

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2005



City of Grand Junction, Colorado

Serving the Community Together



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Prepared by:

Department of Administrative Services and Finance

Ronald M. Lappi
Director of Administrative
Services and Finance



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City of Grand Junction, Colorado

Introductory Section



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Administrative Services Department

250 North 5th Street • Grand Junction, Colorado 81501-2668 • (970) 244-1515 • fax (970) 244-1599

June 16, 2006

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, City Manager and Citizens of the City of Grand Junction

It is with great pleasure that the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Grand Junction for the year ended December 31, 2005, is presented. State law requires that all local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed public accountants. This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is hereby issued and submitted to you for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, in accordance with these requirements.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Grand Junction. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established an internal control framework that is designed to both protect the assets of the City from loss, theft, or misuse and to allow for the compiling of sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's internal control procedures have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of management's knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Grand Junction's financial statements have been audited by Chadwick, Steinkirchner, Davis & Co., P.C, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Grand Junction for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Grand Junction's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Grand Junction was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is deigned to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Grand Junction's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in four sections:

1. *The Introductory Section*, which is unaudited, includes this letter of transmittal and the City's organization chart.

- 2. *The Financial Section*, which includes the MD&A, the basic financial statements, and the independent auditor's report on the financial statements.
- 3. *The Statistical Section*, which is unaudited, includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.
- 4. *The Single Audit Section*, which includes all reports and schedules necessary in order for the City to comply with the Single Audit Act and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

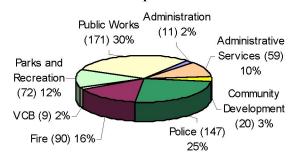
PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City was first settled in 1881 and was incorporated in 1882. It became a home rule city in 1909 by adopting its own charter pursuant to Article XX of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. The City operates using the Council-Manager form of government.

The City provides a full range of services including public safety (police and fire), public works (highways, streets, sanitation, and water), culture-recreation (parks, cemeteries, swimming pools, golf courses, convention center, and general recreation), community development, visitor and convention, and general administrative services. The relative department sizes are depicted in the chart in terms of personnel.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government. Accordingly, the Ridges Metropolitan District, Grand Junction West Water and Sanitation District, and Grand Junction Public Finance Corporation are reported as debt service

2005 Fulltime Personnel Complement By Department



Total for 2005 = 579

funds of the City. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of the primary government. The Downtown Development Authority is reported as a discretely presented component unit.

The City of Grand Junction currently occupies a land area of 34.66 square miles and serves an estimated population of 49,503. The City of Grand Junction is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal business properties located within its boundaries, and to establish and collect its own sales and use tax. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the City Council.

Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of seven members one of which is elected mayor each year. The council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing boards and commissions, and hiring the City Manager, City Attorney, and Municipal Judge. The city's manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms, with three or four council members elected every two years. Five of the council members must live in one of the five districts but are elected city-wide. The two remaining council members are elected at large.

In addition to internal controls, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds, enterprise funds, and internal service funds are included in the annual appropriated budget ordinance. Appropriations for all funds lapse at year-end. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the individual fund level. Even though the budget enacted by the City Council is at the fund level, the City prepares a line item budget by department for control at the line item level. Department heads have the

authority to reallocate the distribution of budget amounts within the major category of operating expenditures within their department. Budget reallocations between major expenditure categories or within the major categories of personnel and capital require City Manager approval. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts are not an actual use of appropriations. Therefore, open encumbrances at year-end for which the expenditure has not yet occurred either become expenditures against the new year's appropriation or are canceled.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each major individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on page 36 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For other major governmental funds (and non-major) this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on page 69.

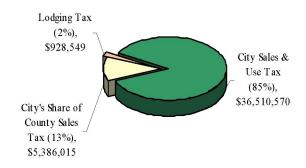
FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The City of Grand Junction is located on the I-70 corridor, about 250 miles west of Denver and 27 miles east of the Utah border. The City lies in a valley formed at the junction of the Gunnison and Colorado Rivers, surrounded by majestic mesas. As the largest city in western Colorado, Grand Junction is the major service center for western Colorado and eastern Utah. Commercial services, merchandising operations and health care services are in place to serve far more people than live in the valley. Major retail outlets have further augmented the regional service aspect of the City. The loss of economic activities in oil and gas exploration in the early nineteen eighties has been replaced by a diversity of industrial, recreational, and service activities. This new base, generated by community economic development and private enterprise marketing, has brought steady, consistent growth to the area. Natural and other disasters, occurring on the southern coastal areas of the United States, have also been a factor in the relocation of businesses and families to the valley.

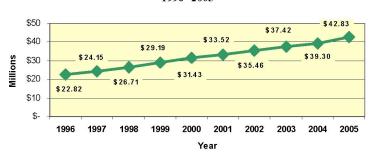
The mild climate and close proximity to a great variety of outdoor activities year-round have made Grand Junction both a vacation destination and a retirement community. A 3% lodging tax passed by the voters and implemented in 1990 is funding extensive promotion of the Grand Valley.

As in the past, city management and leadership continue to finance current operations with current operating revenues. Debt has been kept to a minimum. The three-quarter percent increase in city sales taxes, effective January 1, 1988, provides funds for capital expenditures and economic development. The sales and use tax revenues, allocated to the General Fund, account for 65% of its revenues (excluding capital transfers). These tax revenues increased by 9% from 2004 to 2005. The Sales and Use Tax Collections graph shows the elements of sales and use taxes and their proportionate size while the Historical Sales and Use Tax graph below shows the historical collections and growth since 1996.

2005 Sales & Use Tax Collections Total = \$42,825,134



Historical Sales & Use Tax Collections 1996 - 2005



The area has historically experienced economic cycles of about ten to fifteen years, moving from strong economic growth and prosperity to significant decline and deterioration of the business base. The valley has now experienced population growth averaging over 2% a year for ten years. This growth has positively impacted the area economy as evidenced by the growing gross metropolitan product (GMP), which was the 17th fastest growing in the nation during the

last decade. The area GMP more than doubled from \$1.76 billion in 1991 to \$3.91 billion in 2001. The average annual growth rate was 8.3%, more than three times the rate of population growth. GMP per capita increased 178% from \$18,335 in 1991 to \$32,780 in 2001.

Even with this favorable economic environment and anticipated continued stable performance, the City continues to face many challenges. During the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, the retail face of the City's economy changed dramatically with the addition of several big box retailers and new regional and national chain restaurants. In addition, the City also saw the increase of competition for those retail dollars as our neighboring communities added more retail markets of their own. The City is meeting the challenges of the current growth and is seeking methods and means for future growth.

The City also continues to work toward diversifying it's economic base and business climate and with the excellent quality of life offered in Grand Junction, which is critical to the attraction, motivation and retention of skilled and talented workers, it is attractive to business, individuals and tourists alike. Spectacular scenery and recreational opportunities, excellent climate and air quality, superb public school system and the newly expanded St. Mary's Medical Center make Grand Junction area an easy choice. Reasonable cost of living levels, low crime rates and a great choice of neighborhoods and residences also add to the Grand Junction's overall attractiveness, to both young and old.

During the year, the City had many accomplishments. Among them were:

- Phase I of the \$100 million Riverside Parkway project was successfully bid and construction was well underway by year end.
- The design and financial feasibility were preliminarily completed for the construction of a downtown parking structure to be completed by mid 2007.
- Voters in the downtown area approved the creation of a business improvement district to finance the promotion of the downtown business community.
- The largest ever biennial budget and capital plan for 2006 and 2007 was developed and approved by the City Council.
- A development plan for the vacant Jarvis property was completed.
- The City successfully continued Grand Junction 101, a citizen's academy geared towards teaching more about the operation of the City of Grand Junction by providing a behind-the-scenes, interactive view of everything the City does while also providing participants with many hands-on experiences.
- A EMS transport study and RFP process was initiated in 2005, with implementation scheduled in 2006.
- Frant funds were awarded to several neighborhoods as part of the newly implemented City of Grand Junction Neighborhood Program. Grant monies will be used for projects such as, neighborhood signs, historic renovation or improvement, clean up projects, landscaping and other physical improvements to the neighborhood.
- Joint facilities were planned for and implemented at two new public school sites for the development of recreation programs.
- Work continued on many elements of the two year strategic plan including the completion of the Colorado wage, benefit and cost of living comparison.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

The City remains committed to the maintenance and improvement of the quality of life in the valley. According to the results of the latest telephone survey of Grand Junction residents, elements of sound economic expansion including improvements to infrastructure, park and recreation enhancements, community development planning and policies remain key issues. The City's efforts in these areas strive to serve its citizenry in the long-term while maintaining a sound financial position.

Future plans include planned growth through the increase of city boundaries and continued economic development efforts. Ten-year plans and projections are utilized in budgeting and organizing city functions. These plans include the continuance of the funding policies, which have put the City on the sound financial footing it enjoys today.

A riverfront park area and trail system along the Colorado River is backed by the City through resources of personnel time, direct funding and facilitating grants from federal, state and private sources. The City has purchased land for this park and the riverfront trail system. Much of this property was the site of wrecking yards, which have now been removed. The park objectives are to provide additional recreational facilities, beautify the entrance to the City and improve flood control for the area. Several trails have been completed and are open to the public.

The purchase and development of the one hundred and three acre Canyon View Park was begun in 1996 and continued in 1999 with major softball and soccer facilities, as well as other amenities including a new weather station to help

operate the irrigation system more efficiently. Outside funding was used to construct a baseball field at Canyon View Park in 1998. Additional land at the large site has recently been developed at a cost of \$3.0 million. An additional site was purchased in 1996 for future development of a regional park. This site covers over two hundred and seven acres and will be paid for in 2006. While the site is currently under a farming lease contract, various trails are open to the public for non-motorized use.

With the successful opening of a second new hotel next door to the City's Two Rivers Convention Center, and a new parking structure scheduled for construction in 2006, the City's downtown is very vibrant and active. The Farmers Market which draws thousands of people to the downtown area has proved to be a very popular attraction during the summer growing season. The City also has plans for future capital improvements in the downtown area funded in part by an additional \$6 million in Tax Increment Bonds to be sold in 2006.

The City Council will work extensively in 2006 implementing the recently developed Strategic Plan, a plan aimed at identifying both the long term direction and nearer-term goals, objectives and action steps for the organization.

One of the major priorities in the Strategic Plan is maintaining the quality of life including the preservation and improvement of the infrastructure. The City's continuing infrastructure improvements are funded to a great extent by the increased sales tax rate in 1988. The three-quarter percent is allocated to the Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund and used to fund budgeted capital improvements. This has clarified the revenue stream for the long-range capital planning efforts. As part of our long-range financial planning process, these funds are projected and allocated to specific projects; while maintaining flexibility for future City Councils.

In 2003, the voters of the City of Grand Junction gave approval for the City to issue \$80 million in general revenue bonds to construct the Riverside Parkway. This is the most significant transportation project in the history of the City. The project entails building a loop around the City that extends from 24 Road/Redlands Parkway to the intersection of 29 Road and D Road. The lower section of the Parkway extends from 4th Avenue to the intersection of 27 ½ and D Road. The final connection will extend from Highway 50 on Orchard Mesa across the Colorado River and over I-70B and the Union Pacific Railroad tracks and connect to a new interchange at I-70. With the approval to issue general revenue debt, the City will be able to complete the entire project within 7 years, 13 years ahead of the original 20 year completion time. The City is also planning several other significant capital improvement projects including improvements to 7th Street, development of the facility master plan, and various water and storm drainage system improvements.

The City continues to take the lead in promotion and funding for economic development for the area. Incentives and area promotion have brought numerous businesses to the valley. The City plans to continue the support and funding of this process to maintain and stabilize growth. In 2005, the City committed \$500,000 to match funds developed by the Mesa State College for future expansion of the college to go along with \$2.5 million already pledged by the City since 1996. A portion of these funds is allocated from the economic development resources. The City of Grand Junction and Mesa County have successfully negotiated the transfer of the Department of Energy Complex from the federal government to Riverview Technology Corporation in an effort to retain and create jobs for the displaced employees. The 3% lodging tax for the Visitors and Convention Bureau (VCB), is making an impact on increasing visitors to the Valley. The VCB has and will continue to take advantage of special events. One such event is the annual Junior College Baseball World Series which begins the summer in conjunction with the Memorial Day weekend. The tournament, held since 1957 in Grand Junction, has a permanent home in the City. Stadium seating has been increased to accommodate the growing crowds and now seats approximately 7,300 baseball fans. Another special event began in 1992. "Country Jam USA", a country music festival of four days in mid-summer, draws spectators and performers from all over the country to the Grand Valley.

The City has remained on the cutting edge of communication and technology. The City Parks Department implemented an automated voice registration system making registering for recreation programs more convenient and various meetings, including City Council meetings, are televised. The City has also been recognized for its state-of-the-art interactive web site.

In 1992, the City issued its first biennial budget report, covering budgets for 1992 and 1993. The award-winning document continues to be a communication tool for the community, and a working document for goal measurement and reporting. There is a continuing effort to make the budget and financial reports more understandable for all users, especially the general public. A pamphlet sized "Budget in Brief" was published for the first time in 1993 and distributed as an easy reference book and communication tool. This publication is increasingly popular and is now published in biennial form in conjunction with the budget report every two years.

The City continues to improve alliances and increase communication with other governmental agencies and community groups. Joint planning with Mesa County is maintained for the urbanizing area from 19 Road to 35 Road to develop a vision of the development for the next fifteen to twenty years. The City assists Mesa County in the support of the new

Grand Valley Transit system, a limited fixed route "circulator" which began servicing the core areas of the valley and the outlying municipalities in 2000. Through the cooperative efforts of the Grand Junction City Council, Mesa County, Mesa State College, School District 51, and the Grand Junction Chamber of Commerce, a committee of 10 to 12 citizens from throughout the community was appointed to build a "vision" 2020 for the Grand Valley. Once this project was successfully completed the City undertook and completed its own Strategic Plan for the next 5 to 10 years, which is updated every two years. The City has also built alliances with the creation of the Western Colorado Drug Task Force, a collaborative effort between the Grand Junction Police Department, the Mesa County Sheriff's Office and the Federal Drug Enforcement Agency. The Task Force's function is intelligence, search warrants, interdiction, prescription fraud, traffic interdiction, and most recently, the emphasis in seizures of methamphetamine drug labs and trafficking.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE TAXPAYER BILL OF RIGHTS

The Colorado Constitutional Amendment passed in November 1992 (known as the TABOR – Taxpayer Bill of Rights amendment), restricts growth in governmental revenues and property tax revenues to amounts adjusted for inflation and a local growth factor. In 2005, the City did not exceed the overall revenue limitation, but will have to refund \$459,044 in property taxes collected. The City also is subject to other TABOR requirements. For example, TABOR requires that no real estate transfer tax or income tax be imposed and that the City reserve 3% of its spending as an emergency reserve. The City is in compliance with these provisions. Finally, TABOR requires that the City have elections if it wishes to change its tax policy or issue general government debt.

CASH MANAGEMENT

Cash temporarily idle during the year is invested in accordance with the City's investment policy. The City is also responsible for managing and investing the City of Grand Junction/Mesa County Joint Sewer System cash. The City Council has formally established an investment policy which includes steps to properly manage the risk, safety, and life of investments, and specifically allows investment of longer than five years and in mutual funds (composed of U.S. Government and agency obligations) and collateralized mortgage obligations.

The investment policy provides general guidelines for cash management of all funds. It identifies the scope, objectives, priorities, investment officers, permitted investments, safekeeping, and reporting requirements. A working, adjustable investment strategy has also been established.

Investment income increased in 2005 due to higher yields. The net average yield on investments was 3.8% up from 3.0% in 2004.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The City has had a comprehensive loss control program since 1982. Beginning in 1988, the City initiated a self-funded program for Worker's Compensation coverage with a per claim retention of \$300,000. The per claim retention is now at \$500,000. As a part of a comprehensive plan, resources are being accumulated in the Self-Insurance Internal Service fund to meet potential losses, including reserves for case development and Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) claims. Various risk control techniques, including safety and accident prevention training, and outside contract services for industrial hygiene, have been utilized to minimize accident related losses. Third party coverage is maintained for excess coverage of both Worker's Compensation and Property/Liability claims. Self-retention limits on property and liability have been increased to \$150,000 to reduce premium expenditures. During the year the self insurance fund designated \$500,000 of its resources for the new risk sharing medical insurance program.

PENSION BENEFITS PROVIDED

During 2005, like previous years, the City of Grand Junction participated in six different qualified pension plans. Two old hire Police and Fire Pension Plans are Defined Benefit Plans administered by the Colorado FPPA, with only two active firemen working at this time. The other four plans are single employer defined contribution plans and cover all of our full time/part time permanent employees totaling approximately 650. Both City and employee contributions are invested at the direction of employees and no unfunded liability can ever exist for these plans. The two old hire plans are actuarially studied at least every two years and the unfunded liability they both have are being amortized no longer than 20 years.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. This was the twenty-first consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The GFOA presented an award for Distinguished Budget Presentation to the City of Grand Junction for its biennial budget for the fiscal years beginning January 1, 2004 and January 1, 2005. This was the eighth time that the City has received this coveted award, covering sixteen budget years.

In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications medium.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Administrative Services Department. I would like to express my appreciation of all members of the Department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. It should be noted that staff from other departments provide great assistance in the preparation of the report and their work is appreciated. I also thank the Mayor and City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

The City's external auditors, Chadwick, Steinkirchner, Davis & Co., P.C., are also commended for their comprehensive and efficient examination of the various funds of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

Respectfully Submitted,

Ronald M. Lappi

Director of Finance and Administrative Services

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Grand Junction, Colorado

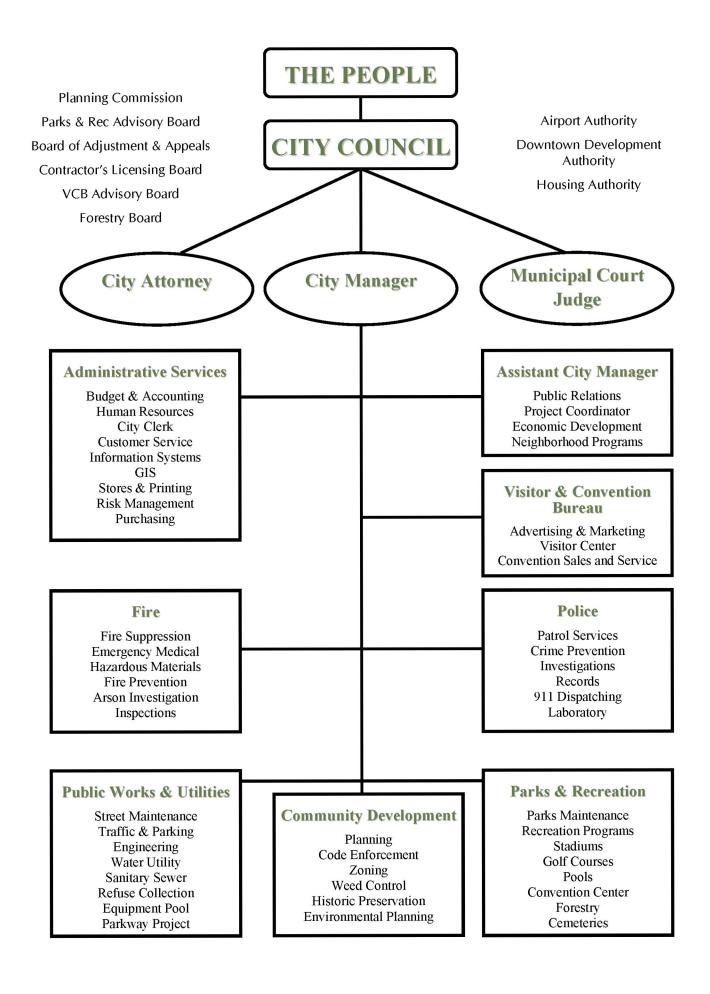
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004

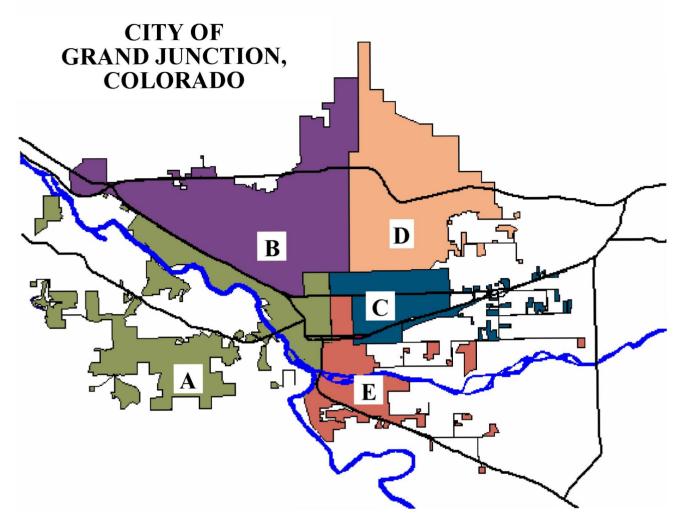
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Carla E funga President

Executive Director





ELECTED OFFICIALS

ELECTION DISTRICT BOUNDARIES

City Council	Expires
Jim Doody, Mayor – District A	May 2009
Bonnie Beckstein – Mayor Pro Tem –	
District D	May 2009
Jim Spehar - District B	May 2007
Gregg Palmer - District C	May 2007
Teresa Coons – District E	May 2009
Bruce Hill – At Large	May 2007
Doug Thomason - At Large	

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Kelly E. Arnold David A. Varely John P. Shaver Jamie Krieling David Palmer City Manager Assistant City Manager City Attorney Assistant City Attorney Municipal Judge

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Ron Lappi
Sheryl Trent
James Bright
Joe Stevens
Bill Gardner
Mark Relph
Debbie Kovalik

Administrative Services
Community Development
Interim Fire Chief
Parks & Recreation
Police Chief
Public Works & Utilities
Visitor and Convention



Financial Section



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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Grand Junction's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter on page 3 and the City's financial statements, which begin on page 29.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City of Grand Junction remains in strong financial condition.
- The assets of the City of Grand Junction exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2005 by \$350 million (net assets). Of this amount \$55.7 million is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Sales and use tax revenues increased by 9% over 2004, primarily due to a relatively healthy economy and some new retail activity.
- At the end of 2005, the unreserved and undesignated fund balance for the General Fund was \$16.2 million, or 38.9% of the total General Fund expenditures. This is up \$3.8 million from 2004 which was 29.7% of General Fund expenditures.
- The Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$9.6 million to assist next year's capital plan and the Parkway Project Capital Fund spent \$17.9 million towards the completion of the Riverside Parkway.
- General Fund revenues grew by 6% in 2005 mostly due to combined tax collections. In total, General Fund revenues of \$48.2 million, were highest ever collected.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Grand Junction's basic financial statements. The City of Grand Junction's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) the government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Grand Junction's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City of Grand Junction's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Grand Junction is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City of Grand Junction's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused paid time off).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Grand Junction that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*Governmental Activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*Business-type Activities*). The *Governmental Activities* of the City of Grand Junction include general government, public safety (police and fire), public works, parks and recreation and urban development and housing. The *Business-type Activities* of the City of Grand Junction include Water, Convention Center, Solid Waste, Pools, Golf Courses, Parking, and Irrigation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Grand Junction but also a legally separate Grand Junction Downtown Development Authority for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component is reported separately from the financial information presented for the City itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 31 of this report.

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Grand Junction also uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

1. Governmental funds — These funds are used to account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These fund statements focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps users determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.

The City of Grand Junction maintains eighteen governmental funds of which (as determined by generally accepted accounting principles) the only major funds are the General Fund, Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund, and Parkway Project Capital Fund. The balances of the other fifteen governmental funds are determined to be non-major and are included in the combining statements within this report.

The City of Grand Junction adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of the funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The General Fund budgetary comparison is presented as part of the basic governmental fund financial statements which can be found on page 32 through 36 of this report. All other required budgetary comparisons including the Sales Tax Capital Improvement Fund and Parkway Project Capital Fund are with the combining statements which can be found on pages 76 through 92 of this report.

2. **Proprietary Funds** – The City of Grand Junction maintains two different types of proprietary funds. The first type is enterprise funds which are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Grand Junction uses enterprise funds to account for its Water Utility, Convention Center, Solid Waste, Pools, Golf Courses, Parking and Irrigation.

As determined by generally accepted accounting principles, the Water and Two Rivers Convention Center enterprise funds meet the criteria of major fund classification. All other funds are classified as non-major and are included in the combining statements within this report.

The second type is internal service funds which are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Grand Junction's various functions. The City uses internal service funds for data processing, equipment maintenance, central stores operations, self insurance, and the communication center operations. Because these services primarily benefit governmental activities, they have been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 37 through 39.

2. **Fiduciary funds** – These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting method used for these funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 40 through 41.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 43 through 68 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Grand Junction's Local Highway Finance Report. This supplementary information can be found on page 155 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, non-major proprietary funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required notes to financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 72 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Grand Junction, assets exceed liabilities by \$350.3 million at the close of fiscal year 2005.

By far the largest portion (82.5%) of the City of Grand Junction's total net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure assets, and machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	
Current and other assets	\$103,747	\$110,958	\$ 6,796	\$ 6,266	\$110,543	\$117,224	
Capital assets	285,426	235,879	36,996	36,622	322,422	272,501	
Total assets	389,173	346,837	43,792	42,888	432,965	389,725	
Long-term debt outstanding	66,891	68,880	4,269	4,022	71,160	72,902	
Other liabilities	10,956	9,312	539	538	11,495	9,850	
Total liabilities	77,847	78,192	4,808	4,560	82,655	82,752	
Net assets:	1		i.		-		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	256,935	224,544	33,697	34,071	290,632	258,616	
Restricted	3,944	3,837	-	905	3,944	4,742	
Unrestricted	50,448	40,264	5,286	3,352	55,734	43,615	
Total net assets	\$ 311,327	\$ 268,645	\$38,983	\$38,328	\$350,310	\$306,973	

An additional portion of the City of Grand Junction's net assets 1.5% represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Changes in Net Assets

The City's total revenues of \$112.0 million exceeded program expenses of \$68.7 million for an increase in net assets of \$43.3 million.

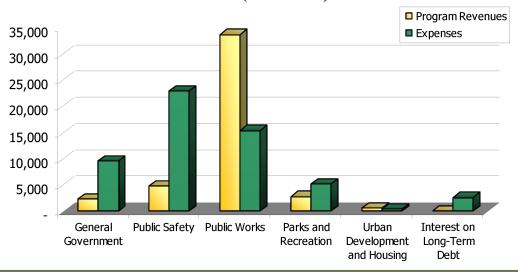
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (in Thousands)

		(III THOUSA	Business	s-tyne	Total Pr	imary	
	Governmental Activities			Activities		Government	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	
Revenues:	2000	<u> </u>	2002	<u> 2001</u>	2002	<u> 200.</u>	
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 9,233	\$ 8,668	\$ 11,954	\$ 10,832	\$ 21,187	\$ 19,500	
Operating grants	718	492	-	159	718	651	
Capital grants	34,105	20,629	238	110	34,343	20,739	
General revenues:	,	,			- 1,- 1-	,	
Property taxes	4,723	4,620	-	_	4,723	4,620	
Sales and use taxes	42,825	39,298	_	-	42,825	39,298	
Other taxes	6,054	6,273	-	=	6,054	6,273	
Other general revenues	1,988	2,055	168	137	2,156	2,192	
Total revenues	99,646	82,035	12,360	11,238	112,006	93,273	
Expenses:							
General government	9,597	9,549	-	_	9,597	9,549	
Public safety	22,905	23,823	<u>=</u>	_	22,905	23,823	
Public works	15,387	10,223	-	_	15,387	10,223	
Parks and recreation	5,175	6,684	_	_	5,175	6,684	
Urban development and	-,	-,			-,	-,	
housing	415	347	=	=	415	347	
Interest on long-term debt	2,572	2,302	-	_	2,572	2,302	
Water	-	-	4,222	4,159	4,222	4,159	
Convention Center	=	=	2,641	2,130	2,641	2,130	
Solid Waste Removal	=	=	2,340	2,302	2,340	2,302	
Swimming pools	_	-	920	827	920	827	
Golf	-	-	1,899	2,041	1,899	2,041	
Parking	=	-	321	245	321	245	
Irrigation systems	_	=	274	279	274	279	
Total expenses	56,051	52,928	12,617	11,983	68,668	64,911	
Excess before transfers	43,595	29,107	-257	-745	43,338	28,362	
Transfers	- 913	-746	913	746			
Increase in net assets	42,682	28,361	656	1	43,338	28,362	
Net assets 1/1/05	268,645	240,284	38,328	38,327	306,972	278,610	
Net assets 12/31/05	\$311,327	\$268,645	\$38,984	\$38,328	\$350,310	\$306,972	

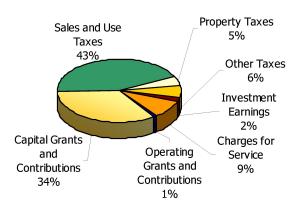
Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities increased the City of Grand Junction's net assets by \$42.7 million. Following are illustrative summaries of Governmental Activities breaking out revenues and expenses.

EXPENSE AND PROGRAM REVENUES – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITES (in Thousands)



REVENUES BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES



Sales and use tax revenue increased by 9.0% during the year. The majority of growth is attributed to a healthy economy and impacts of new retail outlets.

Property tax revenue increased by \$103 thousand, or 2.2%, during the year. This growth was attributed to increasing valuations of existing properties and additional construction. The mill levy has remained constant since 1992.

Business-type Activities

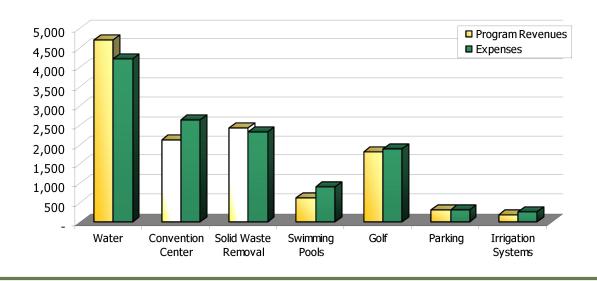
Net assets in Business-type activities increased by \$656 thousand. Business-type activities include Water, Convention Center, Solid Waste, Pools, Golf Courses, Parking, and Irrigation.

Increased system development fees for the Water Fund resulted in higher than anticipated revenues.

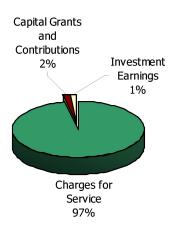
The Two Rivers Convention Center, and the Pools Funds all received transfers from the General Fund to subsidize operations.

The following chart demonstrates the current level of recovery for the City's business type activities:

EXPENSE AND PROGRAM REVENUES – BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITES



REVENUES BY SOURCE - BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Grand Junction uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful is assessing the City's financing requirements.

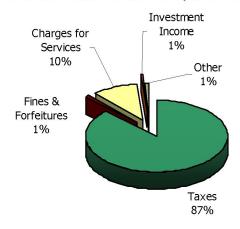
As of the December 31, 2005, the City's governmental funds (general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, and permanent) reported combined fund balances of \$77.1 million. This represents a decrease of \$9.2 million over last year's ending balances, mainly attributed to \$17.9 million in capital expenditures in the Parkway Project capital fund. Excluding this fund, the City's remaining governmental funds increased fund balance by \$7.7 million (23%) over last year's ending balances.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. All activities which are not required to be accounted for in separate funds either by state or local ordinance or by a desire to maintain a matching of revenues and expenses are accounted for in this fund. Revenues exceeded expenditures in the General Fund by \$6.5 million during the year. The

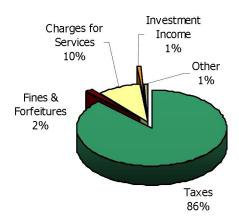
General Fund's total fund balance increased \$3.7 million over last year. An analysis for this fund balance shows that it represents over 39% of projected revenues for the new fiscal year which ends December 31, 2006.

Taxes continue to be the largest source of revenue in the General Fund and represent 87% of total general fund revenues. The largest element of taxes is sales taxes, as it has been for many years. It represents 75% of total tax revenues and represents 65% of total general fund revenues. The following charts display General Fund revenues as a percent of total revenues for the past two years.

GENERAL FUND REVENUE (GAAP BASIS) 2005

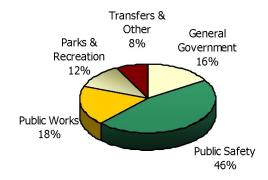


GENERAL FUND REVENUE (GAAP BASIS) 2004

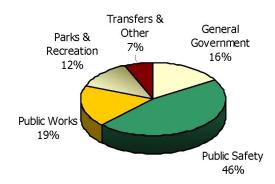


The following graphs display the expenditures in the General Fund by function for the past two fiscal years. As can be seen by reviewing these graphs, most of the expenditures are close to maintaining the same percentage of expenditures over the two years.

GENERAL FUND EXPENSE (GAAP BASIS) 2005



GENERAL FUND EXPENSE (GAAP BASIS) 2004



As stated earlier, the City maintains several enterprise funds to account for the business-type activities of the City. The separate fund statements included in this report provides the same information for business-type activities as is provided in the government-wide financial statements. However, the difference is that the funds statements provide much more detail.

Unrestricted net assets at the end of the year for business-type activities amounted to \$4.4 million. Total growth in net assets for these funds was \$656 thousand. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Grand Junction business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year, the General Fund budget was amended from an original budget appropriation total of \$49.4 million to a final budget of \$49.6 million. All recommended amendments for budget changes came through the Budget and Accounting Division and City Manager to City Council via Ordinance as required. Ordinance enactment requires a public hearing and the opportunity for public discussion. The City does allow small intra-departmental budget changes that modify line items within departments within the same fund. For the General Fund, the original budget for revenues was \$44.9 million while the final budgeted amount was \$46.6 million, reflecting an increase in the projection for tax revenue, interest earnings, and intergovernmental revenues.

Actual General Fund expenditures (including transfers) totaled \$44.5 million. The year-end fund balance of \$19.1 million was \$6.4 million above the final budgeted amount.

Capital Assets

At the end of 2005, the City had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, roads, parks, water, storm drainage and other infrastructure.

The table below provides a summary of total capital assets at December 31, 2005.

CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (Net of Depreciation, in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total	
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	2004	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	
Land	\$156,192	\$122,743	\$ 4,523	\$ 4,523	\$160,715	\$127,266	
Buildings and systems	16,191	15,642	30,038	31,519	46,229	47,161	
Improvements other than							
buildings	17,089	17,440	1,883	90	18,972	17,530	
Vehicles, machinery &							
equipment	10,364	10,693	528	490	10,892	11,183	
Infrastructure	73,178	60,273	-	-	73,178	60,273	
Construction in progress	12,411	9,088	25	-	12,436	9,088	
Total	\$285,425	\$235,879	\$36,997	\$36,622	\$322,422	\$272,501	

Major capital additions during 2005 include:

	2005
Riverside Parkway	\$17,943,444
Street and Sidewalk Improvements	3,331,687
Water System Improvements	1,350,940
Equipment Replacement Program	1,280,921
29 Road Viaduct	726,438
G Road Intersection at 24.5 Road	723,677
Parkland Acquisition	464,489
E-911 Communications Center Equip	335,735
Storm Drainage Improvements	147,434

The City remains committed to the upkeep and maintenance of the City's largest assets. More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 5 on pages 52 through 54.

Debt Administration

The City has traditionally adhered to a conservative debt management policy that carefully controls the amount of outstanding debt. Because of our strong capital improvement budgeting process and a pay-as-you-go approach, the City of Grand Junction has been able to maintain and improve it's infrastructure while avoiding unreasonable debt burdens. To take advantage of favorable rates and to shorten construction time however, the City did issue \$60.7 million in General Fund Revenue bonds in 2004 to begin construction on the Riverside Parkway project. Standard and Poor's gave the City the rating of AA- on this bond issue while the City's general obligation bond ratings are A+ from Standard and Poor's and A2 from Moody's.

As of December 31, 2005 the City of Grand Junction has \$65.1 million in outstanding debt. Of this amount \$61.8 million represents General Government debt. The largest portion, \$59.4 million is the liability from the Riverside Parkway revenue bonds issued in 2004. Special taxing districts have a combined total of \$1.7 million in debt. The remaining \$4.0 million of outstanding debt is bonds, notes and loans to be repaid by fee revenue and appropriated funds. Total debt service payments of approximately \$2.9 million in 2006 represents 2.8% of total operating expenditures. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note 7 on pages 55 through 59.

The table below provides a summary of total debt at December 31, 2005.

OUTSTANDING DEBT, AT YEAR-END (in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total	
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	
General obligation (backed by							
by special tax revenue)	\$ 1,669	\$ 1,927	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,669	\$ 1,927	
Revenue bonds and notes							
(backed by tax and fee revenue)	59,464	60,738	99	107	59,563	60,845	
Capital leases (payable from							
appropriated funds)	656	1,283	-	-	656	1,283	
Loans (backed by fee revenue)	-	-	3,200	3,348	3,200	3,348	
Total	\$61,789	\$63,948	\$3,299	\$3,455	\$65,088	\$67,403	

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City of Grand Junction is in a strong financial position. City-wide reserves are at levels required in the City's Budget Policy. The local economy continues to improve as evidenced by retail activity. Sales and Use Taxes are up 15.5% for the 1st Quarter of 2006, well above the projected rate of 5.8%. The energy, construction and health service industries continue to grow and the local community is proactive in creating the right business environment for successful companies to flourish and grow. Grand Junction continues to be the retail and medical center for most of Western Colorado and Eastern Utah. Those factors coupled with; tourism and the abundance of outdoor recreational opportunities, the continued growth of Mesa State College, our ability to attract new businesses and retirees, all contribute to the current and future economic vitality of this community.

General Fund balances are well above the minimum working capital recommended in the City's budget policy. The City's investment in infrastructure is at an all time high as work continues on the Riverside Parkway Project. In the spring of 2004 voters approved a bond issue to fund approximately 80% of this \$100 million project. Some of the other major capital improvement projects for 2006 include spending almost \$33 million on road construction and maintenance projects, and \$5.1 million on storm drainage improvements.

Rates in the Utility Funds were set to cover operating and capital costs. In 2006, water revenues will be bolstered by a 50 cent increase in the minimum block rate while rates for solid waste collection will remain unchanged. A 7.7% increase in general government operating revenue is expected in 2006 primarily due to sales and use tax collections. Charges for services are also projected to grow steadily over the next two years, corresponding with a growing customer base. The 2006 Budget includes funding for the subsidy of the Two Rivers Convention Center and Swimming Pools funds.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the funds and assets it receives. If you have questions about this report, or should you need additional financial information, contact the City's Administrative Services and Finance Department at City of Grand Junction, 250 N. 5th Street, Grand Junction, CO 81501.



Basic Financial Statements



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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2005

		Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	Onit
Cash and investments	\$ 89,648,374	\$ 5,899,552	\$ 95,547,926	\$ 2,632,675
Other receivables, net of allowance for				
uncollectibles	12,800,210	834,566	13,634,776	1,279,396
Internal balances	506,381	(506,381)	- -	· · · · · -
Inventories	106,033	61,400	167,433	-
Bond issue costs	686,232	- -	686,232	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)				
Land	156,191,701	4,522,826	160,714,527	497,498
Buildings and systems	16,190,831	30,038,038	46,228,869	1,701,384
Improvements other than buildings	17,089,489	1,882,596	18,972,085	67,500
Equipment	10,364,409	527,843	10,892,252	5,509
Infrastructure	73,178,436	, -	73,178,436	1,509,279
Construction in progress	12,411,282_	25,039	12,436,321_	
Total assets	389,173,378	43,285,479	432,458,857	7,693,241
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	5,151,030	485,126	5,636,156	4,867
Accrued interest payable	913,383	53,622	967,005	955
Unearned revenue	4,891,287	-	4,891,287	1,224,395
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year	4,455,696	156,356	4,612,052	770,723
Due in more than one year	62,435,256	3,606,697	66,041,953	813,963
Total liabilities	77,846,652	4,301,801	<u>82,148,453</u>	2,814,903
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for :	256,934,469	33,697,216	290,631,685	2,196,484
Perpetual care	1,124,451	-	1,124,451	-
Debt service	826,853	-	826,853	-
Emergency reserves	1,992,917	-	1,992,917	32,000
Unrestricted	50,448,036	5,286,462	55,734,498	2,649,854
Total net assets	\$ 311,326,726	\$ 38,983,678	\$ 350,310,404	\$ 4,878,338

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

					Pro	ogram Revenues				
			-			Operating		Capital		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses		Charges for Services		Grants and Contributions		Grants and Contributions		
Primary government:		Expenses	-	<u> </u>	_	CONTIDUIONS	-	CONTINUATIONS		
Governmental activities:										
	\$	9,596,763	\$	2,201,868		47,600		0.630		
General government	Φ	, ,	Ф	, ,		,		9,638		
Public safety		22,904,850		4,636,026		119,932		-		
Public works		15,386,497		1,100,555		8,842		32,633,222		
Parks and recreation		5,175,343		1,294,737		28,645		1,461,411		
Urban development and housing		415,306		-		513,406		-		
Interest on long-term debt		2,571,874		-		-		-		
Total governmental activities	_	56,050,633	-	9,233,186	_	718,425	-	34,104,271		
Business-type Activities:										
Water		4,222,594		4,476,728		-		234,065		
Convention Center		2,641,066		2,114,443		-		-		
Solid Waste Removal		2,340,292		2,427,094		-		-		
Swimming Pools		919,684		628,073		-		-		
Golf		1,898,642		1,802,903		-		-		
Parking		321,282		326,381		-		-		
Irrigation Systems		273,642		178,709		-		3,640		
Total business-type activities	-	12,617,202	-	11,954,331	_	-	-	237,705		
Total primary government	\$	68,667,835	\$	21,187,517	\$ =	718,425	\$ =	34,341,976		
Component unit:										
Downtown Development Authority	\$ =	386,262	\$ =	69,893	\$ =	136,126	\$ =	41,595		

General revenues:

Sales & use taxes

Property taxes

Franchise taxes

Highway users tax

Other shared taxes

Investment earnings

Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets

Transfers

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

		Ne	t (Expense) Reve	nue an	d Changes in Ne	t Asset	s
	Prima		overnment				Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	-	Business-type Activities	— е —	Total	_	Downtown Development Association
\$	(7,337,657)		\$ -	Φ.	(-		
	(18,148,892)		*	\$	(),,		-
	18,356,122		-		(18,148,892)	1	-
	(2,390,550)		~		18,356,122		-
	98,100		-		(2,390,550)		-
	(2,571,874)		-		98,100		-
	(11,994,751)			-	(2,571,874)		
	<u></u>		<u> </u>	-	(11,994,751)		
	-		488,199		100		
	_		(526,623)		488,199		-
	_		86,802		(526,623)		-
	-		(291,611)		86,802		-
	_		(95,739)		(291,611)		-
	_		5,099		(95,739)		-
	_		(91,293)		5,099		-
•			(425,166)	-	(91,293)	_	
ξ.	(11,994,751)	\$		_	(425,166)	_	
•		*	(423,100)	\$ =	(12,419,917)	\$ =	
-				-	<u> </u>	_	(138,648)
	42,825,135		-		42,825,135		
	4,722,839		-		4,722,839		-
	2,008,706		-		2,008,706		1,327,496
	1,519,215		-		1,519,215		-
	2,525,925		-		2,525,925		-
	1,961,415		167,989		2,129,404		-
	26,713		-		26,713		58,474
_	(913,373)		913,373		20,713		(45,769)
_	54,676,575	•	1,081,362		55,757,937	_	1.040.00
	42,681,824	-	656,196	-	43,338,020	_	1,340,201
_	268,644,902		38,327,482		306,972,384		1,201,553
	311,326,726	\$ -	38,983,678		000,312,304		3,676,785

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2005

	_	General Fund		Sales Tax Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund		Parkway Project Capital Improvements Fund	_	Other Governmental Funds	C	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	•	44.007.040	•	0.400.740	•	00.017.477	•	40.504.000		70.040.405
Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$	14,697,319 541,934	\$	8,469,710	\$	36,917,477 216,813	\$	13,564,929 \$		73,649,435 758,747
Accounts receivable, net of allowances										
for uncollectibles		490,611		-		-		36,245		526,856
Taxes receivable		8,057,915		1,268,127		-		262,322		9,588,364
Special assessments receivable		-		109,744		-		-		109,744
Due from other funds		237,402		-		-		-		237,402
Advances to other funds		287,728		-		-		-		287,728
Intergovernmental receivables		1,479,556		224,499		50,000		35,189		1,789,244
Total assets	\$	25,792,465	\$	10,072,080	\$	37,184,290	\$	13,898,685 \$		86,947,520
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	668,742	\$	374,524	\$	1,660,165	\$	972,872 \$		3,676,303
Accrued liabilities		1,220,055		17,526		18,870		34,082		1,290,533
Due to other funds		-		-		· -		18,749		18,749
Deferred revenue		4,651,704		109,744		_		147,475		4,908,923
Total liabilities		6,540,501		501,794		1,679,035		1,173,178	_	9,894,508
Fund balances:										
Reserved for:										
Advances		287,728		-		_		_		287,728
Perpetual care		, -		=		_		1,124,451		1,124,451
Debt service		_		-		_		826,853		826,853
Parkway project		_		-		35,505,255		, -		35,505,255
Emergency		1,818,000		_		,,		_		1,818,000
Unreserved:		.,,								.,,
Designated for subsequent year's ex	mendit	ures-								
General fund		944,813		_		_		_		944.813
Special revenue funds		-		_		_		806,883		806.883
Capital projects funds		_		7,358,930		_		686.000		8.044.930
Undesignated, reported in:		_		7,000,000		_		330,000		0,044,000
General fund		16,201,423								16,201,423
Special revenue funds		10,201,423		-		-		3,555,884		3,555,884
		-		2,211,356		-		5,725,436		7,936,792
Capital projects funds Total fund balances	_	10 0E1 0C1	-			2E EOE 2EE				, ,
Total liabilities and fund balances	. —	19,251,964 25,792,465	- \$	9,570,286	· s	35,505,255 37.184.290	· s -	12,725,507 13,898,685 \$		77,053,012
rotal liabilities and fund dalances	⊸ —	20,192,400	• ⊅	10,072,080	٠ ^٠ :	<i>31</i> ,184,∠9U	· [⊅] =	13,098,083 \$	_	86,947,520

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2004

Amounts reported for governmental activare different because:	vities on the statement of net assets (page 29)			
Total fund balance - governmental funds	(page 32)		\$	77,053,012
Capital assets used in governmental act are not reported in the funds.	vities are not financial resources and, therefore,			276,274,897
Long-term assets are not available to pa	y current expenditures, and therefor, are deferred in the funds.			17,636
equipment acquisition, operation & mai activities, and communication services	gement to charge the costs of data processing, ntenance, central stores and printing, self-insurance to individual funds. The assets \$25,283,477 and liabilities ds are included in governmental activities in the statement of			22,884,026
	notes payable, capital leases, compensated absences and account of the contract of the contrac	ued		
• •	General obligation bonds	\$	(1,668,791)	
	Revenue bonds		(56,075,000)	
	Bond premium (to be amortized over life of debt)		(3,284,891)	
	Deferred charge for issue costs (to be amortized			
	over life of debt)		686,232	
	Promissory notes		(104,448)	
	Capital leases		(655,636)	
	Net pension obligation		(495,326)	
	Accrued interest payable		(913,383)	
	Compensated absences		(2,391,602)	
				(64,902,845)
Total net assets - governmental acti	vities		\$ _	311,326,726

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2005

		Sales Tax			
	General Fund	Capital Improvements Capital Projects Fund	Parkway Project Capital Improvements Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes: Property \$	4,494,896 \$	- \$	- \$	227.943 \$	4.722.839
Sales and use	31,526,595	9,802,717	- 4 -	1,495,823	42,825,135
Franchise	2,008,706	5,002,717	_	1,400,020	2.008.706
Severance	1,757,401	_	_	_	1,757,401
Other	2,287,739	_	_	_	2,287,739
Licenses and permits	114,921	_	_	_	114,921
Intergovernmental revenues	179,814	829.991	50.000	942.415	2,002,220
Charges for services	4,852,211	38,148	-	1,186,931	6,077,290
Fines and forfeitures	546,162	-	_	1, 100,301	546,162
Special assessments	040, 10 <u>2</u>	65,949	_	_	65,949
Investment earnings	365,913	154,321	857,573	244,777	1,622,584
Other income	10,739	19,134	134,627	2,482,442	2,646,942
Other contributions	42,732	6,500	104,021	2,702,772	49,232
Total revenues	48,187,829	10,916,760	1,042,200	6,580,331	66,727,120
rotarrovortace	10,107,020	10,010,700	1,012,200	0,000,001	00,727,120
EXPENDITURES					
Current:	7 400 004			0.000.400	0.007.400
General government	7,183,904	-	-	2,023,198	9,207,102
Public safety	20,490,870	-	-	-	20,490,870
Public works	8,185,303	-	-	-	8,185,303
Parks and recreation	5,302,211	-	-	-	5,302,211
Urban development and housing	108,281	-	-	485,505	593,786
Debt service:	070 400			4.540.044	4 04 4 070
Principal retirement	372,428	-	-	1,542,244	1,914,672
Interest and fiscal charges	21,680	-	-	2,808,059	2,829,739
Capital outlay:		7.545.000	47.040.000	457.004	05 045 550
Construction	44.004.077	7,515,063	17,943,226	157,261	25,615,550
Total expenditures	41,664,677	7,515,063	17,943,226	7,016,267	74,139,233
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	6,523,152	3,401,697	(16,901,026)	(435,936)	(7,412,113)
•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	5, 101,001	(10,001,020)	(100,000)	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	,				
Transfers in	58,638	3,154,566	-	4,694,286	7,907,490
Transfers out	(2,847,779)	(4,528,838)		(2,274,754)	(9,651,371)
Total other financing sources	(2,789,141)	(1,374,272)		2,419,532	(1,743,881)
Net change in fund balances	3,734,011	2,027,425	(16,901,026)	1,983,596	(9,155,994)
Fund balances beginning	15,517,953	7.542.861	52.406.281	10.741.911	86.209.006
	19,251,964 \$	9,570,286 \$			77,053,012

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

December 31, 2005

Net change in fund l	palances - total governmental funds (page 34)			\$ (9,155,994)
the cost of those as	report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of sets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depite amount by which capital outlays \$25,634,101 exceeded depreciation current period.	reciation		19,874,421
The net effect of the	donated of capital assets is to increase net assets.			30,267,639
Revenues in the sta reported as revenu	tement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are es in the funds.	not		17,636
governmental fund report the effect of whereas these amo	e principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources s, however, this transaction has no effect on net assets. Also, govern issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is founts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This a differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	mental fi irst issue	ed, the	
	Debt principal payments Bond premium (to be amortized over the life of debt)		1,914,672 244 888	
	Bond premium (to be amortized over the life of debt) Deferred charge for bond issuance cost		244,888 (27,395)	
	Bond premium (to be amortized over the life of debt) Deferred charge for bond issuance cost Decrease in accrued interest		244,888 (27,395) 12,977	
	Bond premium (to be amortized over the life of debt) Deferred charge for bond issuance cost Decrease in accrued interest Decrease in net pension obligation		244,888 (27,395) 12,977 85,439	
	Bond premium (to be amortized over the life of debt) Deferred charge for bond issuance cost Decrease in accrued interest		244,888 (27,395) 12,977	2,153,007
acquisition, operati communication ser	Bond premium (to be amortized over the life of debt) Deferred charge for bond issuance cost Decrease in accrued interest Decrease in net pension obligation	s, and	244,888 (27,395) 12,977 85,439 (77,574)	2,153,007
acquisition, operati communication ser	Bond premium (to be amortized over the life of debt) Deferred charge for bond issuance cost Decrease in accrued interest Decrease in net pension obligation Increase in compensated absences s are used by management to charge the costs of data processing, econ & maintenance, central stores and printing, self-insurance activities vices to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of interr	s, and	244,888 (27,395) 12,977 85,439 (77,574)	2,153,007
acquisition, operati communication ser	Bond premium (to be amortized over the life of debt) Deferred charge for bond issuance cost Decrease in accrued interest Decrease in net pension obligation Increase in compensated absences s are used by management to charge the costs of data processing, econ & maintenance, central stores and printing, self-insurance activities vices to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of interported with governmental activities. Revenues from external customers Expenses due to external customers	s, and nal	244,888 (27,395) 12,977 85,439 (77,574)	2,153,007
acquisition, operati communication ser	Bond premium (to be amortized over the life of debt) Deferred charge for bond issuance cost Decrease in accrued interest Decrease in net pension obligation Increase in compensated absences s are used by management to charge the costs of data processing, econ & maintenance, central stores and printing, self-insurance activities vices to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of interported with governmental activities. Revenues from external customers	s, and nal	244,888 (27,395) 12,977 85,439 (77,574) 2,267,889 (2,217,253) 26,713	2,153,007
acquisition, operati communication ser	Bond premium (to be amortized over the life of debt) Deferred charge for bond issuance cost Decrease in accrued interest Decrease in net pension obligation Increase in compensated absences s are used by management to charge the costs of data processing, econ & maintenance, central stores and printing, self-insurance activities vices to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of interported with governmental activities. Revenues from external customers Expenses due to external customers	s, and nal	244,888 (27,395) 12,977 85,439 (77,574) 2,267,889 (2,217,253)	2,153,007

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 31)

42,681,824

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the year ended December 31, 2005

	Budgeted A		Actual GAAP Basis	Adjustment to Budgetary	Actual on Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	Basis	Basis	(Negative)
Taxes:						
Property	4,561,388 \$	4,502,568 \$	4,494,896	5 - \$	4,494,896	\$ (7,672)
Sales and use	30,181,818	30,475,091	31,526,595	(434,072)	31,092,523	617,432
Franchise	1,483,000	1,883,000	2,008,706	(404,072)	2,008,706	125,706
Severance	500.000	1,521,782	1,757,401	_	1,757,401	235,619
Other	2,304,500	2,261,300	2,287,739	(5,458)	2.282.281	20,981
Licenses and permits	115,128	114,288	114,921	(0, 100)	114,921	633
Intergovernmental revenues	59,500	196,529	179,814	_	179,814	(16,715)
Charges for services	4,550,621	4,580,448	4,852,211	_	4,852,211	271,763
Fines and forfeitures	689,945	596,417	546,162	_	546,162	(50,255)
Special assessments	5,000	-	040,102	_	-	(00,200)
Investment earnings	377,000	450,000	365,913	241,125	607,038	157,038
Other income	14,526	6,712	10,739	-	10,739	4,027
Other contributions	34,200	40,282	42,732	_	42,732	2,450
Total revenues	44,876,626	46,628,417	48,187,829	(198,405)	47,989,424	1,361,007
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government:	4 0 40 000	4 750 770	4 070 400		1 070 466	2 000 206
Administration	4,948,982	4,750,772	1,870,466	-	1,870,466	2,880,306
Administrative services	3,418,648	3,417,180	3,275,876	-	3,275,876	141,304 150,062
Community development	2,157,984	2,187,624 10,355,576	2,0 <u>37,562</u> 7,183,904	 -	2,037,562 7,183,904	3,171,672
Total general government Public safety:	10,525,614	10,333,376	7,163,904		7,165,904	3,171,072
Police protection	12,458,539	12,618,316	11,954,077	-	11,954,077	664,239
Fire protection	8,724,637	8,787,926	8,536,793	_	8,536,793	251,133
Total public safety	21,183,176	21,406,242	20,490,870		20,490,870	915,372
Public works	8,427,747	8,504,022	8,185,303	-	8,185,303	318,719
Parks and recreation	5,419,473	5,434,516	5,302,211	-	5,302,211	132,305
Urban development and housing	109,000	109,000	108,281	-	108,281_	719
Total current expenditures	45,665,010	45,809,356	41,270,569		41,270,569	4,538,787
Debt service:	070.400	070 100	070 100		270 400	
Principal retirement	372,428	372,428	372,428	-	372,428	-
Interest and fiscal charges	21,680	21,680	21,680		21,680	
Total debt service	394,108	394,108	394,108		394,108	4 520 707
Total expenditures	46,059,118	46,203,464	41,664,677		41,664,677	4,538,787
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,182,492)	424,953	6,523,152	(198,405)	6,324,747	5,899,794
(ander) experiancies	(1,102,102)		5,625,152			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		_				
Transfers in	81,000	61,000	58,638	=	58,638	(2,362)
Transfers out	(2,866,031)	(3,385,834)	(2,847,779)		(2,847,779)	538,055
Total other financing sources						
and uses	(2,785,031)	(3,324,834)	(2,789,141)		(2,789,141)	535,693
Net change in fund balances	(3,967,523)	(2,899,881)	3,734,011	(198,405)	3,535,606	6,435,487
Fund balances beginning	15,517,953	15,517,953	15,517,953	-	15,517,953	-
Fund balances ending	11,550,430 \$		19,251,964	(198,405) \$	19,053,559	\$ 6,435,487

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2005

	В	usiness-Type Activ	rities - Enterprise Fu	nds	
	Water Fund	Two Rivers Convention Center Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments Restricted cash held by trustee	\$ 4,170,361 -	\$ - -	\$ 1,729,191 -	\$ 5,899,552 -	\$ 15,998,939 -
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	264,321	271,526	268,304	804,151	6,180
Intergovernmental receivable	1,398	29,017	=	30,415	21,075
Inventory			61,400	61,400	106,033
Total current assets	4,436,080	300,543	2,058,895	6,795,518	16,132,227
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:					
Land	2,494,086	153,001	1,875,739	4,522,826	-
Buildings, improvements, plant and system	34,012,036	7,241,135	11,281,909	52,535,080	347,690
Equipment	428,525	518,912	1,054,363	2,001,800	21,120,960
Construction in progress	15,013	-	10,026	25,039	
Less accumulated depreciation	(12,332,829)	(1,760,293)	(7,995,281)	(22,088,403)	(12,317,400)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated					
depreciation)	24,616,831	6,152,755	6,226,756	36,996,342	9,151,250
Total noncurrent assets	24,616,831	6,152,755	6,226,756	36,996,342	9,151,250
Total assets	29,052,911	6,453,298	8,285,651	43,791,860	25,283,477
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	60,918	103,963	88,816	253,697	211,923
Accrued liabilities	78,952	37,772	77,288	194,012	165,150
Accrued interest payable	53,622	-	-	53,622	-
Compensated absences payable	15,166	4,329	17,922	37,417	17,615
Claims payable	-	=	=	<u>-</u>	1,786,347
Current portion of promissory notes payable	156,356	-		156,356	-
Due to other funds	-	158,808	59,845	218,653	
Total current liabilities	365,014	304,872	243,871	913,757	2,181,035
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences payable	188,055	53,650	222,222	463,927	218,416
Advances from other funds - general fund	-	-	287,728	287,728	-
Promissory notes payable	3,142,770			3,142,770	
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,330,825	53,650	509,950	3,894,425	218,416
Total liabilities	3,695,839	358,522	753,821	4,808,182	2,399,451
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	21,317,705	6,152,755	6,226,756	33,697,216	9,151,250
Restricted for water systems	905,137	· · · · · -	· · · · · -	905,137	· · · · · -
Unrestricted	3,134,230	(57,979)	1,305,074	4,381,325	13,732,776
Total net assets	25,357,072	\$ 6,094,776	\$ 7,531,830	\$ 38,983,678	\$ 22,884,026

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2005

	Ви	ısiness-Type Activit	ties - Enterprise Fu	nds	
	Water Fund	Two Rivers Convention Center Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:					
Charges for sales and services	\$ 4,420,00	2 \$ 2,114,443	\$ 5,216,261	11,750,706	\$ 9,091,174
Other income	92		-	920	19,792
Total operating revenues	4,420,92	2,114,443	5,216,261	11,751,626	9,110,966
Operating expenses:					
Personnel services	2,135,50	1,097,971	2,399,911	5,633,384	4,211,689
Costs of sales and services	1,213,05	0 1,341,112	2,821,262	5,375,424	4,685,447
Depreciation and amortization	741,08		506,054	1,449,122	1,884,766
Total operating expenses	4,089,63		5,727,227	12,457,930	10,781,902
Operating income (loss)	331,28	526,623)	(510,966)	(706,304)	(1,670,936)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Intergovernmental	_	_	115,419	115,419	_
Miscellaneous	55.80		31,480	87,286	_
Investment income	132,04	9 -	35,940	167,989	338,831
Gain (loss) on disposition of property					
and equipment	-	-	-	-	26,713
Interest expense	(132,95	57) -	(26,315)	(159,272)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	54,89	- 8	156,524	211,422	365,544
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	386,18	(526,623)	(354,442)	(494,882)	(1,305,392)
Capital contributions - tap fees	234,06		3,640	237,705	=
Transfers in	-	375,671	537,702	913,373	830,508
Transfers out		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Change in net assets	620,24	8 (150,952)	186,900	656,196	(474,884)
Total net assets - beginning	24,736,82	4 6,245,728	7,344,930	38,327,482	23,358,910
Total net assets - ending	\$ 25,357,07	2 \$ 6,094,776	\$ 7,531,830	38,983,678	\$ 22,884,026

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2005

		Busir	ness-Type Activities	s - Enterprise F	unc	ls		
	_	Water Fund	Two Rivers Convention Center Fund	Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds	Ad Inter	ernmental ctivities- nal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:	ď	4 400 470	¢ 2,000,206 ¢	E 206 720	ው	11 700 FOE (0.074.047
Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers	\$	4,428,479 (1,298,478)	\$ 2,088,296 \$ (1,319,432)	5,206,730 (2,808,442)	Ф	11,723,505 § (5,426,352)		9,071,247 4,707,564)
Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees		(2,188,840)	(1,094,695)	(2,417,712)		(5,426,332) (5,701,247)		4,707,304) 4,170,916)
Miscellaneous nonoperating receipts		55,806	(1,094,093)	31,480		87,286	,	19,792
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	-	996,967	(325,831)	12,056	: :	683,192		212,559
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Transfers from another fund		-	375,671	537,702		913,373		830,508
Increase (decrease) in amount due other funds		-	(9,051)	(63,804)		(72,855)		-
Intergovernmental receipts	_	-		115,419		115,419		-
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	-	-	366,620	589,317		955,937		830,508
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Capital contributions		234,065	-	3,640		237,705		-
Principal payments:		(450 204)				(450 204)		
Promissory notes		(159,384)	-	(36,626)		(159,384) (36,626)		=
Repayment of interfund capital loans Interest paid		(132,169)	-	(26,315)		(158,484)		-
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets		(132,103)	<u>-</u>	(20,515)		(130,404)		57,580
Purchase of capital assets		(1,481,301)	(40,789)	(281,302)		(1,803,392)	(1,295,661)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activitie	es -	(1,538,789)	(40,789)	(340,603)		(1,920,181)		1,238,081)
Cash flows from investing activities:	-	, , ,			•			
Investment income received		132,049		35,940		167,989		338,831
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	132,049		35,940		167,989		338,831
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(409,773)	-	296,710		(113,063)		143,817
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	_	4,580,134		1,432,481		6,012,615		5,855,122
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$_	4,170,361	\$\$	1,729,191	\$	5,899,552	<u> </u>	5,998,939
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$_	331,285	\$ (526,623) \$	(510,966)	\$.	(706,304)	<u> </u>	1,670,936)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		744 005	204.002	E00 0E4		4 440 400		4.050.000
Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		741,085 7,557	201,983 (26,147)	506,054 (9,531)		1,449,122 (28,121)		1,859,622 (19,926)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		7,557	(20,147)	1,699		1,699		(15,051)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(76,095)	29,435	11,121		(35,539)		(139,555)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		-	-	-		-		157,632
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities and								,
compensated absences payable		(53,338)	3,276	(17,801)		(67,863)		40,773
(Increase) decrease in accounts payable due to		(,,	-,	(,,		(,)		,
the purchase of capital assets on account		(9,333)	(7,755)	-		(17,088)		-
Miscellaneous nonoperating receipts included								
in operating activities		55,806		31,480		87,286		
Total adjustments	_	665,682	200,792	523,022		1,389,496		1,883,495
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ =	996,967	\$ (325,831) \$	12,056	\$	683,192	·	212,559
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities		_	_		_	_		
Purchase of capital assets on account	\$	9,333	\$ 7,755 \$	-	\$	17,088	6	23,886
Net book value of capital assets traded in	\$		\$ - \$	-	\$	- 9		194,880
·			•					

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

December 31, 2005

	Pension Trust Funds		Private Purpose Trust Funds	_	Joint Sewer Investment Trust Fund	_	Agency Funds
ASSETS	Ф 44 <u>Б</u> 00	Φ.	040.400	•	0.000.004	Φ.	400 500
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,589	\$	912,129	\$	9,098,681	\$	408,583
Investments	4 505 005						
Short term investments	1,565,905		-		-		-
U.S. Government securities	1,323,994		-		-		-
Corporate bonds	1,699,173		-		-		-
Domestic equity securities	5,113,455		-		-		-
International securities	2,319,162		-		-		-
Venture capital	699,659		-		-		-
Real estate	457,748		-		-		-
Securities lending investment pool	1,295,022		-		-		-
Accounts receivable, net of allowance			9,124				-
Total assets	14,485,707	_	921,253	_	9,098,681	_	408,583
LIABILITIES							
Due to other governments	-		-		-		408,583
Total liabilities	-		-	_	-	\$=	408,583
NET ASSETS							
Held in trust for:							
External investment pool participants	-		-		9,098,681		
Pension benefits	14,485,707		-				
Individuals, organizations and others	-		921,253		_		
Total net assets	\$ 14,485,707	\$	921,253	\$	9,098,681		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the year ended December 31, 2005

ADDITIONS	_	Pension Trust Funds		Private Purpose Trust Funds	_	Joint Sewer Investment Trust Fund
Additions by participants	\$		\$	370,647	\$	8,320,955
Additions by participants Employer contributions	Ф	- 438,778	Ф	370,647	Ф	0,320,955
Plan members contributions		380,611		-		-
Total contributions	_	819,389		370,647	_	8,320,955
rotal contributions	_	019,309		370,647	_	6,320,955
Investment earnings:						
Interest		508,666		18,872		501,605
Net increase (decrease) in fair value						
of investments		844,314				
Net investment earnings		1,352,980		18,872	_	501,605
Total additions	_	2,172,369	_	389,519	_	8,822,560
DEDUCTIONS						
Distributions to participants		-		174,546		8,760,570
Health insurance premiums paid		-		161,521		-
Benefits and refunds		1,624,252		-		-
Administrative expenses		90,808		5,371		-
Total deductions		1,715,060		341,438		8,760,570
Change in net assets		457,309		48,081		61,990
Net assets available - beginning		14,028,398		873,172		9,036,691
Net assets available - ending	_{\$} -	14,485,707	<u>\$</u>	921,253	\$ -	9,098,681



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NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Grand Junction, Colorado was incorporated July 19, 1882, under provision of Article XX of the Constitution of the State of Colorado, as amended (Home Rule City). The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government with seven elected Council members.

The City's financial statements include the accounts and operations of all City functions including, but not limited to, public safety (police and fire protection), street construction and maintenance, water and sanitation, planning and zoning, parks and recreation and general administration as provided by the City charter. The City owns and operates a meeting and convention center, swimming pools, golf courses and parking facilities. The City also maintains a data processing facility, a central stores and printing facility and a communications center. The communications center and central stores and printing facility provide services to other local governments in Mesa County, Colorado.

The accounting policies of the City of Grand Junction conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governments and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City of Grand Junction (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the City's operations. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

<u>Blended Component Units.</u> The financial data for the following entities is reported as part of the primary government because the City Council of the City acts as the Board of Directors for each entity.

The Ridges Metropolitan District was annexed into the City and dissolved as a separate district in 1992. The District continues in existence for the sole purpose of providing for the payment of the District's outstanding debt with a special levy of property taxes collected within the District only.

The Grand Junction West Water and Sanitation District was annexed into the City and dissolved as a separate district in 1993. The District continues in existence solely to provide for the payment of the District's outstanding debt with a special levy of property taxes and sanitary sewer fees collected only within the District.

The financial data of the *Grand Junction Public Finance Corporation* (the Corporation) is reported as part of the primary government because it is fiscally dependent upon the City and provides financing solely to the City. The Corporation was incorporated as a nonprofit corporation in the State of Colorado during 1996. The purpose of the Corporation is to facilitate financing for the City (see Note 5). Although the Corporation is a separate legal entity, for financial reporting purposes it is considered part of the City and is reported in the Grand Junction Public Finance Debt Service Fund.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit.</u> The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of the City's only discretely presented component unit. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

The Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was formed to improve the downtown area of the City of Grand Junction. The Authority has an eleven-member board appointed by the City Council of the City of Grand Junction. The City Council also approves the Authority's budget and property tax levy and issues any debt for Authority projects. Financial statements for all funds and activities of the DDA are included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report because the Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These statements summarize information on governmental and business-type activities of the primary government and its component units. These statements do not include fiduciary activities, and for the most part, the effect of the interfund activity has been removed. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from the *Downtown Development Authority*, the City's legally separate *component unit* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among the program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Government-Wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. All assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Major revenues that are determined to be susceptible to accrual include sales and use taxes, property taxes, utility franchise fees, grants-in-aid earned, interest, rentals and charges for services. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal year is considered susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Major revenues that are determined to not be susceptible to accrual, because they are either not available soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period or are not objectively measurable, include licenses, permits, fines and forfeitures.

Expenditures generally are recorded when the liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the City. It accounts for all activities of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Sales Tax Capital Improvements Fund* is a capital projects fund used to account for the financing and construction of projects financed completely or partially with the ³/₄ percent portion of the City's 2³/₄ percent sales and use tax. The ³/₄ percent portion is currently dedicated to general capital improvements and economic development.

The *Parkway Project Capital Fund* is a capital projects fund used to account for the financing and construction of the Riverside Parkway. This project consists of constructing a beltway around the City designed to make transportation more efficient, while also alleviating traffic congestion. The Parkway project is being financed by an \$80 million bond issue approved by voters in 2003.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water Fund* accounts for all activities associated with providing water services to customers within the water service area.

The *Two Rivers Convention Center Fund* accounts for all activities associated with the municipally owned meeting and convention center.

Additionally the City reports the following fund types:

The *Permanent Fund* accumulates resources to provide future maintenance of municipal cemeteries.

The *Internal Service Funds* account for data processing, equipment acquisition, operation & maintenance, central stores and printing, self-insurance activities, and communication services provided to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

The *Private-Purpose Trust Funds* account for resources legally held in trust for use by the local school district to purchase land, pay for health insurance premiums for retired employees and other uses specified by parties outside the City government.

The *Pension Trust Funds* account for Police and Fire defined benefit pension plans administered by the Fire and Police Association of Colorado

The *Investment Trust Fund* accounts for the net assets held on behalf of the City of Grand Junction/Mesa County Joint Sewer System in the City's cash pool. The Joint Sewer System in not part of the City's financial reporting entity.

The Agency Funds account for custodial functions in operations of an advisory board, collecting and forwarding special assessment debt payments for property owners, and billing and collections for some sewer and water districts outside the City.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected <u>not</u> to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are payments to the General Fund by various enterprise funds for providing administrative and billing services for such funds, and charges between the City's water and solid waste removal fund and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Interfund activity has not been eliminated in the fund financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include:

- 1. charges to customers for goods and services
- 2. operating grants and contributions

3. capital grants and contributions, including special assessments

Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of all the City's enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include cost of sales and services, personal services, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted assets first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

1. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Colorado State Statutes limit the local governments to the following types of investments, unless others are specifically identified by home rule cities, such as the City of Grand Junction:

- 1. Obligations of the United States or obligations unconditionally guaranteed by the United States
- 2. Bonds of the State of Colorado and its political subdivisions
- 3. Certain obligations secured by mortgages
- 4. Bankers acceptances
- 5. Commercial paper
- 6. State investment pools
- 7. Repurchase agreements
- 8. Money market funds
- 9. Guaranteed investment contracts

The City Council has formally established an investment policy allowing investments to have maturities beyond 5 years and to include mutual funds (composed of U.S. Government obligations) and collateralized mortgage obligations. Some additional restrictions apply to the various investments.

Assets of the pension trust funds may be invested by the Fire and Police Association of Colorado (FPPA) in publicly traded common and preferred stock, convertible bonds, venture capital and real estate. Investments are presented at fair value except real-estate which is recorded at estimated fair value based upon periodic appraisals and valuations, investments in limited partnerships which are recorded at estimated fair value as derived from financial statements, and guaranteed investment contracts which are recorded at contract value

Investments are stated at fair value, determined from quoted market prices. The state investment pools exist under the laws of the State of Colorado and are registered with the Securities Commissioner of the State of Colorado. The state investment pools and mutual funds are similar to money market funds, with each share valued at \$1.

Investments in joint ventures by governmental funds are recorded as expenditures at the time the investment is made.

2. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Receivables and payables classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet arise from negative equity in pooled cash and investments. Current portions of long-term

interfund loan receivables are classified as "interfund receivables" and "interfund payables" on the balance sheet. Non-current portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as "advances" and are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes as set by the City Council are collected by the County Treasurer. The County Treasurer remits property taxes collected to the City by the 10th day of the month following collection. Property taxes receivable represent 2004 taxes collectible in 2005 and are also shown as deferred revenue. Following are details of the property tax calendar:

Levy date: November 15 (prior year) Lien date: January 1 (current year)

First 1/2 installment due: February 28
Second 1/2 installment due: June 15
If paid in full: April 30

4. Special Assessments Receivable

Special assessments receivable are recorded for the property owners' share of the cost of street or utility improvements within special improvement districts. Corresponding deferred revenue is recorded until the assessments meet the revenue recognition availability criteria. Special assessments receivable for projects which were initially financed with existing governmental resources are recorded together with the corresponding deferred revenue in the fund which provided the resources.

5. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the moving average method. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements,

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, bridges, alleys, traffic signal systems, and storm drainage), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Maintenance, repairs and renewals that neither materially add to the value of the property nor appreciably prolong its life are charged to expense as incurred. Gains or losses on dispositions of property and equipment are included in income.

Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the capital asset, as applicable. Infrastructure assets are capitalized as a separate category.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method. Depreciation expense is reflected as an operating expense in the government-wide statement of activities. Estimated useful lives for asset types are as follows:

Building and improvements
Utility plant and system
Equipment
Equipment
Infrastructure

Estimated lives
10 to 50 years
50 years
20 to 40 years

7. Compensated Absences

During 1992, the City implemented a "Paid Time Off" (PTO) policy. This policy integrates holidays, vacation leave and sick leave into a single leave time accrual. An employee may accrue up to from 464 to 608 hours of PTO, depending upon years of service.

The City pays a terminating employee for all accumulated PTO time up to from 80 to 152 hours, depending on years of service. One-half of accumulated PTO in excess of this base amount will be paid to a terminating employee. In addition, employees hired prior to 1992 may have vacation and sick leave balances. The City pays a terminating employee for all accumulated vacation time and one-third of accumulated sick leave in excess of 720 hours.

Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of an employee's resignation or retirement.

8. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditure are recorded during the year as an extension of formal budgetary integration in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not included for financial reporting purposes at year-end because unused appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end and must be reappropriated in the following year to be expended.

9. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method, which approximates the effective-interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balances for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans for future use of financial resources that are subject to change.

11. Comparative Data/Reclassifications

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying Managements Discussion and Analysis to in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the City's financial position and operations. However, complete comparative data has not been reported since their inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual appropriated expenditure budgets are adopted for all governmental funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles with the exception of the General Fund, the Visitors and Convention Bureau (VCB) Special Revenue Fund and the Sales Tax Capital Improvements Fund. The annual budget for the General Fund is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting excluding certain basis differences of tax accruals and the effects of payments by the State of Colorado made on-behalf of City employees to a retirement plan (see Note 10). The annual budget for the VCB Special Revenue Fund is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting except for certain basis differences of tax accruals and the inclusion of the proceeds and repayments of advances from other funds. The annual budget for the Sales Tax Capital Improvements Fund is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting except for certain basis differences of tax accruals and retainages held on construction contracts. Annual appropriation budgets are also adopted for all proprietary and nonexpendable trust funds on the accrual basis of accounting modified to include capital expenditures and debt service principal payments and to exclude depreciation and amortization. The budget is prepared under the direction of the City Administrative Services Director. The appropriations are adopted, and may not be exceeded, on a total fund basis.

The details of the budget calendar follow:

December 15,	Statutory deadline for certification of all mill levies to the Board of County
	Commissioners
December 22,	Statutory deadline for Board of County Commissioners to levy all taxes
	and certify the levies

On or before December 31, the City Council enacts an ordinance appropriating the budgets for the ensuing fiscal year. The City Council may amend the appropriation ordinance at any time during the year, as a result of any casualty, accident, or unforeseen contingency.

The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the individual fund level. Even though the budget enacted by the City Council is at the fund level, the City prepares a line item budget by department and cost center for control at the line item level. Department heads have the authority to reallocate the distribution of budget amounts within the major categories of personnel expenditures, operating expenditures and capital expenditures within their fund and department. Budget reallocation between major expenditure categories within a fund requires City Manager approval. Budget reallocation between funds requires City Council approval through a supplemental appropriation.

Supplemental appropriation ordinances during 2005 resulted in budget amendments as follows:

Fund	Original Amount	Amended Amount
Primary Government - City of Grand	Junction:	
Governmental Activities		
General Fund	\$45,425,149	\$46,089,298
Special Revenue Funds:		
Enhanced 911	1,144,196	1,259,727
Visitors and Convention Bureau	1,391,783	1,404,518
CDBG Special Revenue	450,000	677,350
Golf Course Expansion	145,000	179,000
Economic Development	787,944	1,197,728
Capital Projects Funds:		
Sales Tax Capital Improvement	18,029,122	21,289,122
Storm Drainage Improvement	5,426,663	6,730,663
Parkway Project Capital	35,000,000	37,270,000
Future Street Improvements	600,000	1,050,000
=		

Fund	Original Amount	Amended Amount
Business-Type Activities		
Enterprise Funds:		
Water	4,288,084	5,499,038
Solid Waste	2,441,876	2,443,376
Two Rivers Convention Center	2,343,347	2,448,347
Swimming Pools	734,895	998,929
Golf Courses	1,822,257	1,924,104
Parking	249,551	550,322
Irrigation	205,357	205,937
Internal Service Funds:		
Data Processing	2,040,477	2,615,325
Equipment	2,575,239	2,937,591
Stores	228,320	257,528
Self Insurance	1,204,512	2,132,913
Communications Center	3,336,807	3,651,889
Component Unit - Downtown Develo	opment Authority:	
Special Revenue Funds:		
DDA/TIF Special Revenue	\$ 831,738	\$ 841,738
DDA Capital Improvements	1,136,000	1,939,988

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The City charter prohibits the expenditure of City funds for any purpose not covered in the annual appropriation ordinance based upon the annual City budget. Colorado statutes prohibit expenditures on a total fund basis in excess of amounts appropriated. The Two Rivers Convention Center Fund, an enterprise fund of the City, did have actual expenditures in excess of budget appropriations as of December 31, 2005 due to higher than expected business activity.

C. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

No individual funds of the Primary Government or its Component Unit had a deficit fund equity as of December 31, 2005.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Substantially all the City's cash and investments are part of the City's sponsored cash pool, which includes both internal and external participants. The pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The City Finance Director (Treasurer) is granted authority for managing the pool by City Council. The City Treasurer reports investment activity quarterly to the Investment Advisory Committee, which is appointed by the City Manager, and reports annually to the City Council.

Cash and investments held for the City of Grand Junction/Mesa County, Colorado, Joint Sewer System are included in and inseparable from the City's pooled cash and investments. Since the Joint Sewer System is not part of the City's reporting entity, they are considered involuntary external participants of the City's cash pool. Under *GASB Statement 31*, the Joint Sewer System's pool share value is reported as an Investment Trust Fund in the City's financial statements. See Note 11 for more information on the Joint Sewer System.

Cash Deposits

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be retuned to it. Colorado State Statutes require that all deposits be secured by

federal deposit insurance or secured by collateral. Statutes require a financial institution to deposit collateral with another financial institution securing 102% of the market value of public funds held which exceed the amount insured by federal deposit insurance. All deposits of the City are insured or collateralized with government securities held by or for the entity.

The Colorado Divisions of Banking and Financial Services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The composition of all cash held by the City cash pool at December 31, 2005, is as follows:

	Bank Balance	Carrying Balance
Cash on hand	\$ -	\$ 7,475
Insured deposits	200,000	200,000
Deposits collateralized in single		
institutional pools	7,584,696	7,397,275
•	\$7,784,696	\$7,604,750

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair value by maintaining a minimum of 30% of the portfolio in short-term securities (less than one year) and employing a buy-and-hold strategy.

The City voluntarily participates in the state investment pools. The state investment pools exist under the laws of the State of Colorado and are registered with the Securities Commissioner of the State of Colorado. The state investment pools and mutual funds are similar to money market funds, with each share valued at \$1. The designated custodial banks provide safekeeping and depository services, and securities owned by the trusts are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the accounts maintained for the custodian banks. Investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills and notes and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. The investment in the Fire and Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA) investment pool is set by Colorado statute for funding of police and fire defined benefit pension plans. Investments consist of publicly traded common and preferred stock, convertible bonds, venture capital and real estate. Investments in state investment pools, mutual funds, and FPPA are not categorized by risk, as they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The fair value of the position in the state investment pools and FPPA approximate the value of the City's investment in the pools.

As of December 31, 2005, the City had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Mauturity (Months)
Corporate stock	\$57,113	0.00
U.S. agency notes	75,533,998	13.85
Mortgage backed securities	21,519,260	19.62
State investment pools	3,285,429	1.75
Pension trust fund	14,485,707	0.00
Total	\$114,881,507	14.68

Credit risk. The City's investment practices are governed by the City of Grand Junction Charter, Article IX paragraph 72, the Colorado Revised Statutes 24-75-601 to 605, and the City's investment policy as adopted by its legislative body. These controls limit investments to U.S. Government and Agency obligations, collateralized deposits, and commercial paper with the highest rating issued by one of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO's).

Concentration of credit risk. The City's investment policy dictates diversification and does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of five percent of the City's total investments.

Custodial credit risk. State law requires financial institutions to collateralize deposits of government funds. By City policy, all marketable securities shall be deposited in a safe keeping account with an independent third party state or national bank having an office in Colorado.

NOTE 4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS

The allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable of the various funds of the City at December 31, 2005, is as follows:

General Fund	\$5,349
Enterprise Funds:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Water	\$ 160
Solid Waste Removal	274
Two Rivers Convention Center	259
	\$ 693
Internal Service Funds:	
Communications Center	\$ 817

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2005 was as follows:

Primary Government - City of Grand Junction:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increase	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$122,743,212	\$ 33,448,489	\$ -	\$156,191,701
Construction in progress	9,088,306	7,123,730	3,800,754	12,411,282
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	131,831,518	40,572,219	3,800,754	168,602,983
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	22,192,223	825,066	-	23,017,289
Improvements other than buildings	23,894,744	907,044	-	24,801,788
Equipment	23,744,944	1,928,721	487,130	25,186,535
Infrastructure	115,948,744	16,765,106		132,713,850
Total capital assets, being depreciated	185,780,655	20,425,937	487,130	205,719,462
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	6,550,701	532,438	=	7,083,139
Improvements other than buildings	6,454,705	1,000,913	-	7,455,618
Equipment	13,051,970	2,251,565	481,408	14,822,127
Infrastructure	55,675,885	3,859,528		59,535,413
Total accumulated depreciation	81,733,261	7,644,444	481,408	88,896,297
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	104,047,394	12,781,493	5,722	116,823,165
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$235,878,912	\$53,353,712	\$ 3,806,476	\$285,426,148

	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decreas	ses	Ending Balance
Business-type activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 4,522,826	\$ -	\$	_	\$ 4,522,826
Construction in progress	-	25,039		-	25,039
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,522,826	25,309			4,547,865
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and systems	47,440,301	1,530,910		-	48,971,211
Improvements other than buildings	3,522,907	40,964		-	3,563,872
Equipment	1,778,232	223,567		-	2,001,799
Total capital assets, being depreciated	52,741,440	1,795,441		_	54,536,882
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and systems	17,800,199	1,132,972		-	18,933,171
Improvements other than buildings	1,554,362	126,912		-	1,681,274
Equipment	1,288,213	185,744		-	1,473,957
Total accumulated depreciation	20,642,774	1,445,628		_	22,088,402
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	32,098,666	349,813			32,448,479
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 36,621,492	\$374,852	\$		\$36,996,344

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 198,531
Public safety	257,862
Public works	4,360,697
Parks and recreation	942,589
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds	
are charged to various functions based on their usage of assets_	1,884,766
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$7,644,445
Business-Type Activities	
Water	\$ 737,591
Solid waste	66,747
Meeting and convention center	201,983
Golf courses	118,644
Swimming pools	186,634
Parking	46,020
Irrigation	88,009
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$1,445,628

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Activity for the *Downtown Development Authority* for the year ended December 31, 2005, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 497,498	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 497,498
Construction in progress	956,026	809,022	255,769	1,509,279
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,453,524	809,022	255,769	2,006,777
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	2,163,367	129,621	-	2,292,988
Improvements other than buildings	108,000	-	-	108,000
Equipment	171,750	-	-	171,750
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,443,117	129,621	-	2,572,738
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	518,537	73,066	-	591,603
Improvements other than buildings	35,100	5,400	-	40,500
Equipment	160,168	6,073_		166,241
Total accumulated depreciation	713,805	84,539		798,344
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,729,312	45,082_		1,774,394
DDA capital assets, net	\$ 3,182,836	\$ 854,104	\$255,769	\$ 3,781,171

Construction Commitments

The City and it's component unit has several ongoing construction projects as of December 31, 2005 composed of the following:

	Spent to 12/31/2005	Projected cost of completion
Primary Government Riverside Parkway	\$ 26,349,442	\$ 84,979,784
Other street projects	1,336,185	15,006,000
Drainage projects	316,683	10,000,000 424,000
Park development Facilities/other	10,026 147,046	2,054,046
Component Unit Development projects	\$ 1,509,279	\$ 1,927,000

\$80 million of the Riverside Parkway construction project is funded with general fund revenue bond proceeds while the remaining primary government projects will be funded through accumulated proceeds from dedicated sales tax and appropriated fund balance.

The development projects for the Downtown Development Authority Component Unit are funded with tax increment financing bonds.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL LEASES

The City entered into an open space land lease with The Grand Junction Public Finance Corporation. The Grand Junction Public Finance Corporation was incorporated in May, 1996 as a Colorado non-profit corporation to facilitate the financing of open space land. Pursuant to an annually terminable lease purchase agreement, the Corporation issued \$2,155,000 certificates of participation, dated May 15, 1996. Proceeds from the issue reserved for debt service and principal and interest payments are accounted for in the Grand Junction Public Finance Corporation Debt Service Fund.

The City has agreed to pay base rentals from annually appropriated funds. The City is responsible for maintenance and management of the open space land during the course of the lease. The lease agreements are in accordance with Colorado law as to being subject to annual appropriation by the City. The City intends to annually appropriate for the lease payments. A \$216,155 reserve is held by a trustee, as required by the agreement. Interest rates range from 4.35% to 5.7% payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1.

The City entered into a lease with the option to purchase agreement dated December 31, 2001, with Kansas State Bank of Manhattan for emergency response and fire suppression equipment with a down payment of \$120,118. The lease agreement is in accordance with Colorado law as to being subject to annual appropriation by the City. The annualized interest rate is 3.5%. Payments are due quarterly from April 1, 2002 through December 31, 2006. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the leases are capitalized for financial reporting purposes at the present value of future lease payments.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

		vernmenta
	1	Activities
Asset:		
Land, not depreciated	\$	2,025,329
Equipment		2,015,067
Less accumulated depreciation		(972,160)
Total	\$	3,068,236

A schedule, by years, of future minimum lease payments under the lease agreement, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2005, follows:

		Fire	Total
		Equipment	Governmental
Year ending December 31	Land Lease	Lease	Activities
2006	\$ 285,390	\$ 394,108	\$ 679,498
Less amounts representing interest	(15,390)	(8,473)	(23,863)
Present value of minimum lease payment	\$ 270,000	\$ 385,635	\$ 655,635

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term liability activity of the City for the year ended December 31, 2005: *Primary Government - City of Grand Junction:*

	Beginning Balance	Additio	ns	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:						
General obligation bonds:						
Ridges	\$1,510,000	\$	_	\$ 130,000	\$1,380,000	\$ 140,000
GJWWSD	417,349	*	_	128,557	288,792	138,842
Revenue bonds:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			,		,
Parkway	57,075,000		-	1,000,000	56,075,000	1,492,822
Premium	3,529,780		_	244,888	3,284,892	242,822
Promissory notes:	,			2		
Sales Tax Capital Improvemen	t					
Fund	133,134		-	28,687	104,447	31,555
Capital leases:						
Certificates of Participation	525,000		-	255,000	270,000	270,000
Lease Purchase Agreement	758,063		_	372,428	385,635	385,635
Net pension obligation:						
Police Defined Benefit Plan	282,174		_	28,988	253,186	_
Fire Defined Benefit Plan	298,591		-	56,451	242,140	-
Claims payable	1,628,715	785.	443	627,811	1,786,347	1,786,347
Compensated absences	2,721,910	2,423.	,283	2,324,680	2,820,513	210,495
Governmental activity long-terr	n		_			
liabilities	\$68,879,716	\$3,208,	,726	\$5,197,490	\$66,890,952	\$4,698,518
Business-Type Activities						
Promissory notes:						
Water Systems	\$ 107,346	\$	_	\$ 8,534	\$ 98,812	\$ 8,961
Loan payable	4 107,510	Ψ		Ψ 0,23.	ψ 50,01 <u>2</u>	Ψ 0,701
Water Systems	3,410,285		_	150,850	3,259,435	150,850
Less deferred amounts:	- , ,			,	-19	
For loan discount	(62,613)	3.	494	_	(59,119)	(3,455)
Compensated absences	567,134	498.		564,217	501,343	37,415
Business-type activity long-tern						
liabilities	\$4,022,152	\$501.	920	\$723,601	\$3,800,471	\$193,771

Component Unit - Downtown Development Authority:

	Beginning					Ending	D	ue Within
	Balance	A	dditions	F	eductions	Balance	(One Year
Tax increment bonds	\$2,305,000	\$	-	\$	730,000	\$1,575,000	\$	770,000
Compensated absences	7,333	_	6,542		4,189	9,686		723
Total	\$ 2,312,333	\$	6,542	\$	734,189	\$1,584,686	\$	770,723

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year end \$236,032 of internal service funds compensated absences are included in the above amounts. For the governmental activities, compensated absences and net pension obligation are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Bonds, notes and loans payable as of December 31, 2005, are comprised of the following:

Primary Government - City of Grand Junction:

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS:

\$2,590,000 Ridges Metropolitan District General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 1992 consisting of \$995,000 serial bonds bearing interest at 3.5% to 5.75% payable April 15 and October 15 annually through October 15, 2013, term bond of \$545,000 bearing interest of 6% payable on April 15 and October 15 through October 15, 2007, and term bond of \$1,090,000 bearing interest of 6.1% payable on April 15 and October 15 through October 15, 2013. Bonds maturing on or after October 15, 2003, are callable at the district's option on any interest paying date at par. Both term bonds are subject to mandatory redemption pursuant to a sinking fund agreement with the paying agent. There was \$1,380,000 unpaid principal at December 31, 2005, payable over the following term:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$ 140,000	\$ 83,890	\$ 223,890
2007	150,000	75,490	225,490
2008	155,000	66,490	221,490
2009	165,000	57,035	222,035
2010	175,000	46,970	221,970
2011-2013	595,000	74,115	669,115
	\$1,380,000	\$403,990	\$1,783,990

\$1,590,000 Grand Junction West Water and Sanitation District General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 1987A and 1987B payable September 1 annually through September 1, 2007. The bonds are dated September 1, 1987, and bear interest at 8% to September 1, 1992. From September 1, 1992, the bonds will bear interest at a rate equal to 90% of the then current yield to maturity of U.S. Treasury Bonds maturing November 15, 2007. The bond interest rate will be adjusted in this manner every fifth year on September 1 until maturity. The interest rate was adjusted to 1.6% effective September 1, 2002. The bonds are callable at par at the District's option, at any interest payment date. Series 1987A \$176,181 unpaid principal at December 31, 2005, payable over the following term:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$ 84,702	\$10,395	\$ 95,097
2007	91,479	5,397	96,876
	\$176,181	\$15,792	\$191,973

Series 1987B \$112,611 unpaid principal at December 31, 2005, payable over the following term:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$ 54,139	\$ 6,644	\$ 60,783
2007	58,472	3,450	61,922
	\$112,611	\$10,094	\$122,705

REVENUE BONDS:

\$57,075,000 of the approved \$80,000,000 General Fund Revenue Bonds Series 2004 bearing interest at 2% to 5% payable March 1 and September 1 annually through March 1, 2024 were issued to finance the construction of the Riverside Parkway project. No amounts outstanding at the end of the current fiscal year related to bonds issued in prior years. The total bond issue amount of \$57,075,000 was unpaid at December 31, 2005, payable over the following term:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 2,643,887	\$ 3,893,887
2007	1,750,000	2,596,388	4,346,388
2008	-	2,561,387	2,561,387
2009	-	2,561,387	2,561,387
2010	-	2,561,387	2,561,387
2011-2015	7,660,000	12,428,688	20,088,688
2016-2020	22,815,000	8,202,719	31,017,719
2021-2024	22,600,000	2,210,650	24,810,650
	\$56,075,000	\$35,766,493	\$91,841,493

PROMISSORY NOTES:

\$351,327, 10% promissory note issued in 1989, payable in annual installments of \$42,000 including interest through 2008, unsecured. There was \$104,447 unpaid principal at December 31, 2005, payable over the following term:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$ 31,555	\$10,445	\$ 42,000
2007	34,711	7,289	42,000
2008	38,181	3,819	42,000
	\$104,447	\$21,553	\$126,000

\$195,930, 5% promissory note issued in 1989, to the Colorado Water Conservation Board, payable in 25 annual installments of \$13,902 including interest, collateralized by a portion of the water supply flowline. There was \$98,811 unpaid principal at December 31, 2005, payable over the following term:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$ 8,961	\$ 4,941	\$ 13,902
2007	9,409	4,493	13,902
2008	9,880	4,022	13,902
2009	10,374	3,528	13,902
2010	10,892	3,010	13,902
2011-2014	49,295	6,312	55,607
	\$98,811	\$26,306	\$125,117

LOAN PAYABLE:

The City of Grand Junction entered into a loan agreement dated April 1, 2002 with the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority to finance improvements on the City's water system. The principal amount is \$3,566,522 at a net effective interest rate of 4.02%, payable February 1 and August 1 annually through 2022. The water system net revenues are pledged as security for the loan. The loan proceeds are held by a trustee on behalf of the City with disbursements occurring upon receipt of a requisition executed by the City. The unpaid principal at December 31, 2005 was \$3,259,434 payable over the following term from *Business activities*:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$ 150,850	\$ 123,753	\$ 274,603
2007	156,237	120,355	276,592
2008	156,237	116,835	273,072
2009	161,625	112,954	274,579
2010	167,012	108,751	275,763
2011-2015	915,874	472,080	1,387,954
2016-2020	1,055,949	326,989	1,382,938
2021-2022	495,650	56,964	552,614
	\$3,259,434	\$1,438,681	\$4,698,115

Component Unit – Downtown Development Authority:

TAX INCREMENT BONDS

In 2003, The Downtown Development Authority issued \$2,995,000 Tax Increment Financing Bonds and defeased, using monies presently on hand, the 1996 Tax Increment Refunding and Improvement Bonds and the 1999 Subordinate Tax Increment Revenue bonds, both called in May, 2004. The 2003 Tax Increment Financing Bonds bear an interest rate of 2.3% and are payable June 22 and December 22 annually through 2007.

There was \$1,575,000 unpaid principal at December 31, 2005, payable over the following term:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$ 770,000	\$39,463	\$ 809,463
2007	805,000	22,137	827,137
	\$1,575,000	\$61,600	\$1,636,600

There are certain reserve requirements, limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all significant requirements.

NOTE 8. BUDGET TO ACTUAL PRESENTATION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Modifications to budgetary basis consist of adding capital expenditures and debt service principal payments to and excluding depreciation and amortization expense from GAAP basis expenses.

	Budgeted	Amounts	Expenditures		Expenditures on	Variance with Final Budget –
	Original	Final	Reported on the Basis of GAAP	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Budgetary Basis	Positive (Negative)
Enterprise Funds:						
Water	\$4,288,084	5,499,038	\$4,222,594	\$ 912,427	\$5,135,021	\$ 364,017
Solid Waste Removal	2,441,876	2,433,376	2,340,292	66,747	2,407,039	26,337
Two Rivers						
Convention Center	2,343,347	2,448,347	2,641,066	(153,439)	2,487,627	(39,280)
Swimming Pools	734,895	998,929	919,684	66,879	986,563	12,366
Lincoln Park Golf	678,776	736,708	667,199	(13,737)	653,462	83,246
Tiara Rado Golf	1,143,481	1,187,396	1,231,443	(57,005)	1,174,438	12,958
Parking Authority	249,551	550,322	321,282	(37,056)	284,226	266,096
Irrigation	205,357	205,937	273,642	(79,210)	194,432	11,505
Internal Service						
Funds:						
Data Processing	2,040,477	2,615,325	2,496,536	(20,571)	2,475,965	139,360
Equipment	2,575,239	2,937,591	3,048,908	(469,804)	2,579,104	358,487
Stores	228,320	257,528	234,531	(2,300)	232,231	25,297
Self-Insurance	1,204,512	2,132,913	1,826,305	H	1,826,305	306,608
Communications						
Center	3,336,807	3,651,889	3,175,702	(71,286)	3,104,416	547,473

NOTE 9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2005, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

	Due from	Due to Other
	Other Funds	Funds
General Fund	\$ 237,402	\$ -
Community Development Special Revenue Fund to cover the cost of operations	-	18,749
Two River Convention Center Enterprise Fund to cover the cost of operations	-	158,808
Swimming Pools Enterprise Fund to cover the cost of operations	-	19,389
Lincoln Park Golf Course Enterprise Fund to pay current portion of advance	-	18,415
Tiara Rado Golf Course Enterprise Fund to pay current portion of advance	-	22,041
Total	\$ 237,402	\$237,402

Advances to/from other funds:

	Advance to	Advance from
	Other Funds	Other Funds
General Fund	\$ 287,728	\$ -
Lincoln Park Golf Enterprise Fund to cover the cost of new pump house	-	40,212
Tiara Rado Golf Enterprise Fund to cover the cost of new driving range		247,516
Total	\$ 287,728	\$ 287,728

Interfund Transfers:

				Transfers In:			
			Two Rivers				
Transfers out:	General Fund	Sales Tax CIP	Conventio n Center	Nonmajor Governmental	Internal Service	Nonmajor Proprietary	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$2,233,706	\$315,871	\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$148,202	\$2,847,779
Sales Tax CIP Nonmajor governmental	-	-	59,800	4,258,537	-	210,501	4,528,838
funds	58,638	923,363		285,748	830,508	179,000	2,277,257
Total transfers out	\$58,638	\$3,157,069	\$375,671	\$4,694,285	\$830,508	\$537,703	\$9,653,874

Transfers into the General Fund were to assist with cemetery operations (\$41,208) and to reimburse administrative costs of the Community Development Block Grant (\$17,430).

Transfers into the Sales Tax CIP fund were for various capital construction projects. The CIP fund also transferred \$3,708,538 to the Debt Service Fund to cover the costs of current principal and interest payments.

The transfer from the General Fund to the Two Rivers Convention Center fund was to subsidize operations and the transfer from the Sales Tax CIP Fund was for the purchase of facility management software.

The Street Assessment Fund transferred \$650,000 to the Sales Tax Capital Improvements Fund for street improvement projects. In addition, a \$830,508 transfer from the E-911 Special Revenue Fund was made to the Communications Center Internal Service fund for equipment replacement. The remaining transfers were made to finance various programs in accordance with authorized budget appropriations.

NOTE 10. RETIREMENT PLANS

A. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS

The City maintains several defined contribution retirement plans for various classes of employees. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed on the plan participant's behalf to the plan plus investment earnings.

Under City ordinances, substantially all full-time City employees, other than sworn police officers and fire fighters and elected officials, are covered by a mandatory contributory defined contribution retirement plan. The City of Grand Junction, Colorado, Employees Retirement Plan is administered by Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. The plan provides for retirement benefits based upon an employee's vested account. A participant becomes 100% vested on completion of five years of service. Amounts forfeited by employees who leave employment before becoming fully vested are used to pay for administrative expenses of the plan. The City matches employees' required contributions of 6% of base salary. An employee may make voluntary contributions of up to an additional 10%. Total payroll for all City employees for the year ended December 31, 2005, was \$33,536,425. Covered wages and contributions in 2005 were as follows:

General Employee Plan	
Covered wages	\$18,752,602
City contribution	1,125,164
Employee contribution	1,125,164

Effective January 1, 1980, under state statutes, all fire fighters and police officers hired after April 8, 1978, are covered under fire and police defined contribution pension plans (new hire plans). Fire fighters and police officers hired prior to this date had the option to remain in the defined benefit plans (old hire plans) or to

transfer to the applicable new plan. The new plans are administered by independent boards. The assets of the New Hire Police Money Purchase Pension Plan and the New Hire Fire Money Purchase Pension Plan are maintained at Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. Vesting is accomplished over a seven-year period. Amounts forfeited by employees who leave employment before becoming fully vested are retained by the plan for administrative expenses of the plan. The rate of contribution under the new plan is 10.65% of regular salary for the employee and the City. Covered wages and contributions in 2005 were as follows:

New Hire – Police & Fire	Police Officers	Fire Fighters
Covered wages	\$4,848,544	\$4,445,044
City contribution	516,372	473,399
Employee contribution	516,353	473,399

In 1988, the City established supplemental defined contribution plans (new supplemental plans) for fire fighters and police officers hired before April 8, 1978, whom remained as participants in the defined benefit plans (old plans). The Old Hire Police Officers Rank Escalation Pension Plan and the Old Hire Firefighters Rank Escalation Pension Plan were established in exchange for a freeze in rank escalation benefits in the old plans at 1980 levels. The plans are administered by the International City Manager's Association Retirement Corporation (ICMA). Under these new supplemental plans, the City contributes 6.65% of the employee's gross wages to the plan and the employee contributes .65%. Employees' balances became fully vested upon establishment of the plans. In 2005, there were no police officers participating in the defined benefit plans. Covered wages of fire fighters in 2005 were as follows:

Old Hire Rank Escalation	Police O	fficers	Fire Fighters
Covered wages	\$	_	\$119,791
City contribution		-	7,966
Employee contribution		-	779

In addition to the above retirement plans, all fire fighters and police officers are covered under a statewide, state-funded death and disability plan.

B. DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

The City, on behalf of certain full-time paid firefighters and police officers, contributes to the Fire Old Hire Pension Fund and the Police Old Hire Pension Fund, both defined benefit, single employer plans that are affiliated with the Fire and Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA). Assets of the plans are commingled for investment purposes in the Fire and Police Member's Benefit Fund; a combination of agent, multiple -employer defined benefit pension plans administered by FPPA with over 300 participating employers in the State of Colorado. The plans provide retirement benefits for members and beneficiaries according to the plan provisions as enacted and governed by the Board of Directors of each plan. Title 31, Article 30 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS), as amended, establishes basic benefit provisions under the plans. FPPA issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes the assets of the plans and separate biennial actuarial reports for each of the plans. The reports may be obtained by writing to FPPA of Colorado, 5290 DTC Parkway, Suite 100, Englewood, Colorado, 80111, or by calling FPPA at 1-800-770-3772.

All City police officers and firefighters hired prior to April 8, 1978, participated in the plan until January 1, 1980, when they could remain in the plan or transfer and become a participant in a defined contribution plan (new hire plan). Police officers' benefits become vested after twenty years of service and age 55 or after twenty-five years of service. Firefighters' benefits become vested after twenty years of service and age 50. Vested employees who retire are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to one half of one month's salary at the time of retirement, plus any vested rank escalation. Rank escalation benefits allow for increases in benefits equal to one half of any salary increases given to current City employees in the retiree's last position. Rank escalation benefits vested at 5% for each year of service until 1980. Benefits vested after 1979 are limited to increases of 3% per year for inflation, as determined by the state. The system also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and City ordinance.

Plan members and the City are required to contribute at a rate set by statute. The State of Colorado also contributes to the plans in an amount set by statute. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established under Title 31, Article 30 of the CRS, as amended.

City employees participating in the system are required to contribute 10% of their base earnings to the system. During 2005, there were no active policemen covered by the Police Old Hire Plan and 24 retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits. The City's payroll for firefighters covered by the system was \$117,532 out of a total payroll of \$32,685,908 for the year ended December 31, 2005. There were 2 active firefighters contributing to the Fire Old Hire Plan and 44 retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits. The City and State of Colorado are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the system. Contributions to the funds for the year ended December 31, 2005, were as follows:

City contribution Employee contributions	Police Old Hire Plan \$426,799	Fire Old Hire Plan \$380,611 11,979	Total \$807,410 11,979
State contribution	<u>-</u>	\$392,590	<u>-</u>
Total	\$426,799		\$819,389

The financial statements of the Police Old Hire Plan and the Fire Old Hire Plan are presented as pension trust funds in the City's financial statements and are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are presented at fair value except real-estate which is recorded at estimated fair value based upon periodic appraisals and valuations, investments in limited partnerships which are recorded at estimated fair value as derived from financial statements, and guaranteed investment contracts which are recorded at contract value. There are no investments in, loans to, or lease with parties related to the plans. State contributions on behalf of City employees are recognized as revenues and expenditures in the General Fund in accordance with GASB Statement 24. During 2005, the Police and Fire Old Hire Plans were fully funded and the State of Colorado was no longer required to make contributions to the Plans.

The City's annual pension cost for the current year and related information for each plan is as follows:

	Police Old Hire	
	Plan	Fire Old Hire Plan
Annual required contribution		
(ARC)	\$426,798	\$341,859
Interest on net pension obligation		
(NPO)	24,893	24,345
Adjustment to ARC	<u>(53,880)</u>	(30,065)
Annual pension cost	397,811	336,139
Contributions made	<u>426,799</u>	<u>392,590</u>
Decrease in NPO	(28,988)	(56,451)
NPO – January 1, 2005	<u>282,174</u>	<u>298,591</u>
NPO – December 31, 2005	<u>\$253,186</u>	<u>\$242,140</u>
Actuarial valuation date	1/1/04	1/1/04
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age
	Level percent of	Level percent of
Amortization method	pay, closed	pay, closed
Remaining amortization period	6 years	6 years
Asset valuation method	3-Year Smoothed	3-Year Smoothed
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	8.00%	8.00%
Projected salary increases	4.5 - 13.0%	4.5 - 13.0%
Includes inflation at	4.00%	4.00%
Cost of living adjustment	4.00%	4.00%

Three-year trend information is as follows:

	Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contribute d	Net Pension Obligation
Police Old Hire Plan	12/31/03	416,548	102.46%	311,162
	12/31/04	397,811	107.29%	282,174
	12/31/05	397,811	107.29%	253,186
Fire Old Hire Plan	12/31/03	324,168	13.07%	304,311
	12/31/04	51,765	111.05%	298,591
	12/31/05	336,139	116.79%	242,140

Listed below is the required disclosure for the most recent actuarial valuation and two preceding valuations:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial value of plan assets (a)	Actuarial accrued liability (b)	Unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) (c)	Funded ratio (a)/(b)
Police Old Hi	re Plan			
1/1/04	\$ 2,373,408	\$ 6,870,885	\$ 4,497,477	35%
1/1/02	2,503,638	6,635,865	4,132,227	38%
1/1/00	2,254,720	6,753,323	4,498,603	33%
Fire Old Hire	Plan			
1/1/04	\$11,041,517	\$14,415,150	\$ 3,373,633	77%
1/1/02	14,023,374	14,410,033	386,659	97%
1/1/00	14,710,647	14,119,961	(590,686)	104%

The funding policy for the plans has been prescribed by state law in amounts that are expected to fully fund the plan by the year 2009. Both of these old-hire plans are being phased out with no new members added since 1978. No other factors are anticipated to significantly affect the trends in amounts reported.

NOTE 11. RELATED ENTITIES

A. JOINT VENTURES

CITY OF GRAND JUNCTION/MESA COUNTY, COLORADO, JOINT SEWER SYSTEM

The City operates and manages the City of Grand Junction/Mesa County, Colorado, Joint Sewer System, a regional sewer system. The regional sewer system was organized by agreements made in 1979 and 1980 to provide sewer collection and treatment for the metropolitan area in the Grand Valley. The City contributed all assets which were included in its pre-existing Sewer Fund while Mesa County contributed its name through the issuance of revenue bonds, which are payable from and secured by revenue of the sewer system. After contribution of these assets, the City's pre-existing Sewer Fund was terminated. The City does not have a measurable present or future claim to the net resources of the Joint Sewer System, and therefore does not record an equity interest in its financial statements. The agreements provide that both the City and Mesa County approve the sewer system's annual appropriation budget. The City's utility department operates and manages the sewer system. The agreements provide that upon dissolution of the joint venture, ownership of the assets of the Joint Sewer system shall be determined by mutual agreement. Condensed financial statements of the sewer system at December 31, 2005 and for the year then ended, are as follows:

Statement of Net Assets	
Assets:	
Current assets	\$ 9,977,744
Noncurrent assets	1,279,728
Net property, plant, and equipment	<u>52,252,744</u>
Total assets	<u>\$63,510,216</u>
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities	\$ 1,252,835
Long-term debt	11,401,286
Total liabilities	12,654,121
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	40,301,913
Unrestricted	10,554,182
Total net assets	<u>\$ 50,856,095</u>
Statement of Revenue and Expenses	
Operating revenue	\$ 6,286,917
Operating expenses	6,563,101
Operating income	(276, 184)
Net nonoperating revenue and expenses	55,750
Capital contributions	1,597,052
Change in net assets	1,376,618
Total net assets - beginning	49,479,477
Total net assets - ending	<u>\$ 50,856,095</u>

Since the City operates the Joint Sewer System, all cash balances are included in the City sponsored Cash Pool. The Joint Sewer System is an external participant in that pool. The Joint Sewer System's share of the pool is \$9,098,681 reported as an Investment Trust Fund in the City's reporting entity. See Note 2 for disclosure of all investing policies concerning the pool.

Operating expense includes 1,811,319 of depreciation. Separately issued financial statements for the City of Grand Junction/Mesa County, Colorado, Joint Sewer System are available at the City of Grand Junction, 250 North Fifth Street, Grand Junction, Colorado 81501-2668.

Long-term debt of the Joint Sewer System consists of the following:

LOAN PAYABLE

The Joint Sewer System entered into a loan agreement dated April 1, 2002 with the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority to finance the elimination of combined storm and sanitary sewer lines and septic system elimination. The principal amount is \$13,490,000 at a net effective interest rate of 3.62%, payable February 1 and August 1 annually through 2024. The sewer system net revenues are pledged as security for the loan. The loan proceeds are held by a trustee on behalf of the Joint Sewer System with disbursements occurring upon receipt of a requisition executed by the City/County. The unpaid principal at December 31, 2005 was \$11,470,000 payable over the following term from *Business activities*:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$ 705,000	\$ 467,750	\$ 1,172,750
2007	730,000	446,339	1,176,339
2008	755,000	422,343	1,177,343
2009	775,000	397,525	1,172,525
2010	805,000	372,050	1,177,050
2011-2015	3,350,000	1,481,364	4,831,364
2016-2020	2,180,000	1,082,891	3,262,891
2021-2024	2,170,000	440,941	2,610,941
	\$11,470,000	\$5,111,203	\$16,581,203

B. DOWNTOWN HOUSING EFFORT

The Downtown Development Authority, a component unit of the City of Grand Junction, participates on a joint venture basis with the Housing Authority of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado, in the Downtown Housing Effort (DHE). The DHE was organized in 1983 to provide new and improved housing in the downtown Grand Junction, Colorado area. The Housing Authority has been given the responsibility for the day-to-day management of the DHE. The Downtown Development Authority does not have a measurable present or future claim to the net resources of the DHE, and therefore does not record an equity interest in its financial statements. Condensed financial statements of the Downtown Housing Effort at September 30, 2005, and for the year then ended are as follows:

Balance Sheet	
A agadas	
Assets:	0.00
	0,960
	<u>2,712</u>
Total assets <u>\$393</u>	<u>3,672</u>
Liabilities and fund equity:	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable \$	836
Total liabilities	836
Fund equity:	
Fund balance:	
Reserved for interest and loans receivable 48	8,134
Unreserved, undesignated344	4,702
·	2,836
Total liabilities and fund equity \$393	
<u>===</u>	
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures	
Interest and other income \$ 10	0,348
Expenditures	,647)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>3,701</u>

Separately issued financial statements for the Downtown Housing Effort are available from the Grand Junction Housing Authority, 1011 North 10th Street, Grand Junction, Colorado, 81501.

NOTE 12. CONTINGENCIES

A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has established the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$500,000 per occurrence on each worker's compensation claim and up to \$150,000 for each general liability or property damage claim. The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage for worker's compensation and participates in the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA) for claims in excess of coverage for general liability and property. Settled claims have not exceeded these coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

All funds of the City and the Joint Sewer System participate in the program and make payments to the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund at amounts that approximate amounts which would have been paid to outside insurance providers. The claims liability of \$1,786,347 in the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund at December 31, 2005, includes estimated ultimate losses for claims made and claims incurred but not reported, where information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider these factors. Retained earnings of the fund in the amount of \$4,565,026 would be used in the event of a future catastrophic loss. Changes in the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund's claims liability amount in 2004 and 2005 were:

	January 1	Claims and		
	Claims	Changes in	Claim	December 31
	Payable	Estimates	Payments	Claims Payable
2004	\$1,188,128	1,052,990	\$(612,403)	\$1,628,715
2005	\$1,628,715	785,443	\$(627,811)	\$1,786,347

B. GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. COMMITMENTS

The City pledged during 1996 to support the efforts of a local state college to acquire additional land adjacent to the college. The City has agreed to contribute matching funds of up to \$250,000 annually for the next ten years to the Mesa State College Foundation to purchase property within a limited area. The City's contribution is contingent upon the Foundation raising adequate matching funds and negotiating property purchases within the defined area. The City's total contribution is not to exceed \$2,500,000. Total contributions through December 31, 2005, made from the Economic Development Special Revenue Fund, are as follows:

Year	Amount
1996 through 2004	\$2,250,000
2005	250,000
Total expense through December 31, 2005	\$2,500,000

D. LITIGATION

The City is involved in several claims and lawsuits as the result of the normal conduct of City business. City management believes that those claims and lawsuits will not have a material effect on the financial statements of the City.

NOTE 13. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The City has sponsored several industrial revenue and special assessment bond issues to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. These issues do not constitute debt of the City of Grand Junction and the City assumes no financial obligation for these bond issues. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of December 31, 2005, there was a series of industrial revenue bonds outstanding with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$3,555,000 and a series of private activity economic development bonds with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$3,200,000.

Special Assessment Bonds were issued in 2003 for \$3,980,000 to fund improvements to the Rimrock Marketplace General Improvement District. The City is not liable for repayment of the debt, but the City Treasurer acts as agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders, and initiating foreclosure proceedings, if applicable.

NOTE 14. SEIZED FUNDS

The City received proceeds from the seizure of contraband (seized funds) under the Colorado Contraband Forfeiture Act (C.R.S. 16-13-501 to 511). The act requires that seized funds be used for law enforcement activities. Seized funds received by the City have been included in these financial statements and these funds have been used for purposes contemplated in the Act.

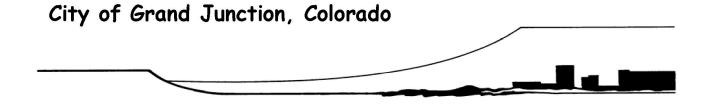
NOTE 15. TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

In November 1992, the voters of Colorado approved Amendment 1, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), which added a new Section 20 to Article X of the Colorado Constitution. TABOR contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations, and certain election requirements, which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Future spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's "Fiscal Year Spending" adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue. During 2005, City revenue did not exceed the Fiscal Year Spending limit.

TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. The City's emergency reserve is budgeted as part of the contingencies under general government in the general fund.

TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. The City's management believes the City is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR as it is understood from judicial interpretations, legal opinions and commonly accepted practices.



Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Visitors and Convention Bureau – to accumulate resources from a lodging tax and other taxes to operate a visitor and convention bureau that promotes conventions and tourism.

Enhanced 911 Fund - to account for the resources from municipal telephone charges and their expenditure for improvements to the emergency 911 communication center.

Parkland Expansion Fund - to accumulate resources from the state lottery and land developers within the City to acquire and maintain parks and green space.

Golf Course Expansion Fund - to account for resources accumulated from golf course fees for golf course improvements and expansion.

Economic Development Fund - to account for resources accumulated to further economic development efforts in the City of Grand Junction and the Grand Valley area.

Conservation Trust Fund – to account for lottery proceeds received from the State government for the development or improvement of City parks.

Community Development Fund - to account for the resources and expenditures of the community development block grant and other grants received for pass through to other agencies.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Sales Tax Capital Improvements Fund - to account for the financing and construction of projects financed completely or partially with the 3/4 percent portion of the City's 2-3/4 percent sales and use tax. The 3/4 percent portion is currently dedicated to general capital improvements, economic development and debt service on the sales tax capital improvement bond issue.

Parkway Project Capital Fund – to account for the construction of the Riverside Parkway financed primarily through revenue bonds.

Storm Drainage Development Fund - to account for storm drainage development projects funded partially or in whole with assessments to property owners.

Street Assessment Projects Fund - to account for various street improvement projects funded partially or in whole with assessments to property owners.

Facilities Capital Fund – to account for the acquisition and construction of city facilities.

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

General Debt Service Fund - to account for all resources which are being accumulated for general long-term debt principal and interest payments maturing in future years other than long-term debt accounted for in enterprise and internal service funds or where a separate debt service fund is legally mandated.

Ridges Debt Service Fund - to account for the disposition of those assets received by the City upon the dissolution of the Ridges Metropolitan District restricted to the payment of Ridges long-term debt, the collection of property taxes levied within the District for the payment of long-term debt and the payment of Ridges long-term debt.

Grand Junction West Water and Sanitation District (GJWWSD) Debt Service Fund - to account for those assets received by the City upon the dissolution of the Grand Junction West Water and Sanitation District restricted to the payment of GJWWSD long-term debt, the collection of property taxes and other fees levied within the District for the payment of long-term debt and the payment of GJWWSD long-term debt.

Grand Junction Public Finance Corporation Debt Service Fund – to account for debt service payments incurred in the financing of open space land.

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earning, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's program.

Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund - to accumulate resources to provide for the future maintenance of municipal cemeteries.



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City of Grand Junction COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2005

					Speci	ial Revenue			
		Visitors and Convention Bureau	Enhanced 911	Parkland Expansion	Golf Course Expansion	Economic Development	Conservation Trust	Community Development	Total
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivable	\$	790,208 \$ - 127,154 -	1,654,418 \$ - - -	450 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	\$ - \$ - - 35,189	4,358,920 450 127,154 35,189
Total assets LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ =	917,362 \$	1,654,418 \$	1,388,215	\$ 5,518	\$ <u>521,011</u> \$		\$ 35,189 \$	4,521,713
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue	\$	99,979 \$ 24,351 -	9,900 \$ - - -	530 - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - \$ 1,667 -	- ; - - -	\$ 3,770 \$ - 18,749	114,179 26,018 18,749
Total liabilities Fund balances: Reserved for perpetual care Reserved for debt service	-	124,330	9,900	530	-	1,667	<u>-</u>	22,519	158,946 - -
Unreserved: Designated for subsequent year's expenditures Undesignated	_	117,191 675,841	453,582 1,190,936	236,110 1,151,575	5,518	519,344	<u> </u>	12,670	806,883 3,555,884
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	793,032 917,362 \$	1,644,518 1,654,418 \$	1,387,685 1,388,215	5,518 \$ 5,518	519,344 \$ 521,011 \$		12,670 \$ 35,189 \$	4,362,767 4,521,713

					Debt Servi	ice				_			Capital	Pro	ojects			Permanent Fund		
<u>G</u>	enera	<u>ıl</u> _	Ridges	_	GJWWSD		GJ Public Finance		Total	_	Storm Drainage Development		Street Assessment Projects		Facilities Capital Projects		Total	 Cemetery Perpetual Care		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ \$_	- - - -	\$	303,015 8,746 135,168 - 446,929	\$	297,660 3,561 - - - 301,221	\$	- - -	\$	826,853 12,307 135,168 - 974,328	\$	1,897,253 - - - - - 1,897,253	\$	2,478,383 18,460 - - 2,496,843	\$	-,, - -	\$ _	7,259,733 18,460 - - 7,278,193	\$ 1,119,423 5,028 - - - 1,124,451	\$	36,245 262,322 35,189
\$		\$	- - - 143,914 143,914	\$	- - - 3,561 3,561	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - 147,475 147,475	\$	1,049 8,064 - - - 9,113	\$	857,644 - - - - 857,644		- - - - -	_	858,693 8,064 - - 866,757	\$ - - - -	\$	972,872 34,082 18,749 147,475 1,173,178
	-		- 303,015	_	- 297,660		- 226,178		- 826,853	_	<u>-</u> -	_	-		- - -		<u>-</u> -	1,124,451 -	•	1,124,451 826,853
_	-		- - 303,015	· -	- - 297,660		- - 226,178	· -	- - 826,853	. <u>-</u>	- 1,888,140 1,888,140	· -	1,639,199 1,639,199	 	686,000 2,198,097 2,884,097	_	686,000 5,725,436 6,411,436	 - - 1,124,451	- :	1,492,883 9,281,320 12,725,507
\$_	-	\$_	446,929	\$_	301,221	\$	226,178	\$_	974,328	\$_	1,897,253	\$_	2,496,843	\$	2,884,097	\$_	7,278,193	\$ 1,124,451	\$	13,898,685

City of Grand Junction, Colorado COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u> </u>				Special	Revenue			
	Visitors and Convention Bureau	Enhanced 911	Parkland Expansion	Golf Course Expansion	Economic Development	Conservation Trust	Community Development	Total
REVENUES								
Taxes \$	1,495,823	- \$	- \$	-	\$ - \$			1,495,823 \$
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	429,009	513,406	942,415
Charges for services	15,138	979,228	-	171,592	-	-	-	1,165,958
Miscellaneous	185	40	890,155	-	-	-	-	890,380
Investment income	13,138	17,964	20,257	2,103		3,599		57,061
Total revenues	1,524,284	997,232	910,412	173,695		432,608	513,406	4,551,637
EXPENDITURES Current: General government	1,323,721	392	14,612	-	678,336	-	-	2,017,061
Urban development								
and housing Debt service:	-	-	-	-	-	-	485,505	485,505
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Interest	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Capital outlay	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total expenditures	1,323,721	392	14,612		678,336		485,505	2,502,566
·								
Excess (deficiency) of revenu over (under) expenditures		996,840	895,800	173,695	(678,336)	432,608	27,901	2,049,071
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	Ee\							
Transfers in	E3)				450,000			450,000
Transfers out	-	(830,508)	(124,000)	(179,000)	430,000	(432,608)	(17,430)	(1,583,546)
		(630,306)	(124,000)	(179,000)		(432,000)	(17,430)	(1,363,346)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(830,508)	(124,000)	(179,000)	450,000	(432,608)	(17,430)	(1,133,546)
Net change in fund balance	200,563	166,332	771,800	(5,305)	(228,336)	-	10,471	915,525
Fund balances - beginning	592,469	1,478,186	615,885	10,823	747,680	_	2,199	3,447,242
Fund balances - ending \$	793,032				\$ 519,344 \$	- \$		4,362,767 \$

		Debt Service				Capital	Permanent Fund	T-4-1		
General	Ridges	GJWWSD	GJ Public Finance	Total	Storm Drainage Developmen t	Street Assessment Projects	Facilities Capital Projects	Total	Cemetery Perpetual Care	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- \$	136,614	\$ 91,329	5 - 9	\$ 227,943	\$ -	\$ - 5	- 9	; - <u>;</u>	-	\$ 1,723,766
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,973	942,415 1,186,931
-	-	40,055	-	40,055	82,774	1,469,233	-	1,552,007	20,370	2,482,442
<u> </u>	8,947	7,712	5,636	22,295	41,018	40,703	59,395	141,116	24,305	244,777
<u> </u>	145,561	139,096	5,636	290,293	123,792	1,509,936	59,395	1,693,123	45,278	6,580,331
-	2,626	2,561	950	6,137	-	-	-	-	-	2,023,198
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	485,505
1,028,687	130,000	128,557	255,000	1,542,244	-	-	-	-	-	1,542,244
2,679,851	91,690	6,720	29,798	2,808,059	-	-	-	-	-	2,808,059
3.708.538	224,316	137.838	285.748	4.356.440	<u>157,261</u> 157,261			<u>157,261</u> <u>157,261</u>		157,261
3,708,538	224,316	137,838	285,748	4,356,440	157,261			157,261		7,016,267
(3,708,538)	(78,755)	1,258	(280,112)	(4,066,147)	(33,469)	1,509,936	59,395	1,535,862	45,278	(435,936)
3,708,538	-		285,748	3,994,286		(650,000)	250,000	250,000 (650,000)	- (41,208)	4,694,286 (2,274,754)
3,708,538			285,748	3,994,286		(650,000)	250,000	(400,000)	(41,208)	2,419,532
-	(78,755)	1,258	5,636	(71,861)	(33,469)	859,936	309,395	1,135,862	4,070	1,983,596
	381,770 303,015	296,402 \$ 297,660 \$	220,542 226,178	898,714 826,853	1,921,609 \$ 1,888,140	\$ 779,263 \$ 1,639,199	2,574,702 3,884,097	5,275,574 6,411,436	1,120,381 1,124,451	10,741,911 \$ 12,725,507

City of Grand Junction, Colorado VISITORS AND CONVENTION BUREAU SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the year ended December 31, 2005

	_	Budgete Original	ed Aı	mounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
DEVENUE		<u> </u>	-		•		-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
REVENUES	œ	1 266 101	Φ.	1 404 000	æ	4 40E 900	æ	72.022
Taxes	\$	1,366,191	\$	1,421,900	\$	1,495,823	\$	73,923
Charges for services		11,300		6,500		15,138		8,638
Miscellaneous		200		100		185		85
Investment income	_	8,800	_	18,000		13,138	_	(4,862)
Total revenues	_	1,386,491	-	1,446,500		1,524,284	-	77,784
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government:	_	1,391,783	-	1,404,518		1,323,721	-	80,797
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_	(5,292)	-	41,982		200,563	_	158,581
Fund balances - beginning	_	592,469	_	592,469		592,469		-
Fund balances - ending	\$ =	587,177	\$	634,451	\$	793,032	\$	158,581

ENHANCED 911 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

		Budgeti	ed Ar	mounts				Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	1,006,656	\$	1,100,000	\$,	\$	(120,772)
Miscellaneous Investment income		- 28,000		40,000		40 17,964		40 (22,036)
Total revenues	_	1,034,656	-	1,140,000	_	997,232	-	(142,768)
10141.1010114.00	_	.,00.,000	-	.,,	_		-	(: :2,: 33)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:						000		(000)
General government:	_	-	-		_	392	_	(392)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_	1,034,656	_	1,140,000		996,840		(143,160)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out		(1,144,196)		(1,197,196)		(830,508)		366,688
Transiers out	_	(1,144,100)	-	(1,107,100)	_	(000,000)	_	000,000
Net change in fund balance		(109,540)		(57,196)		166,332		223,528
Fund balances - beginning		1,478,186		1,478,186		1,478,186		_
Fund balances - ending	\$ =	1,368,646	\$	1,420,990	\$ =	1 2 1 1 2 1 2	\$ =	223,528

PARKLAND EXPANSION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

,	Budgete Original	ed A	Amounts Final		Actual	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
•	268 300	•	681 300	Q	800 155	Φ.	208,855
Ψ	,	Ψ		Ψ	,	Ψ	(7,743)
1						-	201,112
'	·		·		·	-	
	20,000		20,000		14.010		12.000
	28,600				14,612	-	13,988
	249.700		680.700		895.800		187,124
	,		,		,		,
	(406,298)		(124,000)		(124,000)	-	-
	(156 598)		556 700		771 800		187,124
	(100,000)		000,700		771,000		107,121
	615,885		615,885		615,885	_	
\$	459,287	\$	1,172,585	\$	1,387,685	\$	187,124
	\$ 5	Original \$ 268,300	Original \$ 268,300 \$ 10,000	\$ 268,300 \$ 681,300 10,000 28,000 278,300 709,300 28,600 28,600 249,700 680,700 (406,298) (124,000) (156,598) 556,700 615,885 615,885	Original Final \$ 268,300 \$ 681,300 \$ 10,000 28,000 709,300 28,000 709,300 278,300 709,300 28,600 680,700 249,700 680,700 680,700 (406,298) (124,000) (156,598) 556,700 615,885 615,885 615,885	Original Final Actual \$ 268,300 \$ 681,300 \$ 890,155 10,000 28,000 279,300 20,257 20,257 278,300 278,300 709,300 910,412 28,600 28,600 14,612 249,700 680,700 895,800 (406,298) (124,000) (124,000) (156,598) 556,700 771,800 615,885 615,885 615,885	Original Final Actual \$ 268,300 \$ 681,300 \$ 890,155 \$ 10,000 28,000 20,257 278,300 709,300 910,412 910,412 14,612 249,700 680,700 895,800 (406,298) (124,000) (124,000) (124,000) (156,598) 556,700 771,800 615,885 615,885 615,885

GOLF COURSE EXPANSION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	-	Budgeti Original	ed A	\mounts Final	•	Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	•	Ŭ			-			, ,
Charges for services Investment income Total revenues	\$ -	151,706 - 151,706	\$	177,416 - 177,416	\$ · -	171,592 2,103 173,695	\$ -	(5,824) 2,103 (3,721)
EXPENDITURES		-		-	_	-	_	-
Excess of revenues over expenditures		151,706		177,416		173,695		(3,721)
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	-	(145,000)		(179,000)		(179,000)	_	
Net change in fund balance		6,706		(1,584)		(5,305)		(3,721)
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	10,823 17,529	\$	10,823 9,239	·	10,823 5,518	\$ =	(3,721)

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	Budgeti Original	ed <i>P</i>	Amounts Final	•	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$	48	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ - (48)
EXPENDITURES Current: General government:	787,944		1,197,728		678,336	519,392
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(787,944)		(1,197,680)		(678,336)	(519,440)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	450,000		450,000		450,000	
Net change in fund balance	(337,944)		(747,680)		(228,336)	(519,440)
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ 747,680 409,736	\$	747,680 -	· • \$	747,680 519,344	\$ (519,440)

CONSERVATION TRUST SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	_	Budgete	ed A	mounts			Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	410,000	\$	410,000	\$	429,009 \$,
Investment income	_	5,000	-	2,298	_	3,599	1,301
Total revenues	-	415,000	-	412,298	_	432,608	20,310
EXPENDITURES	-	-	-		_		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		415,000		412,298		432,608	20,310
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers out	-	(415,000)	-	(412,298)	_	(432,608)	(20,310)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-	-
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ =	<u>-</u>	\$:	<u>-</u>	\$ _	<u>-</u> \$	<u>-</u>

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	_	Budgete	ed A				Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$_	677,350	\$.	677,350	\$_	513,406 \$	(163,944)
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Urban development and housing	_	414,000		657,350	_	485,505	171,845
Excess of revenues over expenditures		263,350		20,000		27,901	7,901
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers out		(36,000)		(20,000)		(17,430)	2,570
Transists out	-	(00,000)	•	(20,000)	_	(11,100)	2,010
Net change in fund balance		227,350		-		10,471	10,471
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ -	2,199 229,549	\$:	2,199 2,199	\$ -	2,199 12,670 \$	- 10,471

GENERAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	\$	\$	\$
EXPENDITURES Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures	1,028,687 2,679,701 3,708,388	1,028,687 2,679,851 3,708,538	(150) (150)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(3,708,388)	(3,708,538)	(150)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in Net change in fund balance	3,708,388	3,708,538	150_ 150
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	\$ <u>-</u>	\$\$

RIDGES DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	<u>-</u>	Budgete Original	ed An	nounts Final		Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	159,000	\$	142,800	\$	136,614	\$	(6,186)
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		· -
Investment income	_	12,000	_	14,000		8,947	_	(5,053)
Total revenues	_	171,000	_	156,800		145,561	_	(11,239)
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government		4,500		3,900		2,626		1,274
Debt service:		1,000		0,000		2,020		1,271
Principal retirement		130,000		130,000		130,000		_
Interest and fiscal charges		91,690		91,690		91,690		=
Total expenditures	_	226,190	=	225,590		224,316	-	1,274
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(55,190)		(68,790)		(78,755)		(9,965)
Fund balances - beginning	_	381,770	_	381,770		381,770	_	<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$ _	326,580	\$_	312,980	\$_	303,015	\$_	(9,965)

GRAND JUNCTION WEST WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	-	Budgete Original	ed Ar	nounts Final	_	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	86,000	\$	90,000	\$	91,329	\$	1,329
Miscellaneous		29,000		38,000		40,055		2,055
Investment income		7,000	_	12,000		7,712	_	(4,288)
Total revenues	-	122,000	_	140,000	=	139,096	_	(904)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		2,000		4,000		2,561		1,439
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		128,557		128,557		128,557		-
Interest and fiscal charges		24,624		22,624		6,720		15,904
Total expenditures	-	155,181	_	155,181		137,838	_	17,343
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(33,181)		(15,181)		1,258		16,439
Fund balances - beginning		296,402		296,402		296,402		-
Fund balances - ending	\$	263,221	\$ =	281,221	\$_	297,660	\$ _	16,439

GRAND JUNCTION PUBLIC FINANCE CORPORATION DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

Final	Budgeted		Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
\$		\$	5,636	\$_	5,636
	1,500		950		550
	,				
	255,000		255,000		-
				_	-
	286,298		285,748	_	550
	(286,298)		(280,112)		6,186
	286,298		285,748	_	(550)
	-		5,636		5,636
\$ <u></u>	220,542 220,542	\$	220,542 226,178	<u>\$</u> _	- 5,636
	Final A	1,500 255,000 29,798 286,298 (286,298) 286,298 - 220,542	Final Budgeted Amounts \$ \$ 1,500 255,000 29,798 286,298 (286,298)	Final Budgeted Amounts Actual Amounts \$	Final Budgeted Amounts \$ \$ \$

SALES TAX CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

_	Budgeted <i>F</i> Original	Amounts Final	Actual GAAP Basis Amounts	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
Taxes \$	9,446,182 \$	9,559,909 \$	-,,	\$ (141,908) \$	9,660,809	
Intergovernmental	2,607,000	2,107,000	829,991	-	829,991	(1,277,009)
Special assessments	212,400	248,000	65,949	-	65,949	(182,051)
Investment income	55,700	229,300	154,321	100,735	255,056	25,756
Miscellaneous	212,500	12,500	63,782		63,782	51,282
Total revenues	12,533,782	12,156,709	10,916,760	(41,173)	10,875,587	(1,281,122)
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay: Construction Total expenditures	8,564,234 8,564,234	12,421,658 12.421.658	7,515,063 7,515,063		7,515,063 7,515,063	<u>4,906,595</u> <u>4,906,595</u>
Total experiatures	0,004,204	12,421,000	7,010,000	 -	7,515,005	4,300,033
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	3,969,548	(264,949)	3,401,697	(41,173)	3,360,524	3,625,473
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		<u> </u>				
Transfers in	3,467,508	4,018,756	3,154,566	-	3,154,566	(864,190)
Transfers out	(9,464,888)	(4,612,888)	(4,528,838)		(4,528,838)	84,050
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,997,380)	(594,132)	(1,374,272)	-	(1,374,272)	(780,140)
Net change in fund balances	(2,027,832)	(859,081)	2,027,425	(41,173)	1,986,252	2,845,333
Fund balances - beginning	7,542,861	7,542,861	7,542,861	=	7,542,861	_
Fund balances - ending \$	5,515,029 \$	6,683,780 \$	9,570,286	\$ (41,173)	9,529,113	2,845,333

PARKWAY PROJECT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

DEVENUE	_	Budgete Original	ed A	mounts Final		Actual GAAP Basis Amounts	•	Adjustment to Budgetary Basis		Actual on Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$		\$	150,000	¢	50,000	¢		\$	50,000	¢	
Investment income	Ψ	971,000	Ψ	825,000	Ψ	857,573	Ψ	26.660	Ψ	884,233	Ψ	59,233
Miscellaneous		-		158,197		134,627		-		134,627		(23,570)
Total revenues	_	971,000	-	1,133,197		1,042,200		26,660		1,068,860		35,663
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay:												
Construction		35,000,000	_	25,010,000		17,943,226			_	17,943,226	_	7,066,774
Total expenditures		35,000,000		25,010,000		17,943,226		_		17,943,226		7,066,774
Net change in fund balances		(34,029,000)		(23,876,803)		(16,901,026)		26,660		(16,874,366)		7,102,437
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ <u></u>	52,406,281 18,377,281	\$_	52,406,281 28,529,478	\$	52,406,281 35,505,255	\$	- 26,660	\$	52,406,281 35,531,915	\$	- 7,102,437

STORM DRAINAGE DEVELOPMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	Budgete	ed Ar					Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	Original	_	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
REVENUES Miscellaneous:							
Development fees	\$ 100,000	\$	65,000	\$	82,774	\$	17,774
Investment income	6,700	_	69,000	_	41,018	_	(27,982)
Total revenues	106,700	_	134,000	_	123,792	_	(10,208)
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay:	E 400 000		957,000		157.061		600 720
Construction	5,426,663	_	857,000		157,261	_	699,739
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(5,319,963)		(723,000)		(33,469)		689,531
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	4,800,000	_	-	_	<u>-</u>	_	
Net change in fund balance	(519,963)		(723,000)		(33,469)		689,531
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,921,609 1,401,646	\$ =	1,921,609 1,198,609	\$ _	1,921,609 1,888,140	\$ =	- 689,531

STREET ASSESSMENT PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	_	Budgete Original	ed A	mounts Final	_	Actual	_	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Miscellaneous: Development fees Investment income Total revenues	\$	750,000 45,000 795,000	\$	1,070,000 58,000 1,128,000	\$ _	1,469,233 40,703 1,509,936	\$ -	399,233 (17,297) 381,936
EXPENDITURES	_	-		-	_	-	_	-
Excess of revenues over expenditures		795,000		1,128,000		1,509,936		381,936
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	_	(600,000)		(1,050,000)	_	(650,000)	_	400,000
Net change in fund balance		195,000		78,000		859,936		781,936
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ -	779,263 974,263	\$	779,263 857,263	\$ _	779,263 1,639,199	\$ =	- 781,936

FACILITIES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	Budgeted <i>F</i> Original	Amounts Final	. <u>-</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Investment income Total revenues	\$ 64,000 64,000	64,000 64,000	. \$ <u>-</u>	59,395 59,395	(4,605) (4,605)
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay: Construction	1,000,000	-		- -	- -
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(936,000)	64,000		59,395	(4,605)
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers in	250,000	250,000	. <u>-</u>	250,000	
Net change in fund balance	(686,000)	314,000		309,395	(4,605)
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,574,702 1,888,702 \$	2,574,702 2,888,702	\$ -	2,574,702 2,884,097 \$	(4,605)

CEMETERY PERPETUAL CARE PERMANENT TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	-	Budget Original	Amounts Amounts	_	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								
Perpetual care revenue	\$	21,600	\$	20,900	\$	20,973	\$	73
Investment income Total revenues	-	45,000 66,600	•	<u>41,000</u> 61,900	_	24,305 45,278	-	(16,695) (16,622)
rotarrevendes	-		•		_	10,270	-	(10,022)
EXPENDITURES	-	-			_	-		
Excess revenues over expenditures		66,600		61,900		45,278		(16,622)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	-	(45,000)	•	(41,000)	_	(41,208)		(208)
Net change in fund balance		21,600		20,900		4,070		(16,830)
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	1,120,381 1,141,981	\$	1,120,381 1,141,281	\$ _	1,120,381 1,124,451	\$	(16,830)

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Solid Waste Removal Fund - to account for revenues and expenses associated with refuse collection within the City.

Swimming Pools Fund - to account for revenues and expenses associated with the use and maintenance of all municipally owned swimming pools.

Lincoln Park Golf Course Fund - to account for the revenues and expenses associated with the operations of the Lincoln Park Golf Course.

Tiara Rado Golf Course Fund - to account for the revenues and expenses associated with the operations of the Tiara Rado Golf Course.

Parking Fund - to account for the revenues and expenses associated with the operation of City owned and leased parking facilities and the enforcement of City parking regulations.

Irrigation Fund - to account for the resources and expenses associated with the operation of the irrigation system located in the Ridges residential area.

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Data Processing Fund - to account for the expenses associated with the operations of the data processing center that provides services to City agencies and the related charges for these services.

Equipment Fund - to account for the expenses associated with the acquisition, operation and maintenance of City owned vehicles and equipment and the related charges for these services.

Stores Fund - to account for the expenses of purchasing and maintaining an inventory of frequently used or essential materials and supplies and the related charges for these materials and supplies.

Self-Insurance Fund - to account for the expenses associated with providing workmen's compensation and excess property and liability insurance coverage and the related charges to the various departments of the City.

Communications Center Fund - to account for the expense associated with the operations of the Grand Valley Combined Emergency 911 Communications Center and the related charges for its operation to the various local governments using its services.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2005

			Bus	siness-Type Acti	vities	- Enterprise Fund	ls	
	-	Solid Waste Removal	_	Swimming Pools	_	Lincoln Park Golf Course	_	Tiara Rado Golf Course
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	796,298	\$	-	\$	23,462	\$	72,075
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		208,159		43,402		-		1,832
Intergovernmental receivable		-		-		-		
Inventory	_	-	_	-	_	25,158	_	36,242
Total current assets	-	1,004,457	-	43,402	-	48,620	_	110,149
Noncurrent assets:								
Capital assets:								
Land		-		-		19,370		871,986
Buildings, improvements, plant and system		36,299		4,189,724		889,890		2,096,625
Equipment		649,249		217,981		51,871		115,711
Construction in progress		-		-		10,026		-
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(643,334)	_	(2,894,154)	_	(734,230)	_	(1,433,058)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated								
depreciation)		42,214		1,513,551		236,927		1,651,264
Total noncurrent assets	-	42,214	_	1,513,551	_	236,927	_	1,651,264
Total assets	_	1,046,671	_	1,556,953	_	285,547		1,761,413
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		45.893		14,357		10.668		15,469
Accrued liabilities		29,916		9,489		11,658		18,711
Compensated absences payable		9,331		736		1,949		5,049
Due to other funds		-		19,389		18,415		22,041
Total current liabilities	_	85,140	_	43,971	_	42,690	=	61,270
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Compensated absences payable		115,701		9,129		24,166		62,610
Advances from other funds - general fund		115,701		9,129		40,212		247.516
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	- 115,701	_	9,129	-	64,378	_	310,126
Total liabilities	-	200,841	-	53,100	-	107,068	_	371,396
NET 100ETO	-	· ·		· · · · · ·	_	· .		· · · · ·
NET ASSETS		42,214		1,513,551		236,927		1,651,264
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted		42,214 803,616				,		
Total net assets	- 2	845,830	_{\$} -	(9,698) 1.503.853	\$ -	(58,448) 178.479	<u>s</u> –	(261,247) 1,390,017
וטומו וופו מסטפוס	Φ=	040,000	Φ=	1,505,655	Φ=	170,479	^Ψ =	1,330,017

	Business-T	уре	Activities - Enterp	rise	Funds
•	Parking	_	Irrigation	,	Total
\$	655,067 - -	\$	182,289 14,911 -	\$	1,729,191 268,304 -
	- 655,067	-	- 197,200		61,400 2,058,895
•	333,331	-	101,200	,	_,,,,,,,,,
	984,383 694,312 19,551		3,375,059 -		1,875,739 11,281,909 1,054,363
	(368,552)		- (1,921,953)		10,026 (7,995,281)
	1,329,694 1,329,694 1,984,761	-	1,453,106 1,453,106 1,650,306		6,226,756 6,226,756 8,285,651
	2,062 4,212 209 - 6,483	-	367 3,302 648 - 4,317	,	88,816 77,288 17,922 59,845 243,871
	2,587 - 2,587 9,070	-	8,029 - 8,029 12,346	,	222,222 287,728 509,950 753,821
\$	1,329,694 645,997 1,975,691	\$_	1,453,106 184,854 1,637,960	\$	6,226,756 1,305,074 7,531,830

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	_	Solid Waste Removal	_	Swimming Pools		Lincoln Park Golf Course	_	Tiara Rado Golf Course
Operating revenues:								
Charges for sales and services	\$ _	2,427,094	\$_	512,654	\$_	579,071	\$_	1,192,352
Operating expenses:								
Personal services		795,357		436,925		356,454		576,380
Costs of sales and services		1,478,188		296,125		265,049		555,800
Depreciation and amortization		66,747		186,634		41,136		77,508
Total operating expenses		2,340,292		919,684		662,639		1,209,688
Operating income (loss)	_	86,802	_	(407,030)	Ξ	(83,568)	_	(17,336)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Intergovernmental		-		115,419		_		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		3,859		27,621
Investment income		16,478		-		1,444		352
Interest expense		-		-		(4,560)		(21,755)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	16,478	_	115,419	_	743		6,218
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		103,280	-	(291,611)	_	(82,825)	_	(11,118)
Capital contributions - tap fees		-		-		· -		-
Transfers in		-		358,702		110,000		69,000
Transfers out	_	-	_		_		_	-
Change in net assets		103,280		67,091		27,175		57,882
Total net assets - beginning	_	742,550	_	1,436,762	_	151,304	_	1,332,135
Total net assets - ending	\$_	845,830	\$ =	1,503,853	\$=	178,479	\$=	1,390,017

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
	Parking	_	Irrigation		Total							
\$.	326,381	\$_	178,709	\$.	5,216,261							
	147,566		87,229		2,399,911							
	127,696		98,404		2,821,262							
	46,020		88,009		506,054							
	321,282	-	273,642		5,727,227							
	5,099	-	(94,933)		(510,966)							
	-		-		115,419							
	-		-		31,480							
	13,468		4,198		35,940							
	12.400	-	4 100		(26,315)							
	13,468 18,567	-	4,198 (90,735)		156,524 (354,442)							
	10,507		3,640		3,640							
	_		-		537,702							
	-		-		-							
•	18,567	•	(87,095)	•	186,900							
	1,957,124		1,725,055		7,344,930							
\$	1,975,691	\$_	1,637,960	\$.	7,531,830							

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Solid				Lincoln		Tiara
		Waste		Swimming		Park Golf		Rado Golf
Cash flows from operating activities:	_	Removal	_	Pools	_	Course	_	Course
Cash received from customers and users	\$	2,414,404	\$	517.090	\$	579.071	\$	1,191,950
Cash paid to suppliers	*	(1,477,742)	Ψ	(298,409)	*	(263,672)	۳	(543,884)
Cash paid to employees		(803,232)		(438,195)		(366,279)		(578,248)
Miscellaneous nonoperating receipts		-		-		3,859		27,621
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		133,430	_	(219,514)	_	(47,021)	_	97,439
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Transfers (to) from other funds		-		358,702		110,000		69,000
Increase (decrease) in amount due other funds		-		(1,094)		(9,602)		(53,108)
Intergovernmental receipts		-		115,419		-		-
Contributions						=		=
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	-	_	473,027	_	100,398	_	15,892
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Tap fees		-		-		-		-
Proceeds of interfund capital loans		-		-		-		-
Repayment of interfund capital loans		-		-		(16,773)		(19,853)
Interest paid		-		-		(4,560)		(21,755)
Purchase of capital assets	_	<u> </u>	_	(253,513)	_	(10,026)	_	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_		_	(253,513)	_	(31,359)	_	(41,608)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Investment income received		16,478				1,444		352
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	16,478	_		_	1,444	_	352
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		149,908		-		23,462		72,075
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	_	646,390					_	
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$=	796,298	\$=		\$=	23,462	\$=	72,075
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net								
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	86,802	\$	(407,030)	\$	(83,568)	\$	(17,336)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		66,747		186,634		41,136		77,508
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(12,690)		4,436		-		(402)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		-		-		(2,978)		4,677
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		446		(2,284)		4,355		7,239
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities and								
compensated absences payable		(7,875)		(1,270)		(9,825)		(1,868)
Miscellaneous nonoperating receipts included in								
operating activities			_			3,859	_	27,621
Total adjustments	. —	46,628		187,516		36,547		114,775
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ _	133,430	^{\$} =	(219,514)	\$=	(47,021)	\$=	97,439

	Business-T	уре	Activities - Enterp	rise	Funds
_	Parking	_	Irrigation		Total
\$	326,381 (126,423) (145,051)	\$	177,834 (98,312) (86,707)	\$	5,206,730 (2,808,442) (2,417,712)
	<u> </u>	_	-		31,480
-	54,907	-	(7,185)		12,056
	-		-		537,702
	-		-		(63,804) 115,419
					-
-	-	-	-		589,317
	-		3,640		3,640
	-		-		(36,626)
	-		-		(26,315)
-	(8,964)	-	(8,799) (5,159)		(281,302) (340,603)
-	(8,964)	-	(5,159)	•	(340,603)
_	13,468	_	4,198		35,940
-	13,468	-	4,198		35,940
	59,411 595,656		(8,146) 190,435		296,710 1,432,481
\$	655,067	\$	182,289	\$	1,729,191
\$	5,099	\$	(94,933)	\$	(510,966)
	46,020 -		88,009 (875)		506,054 (9,531)
	_		· -		1,699
	1,273		92		11,121
	2,515		522		(17,801)
_	-	_	<u>-</u>	_	31,480
φ-	49,808	<u>-</u>	87,748	٠.	523,022
\$_	54,907	\$_	(7,185)	\$.	12,056

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2005

ASSETS	Data Processing	Equipment		tores		Self- Insurance	Communications Center	Total
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net of allowance Intergovernmental receivable Inventory Total current assets	2,347,633 155 - - 2,347,788	\$ 6,867,372 2,893 - - - 6,870,265	1(52,605 1,222 1,470 06,033 61,330	\$	6,410,650 1,910 - - - 6,412,560	\$ 220,679 - 19,605 - 240,284	\$ 15,998,939 6,180 21,075 106,033 16,132,227
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:					•			
Buildings and improvements Equipment Less accumulated depreciation	742,972 (705,192)	- 16,136,191 (9,867,268)		- 22,995 15,048)		- - -	347,690 4,218,802 (1,729,892)	347,690 21,120,960 (12,317,400)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation Total assets	37,780 2,385,568	6,268,923 13,139,188	20	7,947 69,277		- 6,412,560	2,836,600 3,076,884	9,151,250 25,283,477
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	14,609	69,881	:	24,131		26,745	76,557	211,923
Accrued liabilities	56,255	18,427		4,959		5,048	80,461	165,150
Compensated absences payable	6,763	2,299		435		2,194	5,924	17,615
Claims payable Total current liabilities	77.627	90.607		29.525	-	1,786,347 1.820.334	162.942	<u>1,786,347</u> 2.181.035
Total current habilities	11,021	90,001		29,020	-	1,020,334	102,342	2,101,033
Noncurrent liabilities								
Compensated absences payable	83,858	28,505		5,398	_	27,200	73,455	218,416
Total liabilities	161,485	119,112		34,923	-	1,847,534	236,397	2,399,451
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets	37,780	6,268,923		7,947		-	2,836,600	9,151,250
Unrestricted	2,186,303	6,751,153		26,407		4,565,026	3,887	13,732,776
Total net assets	2,224,083	\$ 13,020,076	\$2	34,354	\$:	4,565,026	\$ 2,840,487	\$ 22,884,026

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

	Data Processing	_	Equipment		Stores	_	Self- Insurance	-	Communications Center	_	Total
Operating revenues:											
Charges for sales and services: \$	2,776,049	\$	2,963,031	\$	196,342	\$	943,141	\$	2,212,611	\$	9,091,174
Miscellaneous		_	2,094	_		_	17,698	_			19,792
Total operating revenues	2,776,049	-	2,965,125	-	196,342	-	960,839	-	2,212,611	_	9,110,966
Operating expenses:											
Personal services	1,496,614		479,251		115,285		134,759		1,985,780		4,211,689
Costs of sales and services	978,197		1,115,947		116,866		1,691,546		782,891		4,685,447
Depreciation and amortization	21,725		1,453,710		2,300		· -		407,031		1,884,766
Total operating expenses	2,496,536	-	3,048,908	•	234,451	-	1,826,305	-	3,175,702		10,781,902
Operating income (loss)	279,513	-	(83,783)		(38,109)	-	(865,466)	-	(963,091)		(1,670,936)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):											
Investment income	44,391		144,470		3,333		146,637		-		338,831
Gain (loss) on disposition of											
property and equipment	-		23,221		3,492		_		-		26,713
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	44,391	-	167,691	•	6,825	-	146,637	-	_		365,544
Income (loss) before transfers	323,904	-	83,908	•	(31,284)	-	(718,829)	-	(963,091)		(1,305,392)
Transfers in	<u> </u>	_	·-	-		_	<u> </u>	_	830,508		830,508
Change in net assets	323,904		83,908		(31,284)		(718,829)		(132,583)		(474,884)
Total net assets - beginning	1,900,179		12,936,168		265,638		5,283,855		2,973,070		23,358,910
Total net assets - ending \$	2,224,083	\$	13,020,076	\$	234,354	\$ _	4,565,026	\$_	2,840,487	\$_	22,884,026

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	.			0.11		
	Data		Ct		Communications	T-4-1
Cach flows from anaroting activities:	Processing	Equipment	Stores	Insurance	Center	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers and users	\$ 2,776,135	\$ 2,963,171	\$ 194,029 \$	941,231	\$ 2,196,681 \$	9,071,247
Cash paid to suppliers				*	(756,008)	(4,706,306)
Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	(973,137) (1,472,754)	(1,341,854) (476,783)	(112,947) (125,237)	(1,522,360) (134,020)	(1,962,122)	(4,170,916)
Miscellaneous nonoperating receipts	(1,472,754)	, , ,	(125,257)	17,698	(1,962,122)	
Net cash provided (used) by	-	2,094	-	17,090	-	19,792
operating activities	330,244	1,146,628	(44,155)	(697,451)	(521,449)	213,817
operating activities	330,244	1,140,020	(44, 155)	(697,451)	(521,449)	213,017
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Transfers from other funds	-	_	_	-	830,508	830,508
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net cash provided by noncapital						
financing activities					830,508	830,508
illiancing activities					030,300	630,306
Cash flows from capital and related financing act	ivities:					
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets	-	54,088	3,492	-	-	57,580
Purchase of capital assets	(1,154)	(983,906)			(311,859)	(1,296,919)
Net cash used in capital and related						
financing activities	(1,154)	(929,818)	3,492		(311,859)	(1,239,339)
Cook flows from investing patienties						
Cash flows from investing activities:	44 204	144 470	2 222	1.46.637		220 024
Investment income received	44,391	144,470	3,333	146,637	 -	338,831
Net cash provided by investing activities	44,391	144,470	3,333	146,637	- -	338,831
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	373,481	361,280	(37,330)	(550,814)	(2,800)	143,817
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	1,974,152	6,506,092	189,935	6,961,464	223,479	15,855,122
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$ 2,347,633	\$ 6,867,372	\$ 152,605 \$	6,410,650	\$ 220,679 \$	15,998,939
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net						
cash provided (used) by operating activities	¢ 270.542	r (02.702) (t (20.400) t	(OCE 4CC)	e (000 004) e	(4.670.036)
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$ 279,513	\$ (83,783)	\$ (38,109) \$	(865,466)	\$ (963,091) \$	(1,670,936)
net cash provided (used) by operating activities						
Depreciation expense	s. 21,725	1,453,710	2,300		407,031	1,884,766
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	21,725 85	1,455,710	(2,312)	(1,910)	(15,930)	(19,926)
(Increase) decrease in inventory	-	-	(15,051)	(1,310)	(15,350)	(15,051)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	5,060	(225,907)	18,969	11,554	50.769	(139,555)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	5,000	(225,501)	10,505	157,632	50,705	157,632
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages and				107,002		107,002
compensated absences payable	23,861	2,467	(9,952)	739	23,658	40,773
(Increase) decrease in accounts payable	20,001	2,401	(3,302)	705	20,000	40,770
due to purchase of capital assets on account	nt -	_	_	_	(23,886)	(23,886)
Total adjustments	50,731	1,230,411	(6,046)	168,015	441,642	1,884,753
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 330,244			(697,451)		213,817
, , , , , ,				, , -/		,
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activiti	es					
Purchase of capital assets on account	*	\$ - :	\$ - \$	-	\$ 23,886 \$	23,886
Net book value of capital assets traded in on capital a	assets					
acquired	=	194,880	=	=	=	194,880

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a fiduciary capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. These include Pension Trust, Private-Purpose Trust, Investment Trust and Agency Funds. Since the City has only one Investment Trust Fund, it is presented in the Basic Financial Statement section of this report.

Private Purpose Trust Funds:

Mesa County Valley School District 51 SLD Fee Fund - to account for revenues and expenditures associated with school land dedication fees.

General Trust Fund - to account for revenues and expenditures not included in other trust funds for which uses have been specified by parties outside the City government.

Employee Retirement Health Benefit Fund - to account for revenues and expenditures associated with health insurance premiums for retired employees.

Pension Trust Funds:

Police Old Hire Pension Trust Fund – to account for assets for the Police Old Hire Defined Benefit Pension Plan invested in and administered by the Fire and Police Pension Association of Colorado for qualified police retirees.

Fire Old Hire Pension Trust Fund - to account for assets for the Fire Old Hire Defined Benefit Pension Plan invested in and administered by the Fire and Police Pension Association of Colorado for qualified firefighter retirees.

Agency Funds:

Park Improvement Advisory Board Fund - to provide the custodial function of accounting for operations of the board.

Sewer and Water Districts Clearing Account Fund - to provide the billing and collection of charges for some districts outside the City.

Rimrock Marketplace General Improvement District Fund – to act as an agent for property owners in collecting assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders, and initiating foreclosure proceedings, if applicable.

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS

December 31, 2005

	Police Old Hire		Fire Old Hire	Total
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 2,524,405	\$_	11,961,302	\$ 14,485,707
LIABILITIES	 			
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR: Pension benefits	\$ 2,524,405	\$ _	11,961,302	\$ 14,485,707

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUNDS

	_	Police Old Hire		Fire Old Hire	Total
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
City	\$	426,799	\$	11,979	\$ 438,778
Plan member	_	-		380,611	380,611
Total contributions	_	426,799		392,590	819,389
Investment income:					
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		144,577		699,737	844,314
Interest		88,207		420,459	508,666
Net investment income	-	232,784	•	1,120,196	1,352,980
Total additions	_	659,583		1,512,786	2,172,369
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits		622,768		1,001,484	1,624,252
Administrative expense		15,704		75,104	90,808
Total deductions	-	638,472	•	1,076,588	1,715,060
Change in net assets		21,111		436,198	457,309
Net assets - beginning	_	2,503,294		11,525,104	14,028,398
Net assets - ending	\$_	2,524,405	\$	11,961,302	\$ 14,485,707

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

December 31, 2005

	V	lesa County alley School District 51 SLD Fee		General Trust		Employee Retirement Health Benefit		Total
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	129,942	\$	7,254	\$	774,933	\$	912,129
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		-		-		9,124		9,124
Total assets		129,942	_	7,254	_	784,057	_	921,253
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total liabilities						-		-
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR								
Individuals, organizations and others	\$	129,942	\$	7,254	\$	784,057	\$	921,253

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

	Mesa County Malley School District 51 SLD Fee	 General Trust	F	Employee Retirement Health Benefit	_	Total
ADDITIONS						
Additions by participants	\$ 175,884	\$ -	\$	194,763	\$	370,647
Investment income	2,061	-		16,811		18,872
Total additions	177,945	-		211,574		389,519
DEDUCTIONS						
Distributions to participants	174,546	-		_		174,546
Health insurance premiums paid	· <u>-</u>	-		161,521		161,521
Administrative expense	5,371	_		-		5,371
Total deductions	179,917	-		161,521		341,438
Change in net assets	(1,972)	-		50,053		48,081
Net assets - beginning	 131,914	 7,254_		734,004		873,172
Net assets - ending	\$ 129,942	\$ 7,254	\$ <u> </u>	784,057	\$ <u> </u>	921,253

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

PARK IMPROVEMENT ADVISORY BOARD	Balance Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Balance Ending
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net of allowance Total assets	\$ 26,104 37,500 \$ 63,604	\$ 193,842 94,600 \$ 288,442	\$ 69,295 132,100 \$ 201,395	\$ 150,651 - \$ 150,651
LIABILITIES Due to other governments	\$ 63,604	\$ 288,442	\$ 201,395	\$ 150,651
RIMROCK MARKETPLACE GENERAL IMPROV	EMENT DISTRICT			
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 144,538	\$ 255,100	\$ 214,153	\$ 185,485
LIABILITIES Due to other governments	\$144,538	\$ 255,100	\$ 214,153	\$185,485
SEWER AND WATER DISTRICTS CLEARING				
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 45,859	\$ 742,355	\$ 715,767	\$ 72,447
LIABILITIES Due to other governments	\$ 45,859	\$ 742,355	\$ 715,767	\$ 72,447
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS				
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net of allowance Total assets	\$ 216,501 37,500 \$ 254,001	\$ 1,191,297 94,600 \$ 1,285,897	\$ 999,215 132,100 \$ 1,131,315	\$ 408,583 \$ 408,583
LIABILITIES Due to other governments Total liabilities	254,001 \$ 254,001	1,285,897 \$ 1,285,897	1,131,315 \$ 1,131,315	408,583 \$ 408,583

Downtown Development Authority

A Component Unit of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado

The Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was formed to improve the downtown area of the City of Grand Junction. Since this is the only component unit of the City, it reported on the Government-Wide Financial Statement. However, since it does not issue its own financial report, the following fund information for DDA is provided:

Special Revenue Funds

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

DDA Operations Special Revenue Fund - to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with operating the Downtown Development Authority.

DDA Tax Increment Special Revenue Fund - to account for property tax revenues from the Downtown Tax Increment Financing District used principally to reduce debt incurred for downtown improvements.

Debt Service Funds

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> are used to account for all resources being accumulated for general long-term debt principal and interest payments maturing in future years other than long-term debt accounted for in enterprise and internal service funds.

DDA Debt Service Fund - to account for those resources which are being accumulated for long-term debt principal and interest payments on Downtown Development Authority Tax Increment bonds maturing in future years.

Capital Project Funds

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

DDA TIF Capital Improvements Fund - to account for capital improvement within the boundaries of the Downtown Development Authority (DDA), financed with the proceeds of Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Bonds.

A Component Unit of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2005

	_	DDA Tax Increment		DDA Operations Special Revenue Fund		DDA Debt Service Fund	lr	TIF Capital mprovements apital Projects Fund	_	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	•	4 005 000	•	040.077	•	004	•	4 040 704 4		0.000.075
Cash and investments	\$	1,095,393	\$	218,377	\$	201	\$	1,318,704	Þ	2,632,675
Property taxes receivable		1,088,022		136,373		-		-		1,224,395
Accounts receivable	_			-			_	55,000	_	55,000
Total assets		2,183,415		354,750		201	_	1,373,704	_	3,912,070
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		_		1,314		-		207		1,521
Accrued liabilities		-		3,346		-		-		3,346
Deferred revenue		1,088,022		136,373		-		_		1,224,395
Compensated absences payable		, , <u>-</u>		723		-		_		723
Total liabilities		1,088,022	•	141,756		-		207		1,229,985
FUND BALANCES Reserved for debt service Unreserved: Designated for subsequent year's		-		-		201		-		201
expenditures		_		-		-		851,861		851,861
Unreserved, undesignated		1,095,393		212,994		-		521,636		1,830,023
Total fund balances		1.095.393	•	212,994	•	201	_	1,373,497		2,682,085
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,183,415	\$	354,750	\$	201	\$_	1,373,704		
Amounts reported for the Component Unit - net assets (page 29) are different because Capital assets used in governmental activiti are not reported in the funds.	e:	·		•						3,776,171
ong-term liabilities such as bonds payable and payable in the current period and ther						terest are not du	ue \$	(1,575,000)		
				Compensated Accrued intere	ab	sences	_	(3,963) (955)		(1,579,918)
otal net assets -Component Unit - Downto	wn Dev	elopment Aut	:ho	rity. (page 29)				\$	- -	4,878,338

A Component Unit of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	_	DDA Tax Increment	. <u>-</u> !	DDA Operations Special Revenue Fund	_	DDA Debt Service Fund		TIF Capital Improvements Capital Project Fund	_	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	•	4 477 445	•	450.004	•		•		•	4 007 400
Taxes	\$	1,177,415	\$	150,081	\$	- ;	\$	-	\$	1,327,496
Intergovernmental		148,886		-		-		990		149,876
Charges for services		=		4,945		-		-		4,945
Miscellaneous		-		92,793		=		-		92,793
Investment income Total revenues	-	24,724 1,351,025	_	3,227 251,046	-	<u>-</u>	_	30,523 31,513	-	58,474 1,633,584
EXPENDITURES					-		_		_	
Current:										
Urban development and housing		20,173		171,335		_		_		191,508
Debt service:				,						,
Principal retirement		_		_		730,000		_		730,000
Interest and fiscal charges		_		_		52,238		_		52,238
Capital outlay		_		_		-		994,793		994,793
Total expenditures	_	20,173	_	171,335	-	782,238	_	994,793	-	1,968,539
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,330,852		79,711		(782,238)		(963,280)		(334,955)
over (ander) experialitates	-	1,000,002	_	70,711	-	(102,200)	-	(000,200)	-	(004,000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				44.040		700 000				004.450
Transfers in		-		41,918		782,238		-		824,156
Transfers out		(824,156)		-		-				(824,156)
Sale of capital assets	_	<u>-</u>	_	-	_		_	210,000	_	210,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(824,156)	_	41,918	-	782,238	_	210,000	-	210,000
Net change in fund balances		506,696		121,629		-		(753,280)		(124,955)
Fund balances - beginning		588,697		91,365		201		2,126,777		2,807,040
Fund balances - ending	\$ =	1,095,393	\$=	212,994	\$ _	201	\$ =	1,373,497	\$ =	2,682,085
Amounts reported for Component Unit - Dow	ntown			itharity in tha	tat	amont of activit		:		
(page 31) are different because:		Development	: Au	ithority in the s	iai	ement of activit	.ie:	,		
·	nmen	•		ithority in the s	otat	ement of activit	.ie:		\$	(124,955)
(page 31) are different because:	s as ex eir est	tal funds (abov kpenditures. F lmated useful l	ve) How live	vever, in the sess and reported	tate	ement of activiti s depreciation	es		\$	(124,955) 854,104
(page 31) are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds report capital outlay cost of those assets is allocated over the expense. This is the amount by which contains the contains	s as ex eir est apital o	tal funds (abov kpenditures. H mated useful l butlays \$938,6	ve) How Iive 343	vever, in the sess and reported exceeded dep	tate	ement of activiti s depreciation	es		\$	
(page 31) are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds report capital outlay cost of those assets is allocated over the expense. This is the amount by which coin the current period.	s as exert eir estimation estimat	tal funds (above penditures. Himated useful loutlays \$938,6 e of capital asset financial resolutes of go	ve) How live 343 sets	vever, in the ses and reported exceeded depose. s. ces to governing on the particular control of the particular control o	tate d a ore me ayr	ement of activiti s depreciation ciation (\$84,539 ntal nent of accrued	es 9)		\$	854,104
(page 31) are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds report capital outlay cost of those assets is allocated over the expense. This is the amount by which coin the current period. The net effect of transactions involving the issuance of long-term debt provides funds, while repayment of the principal cointerest \$351 consumes the current final.	s as exert eir est apital of the sale current of long notal retastant and lots actu	tal funds (above penditures. Himated useful loutlays \$938,6 e of capital asset financial resoluterm debt \$73 esources of gosets.	ve) How live 343 sets our 30,0	vever, in the ses and reported exceeded deposes. So ces to govern on any the pernmental fund sured by the appear), where	tate d a ore me ayr s.	ement of activiti s depreciation ciation (\$84,539 ntal nent of accrued Neither ount of financial in the statemen	es 9)	the	\$	854,104 (255,769)

A Component Unit of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado

DDA TAX INCREMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

	_	Budgete	ed Amo			A atual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
REVENUES	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Taxes Intergovernmental Investment income Total revenues	\$ 	1,010,500 149,000 20,000 1,179,500	\$	1,138,500 149,000 30,000 1,317,500	\$ 	1,177,415 148,886 24,724 1,351,025	\$	38,915 (114) (5,276) 33,525
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Urban development and housing	_	27,500	_	27,500	_	20,173	_	7,327
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,152,000		1,290,000		1,330,852		40,852
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	_	(804,238)	_	(814,238)	_	(824,156)	_	(9,918)
Net change in fund balance		347,762		475,762		506,696		30,934
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$_	588,697 936,459	\$ _	588,697 1,064,459	\$_	588,697 1,095,393	\$=	30,934

A Component Unit of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

		Budget	ed Amo	unts				Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	_	Original	CG 7 4110	Final		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES	_	o rigiriai	_	T III C	_	, totalar	•	(Hoganic)
Taxes	\$	150,150	\$	150,150	\$	150,081	\$	(69)
Charges for services		76,000		4,500	·	4,945	·	445
Miscellaneous		41,900		84,500		92,793		8,293
Investment income		100		4,000		3,227		(773)
Total revenues		268,150		243,150		251,046	,	7,896
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Urban development and housing		242,584		242,584		171,335		71,249
Total expenditures	_	242,584	_	242,584	_	171,335		71,249
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	_	25,566	_	566	_	79,711		79,145
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		20,000		30,000		41,918		11,918
Total other financing sources (uses)		20,000		30,000		41,918	,	11,918
Net change in fund balance		45,566		30,566		121,629		91,063
Fund balances - beginning	_	91,365	_	91,365		91,365		
Fund balances - ending	\$ =	136,931	\$ =	121,931	\$ =	212,994	\$	91,063

A Component Unit of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado

DDA DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL

		Original and Final Budget Amounts	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
Investment Income	\$.		\$ _		\$	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		2,000		-		2,000
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		730,000		730,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		52,238	_	52,238		
Total expenditures		784,238	_	782,238		2,000
Deficiency of revenues						
under expenditures		(784,238)		(782,238)		(2,000)
			_			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		784,238	_	782,238		2,000
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund balances - beginning		201		201		_
Fund balances - ending	\$	201	\$ -	201	\$	
•			=		-	

A Component Unit of the City of Grand Junction, Colorado

DDA TIF CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

(NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

			jete	d Amounts				Variance with Final Budget - Positive
DEVENUEO.		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$		\$		\$	990	\$	990
Charges for service	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Miscellaneous		_		- -		_ _		
Investment income	\$	35,000	\$	58,000	\$	30,523	\$	(27,477)
Total revenues	٠.	35,000	•	58,000	Υ.	31,513	•	(26,487)
	•	,			•	,		
EXPENDITURES								
Capital projects		1,927,000		1,939,988		994,793		945,195
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	s	(1,892,000)		(1,881,988)	•	(963,280)		918,708
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (I	JSES)	:						
Sale of capital assets		<u>-</u>				210,000		210,000
Net change in fund balance	€	(1,892,000)		(1,881,988)		(753,280)		1,128,708
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	2,126,777 234,777	\$	2,126,777 244,789	\$	2,126,777 1,373,497	\$	- 1,128,708



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Statistical Section

Table 1 -	Government-Wide Expenses by Function
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Table 19 - Ten Principal Taxpayers, Property Taxes

City of Grand Junction, Colorado GOVERNMENT-WIDE EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

Last Four Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government	Public Safety	Public Works	Parks and Recreation	Urban Development and Housing	Interest on Long- Term Debt	Water	Two Rivers Convention Center	Other Business-type Activities	Total
2002 2003 2004 2005	\$ 10,397,825 8,377,950 9,548,713 9,596,763	\$ 17,966,339 19,871,284 23,823,248 22,904,850	12,780,174	5,318,756 6,684,183	\$ 720,043 622,802 347,218 415,306	\$ 295,421 234,037 2,301,710 2,571,874	\$ 3,826,901 4,009,507 4,158,777 4,222,594	\$ 1,828,188 1,988,176 2,130,427 2,641,066	\$ 5,688,830 5,786,822 5,694,038 5,753,542	\$ 57,684,236 58,989,508 64,911,393 68,667,835

City of Grand Junction, Colorado

GOVERNMENT-WIDE REVENUES

Last Four Fiscal Years

	PROG	RA	M REVENUES				GENERAL	. RE	EVENUES	
Fiscal Year	 Charges for Service		Operating Grants and Contributions	 Capital Grants and Contributions	Taxes	_	Unrestricted Investment Earnings		Miscellaneous	 Total
2002 2003 2004 2005	\$ 18,718,184 18,468,440 19,499,045 21,199,751	\$	922,186 843,051 651,810 718,425	\$ 24,433,768 16,560,855 20,738,863 34,341,976	\$ 44,027,961 45,761,262 50,191,181 53,601,820	\$	1,801,549 906,081 2,143,143 2,129,404	\$	16,181 - 49,356 26,713	\$ 89,919,829 82,539,689 93,273,398 112,018,089

TABLE 3

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 General Government	_	Public Safety	,_	Public Works	Parks and Recreation	Urban Development and Housing	_	Debt Service	_	Total
1996	\$ 7,488,120	\$	11,656,155	\$	4,975,346	\$ 2,605,005	\$ 730,410	\$	891,936	\$	28,346,972
1997	5,716,822		13,590,154		5,200,854	2,971,392	418,761		1,318,567		29,216,550
1998	5,719,880		14,167,933		5,425,763	3,515,662	1,036,727		1,178,271		31,044,236
1999	6,916,889		15,006,031		6,331,219	3,868,626	631,979		1,238,530		33,993,274
2000	7,574,160		15,571,919		7,000,979	4,193,113	644,237		1,460,701		36,445,109
2001	7,373,852		16,264,238		7,044,165	4,231,226	566,959		1,209,975		36,690,415
2002	8,049,315		17,744,498		7,333,201	4,385,230	934,321		1,227,203		39,673,768
2003	8,306,840		18,553,410		7,564,156	4,731,828	832,721		3,317,559		43,306,514
2004	8,734,015		19,977,861		8,049,960	5,378,915	516,830		3,159,016		45,816,597
2005	9,207,102		20,490,870		8,185,303	5,302,211	785,294		5,526,649		49,497,429

Notes:

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds for the City of Grand Junction Reporting Entity and the Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds for the Downtown Development Authority.

Source: City Administrative Services Department

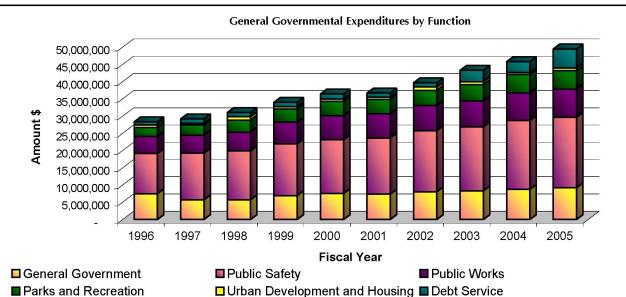


TABLE 4

GENERAL REVENUES BY SOURCE (1)

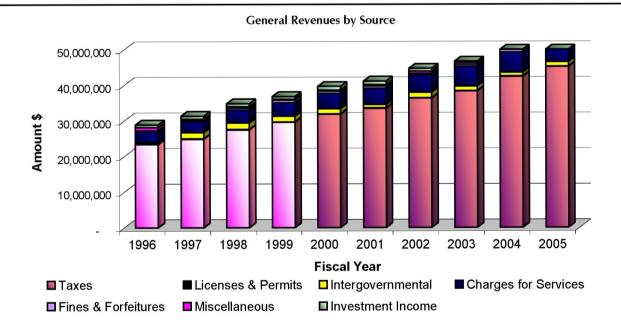
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	_	Taxes	Licenses and Permits	_	Inter- Govern- mental	-	Charges for Services	•	Fines and For- feitures	-	Miscel- laneous	•	Investment Income	Total
1996 1997	\$	23,378,127 24,873,848	\$ 95,612 105.951	\$	478,899 1,784,756	\$	3,052,322 3.078.979	\$	244,231 358,202	\$	890,848 307.622	\$	766,812 833,794	\$ 28,906,851 31,343,152
1998		27,481,321	108,558		1,818,514		3,714,805		562,245		287,127		841,863	34,814,433
1999		29,635,068	99,864		1,561,218		3,787,978		767,860		263,513		699,952	36,815,453
2000		31,862,215	110,457		1,430,701		4,279,477		660,617		265,533		1,030,168	39,639,168
2001		33,491,034	114,067		913,721		4,604,422		604,439		418,718		961,016	41,107,417
2002		36,342,430	111,935		1,504,685		4,842,642		486,548		651,325		749,131	44,688,696
2003		38,323,053	118,616		1,279,487		5,536,698		564,294		501,839		345,863	46,669,850
2004		42,410,092	111,452		998,181		5,679,040		701,941		501,145		502,777	50,904,628
2005		45,126,599	114,921		1,271,115		6,023,114		546,162		1,076,699		473,220	54,631,830

Notes:

Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds for the City of Grand Junction Reporting Entity and the Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds for the Downtown Development Authority.

Source: City Administrative Services Department



City of Grand Junction, Colorado

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS⁽¹⁾

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year of Collections	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes ⁽²⁾	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
1996	2,550,502	2,475,153	97.05%	2,077	2,477,230	97.13%	11,040	0.43%
1997	2,791,222	2,736,427	98.04%	3,927	2,740,354	98.18%	6,082	0.22%
1998	3,156,366	3,109,040	98.50%	1,489	3,110,529	98.55%	8,704	0.28%
1999	3,270,359	3,231,362	98.81%	7,214	3,238,576	99.03%	1,641	0.05%
2000	3,564,287	3,543,583	99.42%	1,205	3,544,788	99.45%	9,386	0.26%
2001	3,258,283	3,230,268	99.14%	4,472	3,234,740	99.28%	8,979	0.28%
2002	4,154,644	4,131,251	99.44%	3,579	4,134,830	99.52%	9,539	0.23%
2003	4,791,953	4,715,475	98.40%	(22,937)	4,692,538	97.93%	20,053	0.42%
2004	4,943,436	4,910,989	99.34%	10,192	4,921,182	99.55%	5,415	0.11%
2005	5,232,734	5,150,895	98.44%	5,495	5,156,390	98.54%	1,191	0.02%

Notes:

- Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds of the City of Grand Junction Reporting Entity (includes the Downtown Development Authority).
- After property taxes are levied by the City Council, the Mesa County Assessor adjusts the valuations of various properties within the City of Grand Junction. The tax levy, as reported, is the levy as approved by the City Council. Outstanding delinquent taxes have been reduced to reflect the change in property taxes for these properties.

Source: City Administrative Services Department

City of Grand Junction, Colorado ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year of Collection	_	Assessed Valuation	 Estimated Actual Value	Ratio of Assessed to Estimated Actual Value		Actual Value Level
1996	\$	255,908,816	\$ 1,452,886,406	10.36-29%	(3)	1994
1997		275,665,936	1,575,284,726	10.36-29%	(3)	1995
1998		312,372,027	1,871,921,590	9.74-29%	(4)	1996
1999		322,868,688	1,947,483,682	9.74-29%	(4)	1997
2000		368,283,061	2,213,425,971	9.74-29%	(4)	1998
2001		382,132,990	2,302,625,180	9.74-29%	(4)	1999
2002		440,947,146	2,752,245,467	9.15-29%	(5)	2000
2003		468,909,060	2,954,303,087	9.15-29%	(5)	2001
2004		507,715,470	3,453,472,259	7.96-29%	(6)	2002
2005		529,459,970	3,630,986,410	7.96-29%	(6)	2003
2006		637,918,800	4,389,633,390	7.96-29%	(6)	2004

Notes:

- (1) Residential property is assessed at 14.34% while other property is assessed at 29%.
- (2) Residential property is assessed at 12.86% while other property is assessed at 29%.
- (3) Residential property is assessed at 10.36% while other property is assessed at 29%.
- (4) Residential property is assessed at 9.74% while other property is assessed at 29%.
- (5) Residential property is assessed at 9.15% while other property is assessed at 29%.
- Residential property is assessed at 7.96% while other property is assessed at 29%.

Source: Mesa County Assessor

City of Grand Junction, Colorado

PROPERTY TAX RATES PER \$1,000 ASSESSED VALUATION (MILL LEVY) **DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Levy	Collection	City of ⁽¹⁾	School	Mesa County	All Other	Total
Year	Year	Grand Junction	District #51		Taxing Entities	Tax Rate
1996	1997	8.00	46.11	25.74	6.23	86.08
1997	1998	8.00	47.09	23.44	6.19	84.72
1998	1999	8.00	46.69	23.28	6.20	84.17
1999	2000	7.62	42.96	22.78	5.94	79.30
2000	2001	6.43	42.64	21.82	5.94	76.83
2001	2002	7.44	34.66	21.89	5.79	69.78
2002	2003	7.67	38.25	21.81	5.79	73.52
2003	2004	7.37	36.61	21.72	5.79	71.49
2004	2005	7.36	41.51	21.71	5.79	76.37
2005	2006	7.29	38.40	19.11	5.27	70.07
		<u>PI</u>	ROPERTY TAX REVE	NUE LEVY		
1996	1997	\$ 2,205,327	\$ 25,491,641	\$ 14,926,925	\$ 2,822,073	
1997	1998	2,498,976	29,339,378	15,272,491	3,251,894	
1998	1999	2,582,950	30,012,891	15,674,364	3,358,057	
1999	2000	2,807,422	31,279,580	17,323,750	3,684,565	
2000	2001	2,457,115	32,484,708	17,433,884	3,862,059	
2001	2002	3,282,411	29,593,101	19,354,439	4,230,013	
2002	2003	3,596,064	34,214,512	20,528,679	4,430,299	
2003	2004	3,741,355	34,843,408	21,675,723	4,704,569	
2004	2005	3,896,825	41,036,293	22,597,893	4,898,992	
2005	2006	4,651,704	45,377,855	23,759,293	5,477,164	
Notes:						

Source: Mesa County Assessor

⁽¹⁾ Amounts for the City of Grand Junction do not include levies for City districts that are not city wide.

City of Grand Junction, Colorado SPECIAL ASSESSMENT COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		Current sessments Due	Current Assessments Collected	Ratio of Collections to Amount Due	Total Outstandin Assessment		
1996	\$	22,736	22,736	100.00%	\$	377,372	
1997		39,326	39,326	100.00%		246,882	
1998		27,795	27,795	100.00%		221,201	
1999		26,090	26,090	100.00%		223,181	
2000		28,210	28,210	100.00%		145,857	
2001		26,658	26,658	100.00%		130,282	
2002		24,567	24,567	100.00%		124,100	
2003		21,479	21,479	100.00%		89,847	
2004		18,387	18,369	99.90%		107,828	
2005		17,117	17,117	100.00%		109,744	
urce:	City /	Administrative Ser	vices Department				

City of Grand Junction, Colorado

RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT

TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA⁽¹⁾

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Popu- lation ^(A)	_	Assessed Value in Thousands	_	Gross Bonded Debt ⁽¹⁾	_	Debt Service Monies Avail- able	_	Debt Payable From Enterprise Revenues	_	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	_	Bonded Debt Per Capita
1996	42,498	\$	275,666	\$	770,000	\$	-	\$	770,000	\$	-	0.00%	\$	-
1997	43,987		312,372		595,000		-		595,000		-	0.00%		-
1998	45,165		322,869		-		-		-		-	0.00%		-
1999	43,354		368,283		-		-		-		-	0.00%		-
2000	42,879		382,133		-		-		-		-	0.00%		-
2001	44,782		440,947		-		-		-		-	0.00%		-
2002	45,669		468,909		-		-		-		-	0.00%		-
2003	46,779		507,715		-		-		-		-	0.00%		-
2004	48,141		529,460		60,727,683		52,948,731		-		7,778,952	1.47%		162
2005	51,708	(B)	637,919		59,359,891		36,917,477		-		22,442,414	3.52%		434

Notes:

Source:

The Ridges Metropolitan District debt and the Grand Junction West Water and Sanitation District debt are excluded because they are to be paid with special property tax levys on property within these Districts only.

⁽A) Colorado Demography Section DOLA - All other City Administrative Services Department

⁽B) Estimate, based on 2000 census data plus new housing units (assuming 2.29 people per unit)

City of Grand Junction, Colorado

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

December 31, 2005

Estimated actual v	value as determined by Assessor (A)		\$_	4,389,633,390
Debt limit - 3% of	factual value		\$	131,689,002
Total General Obl	igation Debt ^(B)	\$ 1,668,791		
Less:	Ridges Metropolitan District bonds supported by a special tax levy paid only within the District ^(B) Grand Junction West Water and Sanitation District bonds supported by a special tax levy paid only within the District ^(B)	(1,380,000)		
Total amount of c	debt applicable to debt limit n		- \$	131,689,002
Source:			_	
(m)	ounty Assessor ministrative Services Department			

City of Grand Junction, Colorado

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT (1)

December 31, 2005

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	_	Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City of Grand Junction		Amount Applicable to City of Grand Junction
Direct: City of Grand Junction ^(A)	\$	56,075,000	100.00%	\$	56,075,000
Overlapping: Mesa County Valley School District No. 51 (B)		138,490,000	0.00%		-
Mesa County (2) (C)		-		_	
Total				\$_	56,075,000

Notes:

- (1) Computation of overlapping debt includes only the three major governmental units and excludes several special districts that partially overlap the City.
- (2) Mesa County has outstanding sales tax revenue bonds which are payable from sales tax revenues and are not a general obligation of the property taxpayers of the County. The County also has outstanding jail lease purchase certificates which are not general obligations.

Source:

- (A) City Administrative Services Department
- (B) Mesa County Valley School District No. 51 Finance Department
- (C) Mesa County Finance Department

City of Grand Junction, Colorado REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

REVENUE BOND COVERAGI WATER BONDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		_		Direct		Net Revenue	_			Debt Service	Rec	uirements	
Fiscal Year	_	Gross Revenue	_	Operating Expense		Available for Debt Service	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	Coverage
1996	\$	4,674,183	\$	3,117,912	\$	1,556,271	\$	835,000	\$	84,604	\$	919,604	1.69
1997		4,581,913		3,058,132		1,523,781		175,000		48,185		223,185	6.83
1998		5,216,605		3,040,233		2,176,372		595,000		24,778		619,778	3.51
1999		4,438,162		2,862,601		1,575,561		-		-		-	-
2000		4,861,061		2,970,243		1,890,818		-		-		-	-
2001		5,052,597		3,285,854		1,766,743		-		-		-	-
2002		4,833,602		3,252,288		1,581,314		-		-		-	-
2003		4,811,215		3,285,692		1,525,523		-		-		-	-
2004		4,507,115		3,369,394		1,137,721		-		-		-	-
2005		4,616,835		3,444,021		1,172,814		-		-		-	-
Source:	City	· Administrative	Serv	ices Departmen	t								

City of Grand Junction, Colorado

RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR **GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL EXPENDITURES**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Principal	 nterest	 Total Debt Service	Total General Expenditures ⁽¹⁾	Ratio of Debt Service to Total General Expenditures
1996	\$ _	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 28,346,972	0.00%
1997	-	-	-	29,216,550	0.00%
1998	-	-	-	31,044,236	0.00%
1999	-	-	-	33,993,274	0.00%
2000	-	-	-	36,445,109	0.00%
2001	-	-	-	36,690,415	0.00%
2002	-	-	-	39,673,768	0.00%
2003	-	_	-	43,306,514	0.00%
2004	-	1,338,194	1,338,194	45,816,597	2.92%
2005	1.000.000	2,666,388	3,666,388	49,497,429	7.41%

Notes:

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds for the City of Grand Junction Reporting Entity and the Special Revenue and Debt Service funds for the Downtown Development Authority.

Sources: City Administrative Services Department

TABLE 14

City of Grand Junction, Colorado PROPERTY VALUE, CONSTRUCTION, AND NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Property Values (1)(A)									-						
Fiscal Year	_	Residential		Commercial		Industrial	_	Agriculture		Natural Resources	 Public Utilities	_	Exempt Property	Number ^(B) of Permits	Con- ^(B) struction (in 000's)	Number ^{(1)(C)} of Households
1996	\$	330,662,410	\$	140,653,040	\$	22,428,470	\$	17,818,920	\$	10,372,390	\$ 60,998,000	\$	98,702,110	3,025	\$ 136,540	41,627
1997		376,167,290		161,018,290		28,553,110		18,213,570		9,839,010	61,467,400		100,228,670	3,293	179,782	42,915
1998		390,662,890		164,251,530		30,278,830		18,251,340		11,142,170	62,933,100		101,052,420	3,553	175,239	43,781
1999		445,248,720		190,868,130		31,896,280		18,311,020		11,269,980	68,356,700		103,530,250	3,840	205,130	44,717
2000		464,700,370		198,900,180		33,842,900		18,378,480		11,071,170	78,149,900		84,850,010	3,547	194,258	45,823
2001		519,196,630		227,772,240		39,442,030		17,909,410		14,872,160	87,022,300		121,673,080	3,442	209,506	47,368
2002		539,178,820		247,940,400		41,515,890		17,956,480		15,542,820	90,220,600		139,226,760	3,565	248,156	48,374
2003		559,254,280		279,631,230		46,794,280		18,351,350		14,312,880	91,070,100		143,313,110	3,778	290,208	49,362
2004		580,231,080		295,842,530		49,408,390		18,429,660		22,954,190	86,414,600		144,442,150	3,725	300,456	50,507
2005		704,813,690		356,481,490		57,998,260		20,105,530		29,760,850	88,794,300		166,428,020	3,898	467,716	N/A

Notes:

Information only available for the County.

N/A Information is not yet available for this year.

Source:

(A) Mesa County Assessor's Office
(B) Mesa County Building Department

(C) Colorado Division of Local Government

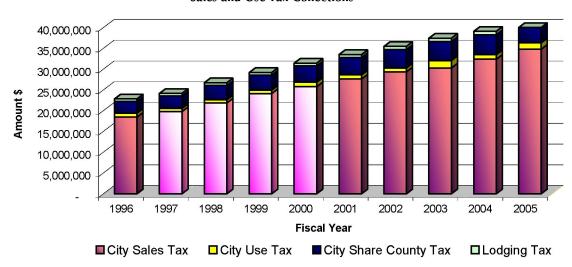
TABLE 15

SALES AND USE TAX COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	_	City Sales Tax	_	City Use Tax	_	City Share of County Sales Tax	_	Lodging Tax	_	Total
1996	\$	18,444,228	\$	910,124	\$	2,885,552	\$	580,755	\$	22,820,659
1997		19,756,772		761,677		3,026,837		605,756		24,151,042
1998		21,813,807		841,047		3,393,851		660,512		26,709,217
1999		24,096,240		839,390		3,611,934		643,697		29,191,261
2000		25,769,700		1,056,721		3,925,730		679,814		31,431,965
2001		27,605,624		1,002,862		4,191,997		716,990		33,517,473
2002		29,356,312		920,312		4,401,660		784,942		35,463,226
2003		30,277,002		1,780,922		4,594,439		770,315		37,422,678
2004		32,373,294		1,101,581		4,807,174		790,161		39,072,210
2005		34,762,266		1,555,010		5,330,364		925,264		42,572,904
Source:	(City Administrative	e Servic	es Department						

Sales and Use Tax Collections



City of Grand Junction, Colorado DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Unemployment R	tate (D)(E)
	City (A)	County (A)	School (B)	City of	State of
Fiscal Year	Population	Population	Enrollment	Grand Junction	Colorado
1996	42,498	107,529	19,136	5.4%	4.2%
1997	43,987	109,762	19,148	4.5%	3.4%
1998	45,165	112,327	19,323	4.6%	3.5%
1999	43,354	114,573	19,567	3.9%	3.0%
2000	42,879 ^(C)	116,255 ^(C)	19.633	3.2%	2.7%
2001	44,782	120,122	19,768	3.6%	3.8%
2002	45,669	122,463	20,035	5.1%	5.7%
2003	46,779	125,072	20,170	5.8%	6.1%
2004	48,141	127,808	20,207	5.1%	5.6%
2005	51,708 ^(F)	N/A	20,660	4.7%	5.0%
Note:		t is for Mesa County Val e majority of Mesa Cour	•	51	
Source:		,			
(A)	LIS Canque Bures	u and Colorado Demog	ranhy Office (Colorado	Dept. Of Local Affairs)	
(B)		ey School District No. 5		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(C)	2000 Census	cy concor bistrict No. o	T - District wide errolli	nent	
(d)		f Labor, Bureau of Labo	r Statietice		
(E)	•	reflected unemploymer		ty: those have been	
	•			es for the Grand Junction	
	Metropolitan Stati	, ,	vitir unemployment rate	es for the Grand Surfiction	
(F)			e new housing units (a	ssuming 2.29 people per unit)	
N/A	Data not yet avail	•	is new nousing units (a	issuming 2.23 people per unit)	

City of Grand Junction, Colorado MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS

Year ended December 31, 2005

Date of incorporation:	July 19, 1882 ^(A)			
Date charter adopted:	September 14, 1909 (A)			
Form of government:	Council/Manager (A)			
Area:	34.65 square miles (B)			
Lane miles of streets: (B)				
Paved	1010.37			
Unpaved	8.33			
Total	1018.7			
Miles of sewer lines (within 201 system): (B)				
Storm	166.83			
Sanitary	316.14			
Building permits: (C)	Year	# Issued	Value	
	1996	1,150	65,324,351	
	1997	1,296	94,704,317	
	1998	1,320	86,909,340	
	1999	1,348	94,347,767	
	2000	1,390	98,100,868	
	2001	1,844	120,629,112	
	2002	2,012	143,644,397	
	2003	2,068	163,176,153	
	2004	2,080	158,746,233	
	2005	2,250	234,133,308	
Police protection: (D)				
Number of employees (FTE):	Sworn	83		
Number of employees (1 12).	Non-sworn	60		
	Total	143		
	Total	140		
Vehicular patrol units		30		
Canine units		3		
Motorcycle units				
		4		
Bicycle patrol units (attached		4 18		

City of Grand Junction, Colorado MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS

Year ended December 31, 2005

Fire protection: ^(E) Number of employees Number of stations	83 5
Recreation: (F)	
Parks: Developed Undeveloped	434.69 acres 581.68 acres
Total	1,016.37 acres
Swimming pools Tennis courts Shelters Baseball stadium Football/track stadium Softball field Golf courses Outdoor basketball court Multi-purpose fields Auditorium Senior Recreation Center Riverfront trail Skatepark	1 indoor and 1 outdoor with water slide 16 19 1 lighted and 1 unlighted 1 lighted 8 lighted 2 156 acres 1 lighted and 7 unlighted 1 lighted and 10 unlighted 1 lighted and 10 unlighted 2

Education:

Mesa County Valley School District No. 51: (G)

<u>Type</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Enrollment</u>	
Elementary	23	9,482	
Middle	8	4,872	
High	4	6,306	
K - 12	1	N/A	(included in above)
Alternative/Other	4	N/A	(included in above)
(H)		Enrollment	
Mesa State College: (H)		6,235	
Employees in the City of Grand Junction (FTE): (1)		568	

(Continued)

City of Grand Junction, Colorado MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS

Year ended December 31, 2005

8,417

Current	sales	tax	rates. (J)

State of Colorado 2.90% Mesa County 2.00% City of Grand Junction 2.75%

Elections: (A)

(As of the last regular municipal election, April 5, 2005)

Number of registered voters 25,650

Number of registered voters voting in last general municipal election

Percentage 32.81%

Source:

(A) City Clerk

(B) City Public Works Department

(C) City Community Development Department/Mesa County Building Department

(D) City Police Department
(E) City Fire Department

(E) City Fire Department
(F) City Parks and Recre

(F) City Parks and Recreation Department

(G) Mesa County Valley School District No. 51, 2005 October Count

(H) Mesa State College (Fall 2004 enrollment data)

(i) City Personnel Department

(J) City Administrative Services Department

(Concluded)

TABLE 18

City of Grand Junction, Colorado SALARIES AND SURETY BONDS OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Year ended December 31, 2005

Name of Official (A)	Title (A)	Annual Salary (B)
Bruce Hill	Mayor \$	9,000
Other Councilmembers in Aggregate		36,000
Kelly Arnold	City Manager	120,723
John P. Shaver	City Attorney	113,824
David A. Palmer	Municipal Court Administrator	22,640
Stephanie Tuin	City Clerk	72,053
Ronald M. Lappi	Administrative Services and Finance Director	105,407
Robert Blanchard	Community Development Director	98,215
Ricky Beaty	Fire Chief	104,334
Erik Joe Stevens	Parks and Recreation Director	97,215
Gregory Morrison (retired 12/9/05)	Police Chief	103,349
Mark Relph	Public Works Director	103,842
Debbie Kovalik	Visitors and Convention Bureau Director	85,017
	All employees including the Administrative Services and Finance Director are covered by a blanket bond in the amount of \$2,000,000 in excess of the City's retention of \$150,000. (B)	
Source:	(A) City Clerk (B) City Administrative Services Department	

TABLE 19

City of Grand Junction, Colorado

TEN PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS, PROPERTY TAXES

Year ended December 31, 2005

<u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of Business	Assessed Valuation of Property ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of Total Assessed Value ⁽¹⁾
Qwest Corporation	Utility	\$ 11,348,400	19.03%
Walmart / Sam's Club	Retail Stores	10,277,680	17.24%
SDG Macerich Prop LP	Mesa Mall	9,871,180	16.56%
Public Service Company of Colorado	Utility	7,698,430	12.91%
Coors Porcelain	Manufacturer	4,229,020	7.09%
Grand Mesa Center	Retail Shopping Center	4,178,920	7.01%
Lowes HIW, Inc.	Retail Store	3,235,160	5.43%
Sundstrand	Manufacturer	3,008,770	5.05%
Dayton Hudson/Mervyn's/Target	Retail Stores	2,948,780	4.95%
Grand Conjunction, LLC/ Doubletree	Hotel	2,829,940	4.75%
Totals		\$ 59,626,280	100.00%

Notes:

Source: Mesa County Assessor

⁽¹⁾ Value based on pending 2005 tax roll



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Form # 350-050-36

VENUES AVAII	Prepared By:	City or County: City of Grand Junction, YEAR ENDING: December 2005 Sarah Lee, CPA 970-244-1536	Colorado
ction, CO: VENUES AVAIL	Phone:	December 2005 Sarah Lee, CPA 970-244-1536	
VENUES AVAII	Phone:	Sarah Lee, CPA 970-244-1536	
VENUES AVAII	Phone:	970-244-1536	
VENUES AVAIL			
	ABLE FOR LOCAL	COMPRIMENT EXPL	
		GOVERNMENT EXPE	ENDITURE
Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from
Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway
Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration
RPOSES			
AMOUNT	00.00		AMOUNT
			38,053,674
	Maintenance:		1,859,396
	THE R. LEWIS CONTROL STREET, SPECIAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS.	1000 1151019791071777	
	a. Traffic control operations		619,532
	200000 20000000000000000000000000000000	removal	95,027
	c. Other		
1,858,032			714,559
			519,711
			41.145.240
			41,147,340
		al obligations:	
0	5400 DESCRIPTIONS		2,666,538
			1,000,000
3,207,071			3,666,538
			5,000,558
1 712 540			
1,712,510	TOTAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE		
0			0
4,920,211			3,666,538
		for highways	
	E. Total disbursemen	ts (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	44,813,878
		Redemntions	Closing Debt
	Amount issued		56,075,000
27,372,000	Ů	1,000,000	23,072,000
			0
ROAD AND STR	EET FUND BALANC	E	
	-		
			E. Reconciliation
4,920,211	44,813,878	6,903,122	0
	1,349,639 1,858,032 0 3,207,671 1,712,540 0 4,920,211 DCAL HIGHWA (Show all entricopening Debt 57,075,000	RPOSES AMOUNT A. Local highway dish 1. Capital outlay (from 2. Maintenance) 3. Road and street some a. Traffic control b. Snow and ice in 3.49,639 c. Other 1,858,032 d. Total (a. through 4. General administrom 5. Highway law enfom 6. Total (1 through 6. Total (1 through 1. Bonds: 0. a. Interest 3.207,671 b. Redemption c. Total (a. + b.) 2. Notes: 1,712,540 a. Interest b. Redemption c. Total (a. + b.) 2. Notes: 1,712,540 a. Interest b. Redemption c. Total (a. + b.) 2. Notes: 1,712,540 a. Interest b. Redemption c. Total (a. + b.) 4,920,211 3. Total (1.c + 2.c) C. Payments to State in D. Payments to toll fare. Total disbursements DCAL HIGHWAY DEBT STATUS (Show all entries at par) Depening Debt Amount Issued 57,075,000 0 ROAD AND STREET FUND BALANC	AND STREET PURPOSE

STATE:
Colorado
YEAR ENDING (mm/yy):
December 2005

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	65,237	a. Interest on investments	324,066
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & Penalities	
1. Sales Taxes		 c. Parking Garage Fees 	
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	1,284,402	g. Other Misc. Receipts	
6. Total (1. through 5.)	1,284,402	h. Other	1,533,966
c. Total (a. + b.)	1,349,639	i. Total (a. through h.)	1,858,032
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	1,519,215	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	193,325	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify)		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Federal	
f. Total (a. through e.)	193,325	g. Total (a. through f.)	0
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	1,712,540	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs		11,496,115	11,496,115
b. Engineering Costs		5,853,924	5,853,924
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities			0
(2). Capacity Improvements		18,744,302	18,744,302
(3). System Preservation		1,724,049	1,724,049
(4). System Enhancement & Operation		235,284	235,284
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	20,703,635	20,703,635
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	38,053,674	38,053,674
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments: