716,681 \$	9,207,102 \$	10,404,115 \$	12,336,103 \$	15,596,506 \$	13,793,482
Public Safety		17,350,391	18,553,410	19,977,861	20,490,870	22,930,060	25,791,977	29,657,426	29,092,018
Public Works		7,333,200	7,564,156	8,049,960	8,185,303	8,865,640	9,562,091	10,779,300	9,954,111
Parks and Recreation		4,385,230	4,731,828	5,378,915	5,302,211	5,795,820	6,432,863	7,273,190	7,347,609
Urban Development and Housing		720,042	622,802	347,218	593,786	249,847	565,373	545,715	572,726
Debt Service									
Principal Retirement		788,891	826,281	869,787	1,914,672	2,216,032	2,584,661	3,907,232	3,883,479
Interest		304,665	239,118	1,538,367	2,829,739	2,757,618	3,254,707	3,693,947	3,508,632
Bond Issuance Costs		-	-	723,626	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay: Construction		8,860,186	10,555,511	19,983,688	25,615,550	46,927,452	55,331,874	36,484,253	16,879,724
Total Expenditures		48,074,779	51,381,758	65,586,103	74,139,233	100,146,584	115,859,649	107,937,569	85,031,781
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers In		3,071,622	3,787,288	8,278,967	7,907,490	13,272,934	25,222,052	41,941,154	24,695,090
Transfers Out		(5,296,866)	(5,921,856)	(7,949,841)	(9,651,371)	(16,525,848)	(28,794,574)	(43,974,059)	(25,745,967)
Revenue Bonds Issued		-	-	57,075,000	-	654,860	22,925,000	-	-
Bond Premium		-	_	3,652,683	_	, -	997,936	_	_
Sale of Capital Assets		-	-	-	_	_	90,367	641,837	_
Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)		(2,225,244)	(2,134,568)	61,056,809	(1,743,881)	(2,598,054)	20,440,781	(1,391,068)	(1,050,877)
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ :	3,353,104 \$	2,924,255 \$	58,550,635 \$	(9,155,994) \$	(18,819,344) \$	(6,097,821) \$	(5,905,336) \$	(6,383,115)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditure	es	2.6%	2.4%	5.0%	9.6%	9.0%	9.4%	10.6%	10.4%

Notes: The City of Grand Junction implemented GASB 34 as of December 31, 2002.

Source: Current and prior year's financial statements.

TABLE 5

## City of Grand Junction, Colorado SALES TAX REVENUE BY TYPE OF INDUSTRY 1

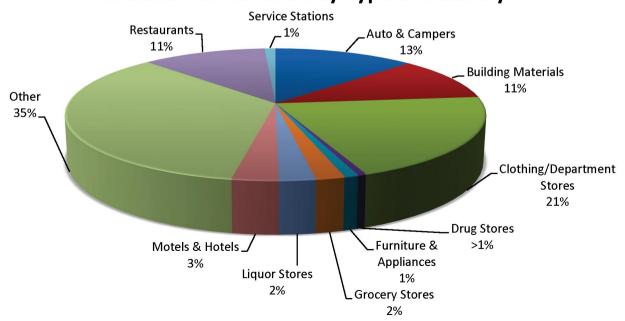
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Auto & Campers	Building Materials	Clothing/ Department Stores	Drug Stores	Furniture & Appliances	Grocery Stores	Liquor Stores	Motels & Hotels	Other	Restaurants	Service Stations	Total Sales Tax	Total Direct Tax Rate
2000	2,799,610	2,231,228	6,320,853	174,204	683,090	734,541	427,131	736,196	8,843,661	2,591,340	227,846	25,769,700	2.75%
2001	3,049,353	2,544,246	6,470,884	202,515	697,763	759,534	476,218	777,965	9,666,884	2,739,162	221,100	27,605,624	2.75%
2002	3,384,024	2,708,008	7,347,604	185,425	813,360	681,550	518,996	829,077	9,667,415	2,965,515	255,338	29,356,312	2.75%
2003	3,477,295	3,640,993	7,213,733	169,377	743,664	744,133	558,225	793,845	9,644,774	3,053,336	237,627	30,277,002	2.75%
2004	4,281,235	3,813,959	7,109,518	139,758	398,699	606,240	580,068	811,876	11,230,952	3,274,269	247,399	32,493,973	2.75%
2005	4,588,778	4,075,360	7,531,171	147,299	481,625	599,540	627,954	940,652	12,097,267	3,526,455	294,708	34,910,809	2.75%
2006	5,671,555	4,847,206	8,340,443	193,003	533,528	636,540	699,893	1,083,818	14,843,131	3,817,821	340,162	41,007,100	2.75%
2007	6,330,907	5,850,932	8,976,739	259,764	566,242	694,839	790,822	1,335,710	16,074,066	4,242,729	366,202	45,488,952	2.75%
2008	6,413,694	5,867,638	8,876,297	258,197	497,265	737,283	885,924	1,502,984	17,004,461	4,548,239	434,299	47,026,281	2.75%
2009	4,864,852	4,073,914	7,879,172	211,381	358,332	728,805	919,756	1,169,215	13,363,210	4,287,052	377,156	38,232,845	2.75%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes use tax and the city's share of county sales tax. Refer to Table 8 for total sales and use tax collections.

Source: City Financial Operations Division: Sales Tax Reports

### 2009 Sales Tax Revenue by Type of Industry



#### TABLE 6

## City of Grand Junction, Colorado DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City Di	irect Rate	Overlapp			
Fiscal Year	City of Grand Junction	Total Direct Sales Tax Rate	Mesa County	State of Colorado	Total Overlapping Sales Tax Rate	
2000	 2.75%	2.75%	2.00%	2.90%	7.65%	
2001	2.75%	2.75%	2.00%	2.90%	7.65%	
2002	2.75%	2.75%	2.00%	2.90%	7.65%	
2003	2.75%	2.75%	2.00%	2.90%	7.65%	
2004	2.75%	2.75%	2.00%	2.90%	7.65%	
2005	2.75%	2.75%	2.00%	2.90%	7.65%	
2006	2.75%	2.75%	2.00%	2.90%	7.65%	
2007	2.75%	2.75%	2.00%	2.90%	7.65%	
2008	2.75%	2.75%	2.00%	2.90%	7.65%	
2009	2.75%	2.75%	2.00%	2.90%	7.65%	
otes:	The City's sales t City's residents.	ax rate may be increas	ed only by a majori	ity vote of the		
ource:	City Financial On	erations Division: Sales	Tay Damanta			

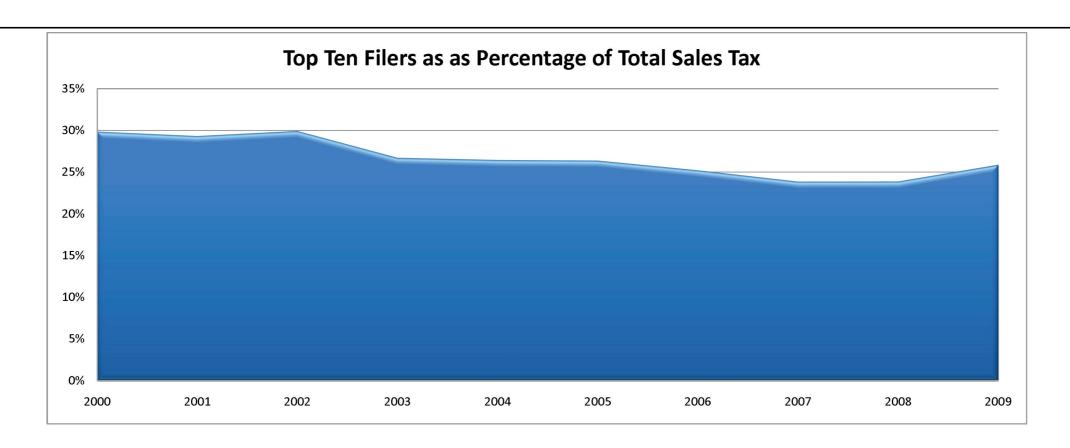
TABLE 7

City of Grand Junction, Colorado
PRINCIPAL SALES TAX PAYERS
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Aggregate Top Ten Filers 1,2	\$	7,686,310 \$	8,086,274 \$	8,778,808 \$	8,081,004 \$	8,587,499 \$	9,200,730 \$	10,330,320 \$	10,843,864 \$	11,216,552 \$	9,889,256
Aggregate All Other Filers <sup>2</sup>		18,083,390	19,519,350	20,577,504	22,195,998	23,906,474	25,710,079	30,676,780	34,645,088	35,809,729	28,343,589
Total Sales Tax	\$	25,769,700 \$	27,605,624 \$	29,356,312 \$	30,277,002 \$	32,493,973 \$	34,910,809 \$	41,007,100 \$	45,488,952 \$	47,026,281 \$	38,232,845
Top Ten Filers as a Percentage of Total Sales Tax		29.83%	29.29%	29.90%	26.69%	26.43%	26.35%	25.19%	23.84%	23.85%	25.87%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Colorado State Statutes and the City of Grand Junction Ordinances prohibit disclosure of individual sales tax returns, therefore the current year top ten filers are listed in alphabetical order as follows: Best Buy, Home Depot, Kohls, Lowes, Mesa County Colorado, Sams Club, Target Stores, Walmart-North Avenue, Walmart-Rimrock and Xcel Energy.

Source: City Financial Operations Division: Sales Tax Reports



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excludes use tax and the city's share of county sales tax. Refer to Table 8 for total sales and use tax collections.

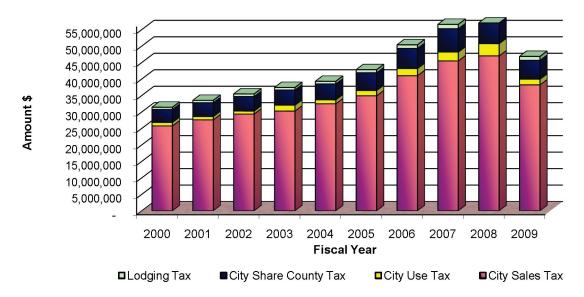
TABLE 8

### City of Grand Junction, Colorado SALES AND USE TAX COLLECTIONS

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City	City	of County	Lodging	
Fiscal Year	Sales Tax	Use Tax	Sales Tax	Tax	Total
2000	25,769,700	1,056,721	3,925,730	679,814	31,431,96
2001	27,605,624	1,002,862	4,191,997	716,990	33,517,47
2002	29,356,312	920,312	4,401,660	784,942	35,463,22
2003	30,277,002	1,780,922	4,594,439	770,315	37,422,67
2004	32,493,973	1,183,845	4,830,477	790,161	39,298,45
2005	34,910,809	1,599,762	5,386,015	928,549	42,825,13
2006	41,007,100	2,165,095	6,120,684	1,081,096	50,373,97
2007	45,488,952	2,690,355	7,080,141	1,323,806	56,583,25
2008	47,026,281	3,696,770	7,216,665	1,507,981	59,447,69
2009	38,232,845	1,711,356	5,721,514	1,190,907	46,856,62
ource:		ions Division: Sales Tax		,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

#### Sales and Use Tax Collections



#### TABLE 9

# City of Grand Junction, Colorado RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE TO PERSONAL INCOME AND OUTSTANDING DEBT PER CAPITA<sup>1</sup>

Last Eight Fiscal Years

			Governmental Activities				Business-Typ	oe Activities	Ratio of Outstanding		
Fiscal Year	Popu- lation <sup>A</sup>	Personal Income In Thousands <sup>C</sup>	General Obligation Bonds <sup>1</sup>	Revenue Bonds	Promissory Notes	Capital Leases	Promissory Notes	Loan Payable	Total Primary Government	Debt to Personal Income	Outstanding Debt Per Capita
2002	45,698	1,165,025	2,396,600		182,921	2,460,093	123,215	3,500,233	8,663,062	0.54%	137
2003	46,861	1,209,108	2,171,383	-	159,213	1,882,737	115,474	3,490,034	7,818,841	0.47%	121
2004	48,325	1,318,403	1,927,348	60,604,780	133,134	1,283,063	107,346	3,347,672	67,403,343	4.97%	1,355
2005	49,420	1,425,965	1,668,791	59,359,891	104,448	655,636	98,812	3,200,316	65,087,894	4.45%	1,283
2006	51,569	1,576,774	1,389,950	57,867,070	72,893	-	89,850	3,052,921	62,472,684	3.87%	1,184
2007	53,662	1,739,829	1,090,000	79,664,693	38,181	-	80,441	2,900,164	83,773,479	4.75%	1,541
2008	55,189	1,913,679	935,000	75,815,801	-	-	70,561	2,747,362	79,568,724	4.11%	1,425
2009	56,441	<sup>B</sup> 1,914,027 <sup>D</sup>	770,000	71,838,039	-	-	-	2,589,193	75,197,232	3.89%	1,319

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The general obligation bonds consist of the Ridges Metropolitan District debt and the Grand Junction West Water and Sanitation District debt which are excluded from our ratio of outstanding debt to personal income calculation and our debt per capita calculation because they are to be paid with special property tax levys on property within these Districts only.

Note: The City of Grand Junction implemented GASB 34 as of December 31, 2002.

Source: Current and prior year's financial statements

- A Colorado DOLA Demography Section All other City Financial Operations
- B Estimate, Colorado Department of Local Affairs, State Demography Office
- <sup>C</sup> Bureau of Economic Analysis
- <sup>D</sup> Estimate, based on prior year data and Bureau of Economic Analysis

#### City of Grand Junction, Colorado

### RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO PERSONAL INCOME AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA<sup>1</sup>

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Popu- lation <sup>A</sup>	Personal Income in Thousands <sup>c</sup>	Gross Bonded Debt <sup>1</sup>	Debt Service Monies Avail- able	Debt Payable From Enterprise Revenues	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Personal Income	Bonded Debt Per Capita
2000	41,986	1,046,291	-	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2001	44,838	1,138,751	-	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2002	45,698	1,165,025	-	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2003	46,861	1,209,108	-	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2004	48,325	1,318,403	60,727,683	52,948,731	-	7,778,952	0.59%	161
2005	49,420	1,425,965	59,359,891	36,917,477	-	22,442,414	1.57%	454
2006	51,569	1,576,774	57,867,070	6,240,215	-	51,626,855	3.27%	1,001
2007	53,662	1,739,829	79,664,693	3,568,205	-	76,096,488	4.37%	1,418
2008	55,189	1,913,679	75,815,801	-	-	75,815,801	3.96%	1,374
2009	56,441	<sup>B</sup> 1,914,027 <sup>D</sup>	71,838,039	-	-	71,838,039	3.75%	1,273

#### Notes:

#### Source:

- A Colorado DOLA Demography Section All other City Financial Operations Division
- <sup>B</sup> Estimate, Colorado Department of Local Affairs, State Demography Office
- <sup>C</sup> Bureau of Economic Analysis
- Estimate, based on prior year data and Bureau of Economic Analysis

The Ridges Metropolitan District debt and the Grand Junction West Water and Sanitation District debt are excluded because they are to be paid with special property tax levys on property within these Districts only.

## City of Grand Junction, Colorado COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

December 31, 2009

Estimated actual value as determined by Assessor ^		\$ 7,864,294,940
Debt limit - 3% of actual value		\$ 235,928,848
Total General Obligation Debt <sup>B</sup>	\$ 770,000	
Less: Ridges Metropolitan District bonds supported by a special tax levy paid only within the District <sup>8</sup>	(770,000)	
Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit		 
Legal debt margin		\$ 235,928,848
Source:		
<ul> <li>Mesa County Assessor</li> <li>City Financial Operations Division</li> </ul>		

### City of Grand Junction, Colorado COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT 1

December 31, 2009

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	,_	Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City of Grand Junction	_	Amount Applicable to City of Grand Junction
Direct: City of Grand Junction <sup>A</sup>	\$	69,110,000	100.00%	\$	69,110,000
Overlapping: Mesa County Valley School District No. 51 <sup>B</sup>		119,725,000	48.16%		57,657,956
Total				\$ =	126,767,956

#### Notes:

- Computation of overlapping debt includes only the three major governmental units and excludes several special districts that partially overlap the City.
- Mesa County has outstanding sales tax revenue bonds which are payable from sales tax revenues and are not a general obligation of the property taxpayers of the County. The County also has outstanding jail lease purchase certificates which are not general obligations.

#### Source:

- <sup>A</sup> City Financial Operations Division
- <sup>B</sup> Mesa County Valley School District No. 51 Finance Department

TABLE 13

### City of Grand Junction, Colorado REVENUE BOND COVERAGE **WATER BONDS**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

<b>F</b> :1	0	Direct	Net Revenue		Debt Service F	Requirements	
Fiscal Year	Gross <u>Revenue</u>	Operating Expense	Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2000	4,861,061	2,970,243	1,890,818	-	-	-	-
2001	5,052,597	3,285,854	1,766,743	-	-	-	-
2002	4,833,602	3,252,288	1,581,314	-	-	-	-
2003	4,811,215	3,285,692	1,525,523	-	-	=	-
2004	4,507,115	3,369,394	1,137,721	-	-	-	-
2005	4,616,835	3,444,021	1,172,814	-	-	-	-
2006	5,003,881	3,506,330	1,497,551	-	-	-	-
2007	5,319,132	3,794,036	1,525,096	-	-	-	-
2008	5,950,066	4,129,193	1,820,873	-	-	-	-
2009	5,977,671	4,299,638	1,678,033	-	-	-	-
Source:	City Financial Operati	ons Division					

TABLE 14

### City of Grand Junction, Colorado **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	City <sup>A</sup> Population	County <sup>A</sup> Population	Personal Income in Thousands <sup>D</sup>	Per Capita Income <sup>∪</sup>	School <sup>B</sup> Enrollment	Unemployme Grand Junction MSA	ent Rate <sup>E,F</sup> State of Colorado
2000	41,986 <sup>C</sup>	116,255 <sup>C</sup>	1,046,291	24,920	19,633	3.3%	2.7%
2001	44,838	120,122	1,138,751	25,397	19,768	3.8%	3.8%
2002	45,698	122,463	1,165,025	25,494	20,035	5.0%	5.7%
2003	46,861	125,072	1,209,108	25,802	20,170	5.6%	6.1%
2004	48,325	127,808	1,318,403	27,282	20,207	5.5%	5.6%
2005	49,420	129,630	1,425,965	28,854	20,660	5.0%	5.1%
2006	51,569	135,468	1,576,774	30,576	20,877	4.0%	4.4%
2007	53,662	140,416	1,739,829	32,422	21,396	3.3%	3.9%
2008	55,189	144,440	1,913,679	34,675	22,272	3.9%	4.9%
2009	56,441 <sup>G</sup>	147,525 <sup>G</sup>	1,914,027	33,912 <sup>H</sup>	22,147	8.8%	7.7%

Note:

School enrollment is for Mesa County Valley School District No. 51 which includes the majority of Mesa County.

#### Source:

- A US Census Bureau and Colorado DOLA Demography Office
- B Mesa County Valley School District No. 51 District wide enrollment
- <sup>C</sup> 2000 Census
- D Bureau of Economic Analysis
- <sup>E</sup> US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Non Seasonally Adjusted
- F Prior year reports reflected unemployment rates for Mesa County; those have been been replaced in the current year report with unemployment rates for the Grand Junction Metropolitan Statistical Area
- Estimate, Colorado Department of Local Affairs, State Demography Office
- <sup>H</sup> Estimate, based on prior year data and Bureau of Economic Analysis

## Population, Income and School Enrollment Trend

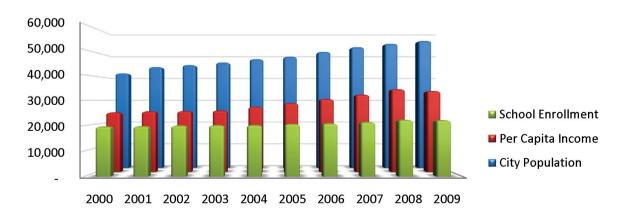


TABLE 15

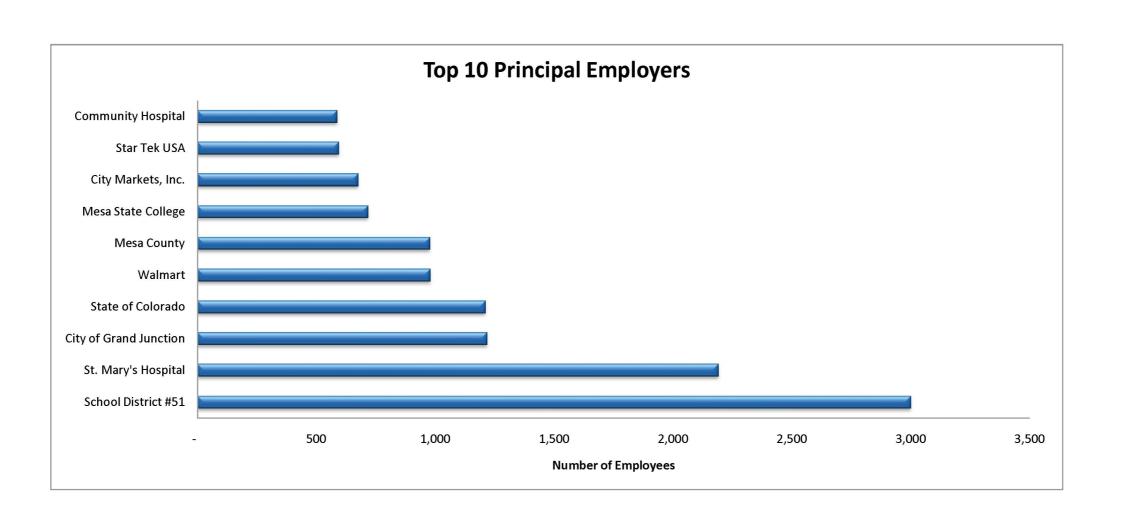
## City of Grand Junction, Colorado TOP 10 PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

December 31,2009 Last Seven Fiscal Years

Employer	Type of Business	Prior to 2003	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total 2003	Number of Employees 2004 <sup>A</sup>	Percentage of Total 2004	Number of Employees 2005 <sup>A</sup>	Percentage of Total 2005	Number of Employees 2006 <sup>A</sup>	Percentage of Total 2006	Number of Employees 2007 <sup>A</sup>	Percentage of Total 2007	Number of Employees 2008 <sup>B</sup>	Percentage of Total 2008	Number of Employees 2009 <sup>B</sup>	Percentage of Total 2009
School District #51	Schools	N/A	2,646	4.20%	2,786	4.32%	2,429	3.62%	2,600	3.61%	3,133	4.10%	3,200	4.06%	3,000	4.08%
St. Mary's Hospital	Medical	N/A	2,073	3.29%	1,985	3.08%	2,014	3.00%	2,000	2.78%	2,235	2.93%	2,235	2.83%	2,191	2.98%
City of Grand Junction	Government	N/A	570	0.90%	1,015	1.57%	900	1.34%	808	1.12%	968	1.27%	1,202	1.52%	1,219	1.66%
State of Colorado	Government	N/A	580	0.92%	922	1.43%	969	1.45%	982	1.37%	982	1.29%	1,197	1.52%	1,212	1.65%
Walmart	Retail	N/A	1,000	1.59%	860	1.33%	865	1.29%	910	1.27%	865	1.13%	860	1.09%	980	1.33%
Mesa County	Government	N/A	869	1.38%	872	1.35%	927	1.38%	925	1.29%	977	1.28%	982	1.24%	978	1.33%
Mesa State College	Schools	N/A	1,194	1.90%	1,440	2.23%	1,177	1.76%	1,250	1.74%	1,440	1.89%	1,259	1.60%	718	0.98%
City Markets, Inc.	Retail	N/A	600	0.95%	600	0.93%	400	0.60%	589	0.82%	590	0.77%	650	0.82%	677	0.92%
Star Tek USA	Services	N/A	550	0.87%					600	0.83%	625	0.82%			595	0.81%
Community Hospital	Medical	N/A	420	0.67%	415	0.64%	414	0.62%					574	0.73%	588	0.80%
Halliburton Energy	Services	N/A		0.00%			415	0.62%	700	0.97%	800	1.05%	977	1.24%		0.00%
Rocky Mountain Health Plans	Insurance	N/A			386	0.60%										
Other													65,767	83.35%	61,306	83.45%
Total of All Employees		N/A	62,987		64,540		67,033		71,935		76,344		78,903		73,464	

Source:

N/A Data Not Available



A Grand Junction Chamber of Commerce (Includes Part-Time and Seasonal Employees)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Grand Junction Economic Partnership (Includes Part-Time and Seasonal Employees)

## City of Grand Junction, Colorado MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS Last Eight Fiscal Years

Date of incorporation:

July 19, 1882 A

Date charter adopted:

September 14, 1909 A

Form of government:

Council/Manager A

City of Grand Junction Employees By Function (FTE's) <sup>E</sup>

Function	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
General Government	90	100	101	102	119	113	116	122
Fire Protection	75	79	79	83	98	98	99	99
Parks and Recreation	68	71	72	70	70	74	87	73
Police Protection								
Sworn	83	85	81	83	91	100	102	107
Non-Sworn	58	63	62	60	70	65	78	80
Public Works	172	172	175	170	161			
Public Works and Planning <sup>1</sup>						71	77	72
Utility and Street Systems <sup>1</sup>						116	120	115
Total	546	570	570	568	609	637	679	668

Building permits: <sup>B</sup>	Year	# Issued	Value
	2002	2,012	143,644,397
	2003	2,068	163,176,153
	2004	2,080	158,746,233
	2005	2,250	234,133,308
	2006	2,205	286,484,081
	2007	2,183	323,358,687
	2008	1,762	254,912,474
	2009	984	89,935,667
Flections: A		Number of	Number of

Elections: A		Number of Registered	Number of Votes in last	
	Year	Voters	General Election	Percentage
	2002	28,810	8,256	28.66%
	2003	19,890	8,256	41.51%
	2004	25,780	8,417	32.65%
	2005	25,650	8,417	32.81%
	2006	21,677	8,756	40.39%
	2007	21,677	8,756	40.39%
	2008	34,774	27,508	79.11%
	2009	27,977	8,579	30.66%

#### Education:

<u>Type</u> Mesa County Valley School District N	<u>2002</u> o. 51 Enrollment: <sup>G</sup>	2003	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	2009
Elementary	9,192	9,232	9,274	9,482	10,153	10,147	10,783	10,710
Middle	4,558	4,664	4,765	4,872	4,751	4,729	4,882	4,868
High	5,872	5,817	6,168	6,306	5,973	6,520	6,607	6,569
Mesa State College Enrollment: □	5,555	5,725	5,725	6,235	5,938	6,127	6,205	6,665

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\tiny 1}}$  The City of Grand Junction reorganized its department structure in 2007

Note: The City of Grand Junction implemented GASB 34 as of December 31,2002

### Source:

A City Clerk

City Clerk
City Planning Division/Mesa County Building Department

Mesa County Valley School District No. 51

Mesa State College

E City Personnel Department

## City of Grand Junction, Colorado CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

Last Eight Fiscal Years

Function	<u>2002</u>	2003	2004	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008	<u>2009</u>
Police B								
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicular Patrol Units	30	30	30	30	31	33	35	38
Canine Units	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Motorcycles Units	4	4	4	4	6	6	6	8
Bicycles (Attached to Patrol Units)	13	18	18	18	23	23	26	20
Fire Stations <sup>C</sup>	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5
Public Works <sup>A</sup>								
Area (Sq Miles)	32.87	33.12	34.25	34.65	35.47	36.9	37.46	37.84
Paved Streets (Lane Miles)	886.29	916.5	964.76	1010.37	1050.33	1081.24	1124.74	1136.31
Unpaved Streets (Lane Miles)	0	0	8.33	8.33	8.5	8.02	9.22	9.22
Total Streets (Lane Miles)	886.29	916.5	973.09	1018.7	1058.83	1089.26	1133.96	1145.53
Parks and Recreation <sup>□</sup>								
Developed Parks (Acres)	427.19	427.19	434.69	434.69	434.69	434.69	434.69	434.69
Undeveloped Parks (Acres)	589.18	589.18	581.68	581.68	581.68	581.68	581.68	581.68
Total Parks (Acres)	1016.37	1016.37	1016.37	1016.37	1016.37	1016.37	1016.37	1016.37
Swimming Pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Waterslides	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Tennis Courts	10	10	16	16	16	16	22	22
Shelters	13	18	19	19	19	19	21	20
Baseball Stadiums(Lighted)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Baseball Stadiums(Unlighted)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Football/Track Stadium (Lighted)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Softball Fields(Lighted)	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	6
Softball Fields(Unlighted)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Golf Courses	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Golf Courses (Acres)	156	156	156	156	156	156	156	156
Outdoor Basketball Courts (Lighted)	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Outdoor Basketball Courts (Unlighted	6	7	7	7	7	7	10	10
Multi-purpose Fields (Lighted)	•	•	-	1	1	1	1	1
Multi-purpose Fields (Unlighted)				10	10	10	10	10
Auditorium	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Senior Recreation Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Riverfront Trail (Miles)	14.8	14.8	14.8	14.8	14.8	14.8	18.7	18.7
Skateparks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Activity Center	_	_	_	_	1	1	1	1
Utilities <sup>E</sup>								
Storm sewers (Miles)	60	88	136	166.83	135.24	216.07	138.57	161.37
Sanitary sewer (Miles)	488	498	589	316.14	502.57	537.64	589.7	597.81

Note: The City of Grand Junction implemented GASB 34 as of December 31,2002

#### Source:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> City Administration GIS Department

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> City Police Department

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> City Fire Department

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>D</sup> City Parks and Recreation Department

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>E</sup> City Public Works Department

## **SINGLE AUDIT**





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

June 23, 2010

To the City Council City of Grand Junction, Colorado

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated June 23, 2010. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information in that schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Chadevick, Steinkirchner, Davis + Co., P.C.



#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended December 31, 2009

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Award Amount	2009 Amount of Award Expended
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND			
URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
Community Development Block Grants/			
Entitlement Grants	14.218 \$	1,030,246	\$ 531,089
U.S.DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant	16.579	86,341	4,203
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Asst. Grant	16.738	61,965	61,965
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Asst. Grant-ARRA	16.804	254,568	254,568
Public Safety Partnership and Community		•	•
Policing Grants	16.710	449,777	132,557
Public Safety Partnership and Community			
Policing Grants-ARRA	16.710	1,319,666	8,657
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	28,854	9,326
Total U.S. Department of Justice			471,276
U.S.DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed Through Mesa County, Colorado The Drug Free Community Support Program	93.276	42,255	42,255
U.S.DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE			
Passed Through Eagle County, Colorado			
Public Safety Interoperable Communications Grant	11.555	505,775	373,570
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY  Passed Through the Colorado Department of Local Affairs  Pre-Disaster Mitigation	97.017	3,000,000	181,185
LLS DEDARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  Passed Through the Colorado Department of Transportation  Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1,378,101	80,967
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR			
National Fire Plan-Rural Fire Assistance	15.242	8,000	8,000
Total Federal Award Expenditures			\$_1,688,342_
Total Foderal / Wald Expellatures			1,000,072

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

December 31, 2009

#### **NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of City of Grand Junction, Colorado and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

#### **NOTE B – SUB-RECIPIENTS**

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule the City of Grand Junction, Colorado provided federal awards to sub-recipients as follows:

Program Title	CFDA#	Amount Provided to Sub-recipient	
Edward Byrne Memorial Formula Grant	16.579	\$ 2,504	
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	\$ 104,524	



#### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

June 23, 2010

To the City Council City of Grand Junction, Colorado

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the City of Grand Junction, Colorado's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 23, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

To the City Council City of Grand Junction, Colorado Page Two

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, others within the organization, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Chadwick, Steinbirehner, Davis + Co., P. C.



## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

June 23, 2010

To the City council City of Grand Junction, Colorado

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2009. The City of Grand Junction, Colorado's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Grand Junction, Colorado's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Grand Junction, Colorado's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Grand Junction, Colorado complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2009.

To the City Council City of Grand Junction, Colorado Page Two

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Grand Junction, Colorado's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, others within the organization, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specific parties.

Chadwick, Steinhirchner, Davis + Co., P.C.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### Year Ended December 31, 2009

#### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued:		<u>Unqualified Opinion</u>			
Internal control over financial rep Material weakness(es) identificant deficiency(ies) ide	ied?		yes		no
not considered to be materi			yes		none reported
Noncompliance material to finan noted?	cial statements		yes		no
Federal Awards					
Internal Control over major prog					
Material weakness(es) identifi			yes	<b>√</b>	no
Significant deficiency(ies) ide					
not considered to be materi-	al weaknesses?		yes	<u> </u>	none reported
Type of auditor's report issued or	n compliance				
for major programs:		<u> </u>	<u>Jnqualif</u>	ied Opinio	<u>n</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that to be reported in accordance w					
Circular A-133, Section .510(a			yes	<u>√</u>	no
Identification of major programs:	<u>:</u>				
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal P	Program or Cluste	<u>:r</u>		
<u>1</u> 6.804	Edward Byrne Me	morial Justice As	sistance	Grant - A	RRA
11.555	Public Safety Inter	roperable Commi	<u>mication</u>	ıs Grant	
Dollar threshold used to distingui	ish hetween				
Type A and Type B programs:		\$ 300,00	00		
Auditee qualified as low-risk a	auditee?	✓	yes		no

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year Ended December 31, 2009

#### SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There are no financial statement findings.

#### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There are findings or no questioned costs required to be reported under OMB Circular A-133.

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended December 31, 2009

Prior year findings:

There were no prior year findings.



# OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION





### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

June 23, 2010

To the City Council City of Grand Junction, Colorado

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado for the year ended December 31, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated June 23, 2010. Our audit of such financial statements was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Supplemental Local Highway Finance Report is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The information in the schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Chadwick, Steinbirchner, Davis & Co., A.C.



The public report burden for this information collection is estimated	ned to average 580 nours and	iuany.	City or County:	Form # 350-050-36
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT		City of Grand Junction	l	
		YEAR ENDING:		
		December 2009		
This Information From The Records Of (example -	City of _ or County of	Prepared By:	Aeron White	
		Phone:	(970) 256-4012	
I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USEI	R REVENUES AVAII	LABLE FOR LOCAL	GOVERNMENT EX	PENDITURE
	A. Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from
ITEM	Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway
1 77 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Taxes	Taxes	<b>User Taxes</b>	Administration
1. Total receipts available				
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses				
Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes     Minus amount used for mass transit				
5. Remainder used for highway purposes				
5. Remander used for highway purposes				
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREE	ET PURPOSES		BURSEMENTS FOR ND STREET PURPOS	
ITEM	AMOUNT		EM	AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sources:		A. Local highway dis		
Local highway-user taxes		<ol> <li>Capital outlay (f</li> </ol>		7,336,981
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:		3,026,658
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		3. Road and street		
c. Total (a.+b.)		<ol> <li>Traffic control</li> </ol>		531,149
General fund appropriations	13,702,827	b. Snow and ice	e removal	363,661
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	1,562,409	c. Other		
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	1,162,253	d. Total (a. thro		894,810
5. Transfers from toll facilities			tration & miscellaneou	426,710
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		5. Highway law enforcement and safety		11.605.150
a. Bonds - Original Issues		6. Total (1 through 5)		11,685,159
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues		B. Debt service on lo	cal obligations:	
c. Notes	0	1. Bonds:	2 451 200	
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)	16 427 480	a. Interest		3,451,298
7. Total (1 through 6)  B. Private Contributions	16,427,489	b. Redemption c. Total (a. + b.)		3,530,000 6,981,298
C. Receipts from State government		2. Notes:	)	0,981,298
(from page 2)	2,173,294	a. Interest		
D. Receipts from Federal Government	2,173,274	b. Redemption		
(from page 2)	65,674			0
E. Total receipts (A.7 + B + C + D)	18,666,457			6,981,298
	,,	C. Payments to State		-,,
		D. Payments to toll f		
		E. Total disbursemen	ats (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	18,666,457
IV	V. LOCAL HIGHWA (Show all entri			
	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)	72,640,000	0	3,530,000	69,110,000
Bonds (Refunding Portion)			_,= 0,= 0,000	,,-,-,-
B. Notes (Total)				0
		REET FUND BALAN		
A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
Notes and Comments:	18,666,457	18,666,457		0
2.0003 and Comments.				
FORM FHWA-536 (Rev. 1-05)	PREVIOUS ED	ITIONS OBSOLETE		(Next Page)
,				. 0,

	STATE:
	Colorado
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT	YEAR ENDING (mm/yy):
	December 2009

#### II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	91,509	a. Interest on investments	32,085
b. Other local imposts:		<ul><li>b. Traffic Fines &amp; Penalities</li></ul>	
Sales Taxes		c. Parking Garage Fees	
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	80,014
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	1,470,900	g. Other Misc. Receipts	
6. Total (1. through 5.)	1,470,900	h. Other	1,050,154
c. Total (a. + b.)	1,562,409	i. Total (a. through h.)	1,162,253
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	1,940,291	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	233,003	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Federal	65,674
f. Total (a. through e.)	233,003	g. Total (a. through f.)	65,674
4. Total $(1. + 2. + 3.f)$	2,173,294	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

#### III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs	267,555	1,500	269,055
b. Engineering Costs	7,024	357,552	364,576
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities		3,352,186	3,352,186
(2). Capacity Improvements	444,473	167,748	612,221
(3). System Preservation	0	2,712,986	2,712,986
(4). System Enhancement & Operation	0	25,957	25,957
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	444,473	6,258,877	6,703,350
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	719,052	6,617,929	7,336,981
			(Carry forward to page 1)

**Notes and Comments:** 

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev.1-05)

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## Gardens and Museums

