COLORADO CULTURAL RESOURCE SURVEYOAHP1400 Management Data Form

Rev. 9/98 (page 1 of 4)

The Management Data Form should be completed for each cultural resource recorded during an archaeological survey. Exceptions to this are isolated finds and re-evaluations, neither of which require a Management Data Form. Please attach the appropriate component forms and use continuation pages if necessary.

1.	Resource Number: 5ME,761 2. Temporary Resource Number: TELL
3.	Attachments (check as many as apply) Prehistoric Archaeological Component Historic Archaeological Component Determined Eligible Determined Not Eligible Nominated X Sketch/Instrument Map (required) X U.S.G.S. Map Photocopy (required) X Photograph(s) X Other, specify: area maps
I. JD	ENTIFICATION
5.	Resource Name: Grand Junction Regional Center (current)
	State Home and Training School for Mental Defectives, name circa 1939
	State Home and Training School, name circa 1957 to 1964
	Grand Junction Indian School commonly known as the Teller Institute,
	name circa 1885 to 1908 also called the Indian School
6.	Project Name/Number: Grand Junction Phase Three Survey • Project # 04-01-069
7.	Government Involvement: Local StateX Federal
	Agency: State of Colorado Department of Human Services, Office for Adult, Disability and
	Rehabilitation Services
8.	Site Categories: Check as many as apply
	Prehistoric: archaeological site paleontological site
	in existing National Register District? yes no_X_ name
	Historic: archaeology site building(s)_X structure(s) object(s)
	in existing National Register District? yes no_X name
9.	Owner(s)'s Name and Address: Grand Junction Regional Center
	2800 D Road, Grand Junction, Colorado 81501
10	. Boundary Description and Justification: <u>The boundaries of the site are D Road on the south, the</u>
	Denver & Rio Grande Railroad on the north, 28 Road on the east and a vacant property on the
	west.
11	. Site/Property Dimensions: <u>804.67</u> m x <u>458.70</u> m Area: <u>369,073</u> m² (÷4047) <u>91.2</u> acres
	Area was calculated as: Length x Width X OR (length X width) X .785 ellipse

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23. Degree of Slope on Site: 0

25. Soil Description (character and color): Loam, silt and sand

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II.	LOCATION
12.	Legal Location
	PM Ute Principal Meridian Township 1 South Range 1 East
	¼ of ¼ of _SW ¼ of Section_ 18
1.0	if section is irregular, explain alignment method:
13.	USGS Quad: Grand Junction Quadrangle 7.5' X 15' Date(s): 1962 rev. 1973
1.4	(attach photocopy)
14.	County: Mesa 15. Other Maps: 2002 Grand Junction aerial maps at 1:6629'
	and 1:3434 from gicity.org web site. Regional Center campus site map provided by Grand
10	Junction Regional Center staff LITM References Check your Deturn NAD 27 V NAD 22
16.	UTM Reference: Check your Datum!NAD 27X_NAD 83
	A. 1 2; 7 1 3 4 0 3 mE 4 3 2 6 6 5 4 mN
	B. <u>1 2 ; 7 1 3 4 0 3 mE 4 3 2 7 0 0 6 mN</u>
	C. <u>1 2 ; 7 1 4 1 7 2 mE 4 3 2 7 3 2 6 mN</u>
. –	D. <u>1 2; 7 1 4 1 8 4 mE 4 3 2 6 6 8 1 mN</u>
17.	Address: 2800 D Road, Grand Junction, Colorado Lot Block Addition
18.	Location/Access: The site is located along D Road on the east side of Grand Junction city center
	The site is visible from the main road. From the city center (Main Street and 7th Street) travel
	south to Pitkin, East on Pitkin to 9th street, South on 9th street, crossing the railroad tracks and
	turning right. Follow this road along the tracks until it becomes D Road. The center is located
	1.17 miles along D Road traveling east, just past the divergence of the railroad tracks to the
	north.
	IATURAL ENVIRONMENT
19.	Topographic Feature(s) mountain ledge playa
	hill terrace/bench talus slope
	tableland/mesacanyonalluvial fanridgeyalleyplain
	ridge X valley plain saddle/pass basin dune
	alcove/rockshelter floodplain
	cliffcutbank
	Site Topographic Description (mention named landforms):The site is generally flat
	Site Elevation:feet =(x .3048)meters
22.	Aspect: open

24. Soil Depth: minimum of 30 cm

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26.	. Depositional Environment			
	Aeolian	Colluvial	X Residual	
	Alluvial Other, specify;	Moraine	None	
			distance: <u>1255.3</u> m4	
			distance: <u>1255.3</u> m	
29.	Vegetation on Site (list pre lawn.	dominant species): <u>Cott</u>	onwood trees, other ornamentals	, manicured
30.	Vegetation Associations/Co	ommunities Surrounding S	ite:Manicured and formerly c	ultivated
	landscapes. Primary trees	are cottonwoods typical t	o local riparian areas.	
IV.	NATIONAL/STATE REGISTER	ELIGIBILITY ASSESSMENT		
31.	Context or Theme:The bi	uildings on this site are as	sociated with the broad federal p	rograms of
	the 1880s and 1890s to res	settle Native Americans fr	om western Colorado onto Reser	vations.
	The Teller Institute was cre	eated in an effort to provid	e residential schools for the trans	sition of
	Indian children from their t	raditional culture to a mo	e 'acceptable' white culture. Chi	ldren were
	expected to learn English a	and abandon their native	anguages. They were taught the	1
	fundamentals as well as us	seful trade skills. These o	f reservation schools were close	d by federal
	mandate in 1911. The rem	naining buildings are char	acteristic of the residential and ut	ility types of
	buildings that were popula	r during this period. The	use of brick is typical of institution	nal and
	industrial buildings of this	period. The design of the	houses is fairly conventional, ho	wever the
	chimneys are unique in siz	e and detail and area sub	stantial forms. The complex is al	<u>so</u>
	associated with Henry M. T	Teller who was one of the	irst US Senators from Colorado	and was
	Secretary of the Interior from	om 1882 to 1885. His fam	ly ranch is located to the north a	nd_west_of
	this site and is now partiall	y occupied by the Veteral	's Hospital.	
32.	Applicable National Regist	er Criteria:		
	Does not meet any of	the below National Regis	ter criteria	
	X A. Associated with ev	ents that have made a sig	nificant contribution to the broad	pattern of
	our history; or			
	X B. Associated with the	e lives of persons significa	nt in our past; or	
	X C. Embodies the disti	nctive characteristics of a	type, period, or method of constr	uction, or
	that represent the wo	rk of a master, or that pos	sess high artistic values, or that r	epresent a
	significant and disting	guishable entity whose co	mponents may lack individual dis	tinction; or
	D. Has yielded, or ma	y be likely to yield, inforr	nation important in history or pre	history; or
	Qualifies under exce	ptions A through G.		
	Level of Significance: Nat	ionalStat	e X Local	

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33	. Condition
	a. Architectural/Structural Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated Ruins b. Archaeological/Paleontological Light disturbance Moderate disturbance Heavy disturbance Total disturbance
34	. Describe condition:The buildings remaining from the period of significance are somewhat
	altered. The two primary buildings East House 'A' and West House 'B' have several
	inappropriate alterations but are still intact enough to convey their origins. The Boiler House 'G
	and Adaptive 'H' are generally unchanged from their original form. The Boiler House is still
	functioning in its original manner while the Adaptive building has taken on a new use that is
	compatible with the original building. The remaining buildings on the site are a mixture of
	occupied and vacant buildings. Most have few, if any alterations.
35.	. Vandalism: yes noX describe: <u>Vandalism is not currently a</u>
	problem, however during the transition period between active uses of the campus, vandalism
	seems to have resulted in the demolition of substantial structures from the original building
	complex. Circa 1920s
36.	National Register Eligibility Field Assessment:
	Eligible Not Eligible_X Need Data
	Statement of Significance/N.R.H.P. Justification: Few original buildings remain and those
	are substantially altered. A significant number of newer buildings associated with later uses on
	the site have been added to the site.
37.	Status in an Existing National Register District:
	Contributing Non-Contributing
38.	National Register District Potential yesnoXdiscuss:
	A SIA CERCENT AND A DESINICTO ATIVE DATA
. IV	MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATIVE DATA
39.	Threats to Resource: Water erosionWind erosionGrazingNeglect
	Vandalism Recreation Construction yes Other (specify): Financial
	comments: The largest threat to buildings is the changing needs of the institution and the
	funding for remodeling or adaptive reuse within the standards for historic preservation.
	Significant original buildings have been previously demolished and two of the remaining
	buildings are not in use. These are subject to further deterioration or may be demolished.
	Renovations for reuse are likely to further impact the integrity of the buildings.
	Existing Protection: None Marked Fenced Patrolled Access controlled yes
	other (specify):
41.	Local landmark designation: No 42. Easement: none

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The East House 'A' and West House 'B' should be targeted for

40	Management Necommendations. The Last house A and West house B should be targeted to			
	appropriate reuse. Renovation to restore original features and removal of inappropriate			
	alterations should be undertaken. The Boiler House 'G' and Adaptive 'H' are relatively			
unchanged and seem to have current uses which are compatible to the buildings. Any				
	anticipated alterations should be performed in an appropriate manner for the preservation of the			
	historic integrity of the buildings. A local landmark designation should be considered for this			
	complex, in order to provide tools for the preservation of the remaining original buildings.			
VI.	DOCUMENTATION			
44.	Previous Actions Accomplished at the site: n/a			
	a. Excavations: Test Partial Complete Date(s):			
	b. Stabilization: Date(s):none			
	c. HABS/HAER Documentation: Date(s) & Numbers: none			
	d. Other:			
45.	Known collections/reports/interviews and other references (list):			
	1978 Management Appendices Grand Junction District Class 1 History, 5ME.761			
	Antiquities Site Inventory 5ME.761, date unknown			
	1973 Inventory Data Form 5ME.761			
	Conversation Document 9/4/79; 9/28/79; 10/28/1979; several phone conversations			
	regarding demolition of original Teller Institute Buildings.			
	Denver Post article; April 19, 1972			
	September 5, 1979 letter from Arthur C. Townsend SHPO to William Jackson			
	Superintendent of State Home and Training School			
	September 11, 1979 response to above letter			
	All above located in Colorado Historical Society files.			
	Pathways, 2004 volume 2, issue #1 • Grand Junction's Teller Institute by Dave Fishell			
	Mesa County, Colorado, A 100 Year History, Emma McCreanor, page 33			
	The Grand Heritage, A Photographic History of Grand Junction, Colorado;			
	Dave Fishell pg 118			
	Jim Korber, Project Planner DHS - Facilities Management Western District			
	ph 970-255-5897 provided considerable information on the buildings. Original architectural			
	drawings exist on many of the structures.			
46.	Primary Location of Additional Data: <u>Museum of Western Colorado; Colorado Historical</u>			
	Society Files and DHS files available through Jim Korber			

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47.	47. State or Federal Permit Number:		Collection Authorized: yes	s no
	Artifact Collection: Yes	NoX	Artifact Repository:	
	Collection Method: Diag	gnostics Grab Sample_	Random Sample	Transect
	Other (specify):			
48.	Photograph Numbers: _	Roll #15 Frames #22, 23,	24, 25 and	
		Roll #16 Frames #0, 1, 2,	3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10	
	Negatives filed at:	City of Grand Junction Con	nmunity Development Dep	artment
49.	Report Title:	Grand Junction Phase Thre	e Survey of Historic Struct	tures
50.	Recorder(s): Suzannal	h Reid, Patrick Duffield and	Lydia HerronDate(s):	Fall 2005
51.	Recorder Affiliation:	Reid Architects, inc		
	Phone Number:	9709 920 9225		

NOTE: Please attach a sketch map, a photocopy of the USGS quad. map indicating resource location, and photographs.

Colorado Historical Society - Office of Archaeology & Historic Preservation, 1300 Broadway, Denver, CO 80203 1303-866-3395

COLORADO CULTURAL RESOURCE INVENTORY **Historic Architectural Component Form**(page 1 of 3)

OAHP1404 Rev. 9/98

Use this form in conjunction with the *Management Data Form*. One of these forms should be completed for each building or structure. Include a photograph, sketch map, and a photocopy of the quad map showing building location.

I. ID	ENTIFICATION	
1.	Resource Number5ME.761	2. Temporary Resource Number: TELL
3.	Map ID Number / Feature Number or 0	Code: Campus Map 'G'
4.	Building or Structure Name:	The Boiler House
5.	Complex/Site Name:	Grand Junction Regional Center
6.	Photograph Number(s):	Roll #15 Frame #22 & Roll #16 Frame #3
II. A	RCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION	
7.	Complex/Building/Structure Type:	Service Building
8.	Architectural Style:	No Style
9.	Building Support System:	Masonry
10.	Dimensions: L_75' x W_55'	= Square Feet4,125 (approximately)
11.	Number of Stories:	_1 Story
12.	Building Plan (footprint, shape):	Irregular Plan
13.	Landscaping or Special Setting Featur	es:none
14.	Associated Buildings, Features, or Obj	ects - Describe material and function (map number / name):
	Buildings with component forms attach	ned are indicated on the sketch map with letters and are as
	follows: 'A'- East House; 'B'- West House	use; 'C'- Pace; 'D'- Amos Training; 'E' - Zuni; 'F'-
	Administration; 'H'- Adaptive; 'J'- Bow	er's Cafeteria; 'K'- Sudan Center; and 'L'- MJC. Numerous
	buildings on the site were constructed	outside of the period of interest for this survey. They are
	indicated with their common names ar	d construction date noted on the sketch map and briefly
	described below. These buildings are	not described on individual component forms: Wood
	Stakes (1950) a flat roofed and stucco	storage building; Brodine Storage (1973) a front gable
	storage building; Maintenance (1957) a	a one story office and shop building designed by Robert A.
	Van Duesen; Laundry (1963); the Porte	r Center (1975) a low pitched front gabled group of
	dormitory buildings with brick and stud	co walls; The Computer Lab (1964); Carson (1964) a brick
	predominantly flat roofed building; Hin	ds Gymnasium (1960) an auditorium; Meyer Health Center
	(1958) a low pitched synthetic roofed b	uildings with groups of aluminum frame windows used as
	an infirmary and health services facilit	y; Draper (1964) slated for demolition; and Butler (1958) a
	group of three buildings used as classr	ooms. The buildings are arranged around a central entry
	court with the majority of the later buil	dings concentrated to the north and east of the courtyard.
15.	Roof: The roof is flat with a	stepped parapet on the perimeter. The roofing material is
	assumed to be a synthetic membrane of	or hot asphalt.

Resource Number:	5ME.761
Temporary Resource Number:_	TELL
Map ID Number:	'G'

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16.	Walls:	The walls are common bond painted brick with decorative bands just above the			
	window heads a	nd at the top of the parapet wall.			
17.	. Foundation/Basement: The foundation is masonry.				
18.	Chimney(s):	A single large metal flue extends off the flat roof just behind the main part of the			
	building.				
19.	Windows:	The windows are steel sash with central operable sections and appear to be			
	original.				
20.	Doors:	Doors are both steel and wood, they are unlikely to be original.			
21.	Porches:	none			
22.	General Archite	ctural Description: This is a painted masonry building comprised of			
	several additive	volumes. The main section is rectangular with a flat roof. The south facing			
	elevation has a	series of rectangular openings infilled with multi-paned steel sash windows. Two			
pilasters divide the wall into three sections and the corners have low relief brick quoins that rule					
to the top of the parapet. A series of single course bands run around the building just above the					
	window_heads	The bands step out from the face of the wall and a soldier course of brick runs			
	infills a section between the two of the bands. The east wall continues the same pattern and the				
	parapet wall steps down as it goes to the back of the building. There are no openings on the east				
	side. The west side has a single double door opening on the right end and a step on the left				
	which runs back to the stepped wall of the rear section of the building. A large metal flue extends				
	up off the roof in this section. A low wing extends to the west off the rear of the building and a				
	shed roofed storage area infills the 'U' shaped space created by the rear wing and the front				
	section of the bu	ilding.			
III. F	UNCTION				
23.	Current Use:	Mechanical Building			
24.	Original Use:	Mechanical Building			
25.	Intermediate Us	e(s):			
IV A	RCHITECTURAL HI	etaby.			
		William N. Bowman			
		John Jack Lumsden, Dickie and Currie			
28.		ion: Actual 1900 Assessor Estimate			
		Information provided by the Grand Junction Regional Center			
		inor_X Moderate Major Moved Date			
	Describe Modific	ations: Paint, Equipment replacement and additions; dates unknown			
	Additions and Da	ite:Small additions to west side; dates unknown			

Resource Number:		5ME.761
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Map ID Number:		'G'

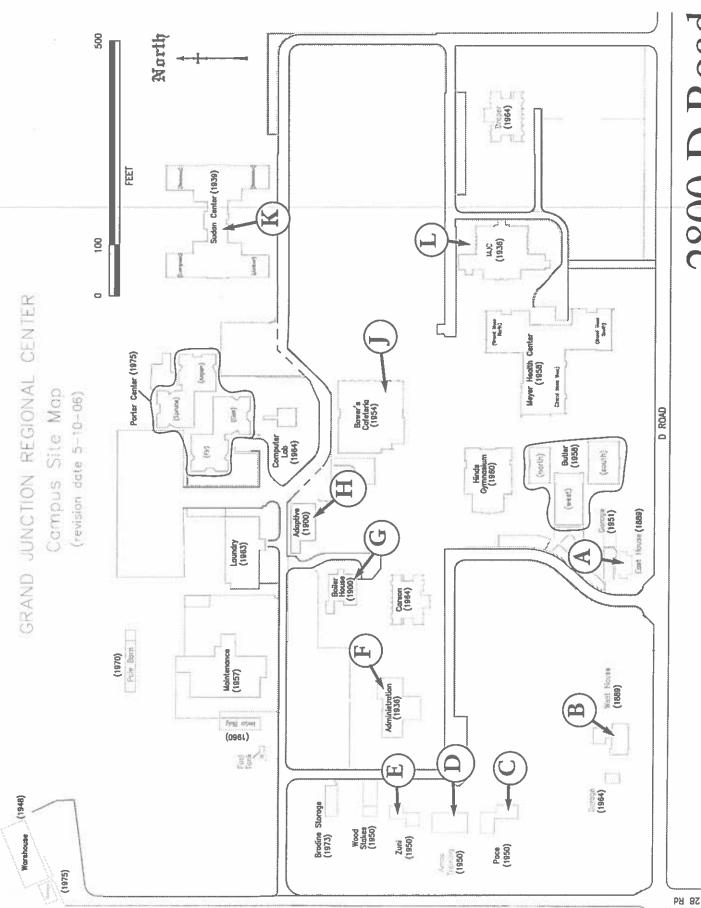
Historic Architectural Component Form (Page 3 of 3)

30. Associated Contexts and Historical Information: This building is part of the original Teller Institute Complex. The Teller Institute (Indian School) was established in 1886 as an "off-reservation" school for Indian boys. The goal of the school was to move Indian children off the reservation and to introduce them to the 'white man's' way of life. The students were educated in the fundamentals as well as trades and occupations. They were expected to work in the fields that provided food for the school and they were often hired out to local farms and orchards. There was also an emphasis on music and sports, which brought the students into contact with the community of Grand Junction. By 1908 the school housed over 200 boys and girls and had twelve buildings, five of which were brick. The tribes that were represented by the students included; Papagos, Moquis, Shoshone, Pima, Navajo, Hopi and Ute. Off-reservation schools were abolished in 1911 by the federal government. This building was the original steam boiler buildings which provided heat and hot water to all the other buildings on the campus. The buildings and grounds would go on to house the State Home and Training School for Mental Defectives. The site is significant for its representation of the early attitudes toward the resettlement of Native Americans and attempts to assimilate them into white culture.

V. OTHER RECORDING INFORMATION	N
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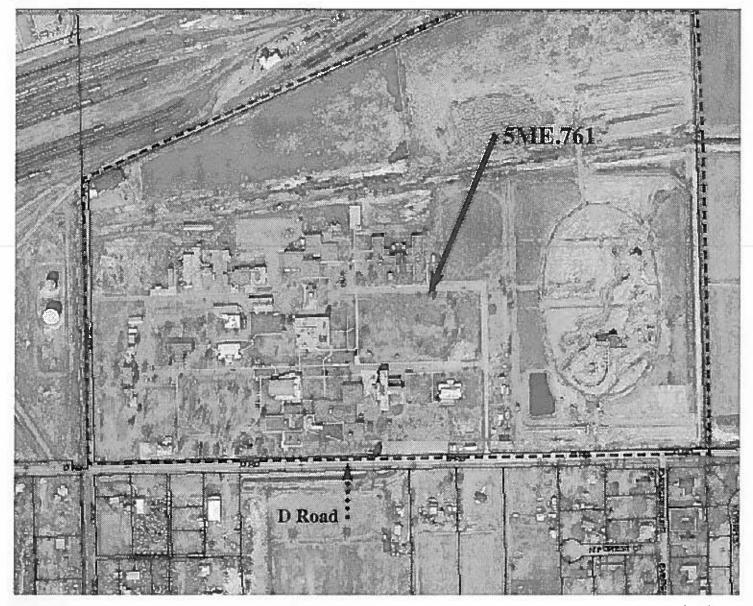
31. Specific References to the Structure/Building: n/a				
32. Archaeological Potential: Yes No _X _ Justify:				
33. Recorder(s):_	Suzannah Reid, Patrick Duffield and Lydia Herron			
34. Date(s):	Fall 2005			

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2800 D Road Key to Surveyed Sites • Campus Map

City of Grand Junction • Phase Three Survey 2004



detail map



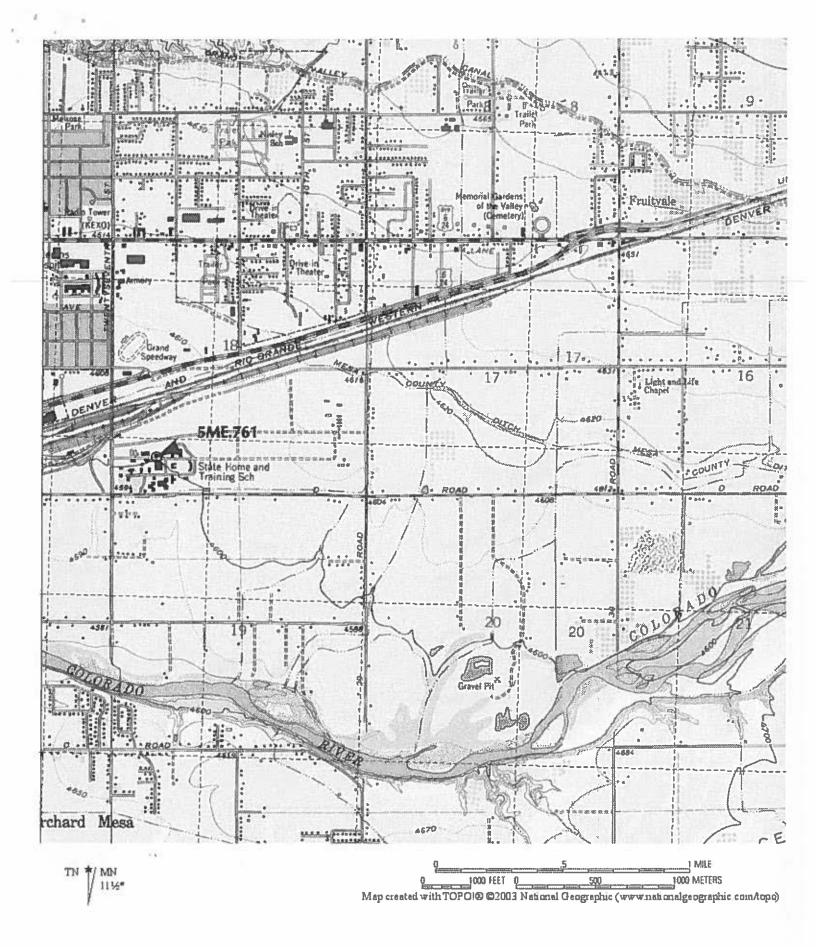
Grand Junction, Colorado image from 2002 aerial map

area map

2800 D Road



City of Grand Junction • Phase Three Survey 2004



GRAND JUNCTION, COLORADO

Phase Three Historic Survey 2004



5ME.761 2800 D Road

Roll # 15 Frame # 22 Boiler House
Looking northeast
Grand Junction, Mesa County, CO



SME.76.1 2800 D Road
Roll # 16 Frame # 3 Boiler House
Looking northwest
Grand Junction, Mesa County, CO